

DATED APRIL 2024

**BROOKFIELD OAKTREE WEALTH SOLUTIONS ALTERNATIVE FUNDS
S.A. SICAV-UCI PART II**



WEALTH SOLUTIONS

A multi-compartment open-ended umbrella investment company with variable capital

**SOCIÉTÉ ANONYME
SOCIÉTÉ D'INVESTISSEMENT À CAPITAL VARIABLE**

PROSPECTUS

This Fund is authorized and supervised by the Luxembourg supervisory authority, the *Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier* (the "CSSF"). Such authorization does not, however, imply approval by any Luxembourg authority of the contents of this Prospectus or of the portfolio of investments held by the Fund. Any representation to the contrary is unauthorized and unlawful.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM

The content of this promotion has not been approved by an authorised person within the meaning of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000. Reliance on this promotion for the purpose of engaging in any investment activity may expose an individual to a significant risk of losing all of the property or other assets invested.

This communication is being made by LFE European Asset Management S.à r.l. (trading as: Brookfield Oaktree Wealth Solutions; registered name: LFE European Asset Management S.à r.l.; incorporated in Luxembourg; RCS number B198087; registered office 26A, Boulevard Royal, L-2449 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg) (the "AIFM"). The AIFM will manage the global distribution of this offering in accordance with the terms of the AIFM agreement between the AIFM and the Fund (registered name: Brookfield Oaktree Wealth Solutions Alternative Funds S.A. SICAV-UCI Part II; incorporated in Luxembourg; RCS number: B273287; registered office: 26A, Boulevard Royal, L-2449 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg).

Further information or other enquiries regarding the matters to which this communication relates should be sent to the Compliance Officer, 26A Boulevard Royal, L-2449, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg. From time-to-time, sub-distributors may be appointed.

Don't invest unless you're prepared to lose all the money you invest. This is a high-risk investment and you are unlikely to be protected if something goes wrong.

Important Information

This confidential offering document (as it may be amended, restated or supplemented from time to time, this "**Prospectus**") is furnished on a confidential basis to investors primarily domiciled in countries of the European Economic Area ("**EEA**"), countries in Asia, the United Kingdom, Jersey, Switzerland, Dubai or certain other jurisdictions for the purpose of providing certain information about an investment in Brookfield Oaktree Wealth Solutions Alternative Funds S.A. SICAV–UCI Part II (the "**Fund**", such term including, unless the context otherwise requires, its sub-funds), a Luxembourg investment company with variable capital (*société d'investissement à capital variable* or "**SICAV**") established in the form of a public limited company (*société anonyme* or "**SA**") governed by the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, in particular as at the date of this Prospectus, the Luxembourg law of 10 August 1915 on commercial companies (the "**1915 Law**") and Part II of the Luxembourg Law of 17 December 2010 relating to undertakings for collective investment (the "**2010 Law**"), and its articles of association (the "**Articles**").

The Fund is authorized and supervised by the Luxembourg supervisory authority, the *Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier* (the "**CSSF**"). Such authorization does not, however, imply approval by any Luxembourg authority of the contents of this Prospectus or of the portfolio of investments held by the Fund. Any representation to the contrary is unauthorized and unlawful. Prospective Investors should consider the information in this Prospectus before investing in the Fund, and it should be retained for future reference.

The Fund was originally incorporated in Luxembourg on 14 November 2022 as a reserved alternative investment fund (*fonds d'investissement alternatif réservé à compartiments multiples* or "**RAIF**"). On 2 April 2024, a resolution of shareholders in the Fund was passed to convert the Fund from an SA SICAV-RAIF into an SA SICAV governed by the 2010 Law (the "**Part II Reorganization**"). A second resolution was passed concurrently to approve the associated changes to the Articles required by the Part II Reorganization. The latest version of the Articles was published in the *Recueil électronique des sociétés et associations* ("**RESA**"), the central electronic platform of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, on or around 2 April 2024.

The Fund has an umbrella structure consisting of one or more sub-funds (each a "**Sub-Fund**"). Prospective Investors have the opportunity to invest in one or more Sub-Funds which may be created from time to time and the terms of which may differ significantly, including in relation to their investment strategy, fee structure, distribution policy, investor prerequisites, terms of payment or other specific attributes. The assets and liabilities of a Sub-Fund are segregated from the assets and liabilities of the other Sub-Funds. Pursuant to this ring-fencing principle, although the Fund constitutes a single legal entity, the assets of each Sub-Fund can only be used to satisfy the rights of investors in that particular Sub-Fund and the rights of creditors whose claims have arisen in connection with the operation of that particular Sub-Fund. Each Sub-Fund may be liquidated individually, without this resulting in the liquidation of another Sub-Fund. The characteristics of each Sub-Fund are described in greater detail in the relevant supplement to this Prospectus for each specific Sub-Fund ("**Sub-Fund Supplement**"). Unless expressly stated to the contrary, references to the Fund, its investments or investment activity shall include each Sub-Fund, and the investments by or investment activity of the relevant Sub-Fund.

Each Sub-Fund may issue shares ("**Shares**") in different Share classes ("**Share Class**"). Such Share Classes may each have specific characteristics. Certain Share Classes may be reserved to certain categories of investors. The different Share Classes in issue or to be issued in the Sub-Funds may

differ *inter alia* in their fee structure, distribution policy or any other criteria to be determined by the Fund and as contained in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

The Fund has an unlimited duration and shall end with the dissolution and liquidation of its last Sub-Fund.

The Fund may, but does not yet, include Sub-Funds that qualify and have been approved as an ELTIF (as defined herein) under the ELTIF Regulation (as defined herein) (the "**ELTIF Sub-Funds**"). This Prospectus and/or the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement will be updated to contain the information required under the ELTIF Regulation prior to the establishment of any ELTIF Sub-Funds. ELTIFs are intended to be invested in long-term assets in accordance with the specific rules laid down in the ELTIF Regulation. Prospective investors should be aware that long-term assets are typically assets that are of an illiquid nature, require patient capital based on capital injections: commitments that are made for a considerable period of time, often provide late return on investment and generally have an economic profile of a long-term nature. As a result, each prospective Investor in an ELTIF Sub-Fund should carefully consider the appropriate amount of its overall investment portfolio to be invested, and it is recommended that such Investor only invests a small proportion of its overall investment portfolio in such ELTIF Sub-Fund. ELTIF Sub-Funds are only appropriate for investors who are able to sustain a long-term and illiquid commitment.

Certain Shares may be listed on a recognised stock exchange.

Each Sub-Fund Supplement contains the information required to be disclosed under the SFDR (as defined herein), including, where applicable, under the Taxonomy Regulation (as defined herein).

The Prospectus is based on information, law and practice at the date hereof. The Fund cannot be bound by an out of date prospectus when it has issued a new prospectus, and investors should check with the AIFM that this is the most recently published prospectus. Neither delivery of the Prospectus nor anything stated herein should be taken to imply that any information contained herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

Each potential Investor desiring to subscribe for shares in one or more Sub-Funds ("Shares") is required to execute a subscription document and make certain representations and warranties to the relevant Sub-Fund(s).

The Fund may be offered through financial intermediaries, which generally have client net worth thresholds and other requirements. Accordingly, the Fund can accommodate investors with such financial intermediary relationships. Such Investors should consult with their financial intermediary to discuss potential eligibility and suitability to invest in the Fund.

Potential Investors should pay particular attention to the information in Section XVIII (*Risk Factors and Other Considerations*) of this Prospectus including the risk factors section as set forth in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. The purchase of Shares in the Fund entails a high degree of risk and is suitable for Investors for whom an investment in the Fund does not represent a complete investment program, and who fully understand the Fund's strategy, characteristics and risks, including the use of borrowings to leverage Investments. Investment in the Fund requires the financial ability and willingness to accept the high risks and lack of liquidity inherent in an investment in the Fund. Shareholders in the Fund ("Shareholders") must be prepared to bear such risks for an extended period of time. No assurance can be given that the Fund's investment objectives will be achieved or that investors will receive a return of their capital.

In making an investment decision, Investors must rely on their own examination of the Fund and relevant Sub-Fund(s) and the terms of the offering, including the merits and risks involved. Potential Investors should not construe the contents of this Prospectus as legal, tax, investment or accounting

advice. Each potential Investor is urged to consult its own advisors with respect to the legal, tax, regulatory, financial and accounting consequences of an investment in the relevant Sub-Fund(s).

In the event that the descriptions or terms in this Prospectus are inconsistent with or contrary to the descriptions in, or terms of, the Articles (as herein defined) or the subscription document, the Articles and such subscription document (if not in conflict with the Articles) will prevail. The Shares are offered subject to the Fund's ability to reject any potential Investor's subscription for Shares in whole or in part in its sole discretion.

No one is authorized to make any statements about this offering different from those that appear in this Prospectus and any representation to the contrary must not be relied upon. Neither the delivery of this Prospectus nor the offer, issue or sale of Shares of the Fund shall under any circumstances constitute a representation that the information contained herein is correct as of any date subsequent to the date on the cover hereof or, if earlier, the date when such information is referenced. Certain information contained in this Prospectus or as otherwise provided by Brookfield in connection with the offering (including certain forward-looking statements and information, as well as certain benchmarking, league table, market comparison and other similar information) has been obtained from published and non-published sources or prepared by other parties and in certain cases has not been updated through the date hereof. In addition, certain third-party information (including, without limitation, certain information concerning investment performance) contained herein has been obtained from, or otherwise relates to, companies in which investments have been made by Brookfield or other Brookfield Accounts (*defined below*). While such sources are believed to be reliable, none of Brookfield, the Fund, the Sponsor (*defined below*), any placement agent or any of their respective directors, officers, employees, partners, members, shareholders or affiliate or any other person, has taken any steps to verify, or assumes any responsibility for, the accuracy or completeness of such information or the methodologies or assumptions on which such information is based. Performance information set forth in this Prospectus is in USD (\$) unless otherwise specified.

The distribution of this Prospectus and the offer and sale of the Shares in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law. This Prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy Shares in any state or other jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation in such state or jurisdiction. Potential Investors should inform themselves as to the legal requirements and tax consequences within the countries of their citizenship, residence, domicile, and place of business with respect to the acquisition, holding, or disposal of Shares, and any U.S. or non-U.S. exchange restrictions that may be relevant thereto. The Shares may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly (except, where such Shares are listed on a recognized stock exchange, in accordance with the relevant trading/transferability rules applicable for shares listed on such exchange), and this Prospectus may not be distributed in any jurisdiction, except in accordance with the legal requirements applicable in such jurisdiction. Shares that are acquired by persons not entitled to hold them will be compulsorily redeemed.

LFE European Asset Management S.à r.l., a private limited liability company (*société à responsabilité limitée*) incorporated under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and an affiliate of Brookfield, has been appointed as the Fund's external alternative investment fund manager (the "AIFM") in accordance with the provisions of the 2010 Law and the 2013 Law (*defined below*). The AIFM is responsible *inter alia* for the risk management function of the Fund and may delegate the portfolio management function of the Fund as set forth in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

The AIFM has been authorized by the CSSF as an alternative investment fund manager pursuant to the Luxembourg law of 12 July 2013 on alternative investment fund managers, as may be amended from time to time, which has implemented the AIFM Directive (as defined herein) in Luxembourg (the "**2013 Law**"). Any reference herein to rights, powers or duties exercised or performed by the AIFM is exercised by the AIFM pursuant to the alternative investment fund management agreement

entered into between the Fund and the AIFM (as amended, restated or supplemented from time to time, the "**AIFM Agreement**").

This Prospectus is to be used by the potential Investor to which it is furnished solely in connection with the consideration of the subscription for the Shares described herein. **This Prospectus contains confidential, proprietary, trade secret and other commercially sensitive information and should be treated in a confidential manner.** Your acceptance of this document from Brookfield constitutes your agreement to (i) keep confidential all the information contained in this document, as well as any information derived by you from the information contained in this document (collectively, "**Confidential Information**") and not disclose any such Confidential Information to any other person; (ii) not use any of the Confidential Information for any purpose other than to evaluate an investment in the Fund; (iii) not use the Confidential Information for purposes of trading any security, including, without limitation, securities of Brookfield or entities in which Brookfield or its affiliate have investments; and (iv) promptly return this document and any copies hereof to Brookfield upon Brookfield's request, in each case subject to the confidentiality provisions more fully set forth in this Prospectus and any written agreement between the recipient and Brookfield, if any. This Prospectus may not be reproduced or used in whole or in part for any other purpose, nor may it or any of the information it contains be disclosed or furnished to any other person without the prior written consent of the Sponsor.

This Prospectus is not an approved prospectus for the purposes of regulation (EU) 2017/1129, as amended, and related EU and national legislation.

This Prospectus is not a marketing communication within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No. 2019/1156 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on facilitating cross-border distribution of collective investment undertakings. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein have the meaning set forth in Section XX (*Definitions*) of this Prospectus.

CONTENTS

I.	FUND OVERVIEW	1
II.	BROOKFIELD ASSET MANAGEMENT	3
III.	MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION TEAM	9
IV.	ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE (ESG) MANAGEMENT	11
V.	SUMMARY OF PRINCIPAL TERMS	12
VI.	ISSUE OF SHARES	19
VII.	SUBSCRIPTIONS PROCESS	20
VIII.	REDEMPTION AND WITHDRAWAL	23
IX.	CALCULATION OF NET ASSET VALUE	26
X.	FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND	28
XI.	DISTRIBUTIONS	30
XII.	INDEPENDENT AUDITOR	31
XIII.	MEETINGS OF SHAREHOLDERS	32
XIV.	REPORTS	33
XV.	REGULATORY AND TAX CONSIDERATIONS	34
XVI.	DISSOLUTION AND LIQUIDATION OF THE FUND	53
XVII.	DOCUMENTATION AND INFORMATION / AMENDMENTS	55
XVIII.	RISK FACTORS AND OTHER CONSIDERATIONS	56
XIX.	CONFLICTS OF INTEREST	57
XX.	DEFINITIONS	58
XXI.	DIRECTORY	67
	SUB-FUND SUPPLEMENT	68

I. FUND OVERVIEW

The following provides a general overview of the structure and principal features of the Fund. It should be read in conjunction with and is qualified in its entirety by the Articles and the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. The Articles are available upon request and are an integral part of this offering. In the event that the terms described herein are inconsistent with or contrary to the terms of the Articles, the terms of the Articles shall prevail. The Fund is an umbrella fund composed of one or more Sub-Funds, which may be created from time to time. This Prospectus contains the general terms applicable to the Fund and all of its Sub-Funds and should be read together with each Sub-Fund Supplement.

The Fund qualifies as a multi-compartment investment company with variable capital (*société d'investissement à capital variable* – SICAV) governed by Part II of the 2010 Law and organized in the form of a public limited company (*société anonyme*).

The Fund further qualifies as an AIF under the 2013 Law and has appointed LFE European Asset Management S.à r.l. as its alternative investment fund manager and, subject to the AIFM being authorized, as ELTIF manager within the meaning of the ELTIF Regulation.

The subscription, sale and holding of Shares of a Sub-Fund is restricted to Eligible Investors (as defined herein) subscribing on their own behalf or to Eligible Investors subscribing on behalf of other Eligible Investors (subject to any discretion afforded to the Board of Directors (as defined herein) as set out in this Prospectus and/or the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement).

The Fund has been incorporated in Luxembourg for an unlimited duration. The Articles have been filed with the *Registre de Commerce et des Sociétés* (the "RCS") and are available on the Recueil Electronique des Sociétés et Associations website. Copies may also be obtained at the registered office of the Fund.

The share capital of the Fund shall be variable and shall, at all times, be equal to the net asset value of the Fund ("**Net Asset Value**" or "**NAV**") and its Sub-Funds and is expressed in United States Dollars (USD). It is represented by Shares issued with no par value fully paid-up. Variations in the capital shall be effected *ipso jure* and there are no provisions requiring publications and filing of such variations with the RCS.

The Fund is an umbrella fund that may consist of different Sub-Funds. Each Sub-Fund shall be comprised of all that has been paid or contributed on the Shares in the relevant Sub-Fund, all that has been obtained by the relevant Sub-Fund with the said payments and contributions, all resulting benefits and all debts, liabilities and other commitments incurred by the Fund for the account of the Sub-Fund concerned. The Board of Directors may establish both open and closed-ended Sub-Funds. The introduction of a Sub-Fund is effected pursuant to a decision to that end by the Board of Directors setting the terms and conditions of the relevant Sub-Fund. Each Sub-Fund may have similar or different investment strategies and other specific features (including, but not limited to, specific investment advisor(s)/manager(s), if any, specific fee structures, permitted investments, investment restrictions and distribution policies) as the Board of Directors shall determine from time to time in respect of each Sub-Fund and as contained in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

The assets and liabilities of each Sub-Fund shall be segregated from the assets and liabilities of the other Sub-Funds, with creditors having recourse only to the assets of the Sub-Fund concerned. As between the Investors, each Sub-Fund will be deemed to be a separate entity. The rights and obligations of the Investors are limited to the assets of the Sub-Fund(s) in which they invest. Each Sub-Fund may be liquidated individually, without this resulting in the liquidation of another Sub-Fund.

The different Classes of Shares in issue or to be issued in each Sub-Fund may differ *inter alia* in their fee structure, distribution policy or any other criteria to be determined by the Board of Directors and as contained in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

The proceeds of the issue of Shares in respect of each Sub-Fund will be invested for the exclusive benefit of the relevant Sub-Fund in accordance with the investment policy set forth in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. All Shares of the same Class in a particular Sub-Fund shall have equal rights as to dividends declared (if any), income, realized and unrealized investment gains, redemption rights, redemption proceeds and liquidation proceeds.

II. BROOKFIELD ASSET MANAGEMENT

The Firm

Brookfield is a leading global alternative asset manager with approximately \$850 billion of AUM¹ across infrastructure, renewable power and transition, private equity, real estate, and credit and insurance solutions. Building on a history as an owner and operator that dates back more than 100 years,² Brookfield invests in long-life assets and businesses that form the backbone of today's global economy. Throughout its operations—which support approximately 200,000 operating employees in over 30 countries—Brookfield is committed to practices that have a positive impact on the communities in which it operates.³ The Firm uses its global reach, access to large-scale capital and operational expertise to offer a range of alternative investment products to investors around the world—including public and private pension plans, endowments and foundations, sovereign wealth funds, financial institutions, insurance companies and individual investors.

Global Operations

Well-established operations in more than 30 countries on five continents enable Brookfield to readily invest wherever the most attractive opportunities emerge.

¹ As of June 30, 2023. AUM is calculated as total assets presented on a fair value basis, and at 100%, for investments that Brookfield consolidates for accounting purposes or actively manages, including investments of which Brookfield or a controlled investment vehicle is the largest shareholder or the primary operator or manager. For all other investments, AUM is presented at Brookfield's or its controlled investment vehicles', as applicable, proportionate share of the investment's total assets on a fair value basis. Note that this includes Brookfield's perpetual affiliates, Brookfield Property Group ("**BPG**"), Brookfield Renewable Partners L.P. ("**BEP**"), Brookfield Business Partners L.P. ("**BBU**") and Brookfield Infrastructure Partners L.P. ("**BIP**"), and Brookfield Asset Management Reinsurance Partners Ltd. ("**BAMR**"), a paired entity with BAM. Infrastructure and Real Estate AUM each include \$4 billion of AUM attributable to Brookfield Public Securities Group LLC ("**PSG**"). Infrastructure, Private Equity and Real Estate AUM include \$2 billion, \$15 billion and \$16 billion of Oaktree Capital Management ("**Oaktree**") AUM, respectively. Credit & Insurance Solutions includes \$132 billion of Oaktree AUM, \$14 billion of PSG AUM and \$7 billion from Brookfield Reinsurance Partners ("**BAM Re**"). Oaktree AUM is calculated differently from the methodology described above. Details regarding calculation of Oaktree's AUM are available at <https://www.oaktreecapital.com/about>. Both Oaktree and PSG are separated from the rest of Brookfield by an information barrier pursuant to which Oaktree and PSG manage their investment activities independently of Brookfield's property, infrastructure, private equity, renewable energy and reinsurance businesses.

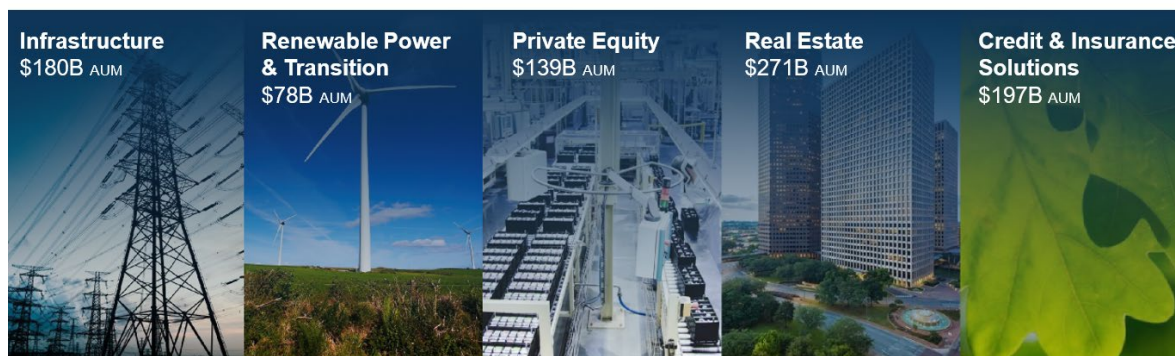
² Brookfield was founded in 1899 with the formation of São Paulo Tramway, Light and Power Company. Brookfield operated under the name Brascan until 2005 when it was changed to Brookfield. Since 2001, Brookfield has transitioned from being an owner-operator, investing solely on its own behalf, to an asset manager.

³ As of December 31, 2022. Covers operating employees across all of Brookfield's and Oaktree's business lines (e.g., private funds, listed entities, and public securities vehicles) and investment sectors (e.g., real estate, infrastructure, and private equity), including related operating businesses and portfolio companies. Operating employees include personnel working at Brookfield's related operating businesses and portfolio companies. Management fees earned by Brookfield are not used to compensate such operating employees but rather operating employee compensation is a company or fund expense.

Figure 1: A Leading Global Alternative Asset Manager^{4, 5}

One of the Largest Global Alternative Asset Managers, with ~\$850B AUM

Brookfield seeks to invest in long-life, high-quality assets and businesses globally



Infrastructure & Renewable Power

Brookfield is one of the world's largest infrastructure investors, with approximately \$258 billion of AUM across the transport, renewable power and transition, utilities, midstream and data sectors. More than 440 professionals and 55,000 operating employees across five continents enable the Firm to readily invest at scale wherever it believes the most promising opportunities emerge.⁶

Consistent with the Firm's history as an owner and operator of long-life assets, Brookfield has an extensive track record of acquiring and operating infrastructure, renewable power and transition assets that provide essential services and often generate sustainable, long-term cash flows. The Firm leverages its extensive operating experience to maintain and enhance the value of assets, grow and de-risk cash flows and provide investors with attractive long-term returns through a combination of cash yield and capital appreciation.

⁴ As of 30 September 2023. AUM is calculated as total assets presented on a fair value basis, and at 100%, for investments that Brookfield consolidates for accounting purposes or actively manages, including investments of which Brookfield or a controlled investment vehicle is the largest shareholder or the primary operator or manager. For all other investments, AUM is presented at Brookfield's or its controlled investment vehicles', as applicable, proportionate share of the investment's total assets on a fair value basis. Note that this includes Brookfield's perpetual affiliates, BPG, BEP, BBU and BIP, and BAMR, a paired entity with BAM. Infrastructure and Real Estate AUM include \$4 billion and \$2 billion respectively of AUM attributable to PSG. Infrastructure, Private Equity and Real Estate AUM include \$4 billion, \$16 billion and \$17 billion of Oaktree AUM, respectively. Credit & Insurance Solutions includes \$143 billion of Oaktree AUM, \$8 billion of PSG AUM and \$47 billion from BAM Re. Oaktree AUM is calculated differently from the methodology described above. Details regarding calculation of Oaktree's AUM are available at <https://www.oaktreecapital.com/about>. Both Oaktree and PSG are separated from the rest of Brookfield by an information barrier pursuant to which Oaktree and PSG manage their investment activities independently of Brookfield's property, infrastructure, private equity, renewable energy and reinsurance businesses.

⁵ As of December 31, 2022. Covers investment professionals and operating employees across all of Brookfield and Oaktree's business lines (e.g., private funds, listed entities, and public securities vehicles) and investment sectors (e.g., real estate, infrastructure, and private equity), including related operating businesses and portfolio companies. Investment professionals include all personnel involved in the capital allocation process, including research, investment analysis, risk analysis, performance measurement analysis, and other personnel. Operating employees include personnel working at Brookfield's related operating businesses and portfolio companies. Management fees earned by Brookfield are not generally used to compensate such operating employees, but rather operating employee compensation is typically a company or fund expense.

⁶ As of December 31, 2022. Covers infrastructure business professionals and operating employees of Brookfield, its publicly traded affiliates, BIP and BEP, and related operating businesses and portfolio companies, and exclude sustainable resources employees. Infrastructure business professionals includes investment professionals, asset management professionals, and employees in corporate functions including finance, tax, legal, and investor relations. Operating employees include personnel working at Brookfield's related operating businesses and portfolio companies. Management fees earned by Brookfield are not used to compensate such operating employees, but rather operating employee compensation is a company or fund expense.

Private Equity

Brookfield is a leading global private equity investor, with approximately \$139 billion of AUM and 105,000 operating employees.⁷ It is focused on acquiring high-quality businesses with significant barriers to entry, low production costs and the potential for enhanced cash flow generation. Using an operations-oriented approach that leverages its heritage as an owner-operator, Brookfield navigates complex situations across market cycles to identify compelling investment opportunities and build value in its portfolio companies through performance improvement. The Firm's goal is to deliver attractive risk-adjusted returns to investors.

Real Estate

Brookfield is one of the world's largest investors in real estate, with approximately \$271 billion of AUM across office, multifamily, logistics, retail, hospitality, mixed-use and alternative real estate (such as life sciences, manufactured housing, student housing, serviced apartments and self-storage).⁸ Through its deep global sourcing network, Brookfield seeks to acquire high-quality assets in supply-constrained markets and execute operational enhancements to deliver consistent cash flows. Building on Brookfield's history of successfully operating properties through multiple market cycles, the Firm's long-term goal is to generate strong risk-adjusted returns while mitigating downside risk.

Credit & Insurance Solutions

Brookfield is an experienced global credit investor with approximately \$197 billion in AUM and a specialty in real estate and infrastructure debt, building on the Firm's long history as an owner and operator of long-life assets and businesses that provide essential services.

In 2019, the Firm acquired 61.2% of the business of Oaktree Capital Group, LLC (together with its affiliates, "**Oaktree**"). Oaktree is a leading global alternative asset management firm with primary expertise in credit investing. Oaktree emphasizes an opportunistic, value-oriented and risk-controlled approach that complements Brookfield's own long-term, contrarian investment style and focus on protecting capital.

Brookfield's Insurance Solutions business is focused on providing capital and investment solutions that match assets and liabilities for the benefit of policyholders and other stakeholders. Leveraging Brookfield's extensive expertise and capacity across real estate, infrastructure, renewable power and private credit, Insurance Solutions partners with leading insurers to develop portfolios with high-quality investments that have the potential to generate attractive risk-adjusted returns.

History

Brookfield's origins date back to 1899, with the founding in Brazil of São Paulo Tramway, Light and Power Company – which established an early template for the Firm's longstanding focus on owning and operating long-life assets globally.⁹

⁷ As of December 31, 2022. Covers operating employees across Brookfield's private equity group, including related operating businesses and portfolio companies. Operating employees include personnel working at Brookfield's related operating businesses and portfolio companies. Management fees earned by Brookfield are not used to compensate such operating employees but rather operating employee compensation is a company or fund expense.

⁸ As of September 2023.

⁹ As of December 31, 2022. The investments discussed do not represent all investments made by Brookfield. It should not be assumed that any of the investments discussed were or will be profitable, or that investments made in the future will be profitable or will equal the performance of the investments discussed herein. In addition, there can be no assurance that Brookfield will be able to make investments similar to the historic investments presented herein (because of economic conditions, the availability of investment opportunities and otherwise). No discussion with respect to specific companies should be considered a recommendation to purchase or sell any particular investment.

Figure 2: Brookfield's History:



Competitive Advantages

Brookfield believes that it occupies a distinct position in global alternative asset management, based on the following differentiators:

- **Global Reach:** Brookfield's on-the-ground presence in more than 30 countries means that it maintains active operations in virtually every relevant market and can quickly scale up to put its investment ideas into action. The Firm believes that its access to proprietary deal flow, knowledge of local market conditions and trends, and substantial, dedicated resources enables it to allocate capital where it is otherwise scarce, invest in assets below replacement cost and enhance the value of its investments.
- **Large-Scale Capital:** As of September 30, 2023, the Firm has raised approximately \$278 billion of capital for its private funds and manages over \$443 billion across private and listed affiliate

vehicles to support its investments. Brookfield believes that this deep access to multiple streams of capital provides it with the flexibility to pursue a range of transactions that it believes few alternative investors can match.

- **Operational Expertise:** Brookfield's roots are in owning and operating real assets. As the Firm has evolved, it continues to use its hands-on operational expertise to focus on enhancing cash flows, increasing the value of its assets and businesses, reinforcing sustainable operations, and producing attractive long-term returns for its investors.

Organizational Structure

With Brookfield's parent company, Brookfield Asset Management (NYSE: BAM, TSX: BAM.A), sitting atop numerous private funds, several sector-specific listed affiliates and various public securities offerings, the Firm has established a wide array of vehicles for investing on behalf of its clients and the Firm. Brookfield believes that its organizational structure stands out among alternative asset managers and represents one of its greatest strengths.

Brookfield's private funds span major asset classes including transition infrastructure, private equity and real estate. The funds' strategies include core, value-add and opportunistic equity and credit in both closed-end and perpetual vehicles. Brookfield's sector-specific listed affiliates include Brookfield Asset Management Reinsurance Partners Ltd ("**BAMR**"), Brookfield Renewable Partners L.P. ("**BEP**"), Brookfield Infrastructure Partners L.P. ("**BIP**") and Brookfield Business Partners L.P. ("**BBU**"). As of June 30, 2022, Brookfield's economic interest in BAMR, BBU, BEP and BIP are 77%, 65%, 48% and 27% respectively. Brookfield also offers public securities through numerous funds and separately managed accounts focused on fixed income and equity securities.

Brookfield's organizational structure enables it to tap into consistent and deep streams of capital that provides the Firm with a high degree of flexibility and enables it to invest at a scale that limits competition. By offering multiple access points to long-term capital, Brookfield believes that it can pursue investment opportunities that may not be available to others.

Leadership

Led by Chief Executive Officer Bruce Flatt, Brookfield's senior management team possesses deep expertise in its target regions, sectors and asset classes, as well as substantial experience managing long-life assets and businesses across multiple market cycles. The team has played a key role in establishing Brookfield's partnership culture, in which the Firm invests its limited partners' capital as if it were its own and works collaboratively across the organization to meet its investors' needs.

Investment Philosophy

Brookfield has honed a disciplined approach to unearthing and creating value that is built on the following key attributes:

Align the Firm's Interests With Those of Its Investors

- Cultivate long-term, mutually beneficial relationships with investors;
- Use the permanent capital generated by Brookfield's listed affiliates to serve as a significant investor in the private funds that the Firm sponsors; and
- Focus on managing each investment and portfolio to the benefit of investors as well as the Firm.

Maintain an Ownership Mentality

- Establish well-resourced operations in strategic locations around the world to leverage real-time local market intelligence and bottom-up investment insights;
- Prioritize the defensive characteristics of high-quality assets in premier locations and strong companies providing essential services; and
- Take a disciplined approach to identifying long-duration assets and businesses that the Firm believes can generate attractive returns over the long term.

Invest on a Value Basis

- Remain patient in deploying capital but be prepared to invest decisively when the right opportunities emerge;
- Pursue investments with limited competition, where the Firm believes that it possesses clear advantages—often via off-market transactions;
- Seek to invest at a discount to replacement cost—building a margin of safety into the Firm's investments, enhancing the potential for strong long-term returns;
- Recognize that attractive returns often require a contrarian approach to evaluating assets, businesses, markets or sectors experiencing periods of distress; and
- Manage the Firm's investments with integrity, balancing economic goals with responsible citizenship.

Leverage the Firm's Resources and Operational Expertise

- Build on a history of successfully operating assets and businesses through multiple market cycles;
- Take advantage of Brookfield's in-house market knowledge, relationships and execution capabilities across sectors and regions, with the goal of maximizing risk-adjusted returns and optimizing dispositions;
- Focus on generating consistent cash flows, which is particularly valuable in a volatile environment; and
- Operate businesses with a long-term perspective in a sustainable and ethical manner.

III. MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION TEAM

A. AIFM

LFE European Asset Management S.à r.l. has been appointed by the Fund to act as alternative investment fund manager (the "**AIFM**") in order to perform the investment management, oversight, valuation and certain other functions in relation to the Fund as described in the alternative investment fund management agreement entered into between the Fund and the AIFM (the "**AIFM Agreement**"). The AIFM shall also act as ELTIF manager for any ELTIF Sub-Fund subject to being authorized by the CSSF.

The duties of the AIFM are more fully described in the AIFM Agreement.

The AIFM is authorized as alternative investment fund manager and supervised by the CSSF. The AIFM, with the consent of the Fund, may delegate portfolio management responsibility in respect of a Sub-Fund to an Investment Manager (defined below), as outlined below.

Further details on the AIFM are set out in Section XV (*Regulatory and Tax Considerations*) of this Prospectus.

B. Investment Manager

The AIFM may appoint for each Sub-Fund an investment manager to act as an investment manager for the primary purposes of providing the delegated portfolio management services to the Fund or relevant Sub-Fund and certain other services as described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement ("**Investment Manager**").

C. Board of Directors

The board of directors of the Fund (the "**Board of Directors**", and each individually a "**Director**") has the overall responsibility for the management, the administration as well as the investment policies and strategies of the Fund and each Sub-Fund.

The Board of Directors is currently composed of three (3) Directors: two (2) affiliated Directors and one (1) non-affiliated Director. Carolina Parisi is a non-affiliated Director. The Directors of the Fund are:

- **Carolina Parisi (Chairman)**, Carolina Parisi is a Member of the Board of Managers of LFE & Conducting Officer Portfolio Management Oversight and joined LFE as a full-time employee in May 2020. Previously, Carolina worked for Brookfield services office in Luxembourg from May 2018 to April 2020 as a member of the Legal and Regulatory team and has experience with legal, regulatory and compliance experience including company secretarial activities gained in Luxembourg, Brazil, Germany and India in private practice and in-house (Fortune Global 500 corporations). Carolina is admitted to the Brazilian BAR association and she holds an MBA, an MSc. in Tax Law and an LL.B degrees;
- **Lydie Bini**: Lydie Bini is a senior executive and the lead for ONE's Management Company and has over 30 years of experience in the funds industry. In particular, Lydie is highly familiar with fund operations, supervision of delegates, compliance, and internal audit. She has significant experience of the many operational needs for marketing activities and cross border fund passporting. Lydie is also acting as an independent Director for Private Equity, Real Estate, and Infrastructure unregulated Funds. Before she joined ONE, Lydie was a Director with Carne Group in Luxembourg in charge of Relationship Management for almost five years and prior to that, she spent almost a decade as a Conducting Officer and Head of the Project Management Team at Legg Mason in Luxembourg; and

- **Jean-Charles Guillou:** Jean-Charles spent 30 years in finance in the US, UK, France, Belgium and now Luxembourg, including 25 years in private equity at Lazard, Carlyle, Baring and Riverside as a director, partner or senior advisor, in execution, origination and board director roles. Jean-Charles holds director positions in alternative investment funds across private equity, real estate, infrastructure, debt and secondaries. Jean-Charles also chaired and managed a Peugeot family holding for 5 years and helped create Labco, a diagnostic laboratory network, alongside its two founders. At Labco, he held an investment role and was a strategic committee member and a board director. Jean-Charles holds an MBA from Harvard Business School and graduated from ESCP Business School in Paris. A French national he lives in Luxembourg and speaks four languages.

In accordance with, and subject to the terms of, the Articles, the Board of Directors shall at all times be composed of three (3) Directors.

The Board of Directors is vested with the broadest powers to perform all acts of administration, disposition and execution in the Fund's interest. All powers fall within the competence of the Board of Directors save where expressly restricted (i) by law; or (ii) by the Articles to be decided by a resolution of the Shareholders. Decisions of the Board of Directors will either be taken at a meeting of the Board of Directors or by written resolution of the Board of Directors (in each case as prescribed in the Articles).

The rights and responsibilities of the Board of Directors, as well as the appointment and term of, and conflicts of interest limitations relevant to, each Director, are fully described in the Articles.

Subject to compliance with applicable laws, the Board of Directors may obtain advice and other services from third party service providers as (i) it may deem necessary or advisable; or (ii) may be required pursuant to applicable law, the remuneration of which will be payable out of the assets of the relevant Sub-Fund(s) as provided in this Prospectus.

Details in relation to the Central Administration, Prime Broker, Depositary and Sub-Distributors is provided in Section XV (*Regulatory and Tax Considerations*) of this Prospectus.

IV. ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE (ESG) MANAGEMENT

At BOWS, the ESG strategy is centred on supporting business resilience and creating value for investors and stakeholders - now and in the future. BOWS manages its investments with integrity, combining economic goals with responsible citizenship. This is consistent with its longstanding philosophy of conducting business with a long-term perspective in a sustainable and ethical manner. It also requires operating with robust ESG principles and practices, and maintaining a disciplined focus on integrating these into everything BOWS does.

Details in relation to the ESG management applicable to any of the Sub-Fund(s) are provided in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

V. SUMMARY OF PRINCIPAL TERMS

Brookfield Oaktree Wealth Solutions Alternative Funds S.A. SICAV–UCI Part II

The following information is presented as a summary of principal terms and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the articles of association of Brookfield Oaktree Wealth Solutions Alternative Funds S.A. SICAV–UCI Part II (as amended, restated or otherwise modified from time to time, the "**Articles**"), the subscription document and related documentation with respect thereto (collectively, with the Articles, the "**Documents**"), copies of which will be provided to each prospective Investor upon request. The forms of such Documents should be reviewed carefully. In the event of a conflict between the terms of this summary and the Documents, the Documents will prevail. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein have the meaning set forth in Section XX (Definitions).

Fund:

Brookfield Oaktree Wealth Solutions Alternative Funds S.A. SICAV–UCI Part II, a Luxembourg investment company with variable capital (*société d'investissement à capital variable*) was incorporated on 14 November 2022 in the form of a public limited company (*société anonyme*) governed by the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg. The Fund was originally incorporated in Luxembourg as a reserved alternative investment fund (*fonds d'investissement alternatif réservé*). On 2 April 2024, a resolution of shareholders in the Fund was passed to convert the Fund from an SA SICAV-RAIF into an SA SICAV governed by Part II of the 2010 Law. The Fund's revised Articles have been deposited with the RCS under number B273287 and a mention of their deposit with the RCS has been published in the RESA.

The Fund qualifies as an AIF within the definition of the 2013 Law and is authorized and supervised by the CSSF.

The Fund has an umbrella structure consisting of one or more sub-funds which the Board of Directors may, at its discretion, establish from time to time (each, a "**Sub-Fund**").

The Investments, assets and liabilities of a Sub-Fund will be segregated from the Investments, assets and liabilities of any other Sub-Fund and a Sub-Fund will be deemed to be a separate entity, unless otherwise provided in this Prospectus and the Articles.

The share capital of the Fund corresponds to the total Net Asset Value of the Fund and must at any time after twelve months following the Part II Reorganization exceed one million two hundred and fifty thousand euro (EUR 1,250,000).

The Fund will issue a key information document for packaged retail and insurance-based investment products (PRIIPs KID) in line with (i) Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 November 2014 on key information documents for packaged retail and insurance-based investment products ("**PRIIPs Regulation**"); and (ii) the UK version of the PRIIPs Regulation which forms part of UK law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018.

Sub-Fund(s):

The Board of Directors may, at any time, establish additional Sub-Fund(s) and determine the name and specific features thereof (including, but not limited to its term, investment objectives, policy, strategy and/or restrictions, specific fee structure, reference currency, subscription and redemption policy) as further set out in this Prospectus.

As at the date of this Prospectus, Brookfield Oaktree Wealth Solutions Alternative Funds S.A. SICAV-UCI Part II – Brookfield Infrastructure Income Fund is the only Sub-Fund of the Fund: it is open-ended and has such features as further described in the Sub-Fund Supplement of this Prospectus. Information in this Prospectus applies to the Fund and each Sub-Fund unless otherwise noted in the appendix related to the applicable Sub-Fund included as a part of this Prospectus.

Investment Objective, Strategy and Restrictions:

The Fund's investment objective is to achieve an attractive return from capital invested in private equity, private credit, infrastructure, real estate and/or other investments, either through direct investments or investments in other funds, while reducing investment risks through diversification across countries, sectors and/or investment styles.

Each Sub-Fund's specific investment objective and investment strategy as well as its specific investment restrictions, if any, are set out in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. Any change of a Sub-Fund's investment objective, strategy or restrictions will be reflected in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

The Fund shall specify, in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, more detailed and specific investment policies and restrictions on a Sub-Fund by Sub-Fund basis subject to the following general guidelines in compliance with CSSF Circular 02/80, whereby any given Sub-Fund of the Fund shall not invest, *inter alia*, more than 20% (twenty percent) of its net assets or commitments in subscribing for securities issued by the same issuer as measured at the time of the acquisition, provided that such diversification will be assessed on a look-through basis and, unless otherwise required by applicable law, no remedial action will be required if such restriction is exceeded for any reason other than the acquisition of new

investment. Where the maximum percentages fixed by law and/or a CSSF Circular are exceeded as a result of the exercise of rights attaching to assets in the portfolio or otherwise than by the purchase of assets, the Fund must adopt as a priority objective for its sales transactions, the remedying of that situation, taking due account of the interests of the Shareholders. A newly created Sub-Fund may, while ensuring observance of the principle of risk-spreading, derogate from the above-described maximum exposure to securities issued by the same issuer for six months following the date of its authorization by the CSSF, as further described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

CSSF Circular 02/80 is not applicable to Sub-Funds of certain predominant AIF types (as contemplated under the AIFM Regulation). Such Sub-Funds will comply with the guidelines set out in Circular IML 91/75 (as amended by CSSF Circulars 05/177, 18/697, 21/790 and 22/811), and as described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

The investment objective and investment strategy of each ELTIF Sub-Fund will further be in compliance with the ELTIF Regulation.

Subject to the individual restrictions of the respective Sub-Fund Supplement, each Sub-Fund may, in the event of cash excess and for cash management purposes, hold cash, commercial paper (including short term papers issued by credit institutions), short term government bonds (including short term debt issued by governments) and other money market instruments, certificates of deposit and money market funds and have the ability to post such assets as collateral.

Subject to the individual restrictions of the respective Sub-Fund Supplement, each Sub-Fund may also enter into, for efficient portfolio management purposes, financial derivatives transactions including without limitation repurchase agreements, reverse repurchase agreements and/or securities lending agreements. Unless stated otherwise in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, any such financial derivatives transactions will only be used for hedging purposes, as ancillary investment techniques.

Subject to the individual restrictions of the respective Sub-Fund Supplement, the Fund may use any securities financing transaction as defined in point (11) of Article 3 of Regulation 2015/2365 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2015 on transparency of securities financing transactions and of reuse in relation to any of the Sub-Funds, unless otherwise specified in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

Unless stated otherwise in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, the Fund does not intend to use indices covered by the Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 on indices used as benchmarks in financial instruments and financial contracts or to measure the performance of investment funds and amending Directives 2008/48/EC and 2014/17/EU and Regulation (EU) No 596/2014. Notwithstanding the preceding, the Fund may use indices in its marketing materials or other documents in order to give Investors an overview of a Sub-Fund's performance compared to such indices.

To the extent that an investment restriction has been breached, the Fund shall, in accordance with CSSF Circular 02-77, take the steps which are necessary to regularise such situation promptly upon discovering a non-compliance with investment rules of a Sub-Fund.

The Fund cannot assure you that any of the Sub-Fund(s) will achieve its/their investment objective(s) or any particular level of return. See Section XVIII (*Risk Factors and Other Considerations*) of this Prospectus including the risk factors section of the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. An Investor may lose all of its money by investing in the Sub-Fund(s).

AIFM:

LFE European Asset Management S.à r.l., a private limited liability company (*société à responsabilité limitée*) incorporated under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg (in this capacity, the "AIFM") has been appointed as the alternative investment fund manager of the Fund. The AIFM is in charge *inter alia* of the investment and risk management and valuation functions of the Fund.

Investment Manager:

The AIFM may appoint for each Sub-Fund an investment manager to act as an investment manager for the primary purposes of providing the delegated portfolio management services to the Fund or relevant Sub-Fund and certain other services as described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

Minimum Initial Subscription:

The minimum subscription size for any individual Shareholder shall be set out in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement and such Sub-Fund's subscription documents provided that a Sub-Fund may, in its discretion, approve subscriptions of a lower amount.

Applications for subscription will be able to be submitted in respect of each Subscription Date as defined in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. Applications will need to be received prior to a specified time for the relevant Subscription Date as defined in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. Shares will be issued at a price equal to the Net Asset Value per Share

	<p>on the relevant Subscription Date as defined in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.</p>
Subscription Process	<p>The subscription process applicable in respect of each Class of Shares in each Sub-Fund will be made by means of paid-in subscription or Capital Calls (as defined herein) as set forth in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.</p> <p>Details of the subscription process of the Fund are set out in Section VII (<i>Subscription Process</i>) of this Prospectus.</p>
Redemption of Shares:	<p>Unless otherwise provided in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, the Fund shall apply the redemption policy set out in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement for open-ended Sub-Funds.</p> <p>Details of the redemptions process of the Fund are set out in Section VIII (<i>Redemptions and Withdrawal</i>) of this Prospectus.</p>
Anti-Money Laundering Laws:	<p>Each Shareholder will be required to make certain representations and warranties concerning anti-money laundering and other similar activities in its subscription agreement, and the Board of Directors or its delegate reserves the right to require Shareholders to provide additional information or update previously provided information in the Board of Directors' or Central Administration's (as defined below) sole discretion.</p> <p>The Fund intends to comply with the laws of all relevant jurisdictions relating to money laundering and similar activities.</p>
Net Asset Value Calculation and Valuation Policy:	<p>The AIFM is responsible for ensuring the proper and independent valuation of the assets of the Fund and Sub-Fund(s) so that the calculation and publication of the Net Asset Value per Share can be performed.</p> <p>The assets and liabilities of the Fund and Sub-Fund(s) will be valued in accordance with the AIFM's valuation policies and procedures and as further described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.</p> <p>CSSF Circular 02-77 regarding the protection of investors in case of Net Asset Value calculation error and correction of the consequences resulting from non-compliance with the investment rules is applicable.</p> <p>Details of the Net Asset Value calculation and valuation policy of the Fund are set out in Section VII (<i>Subscriptions Process</i>) of this Prospectus.</p>

<p>Management Fee and Other Fund Fees:</p>	<p>The AIFM and/or the Investment Manager will be entitled to receive, out of the relevant Sub-Fund's assets, a management fee (the "Management Fee") and/or a performance fee ("Incentive Fee" or "Performance Fee"), the terms and conditions as well as the maximum amount of which shall be set forth in respect of each Sub-Fund in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.</p>
<p>Organizational and Operating Expenses:</p>	<p>Unless otherwise provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, any costs and expenses (which for the avoidance of doubt includes any taxes) incurred during the launch, operation or liquidation of the Fund and any of its Sub-Funds shall be allocated as described in Section X (<i>Fees and Expenses</i>) of this Prospectus.</p>
<p>Term:</p>	<p>The Fund has an indefinite term. Each Sub-Fund may be formed for an indefinite or a limited duration, as further described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.</p>
<p>Transfer of Shares:</p>	<p>An investment in a closed-ended Sub-Fund is generally illiquid unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. An investment in an open-ended Sub-Fund is generally liquid, provided that an Investors' ability to redeem its Shares may be subject to certain restrictions, as disclosed in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.</p> <p>Except as expressly permitted in the Articles or this Prospectus, no Investor may assign, sell, convey, pledge, mortgage, encumber, hypothecate or otherwise transfer in any manner whatsoever all or any part of its Shares in a Sub-Fund (a "Transfer"), unless otherwise provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.</p>
<p>Indemnification:</p>	<p>In accordance with the terms of the Articles, a Sub-Fund will, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, indemnify and hold harmless each of the Indemnitees (as detailed in sub-section "<i>Exculpation and Indemnification</i>" of Section XV (<i>Regulatory and Tax Considerations</i>) of this Prospectus) against all liabilities and losses (including amounts paid in respect of judgments, fines, penalties or settlement of litigation, and legal fees and expenses reasonably incurred in connection with any pending or threatened litigation or proceeding) suffered by virtue of its or his serving as an Indemnitee with respect to any action or omission (including, without limitation, trading errors) suffered or taken that is not in material violation of the Articles and does not constitute fraud (<i>dol</i>), wilful misfeasance (<i>faute intentionnelle</i>), gross negligence (as construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware), or reckless disregard of duties of the Indemnitee in the conduct of such Indemnitee's office, and, with respect to any criminal action</p>

or proceeding, without reasonable cause to believe his or its conduct was unlawful.

See Section XV (*Regulatory and Tax Considerations*) of this Prospectus for further details as to the indemnification and exculpation afforded under the Articles.

Borrowing:

The Fund may use financial leverage for direct and/or indirect investments and general working capital and fund expenses in accordance with market practice on a Sub-Fund by Sub-Fund basis only.

The maximum borrowing (if any) at a Sub-Fund level shall not exceed the ratio provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

Tax Considerations:

Each prospective Investor should carefully review the tax matters discussed under Section XV (*Regulatory and Tax Considerations*) including the regulatory and tax considerations described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement and is advised to consult its own tax advisor as to the tax consequences of an investment in the Fund and the Sub-Fund(s).

Amendments:

Shareholders have, as set out in more detail in the Articles, *inter alia* the right to vote on amendments to the Articles.

Please also see Section XVII (*Documentation and Information / Amendments — Amendments to Fund Documents*) for further detail.

Placement Agent:

The Fund through one or more of its Sub-Funds may appoint one or more placement agents that will be compensated for introducing investors to the one or more Sub-Funds. The terms of any compensation paid to any such placement agent will be disclosed to any investor that would bear such compensation.

Legal Counsel:

Travers Smith LLP
Loyens & Loeff Luxembourg S.à r.l.

**Central Administration and
Depositary**

J.P. Morgan SE – Luxembourg Branch

Independent Auditor:

Deloitte Audit S.à r.l.

VI. ISSUE OF SHARES

Sub-Fund Supplement

Specific matters relating to the offering of Shares of each Sub-Fund are referred to in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. This Section VI (*Issue of Shares*) is qualified in its entirety by the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement which may derogate from the provisions set out herein.

Shares

Unless otherwise provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, the Board of Directors shall be authorized, without limitation, at any time and for any period, to issue an unlimited number of fully paid-up Shares of any Class at a price and in accordance with the conditions and procedures provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, without granting to existing Investors a preferential right to subscribe for the Shares to be issued. These Classes may be subject to different terms and conditions, including potentially different fee, dealing, transfer, information disclosure or liquidity arrangements. Such different terms and conditions may be preferential to the Investors of the relevant Classes. Such Classes may be made available to any type of Investor, whether or not such Investor has legal or economic links to the Investment Manager, the AIFM or the Fund. The Fund shall only issue registered Shares of no par value.

A Sub-Fund may be characterized as being of an open-ended type or a closed-ended type. Although either type may share certain features with the other, they have certain principled differences. Fundamentally, an open-ended Sub-Fund allows Investors to request the redemption of their Shares. It typically has the inherent ability by its terms to increase or decrease its paid-in share capital over its lifetime in response to Investor-requested subscriptions and redemptions, respectively. A closed-ended Sub-Fund will not grant Investors a right to redeem their Shares. Shares may be issued in one or more Classes in each Sub-Fund, each Class having features or being offered to different types of Eligible Investors as more fully described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

The Board of Directors may provide in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement that Shares in a Sub-Fund or one or more Classes will be offered at an initial subscription price during an initial offer period. If, during the initial offer period, but after the first subscription or Closing Date, the Board of Directors, in consultation with the AIFM, estimates that such initial subscription price does not reflect the value of assets and liabilities of the relevant Sub-Fund or Class, Shares will instead be issued at their respective Net Asset Value.

In accordance with the 2010 Law, and as provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, the issue, subscription and redemption price of Shares of any Class will be publicized through a dedicated website each time there is an issue, subscription or redemption of Shares, and at least once a month.

Registered shares are documented by the inscription of a Shareholder's name by the Central Administration in the share register kept on behalf of the Fund. Fractions of registered Shares may be issued to two decimals of a Share. Written confirmation detailing the purchase of Shares will be sent to Shareholders. Confirmation of entry into the share register shall be sent to the Shareholders at the address specified in the share register. Shareholders are not entitled to the delivery of physical certificates.

Shares of a Sub-Fund may be listed or traded on an official stock exchange or on other markets, in which case the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement will provide details.

VII. SUBSCRIPTIONS PROCESS

Subscription Process

The subscription process applicable in respect of each Class of Shares in each Sub-Fund will be made by means of paid-in subscription or Capital Calls (as defined herein) as set forth in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

The subscription, transfer or conversion for Shares and any future transactions shall not be processed until the applicant has provided:

- (a) a duly completed and executed subscription agreement and a written share transfer agreement (as applicable); and
- (b) the information required by the Fund or agents acting on its behalf, including, but not limited, to the required know your customer and anti-money laundering documentation and any other required information, is received.

By the subscription and/or the acquisition of Shares, each Investor fully adheres to and accepts the Documents which determine the contractual relationship between the Investors, the Fund (including the relevant Sub-Fund), the Board of Directors, the AIFM and any other agents or service providers of the Fund, as well as among the Investors themselves. All Investors are entitled to the benefit of, are bound by, and are deemed to have notice of, the provisions of the Articles, copies of which are available as described above. The provisions of the Articles are binding on the Fund, the Investors and all persons claiming through them. The Documents are governed by Luxembourg law and the courts of Luxembourg City, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg shall have exclusive jurisdiction in relation to them.

The Board of Directors (or its delegate) is entitled to refuse at its own discretion subscription applications and temporarily or permanently suspend or limit the sale of Shares.

The Fund or its agents are entitled to refuse any subscription, transfer or conversion application in whole or in part for any or no reason, and may in particular prohibit or limit the sale, transfer or conversion of Shares to individuals or corporate bodies in certain countries if such transaction might be detrimental to the Fund or result in the Shares being held directly or indirectly by a Prohibited Person or if such subscription, transfer or conversion in the relevant country is in contravention of the local applicable laws.

In the case of both open-ended and closed-ended Sub-Funds, no subscription in kind will be accepted unless otherwise stated in a Sub-Fund Supplement.

Retail Investors subscribing directly to an ELTIF Sub-Fund may within two weeks after the later of (i) the date of their initial subscription to such Sub-Fund or (ii) the date of their first Capital Call cancel their subscription and have their money returned without penalty.

The subscription, transfer or conversion for Shares and any future transactions shall not be processed until the information required by the Fund and/or the relevant Sub-Fund(s) or agents acting on its behalf, included but not limited to know your customer and anti-money laundering checks, is received.

A. Open-Ended Sub-Funds

In the case of open-ended Sub-Funds, each Investor whose subscription is accepted and that is admitted as an Investor will be required to make a cash payment up front or, in some cases, one or several cash payments from time to time (as described further below), to the relevant Sub-Fund in satisfaction of such Investor's subscription as further described in the relevant Sub-Fund

Supplement. In the event the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement declares that a Sub-Fund is open-ended, such Sub-Fund will be established for an unlimited period of time.

Investors will be admitted to such Sub-Fund and may subscribe to and redeem from such Sub-Fund at such times and on such basis as described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. Typically, an Investor may request subscriptions of Shares at defined intervals (each a "**Subscription Date**") and by serving at least a defined time of written notice (including by post or e-mail or through other electronic means of communication) in advance of the relevant Subscription Date on which the Investor wishes to subscribe for Shares. Subject to the terms of the relevant Sub-Fund, subscription requests on the relevant Subscription Date may be accepted, deferred, queued and/or rejected, in whole or in part. The Board of Directors shall ensure that Investors are treated fairly. In any case, the Board of Directors ensures that Shares are issued on the basis of a previously unknown Net Asset Value per Share. If, however, an Investor is suspected of engaging in Market Timing, the Board of Directors may reject the subscription order until the applicant has cleared up any doubts with regard to their order. Complete subscription orders received by the Central Administration after cut-off time on a Subscription Date shall be settled at the issue price of the next following Subscription Date applicable. If the subscription order is incorrect or incomplete, the subscription order shall be regarded as having been received by the Central Administration on the date on which the subscription order is submitted properly.

The relevant Sub-Fund Supplement may require a minimum subscription amount, and may distinguish between a minimum initial subscription amount and a minimum subsequent subscription amount, and such subscription amount may also cover the fees described in the Sub-Fund Supplement, if any (including any applicable taxes thereon) and such Investor's *pro rata* share of all fees, costs and expenses of the Fund and/or the Sub-Fund, including organizational, operational and offering expenses, as further described under Section X (*Fees and Expenses of the Fund*) of this Prospectus.

In the event the Board of Directors determines that the total initial subscription amount in relation to a Sub-Fund is insufficient, the offering of Shares in relation to such Sub-Fund may be terminated at the sole discretion of the Board of Directors. In such event, the relevant Investors shall be released from their obligation to pay their subscription amounts and any amounts already contributed to the Sub-Fund shall be returned to the Investors without interest. The Board of Directors may however decide to reopen the offering and to establish the Sub-Fund at a later date.

B. Closed-Ended Sub-Funds

In the case of closed-ended Sub-Funds, each Investor whose subscription is accepted and that is admitted as an Investor will typically be required to make one or several cash payments to the relevant Sub-Fund from time to time (as required) in satisfaction of such Investor's commitment or, in some cases, may be required to make a cash payment up front, as further described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

The relevant Sub-Fund Supplement may require a minimum commitment, and such commitment may also cover the fees described in the Sub-Fund Supplement, if any (including any applicable taxes thereon) and such Investor's *pro rata* share of all fees, costs and expenses of the Fund and/or the Sub-Fund, including organizational, operational and offering expenses, as further described under Section X (*Fees and Expenses of the Fund*) of this Prospectus.

Each closed-ended Sub-Fund may have one or more closings, as described in, and in accordance with, each Sub-Fund Supplement and as determined by the Board of Directors in its sole and absolute discretion, at which Investors will be admitted to the Fund in respect of the relevant Sub-Fund.

In the event a Sub-Fund has more than one Closing Date and the Board of Directors determines that the total commitment in relation to a Sub-Fund is insufficient, the Board of Directors may elect to defer the final Closing Date of such Sub-Fund by a period of time as described in the applicable Sub-Fund Supplement. Alternatively, the offering of Shares in relation to such Sub-Fund may be terminated retroactively at the sole discretion of the Board of Directors. In such event the relevant Investors shall be released from their obligation to comply with a Capital Call Notice (as defined herein) and any amounts already contributed to the Sub-Fund shall be returned to the Investors without interest. The Sub-Fund may however be reopened by a decision of the Board of Directors.

Some open-ended Sub-Funds may operate in a similar manner to typical closed-ended Sub-Funds by holding multiple closings and/or by requiring Investors to make several cash payments to the relevant Sub-Fund from time to time in satisfaction of such Investor's commitment.

VIII. REDEMPTION AND WITHDRAWAL

Investor Redemption in Open-Ended Sub-Funds

The precise terms and conditions on which an Investor in an open-ended Sub-Fund will be permitted to redeem its Shares from the Sub-Fund will be specified in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

In each open-ended Sub-Fund, the Investors may be subject to a certain lock-up period starting, for each Investor respectively, from the date on which the relevant Shares are issued to such Investor. During this period, Investors may be prohibited from requesting to redeem part or all of their Shares (a "hard" lock-up), or they may be permitted to request such a redemption subject to a penalty (a "soft" lock-up).

Subject to the terms of any lock-up period, an Investor ("**Withdrawing Investor**") may generally request redemption of Shares (a "**Withdrawal Request**") at defined intervals (each a "**Withdrawal Date**") and by serving at least a defined time of written notice in advance of the relevant Withdrawal Date (the "**Dealing Cut-Off**") on which the Investor wishes its Shares to be redeemed.

Investors must give instructions for the redemption of Shares to the Central Administration either by post or e-mail or through other electronic means of communication before the Dealing Cut-Off for the desired Withdrawal Date (except when there is a suspension of redemptions as outlined below).

The Fund will satisfy Withdrawal Requests on the basis and terms specified in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. These may set limits on, for example, the amount of Withdrawal Requests by an individual or amongst the aggregate Withdrawing Investors at the relevant Withdrawal Date up to maximum amount of the relevant Sub-Fund's Net Asset Value at that point in time. Subject to the terms of the relevant Sub-Fund, Withdrawal Requests on the relevant Withdrawal Date may be accepted, deferred, queued and/or rejected, in whole or in part. The Board of Directors shall ensure that Investors are treated fairly.

Shares shall be redeemed at the redemption price. If a redemption fee is payable, the maximum amount for each Sub-Fund is stipulated in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

The corresponding Share is cancelled upon payment of the redemption price. Payment of the redemption price, as well as any other payments to the Shareholders, shall be made via the Depositary and the local paying agents, if any. The Depositary is only obliged to make payment insofar as there are no legal provisions, such as exchange control regulations or other circumstances beyond the Depositary's control, prohibiting the transfer of the redemption price to the country of the Withdrawing Investor.

In accordance with the Articles, a redemption of Shares at the discretion of the Board of Directors may further be possible in case of liquidation and compulsory redemption as further described in this Prospectus.

Compulsory Withdrawal

If the Board of Directors (or its delegate) discovers at any time that any owner or beneficial owner of Shares is a Prohibited Person (as defined in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement), either alone or in conjunction with any other person, whether directly or indirectly, the Board of Directors (or its delegate) may at its discretion and without liability compulsory redeem those Shares in accordance with the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

The Board of Directors (or its delegate) may require any Investor to provide it with any information that it may consider necessary for the purpose of determining whether or not such owner of Shares is or will be a Prohibited Person. Further, Investors shall have the obligation to immediately inform the Board of Directors (or its delegate) and the Central Administration to the extent they, or the ultimate beneficial owner(s) of the Shares held by such Investors, becomes or will become a Prohibited Person.

The Fund will not accept investments by or on behalf of Prohibited Persons. Any Investor represents and warrants that its proposed subscription, or commitment to subscribe, for Shares, whether made on the Investor's own behalf or as an agent, trustee, representative, intermediary, financial intermediary or in a similar capacity on behalf of any other beneficial owner, is not a Prohibited Person and further represents and warrants that the Investor will promptly notify the Fund of any change in its status or the status of its beneficial owner(s) with respect to its representations and warranties regarding Prohibited Persons.

Early Compulsory Redemption or Withdrawal

At the discretion of the Board of Directors, should any Sub-Fund's anticipated on-going fees and expenses be deemed to amount to a material portion of such Sub-Fund's remaining exposure to its investments, or continued holding of an interest, directly or indirectly, in the Sub-Fund's investments, in each case no longer be feasible, then the Board of Directors (or its delegate) may elect a secondary market broker and seek to dispose of any such investments at the best terms presented to the Board of Directors (or its delegate) by any such secondary market broker. Should the Sub-Fund succeed in disposing of all of its investments, the Sub-Fund will effect an early compulsory redemption or withdrawal, as the case may be, of all Investors.

Conversion of Shares

Unless otherwise provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, Investors are not entitled to require the conversion of the whole or part of their Shares of any Class of a Sub-Fund into Shares of the same Class in another Sub-Fund or into Shares of another existing Class of that or another Sub-Fund.

Prevention of Market Timing and Late Trading Risks

The open-ended Sub-Funds are not intended to be used as an excessive short-term trading vehicle. Whilst recognizing that Shareholders may have legitimate needs to adjust their investments from time to time, the Fund may at its sole discretion take any action to prevent any activities deemed to adversely affect the interests of the Shareholders.

Market timing is generally understood as the technique of arbitrage whereby a Shareholder systematically subscribes, converts and redeems Shares in a Sub-Fund within a short period by exploiting time differences and/or the imperfections or weaknesses in the valuation system for calculating the Sub-Fund's Net Asset Value. The Board of Directors takes the appropriate protection and/or control measures to avoid such practices. It also reserves the right to compulsorily redeem in whole or in part or to reject, cancel or suspend an order from a Shareholder for the subscription or conversion of Shares if the Investor is suspected of engaging in Market Timing.

The Board of Directors strictly oppose to the purchase or redemption of Shares after the close of trading at already established or foreseeable closing prices i.e., late trading. In any case, the Board of Directors ensures that Shares are issued and redeemed on the basis of a Share value previously unknown to the Shareholder. If, however, a Shareholder is suspected of engaging in late trading, the Board of Directors may reject the redemption or subscription order until the Investor has cleared up any doubts with regard to his order.

IX. CALCULATION OF NET ASSET VALUE

Reference currency and Valuation Day

The reference currency of the Fund ("**Reference Currency**") is the United States Dollar. Each Sub-Fund (and each Class) may have a different reference currency. The Net Asset Value of each Sub-Fund's Shares is expressed in the reference currency of the relevant Sub-Fund and within each Sub-Fund the Net Asset Value of each Class, if applicable, is expressed in the reference currency of the relevant Class, as further described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

The Net Asset Value of the Fund shall be calculated at least annually and is at any time equal to the total Net Asset Value of all Sub-Funds. The Net Asset Value of a Sub-Fund shall be calculated at such frequency and on such dates as set out in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement (each a "**Valuation Date**").

Net Asset Value per Share

The Net Asset Value per Share of a Class results from dividing the value of the total net assets of a Sub-Fund attributable to that Class on any Valuation Date by the aggregate number of Shares of the same Class then outstanding. The value of the total net assets of a Sub-Fund attributable to a Class is equal to the difference between the value of the Sub-Fund's assets attributable to a Class and the portion of liabilities of the Sub-Fund attributable to that Class.

In case of distributing Classes, the value of the net assets attributable to the distributing Shares is reduced by the amount of such distributions.

The NAV is rounded down if required, unless otherwise foreseen for a Sub-Fund in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

Net Asset Value Process

The NAV for each Class of Shares will be calculated by the Central Administration under the oversight of the AIFM. The AIFM is responsible for the proper and independent valuation of the Sub-Fund's assets in accordance with the valuation rules and adjustments set out in the Articles, the Prospectus, the AIFM's policy and guidelines, additional information set out in each Sub-Fund Supplement and article 17 of the 2013 Law. The calculation of the NAV of each Sub-Fund will be reviewed by the Auditor (as defined herein) in accordance with procedures agreed upon between the AIFM and the Auditor.

Each Class of Shares of a Sub-Fund may have a different NAV per Share as a result of Share Class hedging or because certain fees as set forth in the Sub-Fund Supplement may be charged differently, or do not apply, with respect to a certain Class. Each Sub-Fund shall disclose the issue, sale and redemption price of the Shares each time it issues, sells and redeems Shares following such time that the redemption price becomes available.

The NAV per Share will be solely determined based on the information available to the AIFM and the Central Administration, if applicable, as of the applicable Valuation Day and, as such, may not reflect information subsequently received in connection with the preparation of any financial statements delivered to the Shareholders.

CSSF Circular 02-77 regarding the protection of investors in case of Net Asset Value calculation error and correction of the consequences resulting from non-compliance with the investment rules is applicable.

Valuation Process

The value of the assets of the Fund and relevant Sub-Fund(s) shall generally be determined in the manner as described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

X. FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

Unless otherwise provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, any costs and expenses (which for the avoidance of doubt includes any taxes) incurred during the launch, operation or liquidation of the Fund and any of its Sub-Funds shall be allocated as follows (it being understood that any costs and expenses which are referred to below shall also include any VAT payable in relation to those costs and expenses):

Expenses borne by the Fund and its Sub-Funds

Unless otherwise stated in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, each Sub-Fund will pay or bear all payments, fees, costs, expenses and other liabilities incurred in connection with the formation and organization of the Sub-Fund and, as determined by the AIFM and/or the Investment Manager in good faith, and all payments, fees, costs, expenses and other liabilities incurred in connection with the offering and sale of Shares in the Sub-Fund to investors including all out-of-pocket legal, consulting, accounting, valuation, analysis and reports, tax analysis, transfer taxes, filing, capital raising, printing, mailing, subscription processing and filing fees and expenses, due diligence expenses of participating broker-dealers and/or distributors supported by detailed and itemized invoices, the fees, costs and out-of-pocket expenses of any platform advisor and any ESG consultants, costs in connection with preparing sales materials, design and website expenses, fees to attend retail seminars sponsored by participating broker-dealers and/or distributions, electronic databases, accommodation, meal, travel and related and other similar fees, costs and expenses.

Each Sub-Fund will also pay or bear its share of the payments, fees, costs, expenses and other liabilities incurred in connection with the formation and organization of the Fund allocated to it by the Board of Directors (or its delegate) in its discretion acting in good faith, including all out-of-pocket legal, consulting, accounting, filing, capital raising, printing, mailing, subscription processing and filing fees and expenses, due diligence expenses of participating broker-dealers and/or distributors supported by detailed and itemized invoices, the fees, costs and out-of-pocket expenses of any platform advisor and any ESG consultants, costs in connection with preparing sales materials, design and website expenses, fees to attend retail seminars sponsored by participating broker-dealers and/or distributions, electronic databases, accommodation, meal, travel and related and other similar fees, costs and expenses.

Collectively, such organizational expenses payable by each Sub-Fund shall be referred to as the "**Organizational Expenses**".

Operating Expenses

As stated in more detail in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, the Sub-Fund, and not the AIFM or the Investment Manager or any of their respective Affiliates, will pay or otherwise bear all payments, fees, costs, expenses and other liabilities (for the avoidance of doubt, including any applicable VAT) or obligations resulting from, related to, associated with, arising from or incurred in connection with the Sub-Fund's, or, as determined by the Investment Manager in good faith, any additional vehicle's, operations. Collectively, such operating expenses payable by each Sub-Fund shall be referred to as the "**Operating Expenses**".

Costs and expenses which cannot be allotted to one specific Sub-Fund (including those incurred in respect of one or more additional vehicles) will be charged to the different Sub-Funds as determined by the Board of Directors in good faith (also including any applicable VAT).

Management Fee

The AIFM or Investment Manager will be entitled to receive, out of the relevant Sub-Fund's assets, a management fee (the "**Management Fee**") and/or a performance fee ("**Incentive Fee**" or "**Performance Fee**"), the terms and conditions as well as the maximum amount of which shall be set forth in respect of each Sub-Fund in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. The AIFM may be entitled to be reimbursed by the Sub-Fund for any expenses related to the advice of legal counsel and any other out-of-pocket expenses to the extent agreed by the Fund and/or the Sub-Fund in the AIFM Agreement and such costs shall (unless otherwise specified in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement) fall within scope of the Operating Expenses of the Sub-Fund.

Special Fees

Special fees (such as consulting, monitoring fees, break-up fees, directors' fees, closing fees and merger and acquisition transaction advisory services fees related to the negotiation of the acquisition of a portfolio investment and similar fees) may be established by the Board of Directors for each Sub-Fund in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

Other fees

Other fees may be established by the Board of Directors for each Sub-Fund in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

XI. DISTRIBUTIONS

Each Sub-Fund may offer distributing Shares and non-distributing Shares. Distributing Shares and non-distributing Shares issued within the same Sub-Fund will be represented by different Share Classes.

In case of distributing Shares, dividends are intended to be distributed and the Net Asset Value per Share may subsequently be reduced by the amount of dividends paid out. In the case of capitalisation or accumulation Shares, net profits are not intended to be distributed but to be capitalised, thus with no reduction on the Net Asset Value per Share. The distribution policy for each Sub-Fund and Class of Shares is specified in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

Any distributions of a given Sub-Fund's cash proceeds or the cash proceeds allocable to a given Class in a given Sub-Fund, either during the life of such Sub-Fund or Class, or prior to or upon its liquidation, will be made at the sole discretion of the Board of Directors (or its delegate) or as otherwise set out in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement and will be approved and ratified by the annual general meeting of Shareholders.

The Board of Directors (or its delegate) may choose to make distributions or declare dividends with regard to all of the Investors. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Board of Directors (or its delegate), in its reasonable discretion, may withhold from any distribution of cash or property in kind to any Investor amounts due from such Investor to the Fund, the Board of Directors, a financial intermediary, or attributable to such Investor, including, without limitation, such Investor's share of the Sub-Fund's expenses. Any distribution that has not been claimed within five years of its declaration shall be forfeited and reverted to the relevant Sub-Fund and/or Class.

Distributions may also be made by way of a redemption of Shares, which must be made *pro rata* to all Investors of the respective Sub-Fund or Class of Shares.

XII. INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

Deloitte Audit S.à.r.l., with its registered office at 20, Boulevard de Kockelscheuer, L-1821 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, or any successor as appointed or removed by a resolution of the Shareholders upon proposal by the Board of Directors, will act as approved statutory auditor (*réviseur d'entreprises agréé*) of the Fund and will audit the Fund's annual report and perform its functions and responsibilities in accordance with the applicable laws.

XIII. MEETINGS OF SHAREHOLDERS

The annual general meeting of Shareholders of the Fund ("**Shareholders' Meeting**") will be held every year at the registered office of the Fund (which shall be in the municipality (*commune*) of Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg or such other place as transferred to in accordance with the Articles) or at such other place in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg as specified in the relevant convening notice of such meeting. The annual general meeting shall be held within six (6) months from the end of each Financial Year.

General meetings of Shareholders of the Fund will be held at the registered office of the Fund (which shall be in the municipality (*commune*) of Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg or such other place as transferred to in accordance with the Articles) or at such other place in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg as specified in the relevant convening notice of such meeting.

The annual general meeting and the general meetings of Shareholders shall be convened in accordance with the 1915 Law and the Articles. The requirements as to attendance, quorum, board of meeting composition and majorities at all general meetings are those laid down in the 1915 Law and in the Articles. Shareholders have, as set out in more detail in the Articles, *inter alia* the right to vote on amendments of the Articles. Please also see Section XVII (*Documentation and Information / Amendments—Amendments to Fund Documents*) of this Prospectus.

Each Share is entitled to one vote.

Resolutions of meetings of Shareholders apply to the Fund as a whole and to all Shareholders of the Fund; *provided*, that any amendment affecting the rights attached to the Shares of any Class and/or Sub-Fund(s) and the rights of the holders of such Shares may be submitted to a vote of the Shareholders of the relevant Class and/or Sub-Fund(s) as far as the Shareholders of the Class and/or Sub-Fund(s) in question are present or represented.

Except as otherwise required by the 1915 Law or as otherwise provided in the Articles, resolutions at a meeting of Shareholders duly convened are passed by a simple majority of the votes cast regardless of the proportion of the capital represented.

The Board of Directors (i) may determine all other conditions that must be fulfilled by Shareholders for them to take part in any meeting of Shareholders; and (ii) may suspend the voting rights of those Shareholders who are in default of complying with their obligations as stated in the Articles or its subscription agreement.

XIV. REPORTS

Reporting

The Fund will prepare, distribute and submit for approval its audited annual report, established in accordance with IFRS, to the Shareholders within one hundred and twenty (120) days from, and in any case no later than six (6) months after, the end of each Financial Year. The audited annual report will contain financial statements audited by a Luxembourg auditor (*réviseur d'entreprises agréé*).

In addition, and in accordance with the requirements of the 2010 Law, the Fund will prepare and distribute an unaudited semi-annual report to Shareholders within three (3) months following the period to which it refers.

The Board of Directors or its delegate may, in its sole discretion, decide to provide Shareholders with additional unaudited reports at a higher frequency, and any other form of information or communication it deems appropriate, including such periodic reports as may be required in accordance with the ELTIF Regulation (if applicable).

XV. REGULATORY AND TAX CONSIDERATIONS

Organization

Brookfield Oaktree Wealth Solutions Alternative Funds S.A. SICAV–UCI Part II was incorporated on 14 November 2022 as an investment company with variable capital (*société d'investissement à capital variable*), organized as a multi-compartment reserved alternative investment fund (*fonds d'investissement alternatif réservé à compartiments multiples*), in the form of a public limited company (*société anonyme*) and governed by the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg. As at the date of this Prospectus and following the Part II Reorganization, the Fund is in particular governed by the 1915 Law, the Part II of the 2010 Law and its Articles.

The Fund has a multi-compartment structure and therefore consists of at least one Sub-Fund. Each Sub-Fund represents a portfolio containing different assets and liabilities and is considered to be a separate entity in relation to the Shareholders and third parties. The rights of Shareholders and creditors concerning a Sub-Fund or which have arisen in relation to the establishment, operation or liquidation of a Sub-Fund are limited to the assets of that Sub-Fund. No Sub-Fund will be liable with its assets for the liabilities of another Sub-Fund.

The individual Sub-Funds shall be designated by the names given in the relevant appendix of this Prospectus applicable to each such Sub-Fund. The Reference Currency in which the NAV of the corresponding Shares of a Sub-Fund is expressed is US Dollars unless specified otherwise in respect of a Sub-Fund in its relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

Term

The Fund will continue for an indefinite period of time, unless put into liquidation in certain specified circumstances, including as described below under Section XVI (*Dissolution and Liquidation of the Fund*) of this Prospectus. Each Sub-Fund may have an indefinite duration or a limited duration, as further described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

Financial Year

The financial year of the Fund will start on January 1st and end on December 31st of each year. The first Financial Year of the Fund started on 14 November 2022 and terminated on 31 December 2022.

Accounting Standard

Accounts are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as adopted by the EU and amended from time to time ("**IFRS**").

Temporary Suspension of Calculation of Net Asset Value, Subscriptions and Redemptions

The AIFM and/or the Board of Directors may, but are not obligated to, suspend the determination of NAV and/or the Fund's and/or one or more Sub-Funds' offering and/or redemptions where circumstances so require and provided the suspension is justified having regard to the interests of Shareholders. Any such suspension shall be notified to the concerned Shareholders. No Shares will be issued nor redeemed during a period when the determination of NAV is suspended. For the avoidance of doubt, both redemptions and issues of Shares shall only be suspended in exceptional circumstances and not on a systematic basis.

Certain Regulatory Matters

Alternative Investment Fund Managers' Directive and Certain Luxembourg Regulatory Considerations

The AIFM Directive became effective across the European Union ("EU" or "Eurozone") on July 22, 2013. The AIFM Directive regulates (i) alternative investment fund managers based in the EU; (ii) the management of any alternative investment fund established in the EU; and (iii) the marketing in the EU of any alternative investment fund, such as the Fund. The AIFM Directive imposes detailed and prescriptive obligations on alternative investment fund managers established in the EU.

The corpus of rules formed by the AIFM Directive, the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 231/2013 of December 19, 2012 ("**AIFM Regulation**") and any binding guidelines or other delegated acts and regulations issued from time to time by the EU relevant authorities pursuant to the AIFM Directive and/or the AIFM Regulation, as well as by any national laws and regulations that are taken in relation to (or transposing either of) the foregoing are hereafter referred to as the "**AIFM Rules**".

The Alternative Investment Fund Manager of the Fund

LFE European Asset Management S.à r.l., a private limited liability company (*société à responsabilité limitée*) incorporated under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg on June 22, 2015, having a share capital of EUR 992,000, which is fully paid-in and its registered office at 26a, boulevard Royal, L-2449, Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and registered with the RCS under number B198087, is the Fund's external alternative investment fund manager (the "**AIFM**").

The AIFM acts as alternative investment fund manager of the Fund, in accordance with the Luxembourg law of July 12, 2013 on alternative investment fund managers, as amended (the "**2013 Law**"). The AIFM was approved on 22 June 2015 by the CSSF as an AIFM authorized under Article 5 of the 2013 Law.

The AIFM has been appointed by the Fund to act as alternative investment fund manager in order to perform the investment management (including both portfolio and risk management), oversight, valuation and certain other functions in relation to the Fund pursuant to the alternative investment fund management agreement entered into between the Fund and the AIFM (the "**AIFM Agreement**").

The AIFM has been authorized in Luxembourg by the CSSF to act as external alternative investment fund manager for alternative investment funds. The AIFM is an affiliated company of the Oaktree Capital Group, LLC. Its main business activity is to fulfil the functions of AIFM for the Fund and other funds as required under the AIFM Directive and to provide investment management expertise.

Description of Duties

The AIFM has initially been entrusted with the duties pertaining to the investment management functions of the Fund, namely (a) the portfolio management function; and (b) the risk management function but may delegate certain of such investment management duties to affiliates of the Investment Manager as described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. The AIFM may also provide certain marketing services to the Fund to the extent not otherwise delegated to Brookfield and its affiliates. The AIFM will also be responsible for the proper and independent valuation of the assets of the Fund. Subject to the Sub-Fund Supplement, the Investment Manager will provide valuation advice and assist the AIFM in the valuation of the assets of the Fund. The individuals valuing the Fund's assets have experience in valuing the kinds of assets in which the Fund will invest.

In case of ELTIF Sub-Funds, in accordance with the requirements of the ELTIF Regulation, the AIFM shall be responsible for providing Retail Investors with the appropriate investment advice before they subscribe for Shares. Besides the requirements applicable generally to the distribution of financial instruments such as the Shares, the AIFM is furthermore responsible for ensuring that potential Investors comply with the eligibility criteria laid down in the ELTIF Regulation and that the respective Sub-Fund is suitable for Retail Investors regarding their experience, financial situation and investment objectives.

Professional Liability

The AIFM covers its potential professional risks resulting from its activities as an AIFM by holding additional own funds in accordance with the articles 101(4) and 102(1)(a) of the Law of 17 December 2010 relating to undertakings for collective investment; the article 8 of the AIFM Regulation; the articles 12 to 15 of Delegated Regulation (EU) 231/2013; and the Delegated Regulation (EU) 241/2014.

Delegation

The AIFM has been permitted by the Fund to appoint delegates in relation to its functions in accordance with the AIFM Directive and the 2010 Law.

The delegated functions shall remain under the supervision of the AIFM and the delegation shall not prevent the AIFM from acting, or the Fund from being managed, in the best interests of the Shareholders. The delegation to third parties is subject to the prior approval of the CSSF.

The AIFM will monitor, on a continuing basis, the activities of the third parties to whom it has delegated functions. The agreements entered into between the AIFM and such third parties provide that the AIFM may give at any time further instructions to such third parties, and that it may withdraw their mandate under certain circumstances.

All delegations will be carried out in accordance with the Articles, the AIFM Directive, the 2010 Law and the specific terms of any delegation to the AIFM by the Board of Directors.

The AIFM, with the approval of the Board of Directors, has delegated its portfolio management function regarding the Fund to the Investment Manager.

Fees and Expenses

In addition to the fees set in Section X (*Fees and Expenses of the Fund*) of this Prospectus, in respect of the services provided by it, the AIFM shall be entitled to reimbursement of its out-of-pocket expenses.

Leverage

For the purposes of the AIFM Rules and the UK Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulation 2013/1773 (the "**UK AIFM Regulation**"), the leverage limits in respect of a Sub-Fund shall be described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

Shareholders' Rights

Investors will make a contractually binding subscription to a Sub-Fund by the execution and delivery of their subscription agreements.

The rights and obligations of the Investors are set out in the Articles and the relevant subscription agreement, as well as the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg.

Investors will not acquire any direct legal interest in investments made by the relevant Sub-Fund. The main legal implications of the contractual relationship entered into by an Investor when acquiring Shares in the Sub-Fund are that by signing the subscription agreement, the Investor is agreeing to be bound by the terms of the Articles and the subscription agreement, including, *inter alia*, the obligation to pay its full subscription amount.

The District Court of Luxembourg-City has exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine any suit, action or proceedings, and to settle any claim or dispute which may arise out of or in connection with the Articles and any subscription agreement. As an EU Member State, Luxembourg applies

Regulation (EU) No 1215/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2012 on jurisdiction and the recognition and enforcement of judgments in civil and commercial matters (recast), as may be amended, supplemented or replaced from time to time. Luxembourg also adheres to other treaties and conventions on jurisdiction and the recognition and enforcement of judgments in civil and commercial matters and, in the absence of an EU Regulation, a treaty or a convention, Luxembourg courts can, under certain conditions grant exequatur (enforcement) to a foreign judgment in Luxembourg, respectively.

It should be noted that Shareholders will only be able to exercise their rights directly against the Sub-Fund and will not have any direct contractual rights against the service providers of the Sub-Fund appointed from time to time. The foregoing is without prejudice to other rights which investors may have under ordinary rules of law or pursuant to specific legislation (for example, a right of access to and rectification of personal data).

Shareholders' Rights in Case of Nominee

Shareholders' attention is drawn to the fact that they will only be able to fully exercise their rights directly against the Sub-Fund, notably the right to participate in general meetings of Shareholders, if they are registered in their own name in the register of Shareholders of the Sub-Fund. In cases where a Shareholder invests in a Sub-Fund through a nominee as provided for above, it may not always be possible for the Shareholders to exercise certain rights directly against the Sub-Fund.

Exculpation and Indemnification

In accordance with, and subject to, the Articles, to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, each Indemnitee (as defined below) shall be fully protected and indemnified by the relevant Sub-Fund out of Fund assets against all liabilities and losses (including amounts paid in respect of judgments, fines, penalties or settlement of litigation, and legal fees and expenses reasonably incurred in connection with any pending or threatened litigation or proceeding) suffered by virtue of its or his serving as an Indemnitee with respect to any action or omission (including, without limitation, trading errors) suffered or taken that is not in material violation of the Articles and does not constitute fraud (*dol*), willful misfeasance (*faute intentionnelle*), gross negligence (as construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware), or reckless disregard of duties of the Indemnitee in the conduct of such Indemnitee's office, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, without reasonable cause to believe his or its conduct was unlawful.

The "**Indemnitees**" for these purposes are the Board of Directors (collectively or each member individually), service providers or officers of the Sub-Fund or any liquidation representative, and their heirs, executors and administrators.

Each service provider appointed by the Fund and/or the Sub-Fund (including the Portfolio Manager) is also the beneficiary of an indemnity under the relevant agreement entered into which are on customary terms for agreements of those types.

The AIFM may have a Sub-Fund purchase, at the Sub-Fund's expense, insurance to insure the Sub-Fund and any Indemnitee against liability in connection with the activities of the Sub-Fund.

Applicable Laws and Jurisdiction

The Fund was incorporated on 14 November 2022 and continues for an indefinite period until the Fund is put into liquidation in the manner set forth in the Articles and this Prospectus. The Fund is governed by the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg. By entering into a subscription document, the Shareholder will enter into a contractual relationship governed by the subscription document, the terms of this Prospectus, the Articles and applicable laws and regulations.

Any action or proceeding against the parties relating in any way to the Articles or this Prospectus shall be brought and enforced in the District Court of the city of Luxembourg. The subscription document will contain similar terms.

Fair and Preferential Treatment

The AIFM intends that all Shareholders will be treated fairly in accordance with the relevant requirements of the AIFM Directive, the 2010 Law and applicable laws and regulations.

Notwithstanding the foregoing paragraph, a Shareholder may be granted "preferential treatment" to the widest extent allowed by this Prospectus and the Articles. To the extent that a Shareholder obtains a "preferential treatment" or the right to obtain a "preferential treatment," a brief description of that preferential treatment, the type of Shareholder who obtained such "preferential treatment" and, where relevant, their legal or economic links with the Fund, the AIFM or the Investment Manager will be made available on a confidential basis upon request at the registered office of the AIFM to the extent required by applicable law and, in particular, in accordance with article 21 of the 2013 Law.

For the avoidance of doubt, no preferential treatment or specific economic benefits shall be granted to individual Investors or groups of Investors in an ELTIF Sub-Fund marketed to Retail Investors.

Other Information

The AIFM will make available to Shareholders in the annual reports for the Fund, and/or at any reasonable time during normal business hours (upon request after furnishing reasonable advance written notice to the AIFM) at the registered office of the AIFM, any information and/or documents which the AIFM or the Fund is or will be required by virtue of law (and in particular the 2013 Law and article 21 thereof) to make available and any amendments or supplements thereto made from time to time; *provided*, that such availability will be reasonably related to such Shareholder's interest as a Shareholder. In particular, any material changes to the risk profile of the Fund or the risk management systems employed by the Fund to manage those risks, together with any changes to the borrowing provisions of the Fund and the total amount of leverage employed by the Fund will be disclosed to Investors in the annual report.

The locations of underlying vehicles (if applicable) in which the Fund may invest will be available at the registered office of the AIFM.

Acquisition of Major Holdings and Control of Non-Listed Companies

If the Fund, directly or indirectly, acquires or disposes of certain holdings in a non-listed company, the AIFM may be subject to certain reporting obligations set out in articles 24 and following of the 2013 Law.

Best Execution

The AIFM acts in the best interest of the Fund when executing investment decisions. For that purpose, it takes into account price, costs, speed, likelihood of execution and settlement, order size and nature, or any other consideration relevant to the execution of the investment (best execution), except in cases where, taking into account the type of asset, the best execution is not relevant. The AIFM has implemented written policies and procedures on due diligence as well as effective arrangements for ensuring that investment decisions are carried out in compliance with the investment objective and investment strategy of the Fund, taking into consideration and adhering to applicable risk limits. Where the Investment Manager is permitted to execute transactions, it will

be committed contractually to apply equivalent best execution principles, if it is not already subject to equivalent best execution laws and regulations.

Remuneration

The AIFM has a remuneration policy in place which seeks to ensure that the interests of the AIFM and the Shareholders in the Fund are aligned. Such remuneration policy imposes remuneration rules on staff and senior management within the AIFM whose activities have an impact on the risk profile of the Fund. The AIFM shall seek to ensure that such remuneration policies and practices will be consistent with sound and effective risk management and with the AIFM Directive and ESMA's remuneration guidelines. The AIFM shall also seek to ensure that such remuneration policies and practices shall not encourage risk taking which is inconsistent with the risk profile and constitutional documents of the Fund.

The AIFM shall seek to ensure that the remuneration policy will, at all times, be consistent with the business strategy, objectives, values and interests of the Fund and the Shareholders and that the remuneration policy will include measures that seek to ensure that all relevant conflicts of interest can be managed appropriately at all times.

Inducements

Third parties, including affiliates of the AIFM, may be remunerated or compensated in monetary form for distribution activities performed in relation to the Fund on terms the Fund, the AIFM and/or the Investment Manager has agreed with such parties. Such remuneration or compensation, if applicable, is generally expressed as a percentage of the annual management fee levied on the Fund. With reference to his/her/their transactions, a Shareholder may receive further details of such remuneration or compensation arrangements or any amount received by or shared with such parties on request. Third parties involved in portfolio management activities of the Fund, including affiliate of the AIFM, whether they receive a service from another party or perform a service for the benefit of another party, may also receive from or grant benefits to these other parties in monetary or other form (including, but not limited to, soft dollar commissions, rebates or any other advantages). Such benefits, in monetary or other form, shall be used in the best interest of the Fund, the relevant Sub-Fund(s) and the Shareholders and shall be disclosed to the AIFM. The Fund, the AIFM and the third parties take reasonable steps to ensure that such benefits are not likely to conflict with any duty that the Fund, the AIFM and the third parties are subject to under any relevant legal or regulatory provision.

Risk Management

The AIFM has established and maintains a dedicated risk management function that implements effective risk management policies and procedures in order to identify, measure, manage and monitor on an ongoing basis all risks relevant to the Fund's investment objective including in particular market, credit, liquidity, counterparty, operational and all other relevant risks. Furthermore, the risk management process ensures an independent review of the valuation policies and procedures as per article 70(3) of the AIFM Regulation. The risk profile of each Sub-Fund shall correspond to the size, portfolio structure and investment objective.

The Fund may use all financial derivative instruments for the purpose of hedging or investment.

The risk management staff within the AIFM will supervise the compliance of these provisions in accordance with the requirements of applicable circulars or regulation issued by the CSSF or any

European authority authorized to issue related regulation or technical standards which are applicable to the Fund.

Liquidity Risk Management

The AIFM maintains a liquidity risk management process to monitor the liquidity risk of the Fund, which includes, among other tools and methods of measurement, the use of stress tests under both normal and exceptional liquidity conditions. Further details regarding the liquidity risk management process of the Fund are available upon request at any reasonable time during normal business hours (after furnishing reasonable advance written notice to the AIFM) at the registered office of the AIFM.

The AIFM will comply with the ESMA Guidelines ESMA34-39897 on liquidity stress testing.

Exclusivity

The functions and duties which the Board of Directors, the AIFM, the Investment Manager and/or any of their affiliate undertake on behalf of the Fund will not be exclusive and they perform similar functions and duties for themselves and for others and, without limitation, act as manager, investment advisor or general partner (or equivalent) in respect of other funds, accounts or other products.

Depositary

The Fund has appointed J.P. Morgan SE – Luxembourg Branch, a company registered with the local court of Frankfurt am Main, Germany with HRB 126056 and VAT number DE114103709 and having its registered office at TaunusTurm, Taunustor 1, Frankfurt am Main, 60310, Germany, acting through its branch in Luxembourg at 6 route de Trèves, L-2633 Senningerberg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, as depositary bank and paying agent of the Fund (the "**Depositary**") pursuant to the 2010 Law, the 2013 Law, the ELTIF Regulation (if applicable) and the terms of a depositary bank and custodian agreement entered into between the Fund, the AIFM and the Depositary (the "**Depositary Agreement**"), effective as of the incorporation of the Fund.

The duties of the Depositary (as further detailed in the Depositary Agreement) include:

1. the safekeeping of the Fund's financial instruments that can be held in custody and record keeping and verification of ownership of the other assets of the Fund;
2. oversight duties; and
3. cash flow monitoring.

J.P. Morgan SE – Luxembourg Branch is registered with the RCS under number B255938. The Depositary is licensed to carry out banking activities under the terms of the Luxembourg law of 5 April 1993 on the financial services sector, as amended, and specializes in custody, fund administration and related services.

No arrangements are contemplated or have been entered into with the Depositary to contractually discharge the Depositary of liability in accordance with article 21(13) of the AIFM Directive. The Fund will inform Investors of any changes with respect to the liability of the Depositary.

Delegation

The Depositary does not intend to delegate its safekeeping duties to sub-custodians and therefore has not obtained any such permission from the Fund.

The Depositary shall act honestly, fairly, professionally, independently and solely in the interests of the Fund and the Shareholders in the execution of its duties under the 2010 Law and the Depositary Agreement.

Under its oversight duties, the Depositary will:

- ensure that the sale, issue, repurchase, withdrawal and cancellation of Shares effected on behalf of the Fund are carried out in accordance with the Articles and this Prospectus;
- ensure that the value of Shares is calculated in accordance with the 2010 Law, the Articles and this Prospectus;
- carry out the instructions of the Fund and the AIFM unless they conflict with the 2010 Law, the Articles and this Prospectus;
- ensure that in transactions involving the Fund's assets, the consideration is remitted to the Fund within the usual time limits; and
- ensure that the income of the Fund is applied in accordance with the Articles and this Prospectus.

As paying agent of the Fund, the Depositary may receive contributions from Shareholders, deposit such payments in the cash accounts of the Fund that may be opened with the Depositary and pay any distributions and/or withdrawal amounts to the Shareholders from time to time; *provided*, that such services are currently expected to be performed by other financial entities, which may include Brookfield and its affiliates, in compliance with applicable law.

The Depositary will also ensure that cash flows are properly and effectively monitored in accordance with the Depositary Agreement.

Prime Broker

The Fund has not yet appointed a prime broker.

Central Administration of the Fund

J.P. Morgan SE – Luxembourg Branch has been appointed as transfer and registrar agent and central administration agent of the Fund ("**Central Administration**") pursuant to a fund administration agreement entered into between the Fund, the AIFM and Central Administration (the "**Administration Agreement**") and effective as of the Service Commencement Date (as therein defined).

The duties of Central Administration (as further detailed in the Administration Agreement) include *inter alia* keeping the accounts and holding the books and records of the Fund, calculating the Net Asset Value of the Fund/any Sub-Fund(s) of the Fund, drawing up the annual financial statements of the Fund, maintaining the register of Shareholders of the Fund and recording any subscription, withdrawal or transfer of Shares in such register.

A summary of the fees which Central Administration is entitled to receive from the Fund in consideration for its services as paying agent and Central Administration is available to investors at the registered office of the AIFM.

Central Administration, a credit institution authorized in Luxembourg, has been appointed to provide central administration services (including transfer agency services). In order to provide those services, Central Administration must enter into outsourcing arrangements with third party service providers in or outside its group (the "**CA Sub-contractors**"). As part of those outsourcing

arrangements, Central Administration may be required to disclose and transfer personal and confidential information and documents about a Shareholder and individuals related to the Shareholder (the "**Related Individuals**") (such as identification data – including the Shareholder and/or the Related Individual's name, address, national identifiers, date and country of birth, etc. – account information, contractual and other documentation and transaction information) (the "**Confidential Information**") to the CA Sub-contractors. In accordance with Luxembourg law, Central Administration is required to provide a certain level of information about those outsourcing arrangements to the Fund, which, in turn, must provide such information to the Shareholders. In this respect, information on the Fund's processing of personal data (to the extent containing Confidential Information) is included in this Section XV (*Regulatory and Tax Considerations*).

The nature of the outsourced activities includes IT system management, operation, development and maintenance services, reporting, and investor services activities.

In any event, Central Administration is legally bound to, and has committed to the Fund that it will enter into outsourcing arrangements with CA Sub-contractors which are either subject to professional secrecy obligations by application of law or which will be contractually bound to comply with strict confidentiality rules. Confidential Information will therefore only be accessible to a limited number of persons within the relevant CA Sub-contractor, on "a need to know" basis and following the principle of the "least privilege."

Anti-Money Laundering and Fight Against Terrorism Financing

Pursuant to international rules and Luxembourg laws and regulations comprising, but not limited to, the Luxembourg law of 12 November 2004 on the fight against money laundering and financing of terrorism, as amended (the "**Lux AML Law**"), the Grand Ducal Regulation dated 1 February 2010, CSSF Regulation 12-02, and relevant CSSF circulars, including but not limited to CSSF Circular 18/698 on the authorization and organization of investment fund managers incorporated under Luxembourg law, and any respective amendments or replacements, obligations have been imposed on all professionals of the financial sector to prevent the use of undertakings for collective investment for money laundering and financing of terrorism purposes. As a result of such provisions, Central Administration must ascertain the identity of each Shareholder (except Shareholders subscribing through a nominee, in which case the nominee will ascertain the identity in the Fund in accordance with Luxembourg laws and regulations). Central Administration may require investors to provide any document it deems necessary to effect such identification.

In case of delay or failure by an investor to provide the documents required, the application for subscription will not be accepted and in case of withdrawal, payment of withdrawal proceeds delayed. Neither the AIFM nor the Fund nor any affiliate thereof will have any liability for delays or failure to process deals as a result of an investor providing no, or only incomplete, documentation.

Shareholders are expected to provide additional or updated identification documents from time to time pursuant to ongoing client due diligence requirements under relevant laws and regulations.

The Fund, or any delegate thereof, may provide the Luxembourg beneficial owner register (the "**RBO**") created pursuant to the Law of 13 January 2019 establishing a register of beneficial owners with relevant information about any Shareholder or, as applicable, beneficial owner(s) thereof, qualifying as a beneficial owner of the Fund within the meaning of Article 1(7) of the Lux AML Law. To the extent required by and subject to the conditions of Luxembourg anti-money laundering laws and regulations, such information shall be made available to the general public through access to the RBO. By executing a subscription document with respect to the Fund, each Shareholder acknowledges that failure by a Shareholder, or as applicable, beneficial owner(s) thereof, to provide the Fund, or any delegate thereof, with any relevant information and supporting documentation necessary for the Fund to comply with its obligation to provide same information and documentation to the RBO is subject to criminal fines in Luxembourg.

The Fund and the AIFM (by itself and/or through a delegate) shall ensure that due diligence measures on the Fund's Investments are applied on a risk-based approach in accordance with Luxembourg applicable laws and regulations.

Where Shares of the Fund are subscribed through an intermediary/nominee acting on behalf of its customers, enhanced customer due diligence measures for this intermediary will be applied in accordance with the Article 3-2 of the Lux AML Law and Article 3 of the CSSF Regulation 12-02.

Data Protection

Prospective investors should be aware that, in making an investment in the Fund and/or one or more Sub-Funds, and interacting with the Fund, the Sub-Fund(s), its affiliate and/or delegates by:

1. submitting the subscription documents;
2. communicating through telephone calls, online investor platforms (including bxaccess.com), written correspondence, and emails (all of which may be recorded); or
3. providing personal data within the meaning given to it under data protection laws that apply to the Fund's processing of personal data, and includes any information that relates to, describes, identifies or can be used, directly or indirectly, to identify an individual (such as name, address, date of birth, personal identification numbers, sensitive personal information, passport information, financial information, and economic information) ("**Personal Data**") concerning individuals connected with the investor (such as directors, officers, trustees, employees, representatives, Shareholders, investors, clients, beneficial owners and/or agents),

they will be providing the Fund, its affiliate and/or delegates with Personal Data.

The Fund has prepared a data privacy notice ("**DPN**") detailing how the Fund will collect Personal Data, where it collects it from, and the purposes for which the Personal Data is used. This DPN explains what rights are given to individuals, how long Personal Data will be retained, who it will be shared with, the purposes of the processing, safeguards put in place where Personal Data is transferred internationally, and relevant contacts. A copy of the latest DPN (which is subject to amendment from time to time) is available in the investor data room of the Fund.

If you should wish to exercise any of your data protection rights, have any questions or concerns regarding the processing of Personal Data, require a further copy of the DPN or wish to contact the Fund about your Personal Data, you should submit a written application to Brookfield's Privacy Officer at PrivacyOfficer@Brookfield.com.

Common Reporting Standard

Capitalized terms used in this section should have the meaning as set forth in CRS-Law, unless provided otherwise herein.

The Fund may be subject to the Standard for Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information in Tax matters (the "**Standard**") and its Common Reporting Standard (the "**CRS**") as set out in the Luxembourg law dated December 18, 2015 implementing Council Directive 2014/107/EU of December 9, 2014 as regards mandatory automatic exchange of information in the field of taxation (the "**CRS-Law**").

Under the terms of the CRS-Law, the Fund is to be treated as a Luxembourg Reporting Financial Institution (a "**Reporting FI**"). As such and without prejudice to other applicable data protection provisions, the Fund will be required to annually report to the Luxembourg tax authority personal and financial information related, *inter alia*, to the identification of, holdings by and payments made

to (i) certain Shareholders as per the CRS-Law (the "**Reportable Persons**"); and (ii) Controlling Persons of certain non-financial entities ("**NFEs**") which are themselves Reportable Persons. This information, as exhaustively set out in Annex I of the CRS-Law (the "**Information**"), will include personal data related to the Reportable Persons.

The Fund's ability to satisfy its reporting obligations under the CRS-Law will depend on each Shareholder providing the Fund with the Information, along with the required supporting documentary evidence. In this context, the Shareholders are hereby informed that, as data controller, the Fund will process the Information for the purposes as set out in the CRS-Law. The Shareholders undertake to inform their Controlling Persons, if applicable, of the processing of their Information by the Fund.

The term "**Controlling Person**" means, in the present context, any natural persons who exercise control over an entity. In the case of a trust, it means the settlor(s), the trustee(s), the protector(s) (if any), the beneficiary(ies) or class(es) of beneficiaries, and any other natural person(s) exercising ultimate effective control over the trust, and in the case of a legal arrangement other than a trust, persons in equivalent or similar positions. The term "Controlling Persons" must be interpreted in a manner consistent with the Financial Action Task Force Recommendations.

The Shareholders are further informed that the Information related to Reportable Persons within the meaning of the CRS-Law will be disclosed to the Luxembourg tax authority annually for the purposes set out in the CRS-Law. In particular, Reportable Persons are informed that certain operations performed by them will be reported to them through the issuance of statements, and that part of this information will serve as a basis for the annual disclosure to the Luxembourg tax authority.

Similarly, the Shareholders undertake to inform the Fund within thirty (30) days of receipt of these statements should any included personal data not be accurate. The Shareholders further undertake to immediately inform the Fund of, and provide the Fund with, all supporting documentary evidence of any changes related to, the Information after occurrence of such changes.

Although the Fund will attempt to satisfy any obligation imposed on it to avoid any taxes or penalties imposed by the CRS-Law, no assurance can be given that the Fund will be able to satisfy these obligations. If the Fund becomes subject to a tax or penalty as result of the CRS-Law, the value of the Shares may suffer material losses.

Any Shareholder that fails to comply with the Fund's Information or documentation requests may be held liable for penalties imposed on the Fund and attributable to such Shareholder's failure to provide the Information.

Data protection information in the context of CRS processing

In accordance with the CRS-Law, FI are required to report to the Luxembourg Tax Authority information regarding Reportable Persons such as defined in the CRS-Law.

As a Luxembourg Reporting FI, the Fund is the data controller and processes personal data of Shareholders and Controlling Persons as Reportable Persons for the purposes set out in the CRS-Law.

In this context, the Fund may be required to report to the Luxembourg Tax Authority the name, residence address, TIN(s), the date and place of birth, the country of tax residence(s), the phone number, the account number (or functional equivalent), standing instructions to transfer funds to an account maintained in a foreign jurisdiction, the account balance or value, the total gross amount of interest, the total gross amount of dividends, the total gross amount of other income generated with respect to the assets held in the account, the total gross proceeds from the sale or withdrawal/repurchase of property paid or credited to the account, the total gross amount of

interest paid or credited to the account, the total gross amount paid or credited to the Shareholder with respect to the account, as well as any other information required by applicable laws (i) of each Reportable Person that is an account holder; and (ii), in the case of a Passive NFE within the meaning of the CRS-Law, of each Controlling Person that is a Reportable Person (the "**CRS Personal Data**").

CRS Personal Data regarding the Shareholders or the Controlling Persons will be reported by the Reporting FI to the Luxembourg Tax Authority. The Luxembourg Tax Authority, under its own responsibility, will in turn pass on the CRS Personal Data to the competent tax authorities of one or more CRS reportable jurisdiction(s). The Fund processes the CRS Personal Data regarding the Shareholders or the Controlling Persons only for the purpose of complying with the Fund's legal obligations under the CRS-Law.

In particular, Shareholders and Controlling Persons are informed that certain operations performed by them will be reported to them through the issuance of statements, and that part of this information will serve as a basis for the annual disclosure to the Luxembourg Tax Authority.

CRS Personal Data may also be processed by the Fund's data processors, which, in the context of CRS processing, may include the AIFM and the Central Administration.

The Fund's ability to satisfy its reporting obligations under the CRS-Law will depend on each Shareholder or Controlling Person providing the Fund with the CRS Personal Data, including information regarding direct or indirect owners of each Shareholder, along with the required supporting documentary evidence. Upon request of the Fund, each Shareholder or Controlling Person must provide the Fund with such information. Failure to do so within the prescribed timeframe may trigger a notification of the account to the Luxembourg Tax Authority.

Tax Information and Tax Liability

Each Shareholder shall provide in a timely manner any information, form, disclosure, certification or documentation ("**Tax Information**") that the Fund and/or the AIFM may reasonably request in writing in order to maintain appropriate records, report such information as may be required to be reported to the Luxembourg tax authorities or any other tax or competent authority (the "**Tax Reporting Regimes**"), satisfy tax filing obligations and provide for withholding amounts, if any, in each case relating to each Shareholder's interest in or payments from the Fund including, without limitation, any information requested in order to comply with:

1. European Union Council Directive 2014/107/EU, as amended, on the mandatory automatic exchange of information between tax administrations (the "**Exchange of Information Directive**"); or
2. European Union Council Directive 2011/16/EU (the "**DAC**"), as amended; or
3. The Multilateral Competent Authority Agreement on the Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information signed by the Government of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg on 29 October 2014 in relation to agreements with the participating jurisdictions listed in the table in Schedule A to said agreement to improve international tax compliance based on the standard for automatic exchange of financial account information developed by the OECD; or
4. Council directive (EU) 2017/952 of 29 May 2017 amending Council directive (EU) 2016/1164 as regards hybrid mismatches with third countries pursuant to which each Shareholder should be able to confirm whether its investment gives rise to a hybrid mismatch; or

5. Any law, rule or regulation pursuant to or implementing any of the Exchange of Information Directive, the DAC, the CRS or any other regime requiring the exchange of Tax Information; or
6. General tax rules whereby information on the Shareholder would be required for the Fund and/or the AIFM to conduct the Fund's affairs.

The Shareholder shall use all reasonable endeavors to promptly supply to the Fund and/or the AIFM such information, affidavits, certificates, representations and forms that may reasonably be requested by the Fund and/or the AIFM in order for the Fund to comply with any applicable or future legal, or regulatory or tax requirements pursuant to this section.

Each Shareholder further agrees to update or replace any such Tax Information promptly to the extent such Shareholder is aware of any changes to any of the Tax Information it has provided, or that such Tax Information has become obsolete. In addition, each Shareholder shall take such actions as the Fund and/or the AIFM may request in order to enable any relevant entity to comply with any Tax Information requirements or mitigate any taxation and hereby authorizes each relevant entity to take such actions as it determines are needed in order to enable any relevant entity to comply with any Tax Information requirements, or mitigate any taxation (including but not limited to the disclosure of personal data, and the allocation of penalties or tax leakage to the Shareholder causing such penalties or tax leakage to arise).

A Shareholder shall indemnify the Fund and the other Shareholders for all loss, costs, expenses, damages, claims and/ or requests (including, but not limited to, any withholding tax, penalties or interest borne by the Fund and/or the Shareholders or any non-deductibility of a payment made by the Fund or its affiliate) arising as a result of such Shareholder's failure to comply with any of the requirements set out in this section or any requests of the Fund and/or the AIFM under this section in a timely manner.

If requested by the Fund and/or the AIFM, the Shareholders shall promptly execute any and all documents or take such other actions as the Fund and/or the AIFM may require pursuant to this section. The Fund and/or the AIFM may exercise the power of attorney granted to them pursuant to the last paragraph of this section to execute any such documents or take such actions on behalf of any Shareholder in connection with the above if the Shareholder fails to do so.

In the event that any Shareholder fails to establish that payments and allocations to it are exempt from withholding or fails to comply with any of the requirements and fails to rectify any such failure, in each case in a timely manner (without regard as to whether such information was not provided due to the fact that it was not reasonably practicable for the Shareholder to obtain such information) and the Fund and/or the AIFM reasonably consider that any of the following is necessary or advisable, with respect to the Tax Reporting Regimes compliance matters, having regard to the interests of the Fund and Shareholders generally, the Fund and/or the AIFM shall have full authority (but shall not be obliged) to take any and all of the following actions:

1. withhold any withholding tax required to be withheld pursuant to any applicable legislation, regulations, rules or agreements;
2. allocate to a Shareholder any taxation and/or other costs which are attributable to that Shareholder, including any additional tax resulting from the application to an affiliate of the Fund of Council directive (EU) 2017/952 of 29 May 2017 amending directive (EU) 2016/1164 as regards hybrid mismatches with third countries);
3. request such Shareholder to withdraw from the Fund;

4. transfer such Shareholder's Shares to a third party (including, but not limited to, any existing Shareholder) in exchange for the consideration negotiated by the Investment Manager or the Fund in good faith for such interests; and/or
5. take any other action that the Fund and/or the AIFM deem, in good faith, to be reasonable in order to mitigate any adverse effect of such failure on the Fund or any other Shareholder.

Each Shareholder hereby irrevocably appoints the Fund and/or the AIFM (and its duly appointed attorney) as its true and lawful attorney to do all things and to execute any documents as may be required in connection with this section and each such Shareholder undertakes to ratify and confirm whatever the Fund and/or the AIFM (and/or its duly appointed attorneys) shall lawfully do pursuant to such power of attorney.

Irrespective of the application of the "*Tax Information and Tax Liability*" section above, in the event that the Fund and/or the AIFM or any of their associates incurs a liability (for example, in case of denial of the tax deductibility) for any tax whether directly or indirectly, as a result of the participation of a particular Shareholder (or particular Shareholders) in the Fund, the Fund and/or the AIFM may, in its absolute discretion, determine that an amount equal to such tax liability shall be treated as an amount that has been allocated and distributed to such Shareholder (in which case such deemed allocation and distribution will be made between the relevant Shareholders on such appropriate *pro rata* basis as the Fund and/or the AIFM may determine in their absolute discretion) or give rise to indemnification by this investor. The Fund and/or the AIFM will give notice of such deemed allocation and distribution to the particular Shareholder (or particular Shareholders) concerned.

The following discussion of the tax reporting in the jurisdictions stated is intended as a general guide only and should not be construed as tax advice. Some Shareholders may be subject to special rules which are not covered by the section and, therefore, potential investors should seek their own professional advice regarding the tax consequences of acquiring, holding and disposing of Shares, based on their own individual circumstances.

Taxation – Luxembourg

This section is a short summary of certain important Luxembourg tax principles in relation to the Fund. The summary is based on the laws and practice currently in force and applied in Luxembourg at the date of this Prospectus. Provisions may change at short-term notice, possibly with retroactive effect.

This section does not purport to be a complete summary of tax law and practice currently applicable in Luxembourg and does not contain any statement with respect to the tax treatment of an investment in the Fund in any other jurisdiction. Furthermore, this section does not address the taxation of the Fund in any other jurisdiction or the taxation of any subsidiaries or intermediary companies of the Fund or of any investment structure in which the Fund holds an interest in any jurisdiction.

Please be aware that the residency concept used below applies for Luxembourg income tax assessment purposes only. Any reference in the present section to a tax, duty, levy, impost or other charge or withholding of a similar nature refers to Luxembourg tax law and/or concepts only. Also, a reference to Luxembourg income tax generally encompasses corporate income tax (*impôt sur le revenu des collectivités*), municipal business tax (*impôt commercial communal*), a solidarity surcharge (*contribution au fonds pour l'emploi*) computed on corporate income tax, as well as personal income tax (*impôt sur le revenu*). Investors may further be subject to net wealth tax (*impôt sur la fortune*) as well as other duties, levies or taxes. Corporate income tax, municipal business tax as well as the solidarity surcharge invariably apply to most corporate taxpayers who are residents

of Luxembourg for tax purposes. Individual taxpayers are generally subject to personal income tax and the solidarity surcharge. Under certain circumstances, where an individual taxpayer acts in the course of the management of a professional or business undertaking, municipal business tax may apply as well.

Prospective investors should note that the implementation of the Base Erosion and Profit Shifting (“**BEPS**”) initiative of the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (“**OECD**”) and the G20 and of Council directive (EU) 2017/952 of 29 May 2017 amending directive (EU) 2016/1164 as regards hybrid mismatches with third countries (“**ATAD I & II**”) in Luxembourg and other EU member states may lead to changes to the tax considerations described herein. New rules under BEPS and ATAD I & II have already started being introduced and deal amongst others with the operation of double tax treaties, the definition of permanent establishments, interest deductibility and preventing potential tax benefits from using hybrid instruments and hybrid entities. Luxembourg has implemented ATAD I & II; most rules apply since 1 January 2019 or 1 January 2020, as applicable, in line with the ATAD I & II timeline. ATAD I & II may, notably, require an entity that is tax transparent in Luxembourg to be treated as from tax year 2022 as a resident for Luxembourg tax purposes and taxed on its income to the extent that that income is not otherwise taxed under the laws of Luxembourg or any other jurisdiction, where one or more associated non-resident investors hold in aggregate a direct or indirect interest of 50% or more of the voting rights, capital interests or rights to a share of profit in the Fund and regard it as an opaque entity from a tax perspective. These rules may have a material impact on how returns to investors are taxed, and they may also give rise to additional reporting and disclosure obligations for or concerning the Fund and/or its investors.

Furthermore, as part of the BEPS project, Luxembourg has signed (together with more than 100 jurisdictions) the so-called multilateral instrument (“**MLI**”) that will transpose anti-BEPS measures into the treaties Luxembourg has concluded. The MLI notably introduces a “principal purpose test” denying tax treaty benefits to companies when obtaining such benefits is “one of the principal purposes of any arrangement or transaction that resulted directly or indirectly in” these benefits, unless granting these benefits under the given circumstances would be “in accordance with the object and purpose of the relevant provisions” of the tax treaty. Whether a Luxembourg entity relying on tax treaty benefits can be construed as being part of such type of arrangement will predominantly depend on source state views.

Council Directive (EU) 2018/822 (“**DAC 6**”) imposes mandatory disclosure requirements on intermediaries and taxpayers in respect of reportable cross-border tax planning arrangements that have been implemented as from June 25, 2018. Luxembourg has implemented DAC 6 in Luxembourg law. The Fund, investors, the AIFM or any person that has advised or assisted could be legally obliged to file information on the present transaction with the competent authorities with a view to an automatic exchange of such information with other EU member states.

Also, on 22 December 2021, the European Commission issued a proposal for a Council Directive laying down rules to prevent the misuse of shell entities for tax purposes within the EU (the “**Unshell Proposal**”). There is considerable uncertainty surrounding the development of the proposal and its implementation. The Unshell Proposal does not target the Fund, being an alternative investment fund managed by an AIFM as defined in article 4(1), point (b), of Directive 2011/61/EU. Depending on the investments to be made, the Fund could (indirectly) be exposed to additional reporting and disclosure obligations (which may require the Fund or its subsidiaries to share information concerning investors with applicable taxing or other governmental authorities) as well as information on substance indicators. Moreover, the entitlement to double tax relief and related benefits under international tax agreements could be denied as a result of the Unshell Proposal. This could (indirectly) affect the performance of the Fund. In addition, while the Unshell Proposal of December 2021 addresses the situation inside the EU, the European Commission indicated its

intention to present a new initiative to respond to the challenges linked to non-EU shell entities. Such initiative may also (indirectly) impact the Fund.

Further to the BEPS initiative, and in particular the report on BEPS Action 1 ('Addressing the Tax Challenges of the Digital Economy'), the OECD published a report on 31 May 2019 entitled 'Programme of Work to Develop a Consensus Solution to the Tax Challenges Arising from the Digitalisation of the Economy' (as updated on several occasions and most recently on 8 October 2021 by the 'Statement on a Two-Pillar Solution to Address the Tax Challenges Arising from the Digitalisation of the Economy'), which proposes fundamental changes to the international tax system. The proposals (commonly now also referred to as "BEPS 2.0") are based on two "pillars", involving the reallocation of taxing rights ("**Pillar One**"), and a new global minimum corporate tax rate ("**Pillar Two**").

Under Pillar One, "multinational enterprises" ("**MNEs**") with an annual global turnover of (initially) at least EUR 20 billion would become subject to rules allocating 25% of profits in excess of a 10% profit margin to the jurisdictions within which they carry on business (subject to threshold rules). MNEs carrying on specific low-risk activities are excluded, including "regulated financial services" (yet to be defined). Pillar Two imposes a minimum effective tax rate of 15% on MNEs that have consolidated revenues of at least EUR 750 million in at least two out of the last four years (i.e., broadly those MNEs which are required to undertake country by country reporting). Pillar Two introduces two related tax measures (the "**GloBE rules**"): the income inclusion rule ("**IIR**") imposes a top up tax on a parent entity where a constituent entity of the MNE group has low taxed income while the undertaxed profits rule ("**UTPR**") applies as a backstop rule to allow group members to get a share of top-up tax on the profits of low-taxed constituent entities of the MNE group if the low-taxed constituent entity's income is not taxed under a qualifying IIR. Additionally, a subject to tax rule will permit source jurisdictions to impose limited withholding taxes on low taxed related party payments, which will be creditable against the GloBE rules tax liability. Specified classes of entities which are typically exempt from tax are outside the scope of Pillar Two, including investment funds and real estate investment vehicles (as respectively defined) when they are the ultimate parent entity of the MNE group (and certain intermediary investment vehicles held by such entities). Because of the absence of total carve-out for investment funds, Pillar Two may nonetheless affect investment funds and/or intermediary investment vehicles in certain fact patterns if the abovementioned EUR 750 million threshold of consolidated revenues is met.

The implementation of Pillar Two is currently scheduled for 2024 in several large jurisdictions, with the UTPR coming into effect possibly in 2025 (the exact timeline depends on the jurisdictions implementing the proposed rules); the schedule for Pillar One has become more uncertain. On 20 December 2021, the OECD released Pillar Two model rules providing a template for jurisdictions to translate the GloBE rules into domestic law and an initial commentary in March 2022. Further guidance has been and will continue being published by the OECD on specific items, and a template multilateral convention to implement the subject-to-tax rule is also due to be released in 2023. In the EU, member states have adopted a directive on the GloBE Rules in December 2022, which is largely inspired from the OECD model rules albeit deviates from them on certain aspects. The directive must be implemented in national law in the course of 2023, so that the IIR applies in tax years starting on or after 31 December 2023. The UTPR is due to start applying one year later. There are specific situations in which a further delay may apply in certain member states. Countries may also decide to implement domestic minimum top-up taxes in reaction to Pillar Two. Subject to or, as the case may be, as part of the development and implementation of both Pillar One and Pillar Two (including the related EU directive and the details of any domestic legislation, double taxation treaty amendments and multilateral agreements which are necessary to implement them), effective tax rates could increase within the fund structure or on its investments, including by way of higher levels of tax being imposed than is currently the case, possible denial of deductions or increased withholding taxes and/or profits being allocated differently and/or penalties could be due. This could adversely affect investor returns.

Prospective Investors should inform themselves of, and where appropriate take advice on, the laws and regulations (such as those relating to taxation, foreign exchange controls and being a non-eligible investor) applicable to the subscription, purchase, holding, and withdrawal/repurchase of Shares in the country of their citizenship, residence or domicile, and of the current tax status of the Fund in Luxembourg.

Taxation of the Fund

The Fund is not liable for corporate income tax, municipal business tax and net wealth tax. Instead, it is subject to subscription tax (*taxe d'abonnement*) at an annual rate of 0.05%. Subscription tax is payable on a quarterly basis at a quarter of the annual rate on the quarter-end NAV. Specific reductions and exemptions may apply subject to meeting certain conditions; an exemption notably applies to the portion of net assets invested in another undertaking of collective investment subject to subscription tax.

The Fund may not be entitled to benefit from certain tax treaties concluded by Luxembourg with foreign jurisdictions.

Withholding tax (if any) levied on payments made to the Fund would constitute a final cost, as the Fund is not able to credit such withholding tax against a corporate income tax liability. Investors will generally also not be able to credit such withholding tax.

Withholding tax on distributions by the Fund

Income distributed by the Fund to its Shareholders should not be subject to Luxembourg withholding tax.

Taxation of resident Shareholders

Luxembourg resident Shareholders may be subject to Luxembourg (corporate) income tax, municipal business tax and/or net wealth tax in relation to their Shares in the Fund under the tax provisions applicable to their individual tax status.

Taxation of non-resident Shareholders

Non-resident Shareholders in the Fund should not be liable to any taxation in Luxembourg by way of assessment or deduction at source in relation to obtaining, holding, redeeming, converting or alienating their Shares in the Fund unless they hold their Shares through a Luxembourg permanent establishment or permanent representative.

VAT

For the purposes of the below paragraph, “**VAT**” means within the European Union, the Value Added Tax that may be levied in accordance with Directive 2006/112/EC, notably (but not limited to) Luxembourg Value Added Tax levied in accordance with the Luxembourg law of February 12, 1979 on value added tax (as amended), and, outside the European Union, any taxation levied by reference to added value or sales value-added tax. The Fund should qualify as a VAT taxable person in Luxembourg. The management services supplied to (and for) the Fund should fall under the scope of a VAT exemption in Luxembourg, and such services should therefore not trigger the application of Luxembourg VAT. Other services generally may be subject to Luxembourg VAT. It is not expected that the Fund will be in a position to recover input VAT, which should therefore constitute a final cost.

Sanctions

Certain countries or designated persons or entities may, from time to time, be subject to sanctions and other restrictive measures imposed by states or supranational authorities (for example, but not limited to, the EU or the United Nations), or their agencies (collectively, "**Sanctions**").

Sanctions may be imposed among others on foreign governments, state-owned enterprises, sovereign wealth funds, specified companies or economic sectors, as well as non-state actors or designated persons associated with any of the foregoing. Sanctions may take different forms, including but not limited to trade embargoes, prohibitions or restrictions to conduct trade or provide services to targeted countries or entities, as well as seizures, asset freezes and/or the prohibition to provide or receive funds, goods or services to or from designated persons.

Sanctions may adversely affect companies or economic sectors in which the Fund, or any of its Sub-Funds, may from time to time invest. The Fund could experience, among others, a decrease in value of securities of any issuer due to the imposition of Sanctions, whether directed towards such issuer, an economic sector in which such issuer is active, other companies or entities with which such issuer conducts business, or towards the financial system of a certain country. Because of Sanctions, the Fund may be forced to sell certain securities at unattractive prices, at inopportune moments and/or in unfavorable circumstances where it may not have done so in the absence of Sanctions. Even though the Fund will make reasonable efforts, acting in the best interest of the investors, to sell such securities under optimal conditions, such forced sales could potentially result in losses to the Fund. Depending on the circumstances, such losses could be considerable. The Fund may also experience adverse consequences due to an asset freeze or other restrictive measures directed at other companies, including but not limited to any entity that serves as a counterparty to derivatives, or as a sub-custodian, paying agent or other service provider to the Fund or any of its Sub-Funds. The imposition of Sanctions may require the Fund to sell securities, terminate ongoing agreements, lose access to certain markets or essential market infrastructure, cause some or all of a Sub-Fund's assets to become unavailable, freeze cash or other assets belonging to the Fund and/or adversely affect the cash flows associated with any investment or transaction.

The Fund, the AIFM (and its delegates under one or more Sub-Funds), the Depositary and any members from Brookfield (collectively, the "**Fund Parties**") are required to comply with all applicable sanctions laws and regulations in the countries in which Fund Parties conduct business (recognizing that certain of the sanctions regimes have implications for cross-border or foreign activities) and will implement the necessary policies and procedures to this effect (collectively, "**Sanctions Policies**"). These Sanctions Policies will be developed by Fund Parties in their discretion and best judgment and may involve protective or preventive measures that go beyond the strict requirements of applicable laws and regulations imposing any Sanctions. Under no circumstances will Fund Parties be liable for any losses suffered by the Fund or any of its Sub-Funds because of the imposition of Sanctions, or from their compliance with any Sanctions Policies.

Management of Conflicts of Interest

In the conduct of its business the AIFM's policy is to identify, manage and where necessary prohibit any action or transaction that may pose a conflict between the interests of the AIFM and the Fund or its Shareholders and between the interests of one or more Shareholders and the interests of one or more other Shareholders. The AIFM has implemented procedures designed to ensure that business activities involving a conflict which may harm the interests of the Fund or its Shareholders are carried out with an appropriate level of independence and that conflicts are resolved fairly.

Notwithstanding its due care and best effort, there is a risk that the organizational or administrative arrangements made by the AIFM for the management of conflicts of interest are not sufficient to ensure that risks of damage to the interests of the Fund or its Shareholders will be prevented. In

such case, these non-neutralized conflicts of interest as well as the decisions taken will be reported to Shareholders.

Please also refer to Section XIX (*Conflicts of Interest*) of this Prospectus.

Exercise of Voting Rights

The AIFM has put in place a voting rights policy (the "**Voting Rights Policy**") within the meaning of the European Directive (EU) 2017/828 as regards the encouragement of long-term shareholder engagement (the "**Shareholder Rights Directive 2**") and relevant national implementing legislation. If mandated by the Fund, the decision to exercise voting rights attached to the instruments held in respect of the Fund is in the sole discretion of the AIFM.

Details in relation to the regulatory and tax considerations applicable to the Sub-Funds are described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

XVI. DISSOLUTION AND LIQUIDATION OF THE FUND

The Fund has been established for an indefinite period of time.

The Fund may at any time be dissolved by a resolution taken by the general meeting of Shareholders, subject to the quorum and majority requirements as defined in the Articles.

In addition to the general authority to dissolve the Fund afforded to the Shareholders pursuant to the paragraph above:

- (a) Whenever the share capital of the Fund falls below one-quarter (1/4) of the minimum capital as required by the 2010 Law, the Board must submit the question of dissolution of the Fund to a Shareholders' Meeting. In such case, the Shareholders' Meeting, for which no quorum shall be required, shall decide by the votes of Shareholders holding one-quarter (1/4) of the Shares represented at such Shareholders' Meeting.
- (b) Whenever the share capital of the Fund falls below two-thirds (2/3) of the minimum capital as required by the 2010 Law, the Board must submit the question of dissolution of the Fund to a Shareholders' Meeting. In such case, the Shareholders' Meeting, for which no quorum shall be required, shall decide by simple majority of the votes of the Shares present and represented at the meeting.

Such Shareholders' Meeting as contemplated in paragraphs (a) and (b) above must be convened so that it is held within a period of forty (40) calendar days from when it is ascertained that the Share Capital has fallen below one-quarter (1/4) or two-thirds (2/3) of the minimum capital as required by the 2010 Law, as the case may be.

The issue of new Shares and redemptions by the Fund shall cease on the date of publication of the notice of the general meeting of Shareholders, to which the dissolution and liquidation of the Fund shall be proposed.

One or more liquidators (who may be physical persons or legal entities and who need not be Shareholders) shall be appointed by the general meeting of Shareholders to realize the assets of the Fund, subject to the supervision of the relevant supervisory authority in the best interests of the Shareholders. The proceeds of the liquidation of each Sub-Fund, net of all liabilities and liquidation expenses, shall be distributed by the liquidators among the Shareholders in each Class in accordance with their respective rights. The amounts not claimed by Shareholders at the end of the liquidation process shall be deposited, in accordance with Luxembourg law, with the *Caisse de Consignations* in Luxembourg until the statutory limitation period has lapsed.

Any decision to put the Fund into liquidation will take into account the best interests of the Investors and will be subject to the prior non-objection of the CSSF.

Notwithstanding the above, the dissolution and liquidation process of the Fund shall be as prescribed in the Articles.

A Sub-Fund may be separately dissolved:

- (a) on the expiration of the term of the relevant Sub-Fund (if any) provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement of such Sub-Fund; or
- (b) by a decision of the Board of Directors.

Any such decision to put a Sub-Fund into liquidation will take into account the best interests of the Sub-Fund's Investors and will be subject to the prior non-objection of the CSSF. In the event a decision to liquidate a Sub-Fund is taken, all Investors will be notified by the Board of Directors of

such decision prior to the effective date of the liquidation and the notice will indicate the reasons for, and the procedures of, the liquidation operations.

Amalgamation / Merger

Unless otherwise provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, the Board of Directors may decide to terminate one Sub-Fund by contributing its assets and liabilities into another existing or new Sub-Fund or into another existing or new collective investment scheme or an assimilated entity.

The Board of Directors may also organize the amalgamation of: (i) 2 (two) or more Sub-Funds into an existing or a new Sub-Fund; or (ii) 2 (two) or more Classes within a Sub-Fund.

Investors will be notified of any such decision as well as the relevant information in relation to the new Sub-Fund, the new collective investment scheme or assimilated entity or the new Class of Shares. Notice will be provided at least 1 (one) month before the amalgamation in order to enable Investors who hold redeemable Shares to request that their Shares be redeemed in accordance with the terms contained in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement before the amalgamation is completed.

Consolidation / Splitting of Shares

The Board of Directors may decide to consolidate Shares of different Classes within a Sub-Fund or to split the Shares within a given Class of a Sub-Fund.

XVII. DOCUMENTATION AND INFORMATION / AMENDMENTS

Fund Documents

The Prospectus, the Articles, audited annual reports and semi-annual reports issued by the Fund will be available to Shareholders for inspection on request.

KID

The Fund will issue a key information document for packaged retail and insurance-based investment products (a “**KID**”) in compliance with the relevant provisions of the PRIIPS Regulation, for each share class available to Retail Investors. Such KIDs will be available to Retail Investors prior to their subscription in the relevant Sub-Fund and will be provided (i) in paper form, (ii) by way of a durable medium other than paper, (iii) electronically, such as in a data room for Shareholders or on a website for the Fund or (iv) in another format upon request to the Fund and/or the AIFM.

Historical Performance Information

If any historical performance information is produced for the Fund, it will be made available on request.

Amendments to Fund Documents

The Articles may be amended from time to time in accordance with the quorum and majority requirements laid down by the 1915 Law and/or the Articles.

The Fund, in close cooperation with the AIFM, may from time to time amend the general part or a Sub-Fund Supplement of this Prospectus to reflect various changes it deems necessary and in the best interest of the Fund, such as implementing changes to laws and regulations, changes to the Fund's objective and policy or changes to fees and costs charged to a Share Class. Any amendments to the Prospectus, in particular changes relating to the investment objective and investment strategy of the Fund, will require prior approval of the CSSF.

In accordance with applicable laws and regulations, Shareholders in the relevant affected Sub-Fund or Share Class (as applicable) will be informed about the changes and, where required by the CSSF, will be given at least one month's prior notice of any proposed material changes in order for them to request the redemption of their Shares should they disagree.

XVIII. RISK FACTORS AND OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

Overview

An investment in any Sub-Fund involves a significant degree of risk, relating both to the types of Portfolio Investments contemplated by the Sub-Fund(s) as well as the Sub-Fund's ability to achieve its investment objectives and therefore should be undertaken only by those investors capable of evaluating the risks of the Sub-Fund and bearing the risks it represents. Before purchasing Shares in the Sub-Fund, prospective investors should carefully consider, among other factors, the following risk factors, as well as other information provided in this Prospectus, the Sub-Fund Supplement and the Articles.

Details in relation to risks applicable to any of the Sub-Fund(s) are provided in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

XIX. CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Overview

Brookfield is a global alternative asset manager with significant assets under management and a long history of owning, managing and operating assets, businesses and investment vehicles across various sectors (and underlying industries), geographies and strategies. As noted in this Prospectus, a key element of the Fund's and the Sub-Funds' strategy is to leverage Brookfield's experience and expertise and its broad reach, relationships and position in the market for investment opportunities and deal flow, financial resources, access to capital markets and operating needs. Brookfield believes this is in the Fund's, the Sub-Funds' and its Portfolio Investments' best interests. However, being part of this broader platform, as well as activities of and other considerations relating to Brookfield and Brookfield Accounts, give rise to actual or potential conflicts of interest which may not be resolved in favor of the Fund's, the Sub-Funds' or its Portfolio Investments' interests.

Details in relation to the conflicts of interest applicable to any of the Sub-Fund(s) are provided in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

XX. DEFINITIONS

"€", "EUR" or "euros"	Euro;
"£", "GBP" or "pounds"	British pound sterling;
"\$", "USD" or "dollars"	United States dollars;
"2010 Law"	The Luxembourg law of 17 December 2010 relating to undertakings for collective investment, as amended;
"2013 Law"	The Luxembourg law of 12 July 2013 on alternative investment fund managers, as amended;
"Administration Agreement"	Has the meaning as given in Section XV (<i>Regulatory and Tax Considerations – Central Administration of the Fund</i>);
"AIF"	Alternative investment fund(s);
"AIFM"	LFE European Asset Management S.à r.l.;
"AIFM Agreement"	The alternative investment fund management agreement entered into between the AIFM and the Fund (as amended, restated or supplemented from time to time);
"AIFM Directive"	Directive 2011/61/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, as amended from time to time;
"AIFM Regulation"	The Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 231/2013 of December 19, 2012;
"AIFM Rules"	The AIFM Directive and the AIFM Regulation together;
"Anti-money Laundering Laws"	The anti-money laundering rules and regulations in the jurisdictions in which the Fund conducts its activities and any related or similar rules, regulations or guidelines, issued, administered or enforced by any competent governmental agency in such jurisdictions;
"Articles"	The articles of association of the Fund (as amended, restated or otherwise modified from time to time);
"ATAD I & II"	Council Directive (EU) 2016/1164 of 12 July 2016 laying down rules against tax avoidance practices that directly affect the functioning of the internal market, as amended from time to time, and Council Directive (EU) 2017/952 of 29 May 2017 amending Directive (EU) 2016/1164

	as regards hybrid mismatches with third countries;
"AUM"	Assets under management;
"Auditor"	Deloitte Audit S.à r.l.
"BAM"	Brookfield Asset Management Inc.;
"BAMR"	Brookfield Asset Management Reinsurance Partners Ltd;
"BBU"	Brookfield Business Partners L.P.;
"Beneficial Owners"	The natural persons who ultimately control an entity;
"BEP"	Brookfield Renewable Partners L.P.;
"BIP"	Brookfield Infrastructure Partners L.P.;
"Board of Directors"	The board of directors of the Fund;
"BOWS"	References throughout this Prospectus to "BOWS" shall mean Brookfield and Oaktree collectively, together constituting the business known as Brookfield Oaktree Wealth Solutions.
"BOWS Accounts"	Together, the Brookfield Accounts and the Oaktree Accounts.
"Brookfield"	References throughout this Prospectus to "Brookfield" represent references to BAM and its affiliates, including the Investment Manager;
"Brookfield Accounts"	References throughout this Prospectus to "Brookfield Accounts" describe, as the context requires, individually and collectively, any of the following: investment funds, real estate investment trusts, vehicles, accounts, products and/or other similar arrangements sponsored, advised, and/or managed by Brookfield or its affiliate, whether currently in existence or subsequently established (in each case, including any related successor funds, alternative vehicles, supplemental capital vehicles, surge funds, over-flow funds, co-investment vehicles and other entities formed in connection with Brookfield or its affiliate side-by-side or additional general partner investments with respect thereto);
"Capital Call"	any request by the Board of Directors for cash payments from an Investor;

"Capital Call Notice"	the notice in which is specified the amount of Capital Call.
"CA Sub-contractors"	Third party service providers in or outside Central Administration's group;
"Central Administration"	J.P. Morgan SE – Luxembourg Branch;
"Class"	A class of the Sub-Fund as described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement;
"Closing Date"	the closing date(s) which the relevant Sub-Fund(s) may have, if provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, once the such Sub-Fund has been established;
"Confidential Information"	Has the meaning as given in "Important Information" at the top of this Prospectus (save as specified for the purposes of Section XV (<i>Regulatory and Tax Considerations</i>));
"Counsel"	Travers Smith LLP and Loyens & Loeff Luxembourg S.à r.l., together;
"CSSF"	<i>Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier</i> , the Luxembourg supervisory authority of the financial sector, or its successor authority;
"CSSF Circular 18/698"	CSSF Circular 18/698 on the authorization and organization of investment fund managers incorporated under Luxembourg law;
"CSSF Regulation 12-02"	CSSF Regulation N°12-02 of December 14, 2012 on the fight against money laundering and terrorist financing, as amended by the CSSF Regulation 20-05;
"DAC" and "Exchange of Information Directive"	Have the meanings as given in Section XVIII (<i>Risk Factors and Other Considerations</i>);
"Data Protection Law"	The EU Regulation 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data and repealing Directive 95/46/EC and with any implementing legislation applicable to them;
"Dealing Cut-Off"	Has the meaning as given in Section VIII (<i>Redemption and Withdrawal</i>);
"Depositary"	J.P. Morgan SE – Luxembourg Branch;

"Depository Agreement"	A depository and custodian agreement entered into between the Fund, the AIFM and the Depository;
"DIA"	Institutional Limited Partners Association Diversity in Action initiative;
"Director"	A director of the Fund;
"Documents"	The Articles together with any relevant subscription agreement(s) and related documentation thereto (per Section V (<i>Summary of Principal Terms (preamble)</i>));
"EEA"	European Economic Area;
"EEA Company" and "EEA Companies"	EEA-based companies that are not "small and medium enterprises" or "SMEs";
"Eligible Investor"	An investor who/which satisfies all additional eligibility requirements for a specific Share Class, as specified for the Share Class in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement or in the general part of this Prospectus and/or in the subscription agreement provided by the relevant Sub-Fund from time to time;
"ELTIF"	a European Long-Term Investment Fund within the meaning of the ELTIF Regulation;
"ELTIF Sub-Fund(s)"	One or more Sub-Fund(s) that qualify and have been approved as an ELTIF under the ELTIF Regulation;
"ELTIF Regulation"	Regulation (EU) 2015/760 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2015 on European long-term investment funds, as may be amended (including, where relevant, the preceding as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (as amended));
"ePrivacy Regulation"	E.U. Commission's Regulation on Privacy and Electronic Communications (replacing the current ePrivacy Directive 2002/58/EC);
"ESG"	Health, safety, environmental, social and corporate governance;
"ESG Guideline"	The Brookfield ESG Due Diligence Guideline;
"EU" or "Eurozone"	European Union;

"EU GDPR"	Has the meaning as given in Section XVIII (<i>Risk Factors and Other Considerations – General Data Protection Regulation</i>);
"E.U. Member States"	Member states of the EU;
"Financial Year"	Has the meaning as given in Section XV (<i>Regulatory and Tax Considerations – Financial Year</i>);
"FI"	A Luxembourg Financial Institution;
"Fund"	Brookfield Oaktree Wealth Solutions Alternative Funds S.A. SICAV–UCI Part II (and, as the context otherwise requires, its sub-funds), an investment company with variable capital (<i>société d'investissement à capital variable</i>) in the form of a public limited company (<i>société anonyme</i>) governed <i>inter alia</i> by the Part II of the 2010 Law and the relevant provisions of the 1915 Law;
"Fund Parties"	The Fund, the AIFM (and its delegates under one or more Sub-Funds), the Depositary and any members from Brookfield;
"GHG"	Greenhouse gas;
"IFRS"	International Financial Reporting Standards, as adopted by the EU and amended from time to time;
"Incentive Fee" or "Performance Fee"	Has the meaning as given in Section V (<i>Summary of Principal Terms</i>);
"Indemnitee"	Has the meaning as given in Section XV (<i>Regulatory and Tax Considerations</i>) and Section V (<i>Summary of Principal Terms – Indemnification</i>);
"Investment Committee"	Has the meaning as given in Section III (<i>Management Team and Investment Process Overview</i>);
"Investments"	Has the meaning as given in Section V (<i>Summary of Principal Terms</i>);
"KID"	Has the meaning as given in XVII (<i>Documentation and Information / Amendments – KID</i>);
"Lux AML Law"	Has the meaning as given in Section XV (<i>Regulatory and Tax Considerations</i>);

"Luxembourg Tax Authority"	The Luxembourg tax authority (i.e., <i>Administration des Contributions Directes</i>);
"Management Fee"	Has the meaning as given in Section X (<i>Fees and Expenses of the Fund</i>);
"Market Timing"	Any market timing practice within the meaning of CSSF Circular 04/146 as amended from time to time or as that term may be amended or revised by the CSSF in any subsequent circular, i.e. an arbitrage method through which an investor systematically subscribes and redeems or converts shares of the same Luxembourg fund within a short time period, by taking advantage of time differences and/or imperfections or deficiencies in the methods of determination of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Sub-Fund;
"Member State" or "EEA Member State"	Member state of the EEA;
"MiFID II"	(i) the Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments, as amended from time to time, (ii) Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments as amended from time to time and (iii) all European and Luxembourg rules and regulations implementing those texts;
"NAV" or "Net Asset Value"	Net asset value;
"Net Asset Value per Share" or "NAV per Share"	NAV divided by the total number of Shares outstanding at the time the determination is made;
"Oaktree"	Oaktree Capital Group, LLC (together with its affiliates);
"Oaktree Accounts"	Oaktree-managed funds and accounts;
"OECD"	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development;
"Operating Expenses"	Has the meaning as given in Section X (<i>Fees and Expenses of the Fund</i>);
"Operating Partners"	Regional operating partners of the Firm;
"Organizational Expenses"	Has the meaning as given in Section X (<i>Fees and Expenses of the Fund</i>);

"Part II Reorganization"	The conversion of the Fund from an SA SICAV-RAIF into an SA SICAV governed by Part II of the 2010 Law;
"Personal Data" and "DPN"	Have the meanings as given in Section XV (<i>Regulatory and Tax Considerations</i>);
"Portfolio Investment" or "Investment"	An investment of the Fund and/or the relevant Sub-Fund;
"Prohibited Person"	Has the meaning as given in Section VII (<i>Subscriptions, Redemptions and Other Transactions – Compulsory Redemption of Shares</i>);
"Prospectus"	this Prospectus, including all Sub-Fund Supplements, as may be amended from time to time;
"PRI"	United Nations-supported Principles for Responsible Investment;
"PRIIPs Regulation"	Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 November 2014 on key information documents for packaged retail and insurance-based investment products;
"RAIF"	A multi-compartment reserved alternative investment fund (<i>fonds d'investissement alternatif réservé à compartiments multiples</i>) subject to the Luxembourg law of 23 July 2016 on reserved alternative investment funds, as amended;
"Retail Investor"	(a) a retail client within the meaning of article 4 1.(11) of MiFID II; or (b) a client within the meaning of Directive 2016/97/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 January 2016 on insurance distribution, as amended, where such client cannot be considered a professional client within the meaning of article 4.1 (10) of MiFID II;
"RBO"	Luxembourg central register of beneficial owners created pursuant to the Law of 13 January 2019;
"RCS"	<i>Registre de Commerce et des Sociétés</i> ;
"Reference Currency"	US Dollars (USD or \$), the currency in which the Fund is denominated;
"Related Individuals"	Individuals related to a Shareholder;

"Reporting FI"	A Reporting Financial Institution under the terms of CRS-Law;
"SA"	A Luxembourg public limited company (<i>société anonyme</i>);
"Sanctions Policies"	Has the meaning as given in Section XV (<i>Regulatory and Tax Considerations – Sanctions</i>);
"SASB"	Sustainability Accounting Standards Board;
"SFDR"	The European Union Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation and any other applicable legislation or regulations related to the European Commission's Action Plan on Financing Sustainable Growth;
"SFTR"	The EU Securities Financing Transaction Regulation (Regulation (EU) No. 2015/2365);
"Shareholder Rights Directive 2"	The European Directive (EU) 2017/828 as regards the encouragement of long-term shareholder engagement;
"Shareholders" or "Investors"	Shareholders of the Fund;
"Shareholders' Meeting"	Has the meaning as given in Section XIII (<i>Meetings of Shareholders</i>);
"Shares"	Shares of the Fund;
"SICAV"	A Luxembourg investment company with variable capital (<i>société d'investissement à capital variable</i>);
"Sponsor"	References throughout this Prospectus to the term "Sponsor" describe, as the context or applicable law requires, individually and collectively, the Fund, the AIFM (and its delegates under one or more Sub-Funds);
"Standard", "CRS", "CRS-Law", "Reportable Persons", "NFEs", "Information", "Controlling Person", and "CRS Personal Data"	Have the meanings as given in Section XV (<i>Regulatory and Tax Considerations</i>);
"Sub-Fund"	any sub-fund(s) of the Fund as the Board of Directors may, at its discretion, establish from time to time;
"Tax Information", "Tax Reporting Regimes", "Exchange of Information Directive" and "DAC"	Have the meanings as given in Section VII (<i>Subscriptions, Redemptions and Other Transactions – Exchange of Information Directive</i>);
"Taxonomy" or "Taxonomy Regulation"	The Taxonomy Regulation (EU) 2020/852;

"UCIs"	Undertakings for collective investments;
"UK"	The United Kingdom;
"UK AIFM Regulation"	The UK Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulation 2013/1773;
"United States" or "U.S."	The United States of America, its territories and possessions, any state thereof and the District of Columbia;
"Valuation Date"	Has the meaning as given in Section IX (<i>Calculation of Net Asset Value</i>);
"Valuation Policy"	The valuation policy adopted for the Fund;
"VAT"	Value added tax;
"Voting Rights Policy"	The voting rights policy within the meaning of the Shareholder Rights Directive 2, as implemented by the AIFM;
"Withdrawal Date"	Has the meaning as given in Section VIII (<i>Redemption and Withdrawal</i>);
"Withdrawing Investor"	Has the meaning as given in Section VIII (<i>Redemption and Withdrawal</i>); and
"Withdrawal Request"	Has the meaning as given in Section VIII (<i>Redemption and Withdrawal</i>).

XXI. DIRECTORY

THE FUND

Brookfield Oaktree Wealth Solutions Alternative Funds S.A. SICAV-UCI Part II
26a, boulevard Royal, L-2449, Luxembourg,
Grand Duchy of Luxembourg
RCS Luxembourg: B273287

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Carolina Parisi (Chairperson)
Lydie Bini
Jean-Charles Guillou

AIFM

LFE EUROPEAN ASSET MANAGEMENT
S.À R.L.
26a, boulevard Royal, L-2449,
Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of
Luxembourg
RCS Luxembourg: B198087

INVESTMENT MANAGER

As indicated in the relevant Sub-Fund
Supplement

DEPOSITARY

J.P. MORGAN SE – LUXEMBOURG
BRANCH
6 route de Trèves, L-2633
Senningerberg, Grand Duchy of
Luxembourg

CENTRAL ADMINISTRATION

J.P. MORGAN SE – LUXEMBOURG BRANCH
6 route de Trèves, L-2633 Senningerberg, Grand
Duchy of Luxembourg

AUDITOR

DELOITTE AUDIT S.À R.L.
RCS Luxembourg: B67895
20, Boulevard de Kockelscheuer, L-1821
Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of
Luxembourg

LEGAL ADVISOR (COUNSEL)

TRAVERS SMITH LLP
10 Snow Hill
London, United Kingdom
EC1A 2AL

LOYENS & LOEFF LUXEMBOURG S.À R.L.
18-20 rue Edward Steichen, L-2540 Luxembourg

SUB-FUND SUPPLEMENT

Brookfield

TO THE PROSPECTUS OF **BROOKFIELD OAKTREE WEALTH SOLUTIONS ALTERNATIVE FUNDS S.A.**
SICAV-UCI PART II

RELATING TO THE SUB-FUND **BROOKFIELD INFRASTRUCTURE INCOME FUND**

(HEREINAFTER THE "SUB-FUND")

Important Notice

This Sub-Fund Supplement summarizes the features of the Sub-Fund. Investors are strongly recommended to carefully read this Sub-Fund Supplement in conjunction with the general part of the Prospectus and the Articles and to seek professional advice before making any decision to subscribe for shares in the Sub-Fund. Terms not otherwise defined in this Sub-Fund Supplement shall have the meaning given to them in the Prospectus.

Investment in the Sub-Fund is only intended for investors who: (i) understand the Sub-Fund's strategy, characteristics and risks in order to make an informed investment decision; and (ii) have knowledge of, and investment experience in, alternative strategies, including (in particular) those that may use borrowing to leverage investment (such as this Sub-Fund) and financial markets generally.

Participation in the Sub-Fund will be offered primarily through financial intermediaries, which generally have client net worth thresholds and other requirements. Accordingly, the Sub-Fund is primarily intended for investors who have established relationships with such financial intermediaries. Investors should consult with their financial intermediary to discuss potential eligibility and suitability requirements for investment in the Sub-Fund.

Investors are specifically referred to the risk factors and conflicts of interest in Section XVIII (*Risk Factors and Other Considerations*) and Section XIX (*Conflicts of Interest*) of the Prospectus and in this Sub-Fund Supplement, under Appendix 1Part XV (*Conflicts of Interest*) and Appendix 1Part XIV (*Risk Factors and Other Considerations*).

Potential Investors should also note that although redemptions are expected to be offered on a quarterly basis, the Sub-Fund offers limited redemption rights. Additionally, whilst monthly distributions are anticipated in relation to certain Share Classes, the Sub-Fund cannot guarantee that it will make such distributions, and any distributions will be made at the discretion of the Board of Directors or its delegates and subject to certain restrictions imposed by applicable laws and regulation. In accordance with the provisions of Appendix 1Part IX (*Subscriptions, Redemptions and Other Transactions*), redemptions are subject to gates in case of Withdrawal Requests exceeding certain thresholds, and redemption fees.

In the subscription agreement for Shares in the Sub-Fund, each Investor confirms that it has read and understood the Documents and that it has sought professional advice in respect to such documentation. By signing the subscription agreement, each Investor confirms its agreement with the content of the Prospectus (including all appendices, annexes and exhibits thereto), this Sub-Fund Supplement and the Articles.

Participation in the Sub-Fund involves intricate tax and regulatory matters that may differ from Investor to Investor. Each Investor is advised to clarify the actual tax and regulatory effects that participation in the Sub-Fund may have in its particular case with its personal tax and legal adviser.

References to the "Sub-Fund" in this Sub-Fund Supplement shall include, unless the context otherwise requires, the Fund (or any agent thereof) acting in respect of the Sub-Fund.

The AIFM, with the consent of the Board of Directors, has delegated portfolio management of the Sub-Fund to Brookfield Asset Management PIC Canada, LP (the "**Investment Manager**" or, alternatively, the "**Portfolio Manager**"), an indirect subsidiary of Brookfield Asset Management Inc. ("**BAM**", and together with its affiliates, "**Brookfield**" or the "**Firm**"). Any reference herein to rights, powers or duties exercised or performed by the Investment Manager will be exercised by the Investment Manager either pursuant to a portfolio management agreement entered into between the Fund acting in respect of the Sub-Fund, the AIFM and the Investment Manager (as amended, restated or supplemented from time to time, the "**Portfolio Management Agreement**"), or pursuant to a specific delegation of powers granted to the Investment Manager by the Board of Directors or the AIFM.

Relationship between the Sub-Fund, the Master Fund and the Underlying Fund

BII FCP - I, a sub-fund of Brookfield Infrastructure Income Fund FCP-RAIF, a Luxembourg mutual investment fund (*fonds commun de placement*) organized as a multi-compartment reserved alternative investment fund (*fonds d'investissement alternatif réservé*) (the "**Master Fund**") is the master fund for the Sub-Fund.

This Sub-Fund Supplement together with the general part of the Prospectus offers an investment in the Sub-Fund only.

The Master Fund has invested a majority of its assets (and subject always to the Master Fund's investment restrictions and applicable law and regulation) into BII Evergreen FCP-RAIF ("**BII Evergreen**"), which has in turn invested all of its assets in Brookfield Infrastructure Income Fund Inc., a Maryland corporation registered under the Investment Company Act (the "**Underlying Fund**").

Unless expressly stated to the contrary, references to the Sub-Fund's investments or investment activity shall include investments by or investment activity of both the Master Fund, BII Evergreen, and the Underlying Fund. The Master Fund may invest in different underlying funds (and/or no longer invest in the Underlying Fund or make some or all of its investments directly) managed or advised by Brookfield from time to time as contemplated in this Sub-Fund Supplement, and such successor, replacement or supplementary funds shall also constitute an "**Underlying Fund**" for the purposes of this Sub-Fund Supplement.

The investment objective and strategies, related risk factors and potential conflicts of interest, subscription and withdrawal/repurchase terms, calculation of net asset value, fees and expenses, tax and regulatory considerations, and other aspects of the activities of the Master Fund, BII Evergreen, and the Underlying Fund are substantially identical to those of the Sub-Fund except as specifically identified in this Sub-Fund Supplement.

Part I : SUB-FUND OVERVIEW

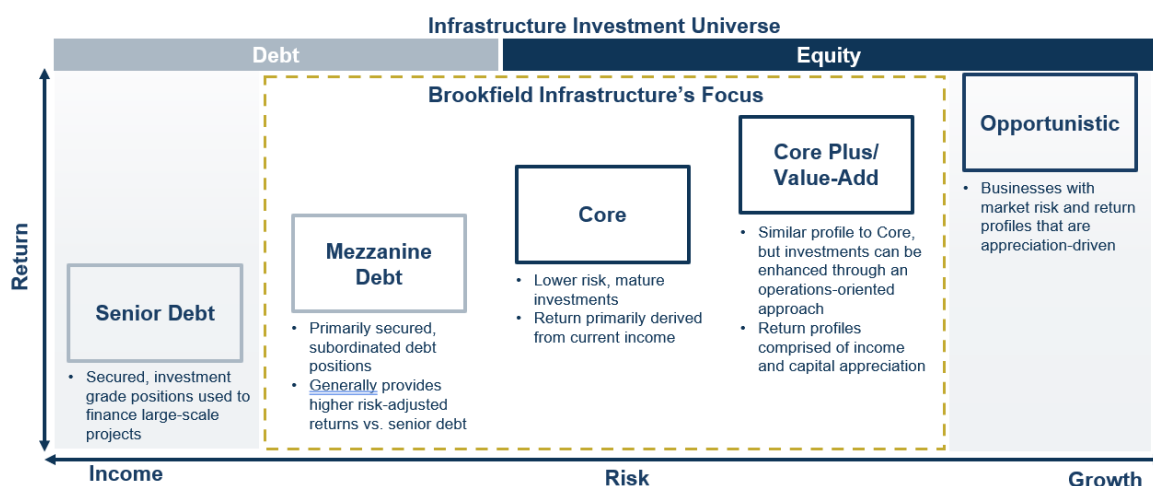
Brookfield Oaktree Wealth Solutions Alternative Funds S.A. SICAV–UCI Part II – Brookfield Infrastructure Income Fund (the "**Sub-Fund**") is managed by Brookfield's global infrastructure, renewable power and transition business (collectively, "**Brookfield Infrastructure**"), one of the world's largest specialized investors in infrastructure with \$161 billion of assets under management ("**AUM**"). The group comprises more than 240 professionals and 51,000 operating employees across five continents who actively originate, execute and manage investments. The Sub-Fund leverages Brookfield's broad investment and operating expertise developed over Brookfield's more than 100-year history of owning and operating long-life infrastructure assets.^{10,11}

Investment Strategy

The Sub-Fund provides investors access to Brookfield's leading private infrastructure capabilities in a structure which seeks to offer periodic liquidity to investors.

The Sub-Fund has been designed to deliver strong risk-adjusted returns with a focus on yield. The Sub-Fund provides investors with exposure to private infrastructure assets by investing in both the equity and debt of high-quality infrastructure businesses. These assets generally provide essential services with inelastic demand, have high barriers to entry, and sustainable, long-term cash flows, often linked to inflation among other attractive investment characteristics.

The Sub-Fund invests across Brookfield's areas of focus within private infrastructure, as illustrated in the graphic below:



The Sub-Fund is managed by a dedicated team that is responsible for executing the Sub-Fund's investment strategy. The team is fully integrated within Brookfield's Infrastructure Group and will leverage the group's substantial functional expertise.

The Private Portfolio (as defined below) invests in opportunities sourced by Brookfield's infrastructure platform that meet the Sub-Fund's target investment objectives. The Sub-Fund seeks to be diversified by sector and geography and target regions and sectors in which Brookfield has

¹⁰ As of 30 June 2023. Totals may not add due to rounding. "AUM" is calculated as total assets presented on a fair value basis, and at 100%, for investments that Brookfield consolidates for accounting purposes or actively manages, including investments of which Brookfield or a controlled investment vehicle is the largest shareholder or the primary operator or manager. For all other investments, AUM is presented at Brookfield's or its controlled investment vehicles', as applicable, proportionate share of the investment's total assets on a fair value basis. AUM on this slide excludes \$2 billion in Oaktree infrastructure and \$4 billion in AUM from public securities managed by Brookfield Public Securities Group LLC ("**PSG**"). Oaktree AUM is calculated differently from the methodology described above. Details regarding calculation of Oaktree's AUM are available at <https://www.oaktreecapital.com/about>. Both Oaktree and PSG are separated from the rest of Brookfield by an information barrier pursuant to which Oaktree and PSG manage their investment activities independently of Brookfield's property, infrastructure, private equity, renewable energy and reinsurance businesses.

¹¹ Total Managed AUM includes Corporate AUM of approximately \$5 billion.

established operations and significant expertise. The Sub-Fund primarily focuses on investment opportunities within Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development ("OECD") countries and where Brookfield Infrastructure has a local operating presence. Additionally, the Sub-Fund targets sectors in which Brookfield has established operations and significant expertise – primarily the transport, renewable power, utilities, midstream and data sectors.

The Sub-Fund's portfolio seeks to provide investors with an attractive risk-adjusted total return along with a strong and stable yield. The majority of the Sub-Fund's private infrastructure equity investments are expected to be operational, while the Sub-Fund's private infrastructure debt investments are expected to be performing loans. Development and greenfield projects will not be a key area of focus for the Sub-Fund; however, the Sub-Fund may selectively participate in projects where the Investment Manager believes there are appropriate risk mitigation features in place to reduce construction risk and provide a high degree of revenue certainty. The Sub-Fund does not have set target allocations by investment type and geography, but each potential investment is considered within the context of broader construction to ensure diversification across sectors and geographies.

To allow the Sub-Fund to offer monthly subscriptions and quarterly redemptions, the Sub-Fund has a Liquid Portfolio (as defined below), which will consist of public infrastructure securities – primarily the publicly traded debt of infrastructure companies.

Portfolio Benefits of the Sub-Fund

Brookfield believes that the Sub-Fund provides investors with long-term portfolio benefits typically found in infrastructure investments, that can make a strategy resilient in any economic environment:

- **Income:** Cash-flowing assets may provide a consistent yield.
- **Potential Downside Protection:** Regulated and highly contracted businesses provide long-term visibility into cash flows with reduced exposure to merchant pricing and volume risk.
- **Potential Inflation Protection:** Revenues may be linked to inflationary increases through contractual indexing or natural links to inflation that exist due to the essential nature of the underlying business.
- **Low Correlation to Other Asset Classes:** Unique return drivers that historically are less correlated to traditional asset classes.

Investment Opportunity

In today's market environment, Brookfield believes that the attributes of private infrastructure may offer a compelling investment opportunity, and that the current macroeconomic environment, coupled with certain global investment themes, may provide significant capital deployment opportunities for the Fund. Brookfield believes that the opportunity set for private capital investment in infrastructure is growing as government and corporate borrowing continues to rise. Given this environment, increased reliance on private capital to provide funding solutions for infrastructure investment seems likely. Brookfield believes that there are three main themes that will continue to provide potentially significant investment opportunities: (i) Digitalization – potential investment opportunities derived from exponential increases in data consumption, (ii) Decarbonization – potential investment opportunities to reduce or eliminate carbon emissions, and (iii) Deglobalization – potential investment opportunities that support the reshoring of essential and strategic manufacturing processes and supply chains.

Part II : SUB-FUND MANAGEMENT TEAM

A. *Investment Manager or Portfolio Manager*

The AIFM, with the approval of the Board of Directors, has delegated its portfolio management function regarding the Sub-Fund to Brookfield Asset Management PIC Canada, LP (the "**Investment Manager**" or, alternatively, the "**Portfolio Manager**"), an indirect subsidiary of Brookfield Asset Management Inc. ("**BAM**", and together with its affiliates, "**Brookfield**"). The Investment Manager has discretion to make Investments on behalf of the Sub-Fund.

The Investment Manager is responsible for initiating, structuring, and negotiating the Sub-Fund's Investments. In addition, the Investment Manager actively manages each Investment to seek to maximize cash flow and, ultimately, the value of each Investment.

The Investment Manager is registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment adviser under the U.S. Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "**Advisers Act**"). Registration under the Advisers Act does not imply any level of skill or training.

The details of the Investment Manager of the Sub-Fund are as follows:

Brookfield Asset Management PIC Canada, LP
Brookfield Place, Suite 100, 181 Bay St.,
Toronto, ON M5J 2T3
Company Number: 5910684

Part III : BROOKFIELD INFRASTRUCTURE GROUP

Overview of Brookfield's Infrastructure Business

Brookfield is one of the world's largest infrastructure investors, with approximately \$240 billion of business AUM across the transport, renewable power and transition, utilities, midstream and data sectors.^{12, 13} Consistent with the Firm's history as an owner and operator of long-life assets, Brookfield has an extensive track record of investing in infrastructure assets with high barriers to entry that provide essential services, and leveraging its operational expertise to enhance cash flows and increase value. Brookfield has deployed over \$80 billion of equity capital in more than 180 infrastructure investments.¹⁴

Approximately 350 infrastructure professionals and 47,000 operating employees across five continents enable the Firm to readily invest at scale wherever it believes the most promising opportunities emerge.¹⁵ The map below illustrates the breadth of Brookfield's infrastructure investments worldwide:

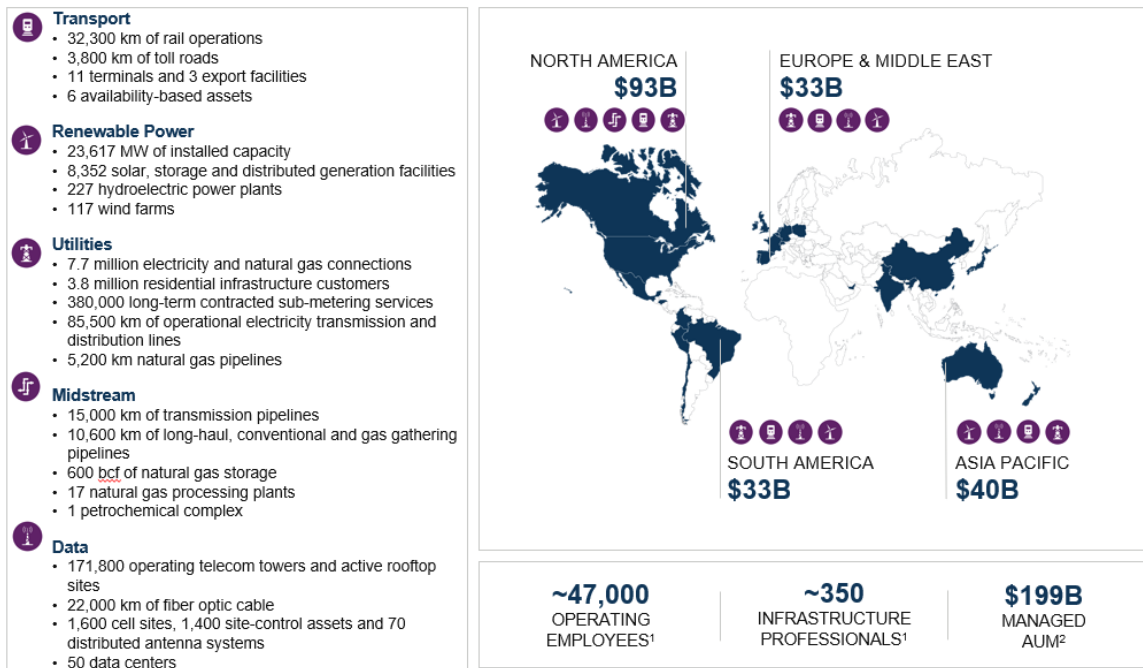
¹² As of June 30, 2022. "AUM" is calculated as total assets presented on a fair value basis, and at 100%, for investments that Brookfield consolidates for accounting purposes or actively manages, including investments of which Brookfield or a controlled investment vehicle is the largest shareholder or the primary operator or manager. For all other investments, AUM is presented at Brookfield's or its controlled investment vehicles', as applicable, proportionate share of the investment's total assets on a fair value basis. AUM includes \$2 billion in Oaktree infrastructure and \$4 billion in AUM from public securities managed by PSG. Oaktree AUM is calculated differently from the methodology described above. Details regarding calculation of Oaktree's AUM are available at <https://www.oaktreecapital.com/about>. Both Oaktree and PSG are separated from the rest of Brookfield by an information barrier pursuant to which Oaktree and PSG manage their investment activities independently of Brookfield's property, infrastructure, private equity, renewable energy and reinsurance businesses.

¹³ Total Managed AUM includes Corporate AUM of approximately \$5 billion and Sustainable Resource AUM of approximately \$1 billion.

¹⁴ Includes equity invested and committed by BIF, BID & BSIP funds as of March 31, 2022. There can be no assurance that Brookfield will successfully execute on deals which have not yet closed. There can be no guarantee that Brookfield will continue to deploy capital at a similar rate.

¹⁵ As of December 31, 2021. Covers infrastructure business professionals and operating employees of Brookfield, its publicly traded affiliates, BIP and BEP, and related operating businesses and portfolio companies, and exclude sustainable resources employees. Infrastructure business professionals includes investment professionals, asset management professionals, and employees in corporate functions including finance, tax, legal, and investor relations. Operating employees include personnel working at Brookfield's related operating businesses and portfolio companies. Management fees earned by Brookfield are not used to compensate such operating employees, but rather operating employee compensation is a company or fund expense.

Figure 1: Brookfield's Global Infrastructure Presence^{16,17}



Brookfield believes that its extensive experience owning and operating assets across the major infrastructure sectors will provide a differentiated depth of knowledge to the Sub-Fund as the team identifies and evaluates opportunities.

¹⁶ As of December 31, 2021. Covers infrastructure business professionals and operating employees of Brookfield, its publicly traded affiliates, BIP and BEP, and related operating businesses and portfolio companies, and exclude sustainable resources employees. Infrastructure business professionals includes investment professionals, asset management professionals, and employees in corporate functions including finance, tax, legal, and investor relations. Operating employees include personnel working at Brookfield's related operating businesses and portfolio companies. Management fees earned by Brookfield are not generally used to compensate such operating employees, but rather operating employee compensation is typically a company or fund expense.

¹⁷ As of September 30, 2022. Totals may not add due to rounding. "AUM" refers to the total fair value of assets managed by Brookfield, calculated as follows: investments that Brookfield either: consolidates for accounting purposes (generally, investments in respect of which Brookfield has a significant economic interest and unilaterally directs day-to-day operating, investing and financial activities of), or does not consolidate for accounting purposes but over which Brookfield has significant influence by virtue of one or more attributes (e.g., Brookfield being the largest investor in the investment, Brookfield having the largest representation on the investment's governance body, Brookfield being the primary manager and/or operator of the investment, and/or Brookfield having other significant influence attributes), are calculated at 100% of the total fair value of the investment taking into account its full capital structure – equity and debt – on a gross asset value basis, even if Brookfield does not own 100% of the investment, with the exception of investments held through Brookfield's perpetual funds, which are calculated at Brookfield's proportionate economic share of the investment's net asset value; and all other Brookfield investments are calculated at Brookfield's proportionate economic share of the total fair value of the investment taking into account its full capital structure – equity and debt – on a gross asset value basis, with the exception of investments held through Brookfield's perpetual funds, which are calculated at Brookfield's proportionate economic share of the investment's net asset value. Brookfield's Private Equity group AUM as presented here does not include AUM attributable to Oaktree Capital Management or Brookfield Public Securities Group, each of which are included when Brookfield's overall AUM is presented. Brookfield's methodology for determining AUM differs (and in some cases such difference could be significant) from the methodology that is employed by other alternative asset managers as well as the methodology for calculating regulatory AUM that is prescribed for certain regulatory filings (e.g., Form ADV and Form PF).

Part IV : ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE (ESG) MANAGEMENT

A. Guiding Principles

At Brookfield Infrastructure, the ESG strategy is centred on supporting business resilience and creating value for investors and stakeholders - now and in the future. Brookfield Infrastructure manages its investments with integrity, combining economic goals with responsible citizenship. This is consistent with its longstanding philosophy of conducting business with a long-term perspective in a sustainable and ethical manner. It also requires operating with robust ESG principles and practices, and maintaining a disciplined focus on integrating these into everything Brookfield Infrastructure does.

Mitigate the impact of the Firm's operations on the environment

- Strive to minimize the environmental impact of Brookfield Infrastructure's operations and improve its efficient use of resources over time.
- Support the goal of net-zero greenhouse gas ("**GHG**") emissions by 2050 or sooner.

Ensure the well-being and safety of employees

- Operate with leading health and safety practices to support the goal of zero serious safety incidents.
- Foster a positive work environment based on meritocracy, valuing diversity, and having zero tolerance for workplace discrimination, violence or harassment.

Uphold strong governance practices

- Operate to the highest ethical standards by conducting business activities in accordance with Brookfield Infrastructure's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics.
- Maintain strong stakeholder relationships through transparency and active engagement.

Be good corporate citizens

- Ensure the interests, safety and well-being of the communities in which Brookfield Infrastructure operates are integrated into its business decisions.
- Support philanthropy and volunteerism by Brookfield's employees.

B. ESG Affiliations

Through Brookfield Infrastructure's engagement with ESG frameworks and sustainability organizations, it continues to be actively involved in discussions to advance ESG awareness across private and public markets and is enhancing its sustainability reporting and protocols in line with evolving best practices. The following are some of the frameworks and organizations with which Brookfield and Brookfield Infrastructure are affiliated.

Brookfield has been a signatory to the Net Zero Asset Managers (NZAM) initiative since 2021, and is committed to supporting the goal of net-zero GHG emissions by 2050 or sooner, emphasizing its alignment with the Paris Agreement. In 2021, Brookfield Infrastructure became supporters of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD). The TCFD aims to guide companies in incorporating considerations relating to the effects of climate change into business and financial decisions to help facilitate the transition to a more sustainable, lower-carbon economy.

Brookfield has been a signatory to the Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI) since 2020, which reinforces its longstanding commitment to responsible investment and ESG best practices. The PRI is one of the world's leading proponents of responsible investing, with an emphasis on understanding the investment implications of ESG factors and supporting an international network of investor signatories incorporating these factors into their investment and ownership decisions. Brookfield's first formal reporting submission to the PRI for the 2022 fiscal year is underway and its score is expected to be published in Q4 2023. The transparency report from the submission will be available to signatories via the PRI website.

Brookfield is a member of the IFRS Sustainability Alliance (IFRS), previously known as the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB). IFRS is a global membership program established to develop globally accepted accounting and sustainability disclosures, and whose industry-specific standards are designed to be evidence-based and market-informed. Where appropriate, Brookfield may utilize the SASB Engagement Guide as part of its investment due diligence protocols, to help identify sector specific considerations in identifying material climate risks and opportunities. Brookfield Infrastructure encourages its portfolio companies to adopt business-relevant ESG standards and certifications to further contribute to the development of industry best practices in the recognition, assessment and management of ESG considerations.

C. Integration of ESG Considerations into the Private Infrastructure Investment Management Process

Brookfield Infrastructure integrates ESG into all aspects of investment decision-making and ongoing portfolio management. ESG considerations are embedded throughout the investment decision-making and ongoing portfolio management processes. This includes initial due diligence, financial model and business trends, investment valuations, performance monitoring and engaging with management teams. Brookfield Infrastructure's investment processes align with the PRI's six principles.

Due Diligence

During the initial due diligence phase, Brookfield Infrastructure's investment teams are guided by the Brookfield-wide ESG Due Diligence Protocol to ensure a thorough assessment of material ESG risks and opportunities relevant to the target business. In doing so, Brookfield Infrastructure leverages and combines its investment and operating expertise with industry-specific guidelines that incorporate SASB guidance. This approach incorporates, but is not limited to, climate-related physical and transition risk, anti-bribery and corruption, health and safety, and human rights and modern slavery assessments. Brookfield Infrastructure continuously monitors its Protocol to update for relevant considerations as ESG continues to evolve. Where appropriate, Brookfield Infrastructure engage internal experts and third-party consultants.

Investment Committee Approval

All investments made by Brookfield Infrastructure must be approved by the Investment Committee, which makes its decisions based on a set of predetermined criteria. To seek approval, investment teams outline for the Committee the merits of each transaction and material risks, mitigants and opportunities for growth. These risks and opportunities include those related to ESG, such as bribery and corruption risks or potential physical and transition climate risks or opportunities.

Ongoing Management

Upon acquisition, Brookfield Infrastructure’s asset management team creates a tailored integration plan that includes any material ESG-related matters identified during due diligence, or that arise during ownership. Within the first 100 days of ownership, Brookfield Infrastructure onboard new acquisitions to each of its programs with subject matter specific onboarding approaches. This approach is informed by the goal to advance ESG performance to drive long-term value creation, while managing any associated risks.

Brookfield Infrastructure maintain a hands-on approach with all portfolio companies, often through a visible presence on portfolio company boards and through broader Brookfield Infrastructure engagement that could include executive and employee placements or secondments. It is ultimately the management teams within each portfolio company who are responsible for managing ESG risks and opportunities. This combination of local accountability and expertise, combined with the support of Brookfield Infrastructure’s investment team, operating partners, dedicated ESG personnel and operating capabilities is what lays the foundation for success.

Brookfield Infrastructure seeks to support the implementation of best practices and development of internal capabilities at its portfolio companies by encouraging training, providing technical expertise on certain ESG-related matters, facilitating connections to experts in relevant sectors, and leveraging cross-portfolio collaboration. Through this disciplined approach to both diligence and oversight for its investments, Brookfield Infrastructure can deliver both on value for stakeholders at exit, and on its commitment to improve the communities and sectors in which it invests.

To support its ongoing goals, a number of Brookfield Infrastructure’s portfolio companies’ executive leadership teams have a portion of their compensation tied to certain ESG performance metrics, which has historically been primarily focused on health and safety, but continues to evolve with additional metrics, creating accountability for performance and an alignment of interests.

Exit

When preparing an asset for divestiture, Brookfield Infrastructure creates robust business plans outlining value creation, including relevant ESG considerations. Where applicable, Brookfield Infrastructure also consolidate both qualitative and quantitative data that summarizes the ESG performance of an investment and provides a holistic understanding of how Brookfield Infrastructure has created value and managed the investment during the holding period.

D. ESG Governance & Oversight

The governance of ESG matters is integrated into Brookfield Infrastructure’s overall governance framework and is aligned with its governance approach. Brookfield Infrastructure have implemented strong governance practices at all levels of the organization to monitor and oversee its business, including its ESG strategy.

Board of Directors

Brookfield Infrastructure’s Board of Directors (the “Board”) is focused on maintaining strong corporate governance and prioritizing the interests of shareholders and other stakeholders. The Board has oversight of the business and affairs and reviews progress on major strategic initiatives. The Board oversees Brookfield Infrastructure’s ESG strategy and leverages management’s monitoring processes. The Board and its committees review and approve significant policies relating to ESG and monitor progress towards ESG goals.

Executive Oversight

Brookfield Infrastructure's ESG initiatives are overseen by senior executives who provide regular updates to the Board. Functional leads are responsible for developing, implementing, and monitoring relevant ESG factors within their respective functional areas. For example, the management of bribery and corruption, climate, and health and safety risks are coordinated by the risk management team, which is overseen by the Chief Risk Officer & Head of ESG. Similarly, the Chief Financial Officer ensures that regulatory reporting requirements related to ESG are incorporated into the reporting processes.

Program Leads, Management Committees, and Working Groups

Across Brookfield, Brookfield Infrastructure is a significant contributor to several management committees and working groups that bring together the required expertise to manage key ESG areas, ensuring appropriate application and coordination of approaches across all business and functional groups. These committees are overseen by senior executives at Brookfield, including its Chief Administrative Officer ("CAO"), Head of Transition Investing, Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), and Head of ESG Management. Examples of the committees and groups include:

- **ESG Working Group:** ESG is overseen by senior executives from Brookfield, and each of its business group's CEO, COO and ESG leads. This executive leadership team sets the overall strategic direction of Brookfield's climate-related commitments and ensures coordination across its various climate initiatives. They are supported by the ESG Working Group, which is managed by the ESG Management team, who have the responsibility of ensuring a holistic approach to ESG and ensuring coordination of efforts across all aspects of the business. This group comprises representatives from across the affiliated business groups and functional areas to develop, oversee and coordinate ESG initiatives. The diverse nature of this group, with varying areas of expertise and backgrounds, ensures there is a wide range of representation when thinking about ESG risks and opportunities. This group meets, at minimum, monthly and reports on the progress of its initiatives to the executive team on a regular basis.
- **Risk Management Team:** The Risk Management Team of Brookfield, supports the overall corporate risk management program, and coordinates risk assessment and mitigation on a company-wide basis across all business groups. This includes ESG initiatives, with a particular focus on climate risk during due diligence and ongoing asset management.
- **Net Zero Steering Committee:** The Net Zero Steering Committee, which is comprised of Brookfield's CAO, Head of Transition Investing, and the COO of each affiliated business group, oversees Brookfield's decarbonization strategy and initiatives. Each affiliated business group COO is responsible for decarbonization initiatives within their business, including setting decarbonization strategies and evaluating performance. This committee is supported by the Net Zero Operational Committee, which comprises a multi-disciplinary team of subject matter experts from each affiliated business group, including sector and functional experts. This group, led by Brookfield Infrastructure's Chief Risk Officer & Head of ESG, provides a monthly forum to discuss and share best practices related to net zero and related value enhancement initiatives.
- **Safety Leadership Committee:** The Safety Leadership Committee comprises senior operating executives from across the affiliated businesses and drives the strategic health and safety framework. The committee promotes a strong safety culture, monitors safety trends, and sponsors strategic initiatives related to health, safety, security, and environmental matters, as well as ensures that lessons learned, and best practices are shared across business groups and portfolio companies. This group is led by Brookfield Infrastructure's Chief Risk Officer & Head of ESG.

- Finance ESG Reporting Working Group: Comprises senior finance professionals from Brookfield, and its businesses groups, with a mandate to develop and implement a coordinated approach to climate-related financial disclosures.

ESG efforts are also governed by Brookfield Infrastructure’s Investment Committee process, and Human Resources team.

Portfolio Management Team

To best support portfolio companies, senior management (“operating partners”) within the portfolio management functions are responsible for driving ESG initiatives at the portfolio companies they oversee based on business imperatives, industry developments and best practices. They also ensure that portfolio company ESG initiatives and practices are aligned with Brookfield Infrastructure’s ESG principles. This approach leverages Brookfield Infrastructure’s extensive industry and operational expertise to achieve its ESG priorities.

Additionally, Brookfield Infrastructure has a dedicated team of asset management professionals, led by its operating partners, who work to support, guide, and ultimately contribute to the success of its assets. Part of the mandate of the team includes the ongoing monitoring and reporting of key ESG metrics, which are collected annually with trends and material findings reported to the Board. The following asset management professionals contribute to the global oversight of ESG:

- Global dedicated ESG personnel
- Global subject matter experts (including, but not limited to, legal, governance, cybersecurity, technical engineers, and human resources)
- Regional investment and operational asset managers
- Regional risk management and governance asset managers, where applicable
- Regional technical engineers, covering climate risk and health & safety related programs

Portfolio Companies

Portfolio company management, specifically each company's CEO and their team, are responsible for the development and execution of an ESG strategy for their business and are accountable for the portfolio company's performance. Portfolio companies are supported by the portfolio management team, who are ultimately responsible for driving ESG initiatives within the portfolio companies they oversee based on business imperatives, industry developments and best practices. They also provide strategic oversight and ensure that portfolio company ESG initiatives and practices are aligned with Brookfield Infrastructure’s ESG principles. This approach leverages Brookfield Infrastructure's extensive industry and operational expertise to achieve its ESG priorities.

Part V : INVESTMENT PROCESS OVERVIEW

A. Sub-Fund Leadership and Investment Committee

The Sub-Fund is managed by a dedicated team that is responsible for executing the Sub-Fund's investment strategy. As a natural extension of Brookfield Infrastructure, the Sub-Fund invests in businesses sourced by Brookfield's infrastructure platform that meet the Sub-Fund's target investment objectives. As a result, sourcing and execution of investment opportunities will be conducted in the same manner as Brookfield's well-defined and established investment process that has been successfully employed for the Firm's previous private infrastructure investments, as described below. In addition, the team will work with Brookfield's Public Securities Group who will manage the Liquid Portfolio within the Sub-Fund. The Sub-Fund's team will be a fully integrated part of Brookfield's Infrastructure Group and will leverage the group's substantial functional expertise, as well as the resources of Brookfield's Public Securities Group. As the Sub-Fund grows, Brookfield will continue to ensure sufficient resources are dedicated to support the Sub-Fund's investment activities and operations.

In addition, the Sub-Fund also has access to the substantial functional expertise within Brookfield's Infrastructure Group, which can be leveraged during the investment process and throughout the operation and management of the Sub-Fund's assets:

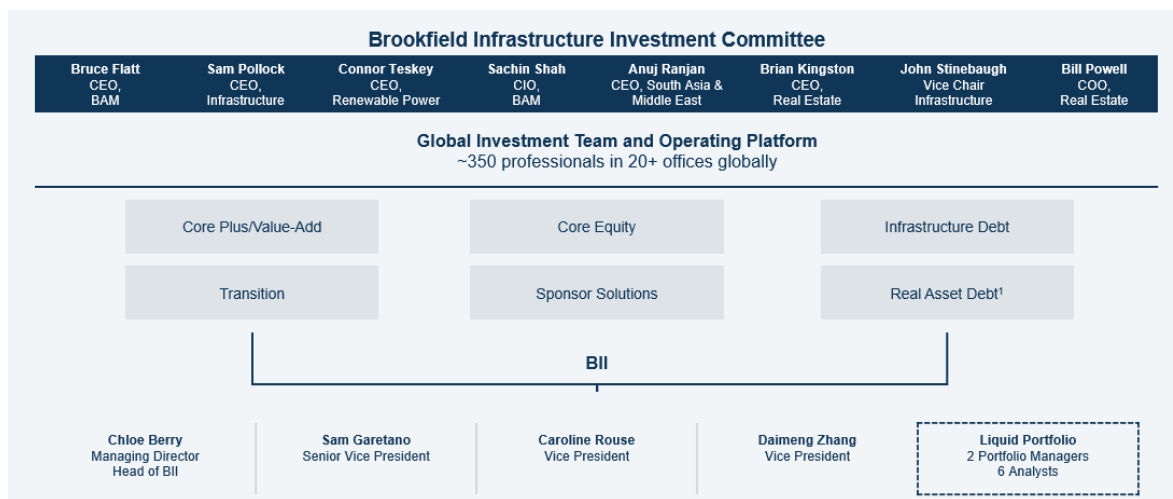
- **Corporate Operations:** Professionals with deep experience in managing legal, tax, risk management, environmental, social and governance ("ESG"), human resources, investor relations, information technology, accounting and financing matters, all of whom are responsible for the day-to-day needs and operations of the Sub-Fund.
- **Market Research Group:** Professionals with significant internal expertise in fundamental market research and analysis with capability across infrastructure sectors. The group performs comprehensive research and analysis to develop proprietary views on conditions and trends in countries, commodities, markets and assets in Brookfield's target investment areas.

Finally, all infrastructure investment activities are overseen by the investment committee ("**Investment Committee**"), whose members will provide further experienced guidance throughout the investment and asset management process and provide ultimate transaction approval. Certain Investment Committee members perform the same role across multiple Brookfield-managed funds and will bring their broad-based investment experience to bear for the benefit of the Sub-Fund.

The following graphic provides an overview of Brookfield Infrastructure's organizational structure:

Figure 1: Brookfield Infrastructure's Organizational Structure¹⁸

¹⁸ Real Asset Debt professionals are not included in the 350 professionals and is managed by Brookfield's Public Securities Group. As of December 31, 2021. Covers infrastructure business professionals and operating employees of Brookfield, its publicly traded affiliates, BIP and BEP.



Deal Origination

The Sub-Fund leverages Brookfield's existing infrastructure business and the platform's extensive relationships to pursue investment opportunities. The scale and breadth of Brookfield's Infrastructure team will allow the Sub-Fund to access a significant volume of investment opportunities and focus on those that fit its investment criteria. Brookfield believes that its reputation, scale, operational expertise and global reach provide a distinct advantage in securing substantial proprietary investment opportunities.

Brookfield Infrastructure's investment team takes a proactive approach to sourcing new investments for its investment strategies through longstanding relationships with financial institutions, advisors, and major infrastructure asset owners and developers. Brookfield believes that its reputation, scale, operational expertise and global reach provide a distinct advantage in securing substantial proprietary investment opportunities.

- **Scale:** Brookfield has access to capital through its public and private investment vehicles, relationships with large institutional partners and its strong balance sheet. As the Sub-Fund invests alongside these affiliates, these factors should augment the Sub-Fund's ability to transact at a level that sets it apart from many other market participants, especially in situations requiring a high degree of transaction certainty and speed of execution.
- **Operational Expertise:** Brookfield has a distinct perspective stemming from its over 100-year history as an owner and operator of infrastructure assets, which the Firm believes sets it apart from many of its competitors. Its considerable experience in the day-to-day management of infrastructure assets allows it to incorporate a heightened level of technical insight into due diligence. The Firm's operations acumen is expected to facilitate informed assessments and pricing of risks to achieve both prudent and competitive valuations of investments.
- **Global Reach:** Brookfield's on-the-ground presence in more than 30 countries means that it maintains active operations in virtually every relevant market and can quickly scale up to put its investment ideas into action. The Firm believes that its access to proprietary deal flow, knowledge of local market conditions and trends, and substantial, dedicated resources enables it to allocate capital where it is otherwise scarce, invest in assets below replacement cost and enhance the value of its investments. Having professionals based in every region that it invests is an advantage when dealing with assets that provide essential services as understanding local customs is extremely important and having relationships with regulators, governments and customers is crucial for success.
- **Preferred Partner:** Brookfield is an experienced manager of essential assets, which the Firm believes gives the Sub-Fund an advantage to secure or be awarded opportunities. It is the

Firm's experience that is especially relevant in processes where asset owners or regulators are looking for stewards and partners with established operational track records to ensure the continued provision of essential services. The Firm is viewed as a trusted operating partner due to its extensive experience as an owner-operator.

Transaction Due Diligence & Execution

Brookfield has frequent regional and group-wide calls to discuss nascent opportunities and ensure effective allocation of business development resources. During these calls, the infrastructure group discusses potential opportunities, considering factors such as adherence to investment theses, transaction timelines, staffing requirements and progress updates. These calls also serve as a framework for prioritizing transactions by region.

As a transaction progresses beyond the origination stage, a deal team is formed. Prior to commencing a detailed review of the opportunity and due diligence, the deal team is responsible for assessing the transaction environment and committing the appropriate resources to the pursuit of the transaction. These arrangements will vary based on the nature of the transaction environment and may be implemented at various stages of the transaction process, ranging from basic confidentiality arrangements (in the case of competitive processes) to exclusivity periods and cost-sharing mechanisms.

Importantly, Brookfield does not typically rely on financial advisors or investment banks to assess and execute acquisitions. The depth and broad expertise of Brookfield's investment professionals allow for these functions to generally be conducted in-house. Investment banks are generally hired when specific capital markets expertise and execution is required.

As the deal team embarks upon its assessment of the opportunity, team members meet with management of the target business or the financial sponsor and perform economic due diligence, including industry analysis and a high-level valuation. During this phase of the process, the deal team frequently solicits input from personnel within Brookfield's operations, such as senior operating executives and the market research group, to develop a view of value. In order to summarize its work and facilitate the vetting of the opportunity internally, the deal team reviews its initial assessment with the CEO of the group and seeks input from members of the Investment Committee, where appropriate. Submission of non-binding proposals requires approval of the relevant regional head and Regional CIO, the group CEO and notification to the Investment Committee.

Transactions that progress beyond the submission of a non-binding proposal are subject to a comprehensive due diligence process. The deal team engages appropriate third-party advisors, such as engineering firms, environmental and market consultants, legal advisors and accountants. In many instances, personnel from Brookfield's business groups will be responsible for reviewing and commenting upon the output provided by outside consultants. As an example, Brookfield's market research group is responsible for reviewing and commenting upon each market consultant's report, and senior operators will frequently review and comment on engineering reports.

The due diligence process typically includes meetings with management and site visits of a target business or a financial sponsor. The deal team, working together with personnel from Brookfield's business groups, synthesizes all information collected from the due diligence process into a detailed financial model that forms both a cornerstone of Brookfield's investment decision and the basis of the business plan for the target business. The financial model may incorporate revenue enhancements, cost reductions or growth opportunities as deemed appropriate by the deal team and in accordance with in-house operational expertise. Additionally, the financial model will reflect material business or operating risks, including contingent risks, to the extent deemed reasonable. Throughout the due diligence process, the deal team engages in ongoing discussion with members of the Investment Committee and senior infrastructure professionals representing various functions within Brookfield Infrastructure. Brookfield believes that this "real-time" feedback strengthens the

investment theses and provides the deal team with a competitive advantage in underwriting. Prior to the submission of any binding proposal, the deal team first presents the opportunity to the group CEO and other senior members of Brookfield Infrastructure, where appropriate.

If Brookfield makes a non-control equity investment, Brookfield will also review the governance attached to the minority interest to ensure that appropriate governance rights are in place to protect an investment and to effectuate Brookfield's business plan, similar to how it would for a control or co-control investment. In addition to board representation or access to management and board members, Brookfield also seeks to acquire a significant interest in the classes of securities in which it invests, which is expected to provide meaningful voting power over matters relating to the rights or obligations attached to those classes of securities. Brookfield also typically requests certain other rights customary for major investors, including anti-dilution, conversion and information rights, consent/veto rights over certain material decisions, and liquidation preferences.

For private debt investments, during underwriting and due diligence, Brookfield's dedicated infrastructure debt investment team is integrated with the broader Brookfield Infrastructure team and works with the group to ensure that assets are valued in a manner that is consistent with that of equity investments. Areas of due diligence covered in connection with the underwriting are similar to that of an equity investment and may include: financial and legal review, financial analysis, analysis of terms and conditions of all other indebtedness associated with the asset, project or business, site inspections, evaluation of any remaining construction risk, and jurisdictional review of creditor rights. During legal documentation and closing, Brookfield will seek adequate structural protections, such as limitations on the incurrence of additional debt and liens, asset sales and investments, and changes of control. Brookfield will also look to build in covenants with the aim of providing early detection of credit weakness, such as maximum leverage covenants and restrictions on distributions. Additionally, Brookfield will generally seek to include step-in rights that would provide the ability to take ownership of an asset with a view to maximizing recovery proceeds in the event of any distress.

As part of each private investment's due diligence process, the deal team evaluates, and the Investment Committee reviews, transaction considerations, which in addition to asset-specific considerations includes climate risks, anti-bribery and corruption, health and safety, and other ESG assessments.

Brookfield's private infrastructure investment teams utilize the Brookfield ESG Due Diligence Guideline (the "**ESG Guideline**") to assist with the identification of material ESG factors when conducting due diligence. While ESG considerations will vary depending on the type of business, geographic location and sector of the target investment, the ESG Guideline offers consideration for environmental, social and governance matters and assists teams in completing mandatory ESG disclosures included in all Investment Committee memos.

Thereafter, the opportunity is formally presented to the Investment Committee. The Investment Committee's approval will include a review of the terms and conditions of the transaction, including potential conflicts of interest and relevant investment requirements related to the Sub-Fund, and an authorized price or, where appropriate, price range. Material due diligence findings, including technical and ESG matters, amongst others, are also presented to the Investment Committee for consideration. The members of the Investment Committee bring broad-based expertise from Brookfield's various investment businesses and will share similar responsibilities across multiple Brookfield-managed funds. This multidisciplinary investment acumen is expected to enhance the Sub-Fund's ability to assess and price risks appropriately as it evaluates investment opportunities. Unanimous approval by the Investment Committee is required for all investments.

Asset Management

Control or Co-Control Equity Investments: Following an acquisition, responsibility for the investment is transitioned to the portfolio management group, with oversight from the Operating Partners. The infrastructure investment professionals remain directly involved and are responsible for creating tailored business plans encompassing all considerations relevant in the underwriting process, including ESG-related matters, while closing any gaps identified during diligence. Brookfield has an integrated and hands-on asset management philosophy. With a global business, Brookfield believes that the regional teams are best placed to execute this strategy, as a key part of Brookfield's asset management approach is close and frequent interaction with, and strong ongoing support of, the senior management of its portfolio companies. This transition can be conducted seamlessly, as Operating Partners and members of the regional asset management teams are integrally involved in the due diligence, negotiation and execution of the original investment.

As the key overseers of the investment, Operating Partners, who are supported by members of the regional asset management teams, are responsible for executing the business plans that formed the basis of the underwriting. These professionals collaborate with senior management of the portfolio companies to develop annual operating budgets and execute financing plans. The Operating Partners and asset management teams also draw upon the experience and expertise of personnel from Brookfield's corporate and business groups as it seeks to optimize asset performance and preserve capital post-acquisition. These corporate professionals include experts in areas such as ESG, capital markets, capital projects, maintenance capital, section specialists, tax and legal.

To deploy its hands-on asset management philosophy, Brookfield generally seeks a high degree of control or influence over the businesses in which it invests. Brookfield may also invest in co-control and non-control situations, with partners that also have deep expertise in the relevant sector, as well as a common investment philosophy and skills that complement those of Brookfield.

Non-Control Equity Investments: For non-control situations, Brookfield looks for partners that also have deep expertise in the relevant sector, as well as a common investment philosophy and skills that complement those of Brookfield. Before a transaction closes and funds, the investment team will work with the controlling shareholder to create an asset management plan that identifies potential areas of value enhancement and operational enhancements for the target investment. After a transaction closes, the investment team will actively partner with the controlling shareholder to seek to enhance the value of the business and will also serve as an ongoing resource for management teams. In addition to regularly scheduled board meetings, the investment team will closely monitor the investment to remain current on significant activities that could materially impact value.

Debt Investments: Debt investments will be regularly monitored for compliance with covenants in the loan agreements, its performance relative to initial expectations and changes in collateral value. Brookfield believes that this asset management process allows for timely and informed decisions to be made during the term of an investment.

From inception until realization, each investment is closely monitored so that Brookfield can seek to remain current on significant activities that could materially impact the collateral. This could include litigation, partial collateral releases and related debt pay-downs, as well as cash flow sweep events related to debt service coverage ratio, debt to EBITDA ratios and other triggers.

On a regular basis, and as required, a comprehensive review will be prepared on the status and performance of the underlying business and/or assets against which loans have been advanced in the portfolio. This review will generally involve, but will not be limited to, a detailed analysis of recent operating and financial statements, as well as any project status reports obtained from borrowers. In addition, the investment team will typically communicate with internal and external contacts with local market knowledge to gather the latest information on current market trends. Brookfield believes that reviewing relevant market factors enhances the assessment of the expected

future performance of the underlying business and improves the caliber of conclusions reached about credit quality and levels of risk associated with investments in the portfolio.

Exit

Equity Investments: For control or co-control core plus/value-add investments, Brookfield generally begins exploring exits seven to ten years into the lifespan of an investment, or earlier as the opportunity arises. From an operational standpoint, Brookfield will look to sell a company once all anticipated asset management initiatives have been implemented and the investment has been sufficiently de-risked. From a market perspective, Brookfield positions itself to exit an investment in optimal market conditions in order to maximize proceeds. In addition to timing, another aspect that is critical to maximizing value is how an exit is structured. Brookfield will explore a variety of exit strategies—including, but not limited to, trade sales, partial monetization, and public offerings.

For non-control investments, Brookfield typically will have a non-control position with robust governance protections. Exit strategies will vary by investment but may include (i) exit at the same time as the majority sponsor or via sale of the security; (ii) refinancing of the capital structure to provide liquidity to the security; or (iii) mergers with or sales of the portfolio company or asset to financial institutions or strategic partners, such as private equity funds or large enterprise firms or initial public offerings and sales of securities into liquid markets.

For core equity investments, these investments generally are structured with perpetual ownership or long-term concession agreements at the time of investment. While operating the asset and monitoring its relative performance, Brookfield may elect to pursue an asset divestment if the fundamental long-term risk profile of the investment changes from Brookfield's underwriting or if in Brookfield's view the capital could be better deployed elsewhere.

Debt Investments: Brookfield expects to hold its debt investments to their respective maturity dates or until prepayment by the borrower, although Brookfield may engage in the sale of certain investments if value would be maximized. Each investment will be monitored in relation to Brookfield's assessment of the likelihood of such an investment being paid in full at maturity, as well as in relation to whether a more beneficial exit or sale of the investment is available.

While Brookfield does not make investments with the intention of a "loan-to-own" operation, if a borrower fails to meet its obligations under the terms of a loan, Brookfield is prepared to leverage its global operating capabilities to step in and pursue foreclosure to protect the capital in potential default situations. In cases where there is an acceleration of debt, this ability to step in could prove critical to maximizing value.

D. Investment Process – Liquid Portfolio

The Liquid Portfolio is expected to primarily invest in infrastructure debt securities, with the flexibility to invest in infrastructure equities. This allocation will be managed by the Real Asset Credit team within the Brookfield Public Securities Group LLC.

The Liquid Portfolio may invest in, among others, common, convertible and preferred stock, restricted or private securities, asset-backed securities (ABS) including ABS that are backed by interest in real estate or land, mortgage-backed securities ("MBS") of any kind, interests in loans and/or whole loan pools of mortgages, mortgage real estate investment trusts (mortgage REITs), investment grade fixed income securities, high yield fixed income securities (junk bonds), collateralized loan obligations (CLOs), bank loans (including participations, assignments, senior loans, delayed funding loans and revolving credit facilities), open-end and closed-end investment companies, including exchange-traded funds (ETFs), exchange-traded notes (ETNs), and securities issued and/or guaranteed by the United States Government, its agencies or instrumentalities or

sponsored corporations. The Sub-Fund may invest in fixed income securities of any maturity. The Sub-Fund's investments in MBS may include residential MBS (RMBS) or commercial MBS (CMBS).

The Liquid Portfolio will not invest in Brookfield's publicly traded affiliates or other publicly traded Brookfield entities.

Team Overview – Private Infrastructure Investments

Brookfield's private infrastructure activities are led by the CEO of Brookfield's Infrastructure Group and the CEO of Brookfield's Renewable Power Group. The Firm's private infrastructure investment activities are led by a regional head who is supported by regional chief investment officers ("**Regional CIOs**") and regional operating partners ("**Operating Partners**"). Regional CIOs are supported by regional sector specialists and Operating Partners are supported by regional asset management teams. The regional heads oversee the broader infrastructure group's investment sourcing, underwriting, and asset management activities for their respective regions, and their knowledge will be leveraged for the benefit of the Sub-Fund. Similarly, the Sub-Fund is expected to benefit from the local market knowledge and contacts of the Regional CIOs as well as the operating expertise of the Operating Partners.

The Firm's private infrastructure debt, core, and non-control equity investment strategies are managed by dedicated investment teams. These investment teams lead all aspects of transaction sourcing, execution and portfolio management for investment activities that fit the investment criteria of these strategies. These teams are fully integrated into Brookfield's Infrastructure Group, as described above and in the general part of the Prospectus and this Part V (*Investment Process Overview*).

C. Investment Process – Private Infrastructure Investments

As a natural extension of Brookfield's global infrastructure business, Brookfield will execute the Sub-Fund's investment strategy through a well-defined and established investment process that the Firm has successfully employed in its previous infrastructure investments.

The principal elements of Brookfield's approach to private infrastructure investments are highlighted below.

Figure 5: Brookfield's Approach to Private Infrastructure Investments



Part VI : SUMMARY OF PRINCIPAL TERMS

Brookfield Oaktree Wealth Solutions Alternative Funds S.A. SICAV–UCI Part II – Brookfield Infrastructure Income Fund	
<p><i>The following information is presented as a summary of principal terms and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the articles of association of Brookfield Oaktree Wealth Solutions Alternative Funds S.A. SICAV-UCI Part II (as amended, restated or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Articles"), the subscription document and related documentation with respect thereto (collectively, with the Articles the "Documents"), copies of which will be provided to each prospective investor upon request. The forms of such Documents should be reviewed carefully. In the event of a conflict between the terms of this summary and the Documents, the Documents will prevail.</i></p> <p><i>Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein have the meaning set forth in Section XX (Definitions) of the Prospectus and if not defined in the Prospectus, in Part XVI (Definitions) of this Sub-Fund Supplement. In the event of a conflict between the definitions provided in the Prospectus and the Sub-Fund Supplement, the definitions in the Sub-Fund Supplement shall prevail.</i></p>	
Fund:	<p>Brookfield Oaktree Wealth Solutions Alternative Funds S.A. SICAV–UCI Part II, a Luxembourg investment company with variable capital (<i>société d'investissement à capital variable</i>) was incorporated on 14 November 2022 in the form of a public limited company (<i>société anonyme</i>) and is governed by the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg. As at the date of this Prospectus, the Fund is in particular governed by the 1915 Law, the Part II of the 2010 Law, and the Articles.</p> <p>The Fund qualifies as an AIF within the definition of the 2013 Law and is authorized and supervised by the CSSF.</p> <p>The Fund has an umbrella structure consisting of the Fund and one or more sub-funds which the Board of Directors may, at its discretion, establish from time to time.</p>
Sub-Fund:	<p>Brookfield Oaktree Wealth Solutions Alternative Funds S.A. SICAV-UCI Part II – Brookfield Infrastructure Income Fund (the "Sub-Fund") is an open-ended and comingled Sub-Fund of the Fund.</p> <p>The Sub-Fund operates within a master-feeder structure in which the Master Fund (<i>as defined below</i>) is the master fund of the Sub-Fund. For the purpose of this Sub-Fund Supplement, and unless the context otherwise requires, references to "the Sub-Fund" shall be references to Brookfield Infrastructure Income Fund FCP-RAIF - BII FCP – I, as master fund, and Brookfield Oaktree Wealth Solutions Alternative Funds S.A. SICAV-UCI Part II – Brookfield Infrastructure Income Fund, as feeder fund, together.</p>
Master Fund:	<p>This Sub-Fund Supplement offers an investment in the Sub-Fund only.</p>

	<p>As above, the Sub-Fund will invest, as a feeder fund, all or substantially all of its assets into BII FCP – I, a sub-fund of Brookfield Infrastructure Income Fund FCP-RAIF, as master fund.</p> <p>The indirect investments of the Master Fund are described in Part VII (<i>Investment Information – Investment Strategy and Restrictions of the Master Fund</i>) of this Sub-Fund Supplement.</p> <p>The Master Fund may convert from an FCP-RAIF into an FCP governed by Part II of the 2010 Law in a manner similar to the Part II Reorganization. Subject to any requirements of applicable law, the Master Fund may, without the approval of its unitholders (or the Shareholders), complete such reorganization.</p>
<p>Underlying Fund</p>	<p>As described below, the Master Fund will initially invest a majority of its assets (subject always to the Master Fund's investment restrictions and applicable law and regulations) in BII Evergreen FCP-RAIF ("BII Evergreen"), which has in turn invested all of its assets in Brookfield Infrastructure Income Fund Inc. (the "Underlying Fund"), a newly organized Maryland corporation registered under the Investment Company Act as a non-diversified, closed-end management investment company. The "closed-ended" designation of the Underlying Fund is for US legal and regulatory purposes and, for the avoidance of doubt, the Underlying Fund offers and shall continue to offer corresponding redemption rights as offered by the Fund and Master Fund.</p> <p>The Master Fund may invest, directly or indirectly, in different underlying funds (and/or no longer invest in the Underlying Fund or make some or all of its investments directly) managed or advised by Brookfield from time to time as contemplated in this Sub-Fund Supplement, and such successor, replacement or supplementary funds shall also constitute an "Underlying Fund" for the purposes of this Sub-Fund Supplement.</p> <p>Subject to any requirements of applicable law, the Underlying Fund may, without the approval of the Underlying Fund Shareholders (as defined below), the Shareholders, or the unitholders of the Master Fund, complete:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • an initial public offering; • a merger or reorganization with another entity, including an affiliated company, subject to any limitations; • the sale, exchange or disposition of all or a portion of the assets of the Underlying Fund; or • a conversion of the Underlying Fund into a corporation or another entity incorporated or otherwise formed in a state determined by the Underlying Fund, <p>either through a conversion in accordance with applicable law, a merger with or into an existing corporation or other entity, including a registered investment company or otherwise, in which all units or</p>

	<p>interests will be converted into or exchanged for shares of common shares of or other units or interests in the resulting corporation or entity.</p>
<p>Investment Objective:</p>	<p>The Sub-Fund's investment objective is to maximize total returns through growth of capital and income.</p> <p>Through a mix of private and public investments, the Sub-Fund expects to be able to provide investments with lower valuation volatility than would be experienced through investing in the traditional public equity markets, as well as greater liquidity than is typical for private investing. The Sub-Fund will be actively managed, with allocations within and among the Portfolio Investments (as defined in the Sub-Fund Supplement) being adjusted as new market opportunities arise.</p> <p>See Part XIV (<i>Risk Factors and Other Considerations</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement.</p> <p>The Sub-Fund cannot assure you that it will achieve its investment objectives or any particular level of return. An Investor may lose all of its money by investing in the Sub-Fund.</p>
<p>Investment Strategy, Guidelines and Restrictions:</p>	<p>The investment strategy, guidelines and restrictions applicable to the Sub-Fund (the Master Fund and Underlying Fund) are described in Part VII (<i>Investment Information</i>) of this Sub-Fund Supplement.</p>
<p>AIFM:</p>	<p>LFE European Asset Management S.à r.l., a private limited liability company (<i>société à responsabilité limitée</i>) incorporated under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg (the "AIFM") has been appointed as the alternative investment fund manager of the Fund. The AIFM is in charge <i>inter alia</i> of the risk management function of the Sub-Fund.</p> <p>The AIFM will delegate full discretionary portfolio management of the Sub-Fund to the Investment Manager.</p>
<p>Investment Manager:</p>	<p>Brookfield Asset Management PIC Canada, LP (the "Investment Manager" or, alternatively, the "Portfolio Manager") has been appointed by the AIFM to serve as the investment manager of the Sub-Fund. Brookfield personnel will be responsible for the operations of the Investment Manager, although they may retain other parties for certain functions, such as compliance and administrative support.</p> <p>The Investment Manager is authorized to delegate all, or any such part as it deems appropriate, of its discretionary management and investment advisory authority and responsibility to any of its members or their respective affiliate.</p>
<p>Minimum Initial Subscription:</p>	<p>For Class A, B, C and D, EUR 25,000 (or its equivalent at the time of subscription in any other permitted currency), save for any Sterling share classes where the minimum investment shall be GBP 50,000, in each case subject to such higher initial subscription amounts as</p>

	<p>required for a Shareholder's eligibility under applicable law, as provided in the subscription documents. Subject to compliance with applicable law and regulation, the Sub-Fund may accept subscriptions of a lesser amount in its sole and absolute discretion.</p> <p>A Shareholder may make additional subscriptions to the Sub-Fund with the Sub-Fund's consent provided, that the amount of any additional subscription is at least €10,000 or its equivalent in any other currency, if applicable. Certain sub-distributors, countries and/or Share Classes may have higher minimums. Notwithstanding anything else herein, the Sub-Fund may accept, delay acceptance or reject subscriptions in its sole discretion.</p>
<p>Subscriptions; Offering Price; Value of Shares:</p>	<p>Shares in the Sub-Fund will be offered or sold only to, and can be acquired only by, Eligible Investors (as defined in the Prospectus).</p> <p>Each Shareholder will receive, in exchange for its initial capital contribution and any subsequent capital contribution (each, a "Capital Contribution"), Shares representing a proportionate share of the net assets of the Sub-Fund as of the relevant Subscription Date (defined below). Subject to the Sub-Fund's right to decline any subscription, or suspend the acceptance of any subscriptions, the Shares will be offered on a monthly basis at the Net Asset Value per Share as described herein.</p> <p>The Sub-Fund will be offering multiple classes or series of Shares, which may be denominated in various currencies, subject to varying fees, or subject to other conditions as described in Part VIII (<i>Share Class Information</i>) of this Sub-Fund Supplement.</p> <p>Shares generally are available for subscription on the first calendar day of each calendar month, or at such other time(s) as the Sub-Fund, in its sole and absolute discretion, may permit (each, a "Subscription Date").</p> <p>The purchase price per Share of each Class is equal to the Net Asset Value per Share for such Class at close of business on the last calendar day of the immediately preceding month.</p> <p>Details of the subscription process are set out in Part IX (<i>Subscriptions, Redemptions and Other Transactions</i>) of this Sub-Fund Supplement.</p> <p>The Sub-Fund will not be marketed to U.S. persons and no U.S. person is eligible to subscribe for Shares.</p> <p>In relation to each member state of the EEA (each a "Member State") which has implemented the AIFM Directive (and for which transitional arrangements are not available), this Sub-Fund Supplement may only be distributed and Shares in the Sub-Fund may only be offered or placed in a Member State to the extent that: (i) the Sub-Fund is permitted to be marketed to professional investors in the relevant Member State in accordance with the AIFM Directive (as implemented into the local law/regulation of the relevant Member State); or (ii) this</p>

	<p>Sub-Fund Supplement may otherwise be lawfully distributed and the Shares may otherwise be lawfully offered or placed in that Member State (including at the exclusive initiative of the investor).</p> <p>As above, the Board of Directors reserves the right not to accept any subscription for Shares in whole or in part, for any reason or no reason.</p>																				
<p>Redemptions of Shares:</p>	<p>Details of the redemptions process for Shares in the Sub-Fund are set out in Part IX (<i>Subscriptions, Redemptions and Other Transactions</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement.</p>																				
<p>Share Classes</p>	<p>The following Classes of Shares are open to Shareholders of the Sub-Fund:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="518 645 1359 1126"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="518 645 651 801">Class</th> <th data-bbox="651 645 826 801">Currency</th> <th data-bbox="826 645 1082 801">Type of Shareholder / Eligible Investor</th> <th data-bbox="1082 645 1359 801">Type of Share</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="518 801 651 880">A</td> <td data-bbox="651 801 826 880">USD</td> <td data-bbox="826 801 1082 880">Institutional</td> <td data-bbox="1082 801 1359 880">Accumulating</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="518 880 651 958">B</td> <td data-bbox="651 880 826 958">USD</td> <td data-bbox="826 880 1082 958">Advisory</td> <td data-bbox="1082 880 1359 958">Accumulating</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="518 958 651 1037">C</td> <td data-bbox="651 958 826 1037">USD</td> <td data-bbox="826 958 1082 1037">Institutional</td> <td data-bbox="1082 958 1359 1037">Distributing</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="518 1037 651 1126">D</td> <td data-bbox="651 1037 826 1126">USD</td> <td data-bbox="826 1037 1082 1126">Advisory</td> <td data-bbox="1082 1037 1359 1126">Distributing</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Class	Currency	Type of Shareholder / Eligible Investor	Type of Share	A	USD	Institutional	Accumulating	B	USD	Advisory	Accumulating	C	USD	Institutional	Distributing	D	USD	Advisory	Distributing
Class	Currency	Type of Shareholder / Eligible Investor	Type of Share																		
A	USD	Institutional	Accumulating																		
B	USD	Advisory	Accumulating																		
C	USD	Institutional	Distributing																		
D	USD	Advisory	Distributing																		
<p>Management Fee and Other Fund Fees:</p>	<p>Currently no management fees, fixed or variable, shall be payable to the Investment Manager by the Sub-Fund.</p> <p>However, a management fee is payable to the Investment Manager at the Master Fund and Underlying Fund levels (the "Management Fee").</p> <p>At the Sub-Fund level, Class B and Class D Shares will be subject to an annual Trail Fee of 0.85% of NAV, calculated monthly. The Trail Fee will be calculated each month by multiplying the accrued monthly Trail Fee rate (1/12th of 0.85%) by the aggregate NAV of such Class of Shares for that month.</p> <p>The "Trail Fee" referenced above with respect to Class B and Class D Shares will be paid to parties that introduce investors in that Class to the Sub-Fund.</p> <p>See Part XI (<i>Fees and Expenses of the Sub-Fund — Management Fee – Master Fund and Underlying Fund Levels</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement for further details regarding the calculation of the Management Fee (as payable at the Master Fund and/or Underlying Fund level) and Part XI (<i>Fees and Expenses of the Sub-Fund — Trail Fee</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement for further details regarding the calculation of the Trail Fee (payable at the Sub-Fund level).</p>																				

Organizational and Operating Expenses:	The Board of Directors and the Investment Manager are authorized to incur and pay in the name and on behalf of the Sub-Fund all expenses which they deem necessary or advisable, as described in further detail in the Documents. This shall include both Organizational Expenses and Operating Expenses – further details are contained at Part XI (<i>Fees and Expenses of the Sub-Fund</i>) of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
Subscription Fees:	Certain financial intermediaries (as the case may be) through which a Shareholder was placed in the Sub-Fund may charge such Shareholder upfront selling commissions, placement fees, subscription fees or similar fees (" Subscription Fees ") on Shares sold in the offering. No Subscription Fees will be paid with respect to reinvestments of distributions for Accumulation Class Shares.
Term:	Indefinite.
Benchmark Regulation:	The Sub-Fund is actively managed and will not make use of a benchmark within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 on indices used as benchmarks in financial instruments and financial contracts or to measure the performance of investment funds and amending Directives 2004/48/EC and 2014/17/EU and Regulation (EU) No 596/2014.
Net Asset Value Calculation	<p>The Sub-Fund will calculate its net asset value ("Net Asset Value" or "NAV") as of the close of business on the last calendar day of each calendar month and at such other times as the AIFM shall determine (each, a "Valuation Date").</p> <p>Details are found in Part X (<i>Calculation of Net Asset Value</i>) of this Sub-Fund Supplement.</p>
Transfer of Shares	<p>A Shareholder may not sell, assign or transfer its Shares without the prior written consent of the Board of Directors or its delegate, which the Board of Directors or its delegate may grant or withhold in its sole and absolute discretion. Any such transfer is also subject to other conditions set forth in the Prospectus, this Sub-Fund Supplement and the Articles.</p> <p>A lack of consent to transfer within thirty (30) Business Days of notification to the Sub-Fund shall be deemed no consent.</p> <p>For the purposes of this Sub-Fund Supplement, a "Business Day" shall mean any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or a day on which banking institutions are authorized or obligated by law or executive order to close in New York City, Toronto or Luxembourg.</p>
Placement Agents	The Sub-Fund may appoint one or more placement agents that will be compensated for introducing investors to the Sub-Fund. The terms of any compensation paid to any such placement agent will be disclosed to any investor that would bear such compensation. If the Sub-Fund,

	Master Fund or Underlying Fund bear any such compensation to a placement agent, the Management Fee will be offset by the amount of placement fees borne by the Master Fund or Underlying Fund.
--	--

Part VII : INVESTMENT INFORMATION

Structure of Investments: Sub-Fund, Master Fund and Underlying Fund

The Sub-Fund will invest, as a feeder fund, all or substantially all of its assets into BII FCP – I, a sub-fund of Brookfield Infrastructure Income Fund FCP-RAIF, as master fund (the “**Master Fund**”), which invests a majority of its assets into BII Evergreen FCP-RAIF (“**BII Evergreen**”), which in turn invests all of its assets in Brookfield Infrastructure Income Fund Inc. (the “**Underlying Fund**”). As a consequence, the investment information set out below describes the investments of the Master Fund, BII Evergreen and the Underlying Fund.

Owing to the master-feeder structure, the defined terms in the section below (*Investment Information – Investment Strategy and Restrictions of the Master Fund*) apply to the Sub-Fund as to the Master Fund, save as the context otherwise requires.

Investment Strategy and Restrictions of the Master Fund

The Master Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing (including indirectly through an Underlying Fund) primarily in infrastructure assets and companies as well as related securities of companies that own infrastructure assets (collectively, “**Infrastructure Investments**”), including as a co-investor with other Brookfield funds, clients and accounts.

Initially, the Master Fund will indirectly invest a majority of its assets in the Underlying Fund which has an equivalent investment objective to the Sub-Fund provided that the aggregate value of such investment shall be less than 85% of the Master Fund's net asset value following a ramp-up period of up to two (2) years and six (6) months following the establishment of the Master Fund. The Master Fund shall not be required to invest through an Underlying Fund and may invest all or any greater percentage than 15% of its net asset value in Investments directly. The Master Fund will make its Investments in a manner that does not result in it being a “feeder fund” of a non-EU Underlying Fund for the purposes of the AIFM Directive. In making Infrastructure Investments, the Master Fund may also invest in special purpose vehicles, operating companies or platforms (including private or public equity positions in companies whose primary business relates to infrastructure or investing in infrastructure), equity derivatives, options, joint ventures, and/or other vehicles, minority investments or shares in listed companies (each, together with the underlying investments made by the Underlying Fund, an “**Investment**” or “**Portfolio Investment**”).

The Master Fund will apply an equivalent investment strategy and investment restrictions to those described in respect of the Underlying Fund below, *provided* that such diversification requirements and investment restrictions will be assessed in respect of the Master Fund's net asset value as a whole and on a look-through basis (subject to applicable law and regulation) in respect of its investment in the Underlying Fund or other investment holding vehicles. Unless otherwise required by applicable law, no remedial action will be required if such restriction is exceeded for any reason other than the acquisition of a new Infrastructure Investment. Where the maximum percentages fixed by law and/or a CSSF Circular are exceeded as a result of the exercise of rights attaching to assets in the portfolio or otherwise than by the purchase of assets, the Master Fund must adopt as a priority objective for their sales transactions, the remedying of that situation, taking due account of the interests of the Shareholders.

In accordance with the diversification requirements of Circular IML 91/75 (as amended by CSSF Circulars 05/177 and 18/697), the Master Fund will not directly or indirectly invest more than 20% of its net asset value at the time of acquisition in any single Infrastructure Investment subject to the proviso above. This 20% diversification requirement will not apply during the six months following the date of the Part II Reorganization and other circumstances where the Master Fund has entered into a winding up or liquidation process. For the purpose of the foregoing limitation, the amount invested in any Investment will be net of indebtedness and take into account the allocated or

expected indebtedness that the investment manager of the Master Fund (the "**Master Fund Manager**") deems to be related to the Infrastructure Investment being acquired, whether incurred specifically at the Investment level or allocated from other vehicle indebtedness.

The Master Fund will not enter into derivative transactions for speculative non-investment purposes (but may do so for hedging purposes or to gain exposure to target assets, including without limitation, in the form of options and warrants).

To the extent that an investment restriction of the Master Fund has been breached due to circumstances beyond the Master Fund's reasonable control, the Master Fund's alternative investment fund manager shall use reasonable endeavours to take such measures necessary to ensure that the Master Fund is no longer in breach of any investment restriction, except where the management company (*société de gestion*) of the Master Fund (the "**Management Company**") reasonably believes that this would be prejudicial to the interests of the Master Fund's unitholders.

The restrictions set out above are not applicable in a period where the Master Fund has entered into a winding up or liquidation process.

Details of the Underlying Fund

Investment Strategy

Under normal market conditions, the Underlying Fund attempts to achieve its investment objective by investing, as a principal strategy, at least 80% of its net assets (including any amounts borrowed for investment purposes) (the "**80% Policy**") in Infrastructure Investments, throughout the world, including the United States, or "U.S.". The Underlying Fund may invest up to 20% of its net assets (plus the amount of any borrowing for investment purposes) in other investments other than Infrastructure Investments.

The Underlying Fund defines infrastructure as the assets, networks, systems or operations that provide essential or irreplaceable inputs or services, underpin supply chains, economies and communities, facilitate trade or commerce, and/or support energy transition. These assets typically exhibit similar characteristics such as: provision of essential service, high barriers to entry, stable and long-term cash flows, inflation-linked revenues and high operating margins and predictable maintenance capital requirements. Infrastructure assets may fall under several sectors, including, but not limited to, transport (e.g., rail, ports, container and bulk terminals, toll roads, and airports), renewable power and transition (e.g., hydro, wind, solar, distributed generation and storage), utilities (e.g., electricity, natural gas connections and transmission, residential infrastructure, smart meters, water and wastewater, and district energy), midstream (e.g., transmission pipelines, natural gas storage or processing plants), data (e.g., communication towers, fiber networks, and data centres), and social infrastructure (e.g., healthcare and education).

An Infrastructure Investment comprises any investment that, at the time of investment, derives at least 50% of its revenue or profits from the ownership, operation, installation, financing, or servicing of infrastructure or for which infrastructure represents at least 50% of the investment's property, plant and equipment ("**Infrastructure Investment Threshold**"). An Infrastructure Investment may also include any investment that, at the time of investment, does not meet the Infrastructure Investment Threshold but which, under normal market conditions or upon reaching scale, could reasonably be expected to meet the Infrastructure Investment Threshold (each, a "**Developing Infrastructure Investment**"). The Underlying Fund Manager (as defined below) will continuously monitor the progress of each Developing Infrastructure Investment and will no longer count such an investment towards the 80% Policy if it fails to satisfy the Infrastructure Investment Threshold by the fifth anniversary of the Underlying Fund's investment. During the five-year period following an investment, the Underlying Fund Manager will take into account and report to the Board of Directors of the Underlying Fund (the "**Underlying Fund Board**") quarterly the considerations that

the Underlying Fund Manager has evaluated in determining that an investment continues to qualify as a Developing Infrastructure Investment. Such considerations will include whether the Developing Infrastructure Investment has made progress towards the Infrastructure Investment Threshold; whether the Underlying Fund Manager believes the Developing Infrastructure Investment has or is expected to make a contractual commitment to sell a portion of its non-infrastructure business or buy infrastructure assets that will positively impact the investment relative to the Infrastructure Investment Threshold; or other factors deemed relevant by the Underlying Fund Manager with respect to the Developing Infrastructure Investment meeting the Infrastructure Investment Threshold by the fifth anniversary of the Underlying Fund's investment. Each quarter, the Underlying Fund Board must agree to continuing to treat an investment as a Developing Infrastructure Investment following the recommendation by the Underlying Fund Manager until the fifth anniversary of the investment when the Infrastructure Investment Threshold must be met.

The Underlying Fund primarily invests in equity and debt securities of private Infrastructure Investments (the "**Private Portfolio**"), as well as publicly traded equity and debt securities of infrastructure companies (the "**Liquid Portfolio**"). The Underlying Fund seeks to invest approximately 80% to 90% of its net assets (plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes) in the Private Portfolio and approximately 10% to 20% of its net assets (plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes) in the Liquid Portfolio (the "**Private/Liquid Target Allocations**").

The Underlying Fund will seek to build the Liquid Portfolio through investments that include both equity securities and fixed income securities. The Underlying Fund will primarily seek to generate returns through strategic allocations to several subsectors of the infrastructure industry, while having the ability to adjust allocations on a short-term, tactical basis in order to take advantage of investment opportunities.

The Liquid Portfolio may include: (i) infrastructure preferred equity; (ii) infrastructure equities, including utilities, energy, infrastructure, transportation and renewables; (iii) infrastructure high yield; (iv) infrastructure investment grade; and (v) potentially opportunistic infrastructure.

The Private Portfolio will consist of mostly investments in less liquid, longer-term Infrastructure Investments. The Private Portfolio will be constructed primarily using various investment strategies across the Brookfield infrastructure platform, including equity and debt strategies.

Although the Underlying Fund endeavors to maintain these Private/Liquid Target Allocations, the Private/Liquid Target Allocations may not be achieved in all instances, and actual allocations may be affected by factors including, but not limited to: (i) the pace of deployment of capital into the Private Portfolio; (ii) the investment performance and market value of the Liquid Portfolio; (iii) the investment performance and market value of the Private Portfolio; (iv) Underlying Fund subscriptions and redemptions; and (v) availability of capital in other vehicles or accounts that co-invest with the Underlying Fund. See Part XV (*Conflicts of Interest*) paragraph titled '*Advice to Other Brookfield Accounts May Conflict with the Sub-Fund's Interests*'.

While the Underlying Fund may invest globally, it is expected that investments in non-OECD countries generally will not constitute more than 20% of the Underlying Fund's total assets at the time the applicable investment is consummated (however, the Underlying Fund Manager, as defined below, may elect to exceed this limit from time to time). An investment is considered located in a particular jurisdiction if the revenues or cash flows received by the Fund are made in the currency of the country.

The foregoing investment guidelines are not strict limitations and serve only as an indication of the Underlying Fund's investment manager's (the "Underlying Fund Manager") current intent. Future market conditions and investment opportunities may cause the Sub-Fund and the

Underlying Fund Manager to consummate portfolio investments for the Underlying Fund that deviate from these guidelines.

Investment Restrictions

The Underlying Fund Manager will make investments for the Underlying Fund in accordance with the following restrictions:

1. The Underlying Fund may not borrow money, except to the extent permitted under the Investment Company Act, as such may be interpreted or modified by regulatory authorities having jurisdiction, from time to time.
2. The Underlying Fund may not make loans of money or property to any person, except (a) to the extent that securities or interests in which the Underlying Fund may invest are considered to be loans, (b) through the loan of Portfolio Investments in an amount up to $33\frac{1}{3}$ of the Underlying Fund's total assets, (c) by engaging in repurchase agreements or (d) as may otherwise be permitted by the Investment Company Act, as amended from time to time, the rules and regulation promulgated by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission under the Investment Company Act, as amended from time to time, or an exemption or other relief applicable to the Underlying Fund from the provisions of the Investment Company Act, as amended from time to time.
3. The Underlying Fund may not invest 25% or more of its total assets, calculated at the time of purchase, in any one industry, except that the Underlying Fund concentrates (that is, invest 25% or more of its total assets) in the infrastructure industry.
4. The Underlying Fund may not underwrite any issue of securities, except to the extent that the sale of portfolio securities in accordance with the Underlying Fund's investment objective, policies and limitations may be deemed to be an underwriting, and except that the Underlying Fund may acquire securities under circumstances in which, if the securities were sold, the Underlying Fund might be deemed to be an underwriter for purposes of the Securities Act.
5. The Underlying Fund may not issue senior securities, except to the extent permitted by the Investment Company Act or any rules, exemptions or interpretations thereunder that may be adopted, granted or issued by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.
6. The Underlying Fund does not directly or indirectly invest more than 20% of its net asset value at the time of acquisition in any single investment; *provided* that such diversification will be assessed on a look-through basis and, unless otherwise required by applicable law, no remedial action will be required if such restriction is exceeded for any reason other than the acquisition of a new investments (including the exercise of rights attached to an investment).
7. In relation to the Liquid Portfolio, the Underlying Fund will not:
 - (a) invest more than 10% of its total assets (for this purpose, inclusive of the assets invested in the Private Portfolio) in securities which are not listed on a stock exchange and not traded on another regulated market which operates regularly and is recognized and open to the public;
 - (b) invest more than 10% of its total net assets (for this purpose, inclusive of the assets invested in the Private Portfolio) in securities issued by the same issuer; and
 - (c) acquire more than 10% of the same type of securities issued by the same entity.

8. The Underlying Fund will not enter into derivative transactions for speculative non-investment purposes (but may do so for hedging purposes or to gain exposure to target assets, including without limitation in the form of options and warrants).

Leverage

The Sub-Fund may utilize leverage, incur indebtedness and provide other credit support for any purpose, including to fund all or a portion of the capital necessary for an Investment. In accordance with the Articles, but subject to any restrictions contained in the Prospectus, this Sub-Fund Supplement (including, in particular, Sub-Fund Supplement (*Sub-Fund Terms*)), the Sub-Fund may borrow in any form (including on a joint and/or several basis, cross collateralized basis or otherwise, with the Master Fund or any entity through which an Investment is made, as provided in the Prospectus (including, in particular, this Sub-Fund Supplement). It may issue notes, bonds and any kind of debt and equity securities. In relation to such indebtedness, the Sub-Fund may give guarantees, security interests, indemnities, covenants and undertakings in favor of third parties on behalf of the Sub-Fund. It may lend funds, including, without limitation, the proceeds of any borrowings, to its subsidiaries, affiliated companies and any other companies. It may also give guarantees and pledge, transfer, encumber or otherwise create and grant security over some or all of its assets to guarantee its own obligations and those of any other company, and, generally, for its own benefit and that of any other company or person. For the avoidance of doubt, the Sub-Fund may not carry out any regulated financial sector activities without having obtained the requisite authorization.

The Sub-Fund will target borrowing of 33.33% of the Sub-Fund's gross assets from time to time (not including Portfolio Investment debt) *provided* that it shall be permitted to borrow in excess of this amount subject to a cap of 50% of the Sub-Fund's gross assets from time to time.

Borrowing by the Master Fund and Underlying Fund will be included in the calculation of the Sub-Fund's amount of borrowing, *pro rata* to the Sub-Fund's investment in the Master Fund and Underlying Fund.

Compliance with the maximum level of leverage will be determined on a quarterly basis (or a more frequent basis as may be required in the sole determination of the Sub-Fund). If this limit were ever exceeded after leverage has been incurred by the Sub-Fund, the Investment Manager will make commercially reasonable efforts to bring the Sub-Fund's exposure back into compliance with the maximum level of leverage, but such event will not constitute a breach of an investment restriction adopted by the Sub-Fund or a "trade error" for any purpose. The AIFM may increase the Sub-Fund's maximum leverage exposure from time to time, subject to prior CSSF approval. If the AIFM increases such maximum level of exposure, it will provide notice in writing to Shareholders in the next regularly scheduled notice to Shareholders.

Borrowings may be utilized for investment purposes as well as bridge financing and to fund expense disbursements, withdrawals and for general working capital purposes when liquid funds are not readily available. The assets of the Sub-Fund may be charged as security for any such borrowings.

Reference Currency

The Sub-Fund is denominated in US Dollars (USD or \$) (the "**Reference Currency**").

NAV is reported to Shareholders and returns are calculated and reported in USD. All subscription payments and distributions are made in the relevant share class currency. Gains or losses regarding non-USD Investments may include currency fluctuations relative to the USD.

Part VIII : SHARE CLASS INFORMATION

Share Classes of the Sub-Fund

The Sub-Fund offers the following classes of shares ("Classes"). Additional Classes may be created in the Sub-Fund in the future with notification to the CSSF:	A,	B	C	D
<i>Accumulating</i>	Yes	Yes		
<i>Distributing</i>			Yes	Yes
<i>Institutional</i>	Yes		Yes	
<i>Advisory</i>		Yes		Yes
<i>Currencies Offered</i>	USD/EUR/JPY/GBP/AUD/SGD/CHF/SEK ¹⁹			
<i>Hedged Class</i>	Yes (for any Share Class other than those offered in USD)			

Class A and Class B Shares are "**Accumulation Class**" Shares and Class C and Class D Shares are "**Distribution Class**" Shares. Shareholders that subscribe for Distribution Class Shares will receive in cash any distributions that the Sub-Fund pays in respect of such Shares. In contrast, Shareholders that subscribe for Accumulation Class Shares will, in lieu of receiving cash distributions, have any such amounts reinvested in such Class. In each case, distributions (whether in cash to the Distribution Class Shareholders or reflected in the NAV of the Shares held by the Accumulation Class Shareholders) are made in the discretion of the Board of Directors or its delegate and are subject to reasonable reserves for the payment of a *pro rata* portion of fund expenses and other obligations of the Sub-Fund attributable to such Shares, and subject to allocating any required tax withholdings. If a Shareholder does not indicate on its subscription document whether it is subscribing for

¹⁹ Please note that, as at the date of publication of this Sub-Fund Supplement, Shares in the Sub-Fund will only be offered in USD. However, it is anticipated that Hedged Share Classes (as defined herein) will be offered at an undefined date in the future following notification to the CSSF.

Accumulation Class or Distribution Class Shares, the Shareholder's subscription will be for the Accumulation Class of the relevant Class.

Class A and Class C Shares are "**Institutional Class**" Shares and Class B and Class D Shares are "**Advisory Class**" Shares. Institutional Class Shares are reserved for financial intermediaries that (i) make investments for their own account, and/or (ii) receive no distribution fees in accordance with regulatory requirements, and/or (iii) can only offer their clients classes with no or reduced retrocessions, where these are available in the investment fund in question, in accordance with written agreements or agreements on fund savings plans concluded with their clients. Investments that no longer meet the above conditions may be forcibly redeemed or transferred into the appropriate Share class by the AIFM in its sole discretion. Institutional Class Shares may also be available to employees of Brookfield and their family members that invest in the Sub-Fund directly and other categories of investors that do not fall within the above criteria as determined by the Sub-Fund and its AIFM in their sole discretion.

It may also be the case that certain other Share Classes may have their Shares listed on a recognised stock exchange.

Except as otherwise described herein, the terms of each Class of Shares are identical. Shares are issued in respect of a particular Class in the Sub-Fund. The Board of Directors or its delegate has the authority to, at any time, establish new Sub-Funds with Shares having similar characteristics to the Shares in the existing Sub-Funds and create and issue new Classes or types of Shares within any Sub-Fund at its discretion, with Shares having different rights, benefits, powers or duties and terms, including with respect to fees, distributions and liquidity.

Please also refer to Part XI (*Fees and Expenses of the Sub-Fund—Subscription Fees*) of the Sub-Fund Supplement.

Hedging

Hedged Share Classes will be hedged from the relevant currency against the U.S. dollar. Any costs associated with such hedging shall be allocated to the relevant Class.

Sub-Funds or individual Classes may be denominated in other currencies. The Sub-Fund may hedge Classes of Shares which are denominated in any other currency than the Reference Currency of the Sub-Fund, however, depending on the prevailing circumstances, and unless stated otherwise in this Prospectus, the Sub-Fund may or may not hedge certain Classes, and has no obligation to hedge any Class at all. In relation to currency hedging undertaken, if any, in the interest of a hedged Class, note that various Classes of Shares do not constitute separate portfolios of assets and liabilities. Accordingly, while gains and losses on the hedging transactions and the expenses of the hedging program will be allocated to the hedged Classes only, the Sub-Fund, as a whole (including the non-hedged Classes), may be liable for obligations in connection with currency hedges in favor of a specific Class of Shares and the Sub-Fund may also be liable for similar obligations in connection with currency hedges with respect to the Sub-Fund. Additionally, any financing facilities or guarantees utilized in connection with the hedging program may be entered into by the Sub-Fund (in respect of a Sub-Fund), the Master Fund or the Underlying Fund and not any specific Class.

Minimum Investment

	USD	EUR	GBP
A,B,C,D	EUR 25,000 (USD equivalent) with the exception of any	N/A	N/A

	Sterling currency classes where it will be GBP 50,000		
Minimum Subsequent Subscription			
A,B,C,D	EUR 10,000 (USD equivalent)	N/A	N/A

Part IX : SUBSCRIPTIONS, REDEMPTIONS AND OTHER TRANSACTIONS

Subscriptions in the Sub-Fund

Each potential Investor desiring to subscribe for Shares is required to execute a subscription document and make certain representations and warranties to the Sub-Fund. Each potential Investor must also qualify as an Eligible Investor in that they must be an investor who/which satisfies all additional eligibility requirements for a specific Share Class, as specified for the Share Class in this Sub-Fund Supplement, in the general part of this Prospectus and/or in the subscription document provided by the Sub-Fund from time to time, which are relevant for the jurisdiction in which the Investor is based, including – for example – the local law requirements set forth for Retail Investors to subscribe units or shares of AIFs marketed under Article 32 of the AIFM Directive.

Shares in the Sub-Fund may be offered through financial intermediaries, which generally have client net worth thresholds and other requirements. Accordingly, the Sub-Fund can accommodate Investors with such financial intermediary relationships. Such Investors should consult with their financial intermediary to discuss potential eligibility and suitability to invest in the Sub-Fund.

Subscriptions may be accepted from time to time in the Sub-Fund's sole discretion.

The minimum initial subscription amount by each Shareholder will be EUR 25,000 (or its equivalent at the time of subscription in any other permitted currency), with the exception of any Sterling currency classes where it will be GBP 50,000, subject to such higher initial subscription amounts as required for a Shareholder's eligibility under applicable law, as provided in the subscription documents. Subject to compliance with applicable law and regulation, the Sub-Fund may accept subscriptions of a lesser amount in its sole and absolute discretion. Certain sub-distributors, countries and/or Share Classes may have higher minimums. Notwithstanding anything else herein, the Sub-Fund may accept, delay acceptance or reject subscriptions in its sole discretion.

Investors may subscribe to the Sub-Fund via nominee or omnibus account. The investments made by the nominee will not be aggregated in order to determine the investor's eligibility for a specific Class or its minimum initial subscription or holding.

Issuance of Shares

Subscriptions to purchase Shares of any Class in the Sub-Fund may be made on an ongoing basis, but Shareholders may only purchase Shares pursuant to accepted subscription orders as of the first calendar day of each calendar month (a "**Subscription Date**"). A prospective Shareholder generally must notify the Sub-Fund of its desire to subscribe for Shares (whether an initial or subsequent subscription) by 5 p.m. Central European Time at least six (6) Business Days prior to the proposed Subscription Date (unless waived by the Sub-Fund in its sole and absolute discretion) (the "**Dealing Cut-Off**"). To be accepted, a subscription request must be made to Central Administration with a completed and executed subscription document (together with all other materials and documentation required therein) in good order, including (a) satisfying any additional requirements imposed by the subscriber's broker-dealer (if any); (b) satisfying the know your client (KYC), terrorist financing and anti- money laundering checks carried out by the Sub-Fund or its agent; and (c) payment of the full purchase price of the Shares being subscribed into the bank account specified by the Sub-Fund in the subscription agreement at least five (5) Business Days prior to the Subscription Date.

The purchase price per Share of each Class is equal to the Net Asset Value per Share for such Class as of the NAV at close of business on the last calendar day of the immediately preceding month. The Net Asset Value per Share is determined by dividing the Sub-Fund's Net Asset Value by the number of outstanding Shares, as described in Part X (*Calculation of Net Asset Value*) of this Sub-Fund Supplement. In connection with a purchase of Shares, Shareholders may also be required to pay Subscription Fees (defined below) to their financial intermediary (if any). For example, if a prospective Shareholder wishes to make an initial subscription for Shares of the Sub-Fund in November, the initial subscription request must be received in good order at least six (6) Business Days before October 31st. The offering price will equal the NAV per Share of the applicable Class as of the last calendar day of October, plus any applicable Subscription Fees. If accepted, the subscription will be effective on the first calendar day of November (based on the October 31st NAV). Late subscription orders will be automatically resubmitted for the next available Subscription Date, unless such subscription order is withdrawn or revoked before 5 p.m. Central European Time on the last Business Day before such Subscription Date (subject to the Board's discretion to accept after such time).

The Sub-Fund's monthly NAV as of close of business on the last calendar day of each calendar month (a "**Valuation Date**") will be made available as promptly as practicable thereafter. See Part X (*Calculation of Net Asset Value*) of this Sub-Fund Supplement. Prospective Shareholders will therefore not know the NAV per Share of their investment until after the investment has been accepted. Prospective Shareholders are required to subscribe for a USD (or such other currency where the relevant Class is not denominated in USD) amount and the number of Shares that such investor receives will subsequently be determined based on the NAV per Share as of the time such investment was accepted by the Sub-Fund (for example a Shareholder admitted as of the third Business Day of November in a calendar year, whose investment is based on the Sub-Fund's NAV as of October 31st of such year, will learn of such NAV and the corresponding number of Shares represented by their subscription after (albeit as promptly as practicable after) the third Business Day of November).

Fractions of Shares may be issued. Applications for Shares will be rounded down at the relevant subscription price.

The timing of Subscription Dates, Valuation Dates and Dealing Cut-Offs may be modified from time to time by the Board of Directors in its sole discretion and notified from time to time to prospective Investors.

Registered Shares are documented by the inscription of a Shareholder's name by the Central Administration in the share register kept on behalf of the Fund. Fractions of registered Shares may

be issued. Written confirmation detailing the purchase of the Shares will be sent to Shareholders. Confirmation of entry into the share register shall be sent to the Shareholders at the address specified in the share register. Shareholders are not entitled to the delivery of physical certificates.

Shares of Sub-Fund may be listed or traded on an official stock exchange or on other markets, in which case the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement will provide details.

Voluntary Redemption of Shares

Subject to the terms set out below, a Shareholder may request to have some or all of its Shares withdrawn by the Sub-Fund (a "**Withdrawal Request**") quarterly as of the closing of the last calendar day of that calendar quarter (each a "**Withdrawal Date**") by submitting a notice to Central Administration that the Shareholder requests a certain number of its Shares be redeemed by the Sub-Fund in the form made available by the Sub-Fund (the "**Withdrawal Notice**") by 5 p.m. Central European Time at least thirty (30) calendar days prior to the applicable quarterly Withdrawal Date (for example, a Shareholder requesting a December 31st redemption must submit their Withdrawal Request by December 1st); *provided*, that late notices may be accepted in the Sub-Fund's sole discretion. Neither the Sub-Fund nor Central Administration or its affiliates shall be responsible for any mis-delivery or non-receipt of any email or original Withdrawal Request. Emails or original requests sent to Central Administration shall only be effective when actually acknowledged by the Sub-Fund or Central Administration. Shareholders are advised to contact Central Administration to confirm that Central Administration has received the Withdrawal Request. Central Administration will notify Shareholders in writing if their redemption has been accepted. Unconfirmed Withdrawal Requests shall be considered null and void. Withdrawal Requests are irrevocable unless the Sub-Fund agrees to cancel such Withdrawal Request.

The aggregate NAV of total redemptions (on an aggregate basis across the Sub-Fund) is generally limited to 5% of the aggregate Net Asset Value of outstanding Shares (the "**Quarterly Withdrawal Amount**") as at the applicable Withdrawal Date in the sole discretion of the Sub-Fund. An equivalent quarterly withdrawal limit on redemptions is also applicable to investors in each of the Master Fund and Underlying Fund. To the extent that the Quarterly Withdrawal Amount is less than the amount that the Sub-Fund, through its investment in the Master Fund, is able to redeem in respect of its holding in Master Fund units and indirect holding of Underlying Fund interests on the relevant Withdrawal Date (including in situations where it is able to redeem in excess of its pro rata entitlements to the extent other investors do not take up their redemption rights), the Quarterly Withdrawal Amount shall be increased to such amount as is equal to the Sub-Fund's direct and indirect investments in the Master Fund and Underlying Fund, respectively, that can be redeemed in accordance with the terms of those funds on that Withdrawal Date.

Redemptions prior to the one-year anniversary of the issuance of a Share or Shares will, save as provided for below, be subject to a redemption fee of 2% of the proceeds due to each applicable Shareholder in connection with the applicable Withdrawal Date (the "**Redemption Fee**"). The Sub-Fund may, in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors or its delegate, waive or reduce the Redemption Fee, including in circumstances, among others, where the Board of Directors or its delegate determined that the redemption is offset by a corresponding purchase or if, for other reasons, the Sub-Fund will not incur transaction costs or will incur reduced transaction costs or that the assessment of such Redemption Fee(s) is impracticable because of administrative or systems limitations. Shares held by affiliates of the Investment Manager will not be subject to any Redemption Fee.

The corresponding Share is cancelled upon payment of the redemption price. Payment of the redemption price, as well as any other payments to the Shareholders, shall be made via the Depositary and the local paying agents, if any. The Depositary is only obliged to make payment insofar as there are no legal provisions, such as exchange control regulations or other circumstances

beyond the Depositary's control, prohibiting the transfer of the redemption price to the country of the Withdrawing Investor.

A partial redemption will not be permitted if such redemption would cause the Net Asset Value of the Shareholder's remaining Shares to fall below the minimum subscription amount as applicable to that Class of Shares (or its equivalent in any other permitted currency), subject to the AIFM's right to waive such minimum investment in its discretion.

In any case, no redemption of Shares may be made as a result of which the subscribed capital of the Sub-Fund would fall below the minimum capital required by the 2010 Law.

The Sub-Fund expects that settlements of Share redemptions will generally be made as promptly as practicable following the Withdrawal Date. Shareholders whose Withdrawal Requests are accepted will cease to be Shareholders as of such Withdrawal Date and will therefore cease to be entitled to the rights of a Shareholder as of such date, including the right to receive distributions, and will not be entitled to interest on the withdrawal proceeds between the Withdrawal Date and the date withdrawal proceeds are distributed.

It should be noted that where a contingent debt, obligation or liability of the Sub-Fund exists with respect to the period of time in which the withdrawing Shareholder was a Shareholder, the Sub-Fund may, in its sole discretion, establish a reserve, not to exceed five percent (5%) of the withdrawal proceeds, to satisfy such contingent debt, obligation or liability, which reserve shall be distributed only upon the termination of such contingency as determined by the Sub-Fund in its sole discretion.

Although the Sub-Fund expects to pay redemptions in cash to the extent reasonably practicable, redemptions may be paid in cash, securities, or a combination of cash and securities, in the discretion of the Sub-Fund and to the extent permitted under applicable law. The Sub-Fund shall use commercially reasonable efforts to pay all redemptions in cash; *provided*, however, that if assets must be distributed in kind, then such distribution shall be made, to the extent feasible, *pro rata* to all withdrawing Shareholders based on each Shareholder's withdrawal amount as of such date and shall be valued, at the time of such distribution in kind, in accordance with the AIFM's valuation policies that are used to value the assets of the Sub-Fund.

The Sub-Fund shall not be held liable for any failure to pay the redemption price for reasons resulting from circumstances that are outside its control which would restrict the transfer of the redemption price or make it impossible, including but not limited to applicable anti-money laundering and know-your-client laws and regulations.

In addition, under special circumstances, including but not limited to, the inability to sell investments at acceptable price levels as determined by the Board of Directors or its authorised agent as of a redemption date or default or delay in payments due to the Sub-Fund from brokers, banks or other persons or entities, the Sub-Fund in turn may delay payments to redeeming Shareholders of that part of the redemption price represented by the sums which are the subject of such default or delay.

In the event that, pursuant to the Quarterly Withdrawal Amount limitations above, not all of the Shares submitted for redemption during a given quarter are to be accepted for redemption by the Sub-Fund, Shares submitted for redemption during such quarter will be redeemed on a *pro rata* basis (measured on an aggregate basis (without duplication) across the Sub-Fund if applicable). **Unsatisfied Withdrawal Requests will not be automatically resubmitted for the next available Withdrawal Date:** Shareholders will need to submit a new Withdrawal Request for any subsequent Withdrawal Date in respect of any Shares previously requested to be but not actually redeemed as of any previous Withdrawal Date.

The Sub-Fund may waive or modify any term related to redemptions of Shares with regard to any Shareholder, including, without limitation, the minimum notice period, the minimum amount for withdrawal and the payment of withdrawal proceeds.

Shareholders will not know the NAV per Share, and therefore the amount of their withdrawal, until after the Withdrawal Date.

In light of the Sub-Fund's approach to redemptions, the Sub-Fund does not expect to publish a redemption schedule due to the expected availability of such quarterly Withdrawal Dates. In addition, the Sub-Fund will not send written notices of redemption offers to Shareholders.

Suspension of Redemptions

The Sub-Fund intends, but is not obligated, to conduct quarterly redemptions and it may suspend quarterly redemptions in its sole and absolute discretion at any time.

Without prejudice to the foregoing, it is the Sub-Fund's policy, which may be changed by the Board of Directors or its delegate, not to redeem Shares to effect redemptions if:

- the Sub-Fund would not be able to liquidate Portfolio Investments (including where an Underlying Fund is not accepting redemptions in respect of the relevant Withdrawal Date) in a manner that is orderly and consistent with the Sub-Fund's investment objectives and policies in order to redeem Shares tendered;
- the calculation of the Sub-Fund's NAV is suspended by the AIFM in the circumstances described in Part X (*Calculation of Net Asset Value*) below; or
- there is, in the Board of Directors' judgment, any (a) legal action or proceeding instituted or threatened challenging the redemption offer or otherwise materially adversely affecting the Sub-Fund, the Master Fund or the Underlying Fund; (b) declaration of a banking moratorium by authorities or any suspension of payment by banks in the United States, Toronto or Luxembourg, which is material to the Sub-Fund, the Master Fund or the Underlying Fund; (c) limitation imposed by regulatory authorities on the extension of credit by lending institutions; (d) commencement or escalation of war, armed hostilities, acts of terrorism, natural disasters, public health crises or other international or national calamity directly or indirectly involving the United States, Toronto or Luxembourg or any other jurisdiction that in the sole determination of the Board of Directors is material to the Sub-Fund, the Master Fund or the Underlying Fund; (e) a material decrease in the estimated Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund from the estimated Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund as of the commencement of the redemption offer; or (f) other events or conditions that would have a material adverse effect on the Sub-Fund or its Shareholders if Shares tendered pursuant to the redemption offer were to be purchased.

Thus, while it is intended that the redemption program shall only be suspended in exceptional circumstances and not on a systematic basis, there can be no assurance that the Sub-Fund will proceed with any quarterly voluntary redemption. The Board of Directors or its delegate may modify these conditions in light of circumstances existing at the time. If a quarterly voluntary redemption is oversubscribed by Shareholders submitting Withdrawal Requests for their Shares, the Sub-Fund will generally redeem a *pro rata* portion of the Shares tendered of each withdrawing Shareholder. However, the Sub-Fund, in its discretion, subject to applicable law, may amend a quarterly redemption offer to include all or part of the oversubscribed amounts.

Compulsory Redemption of Shares

If the Board of Directors discovers at any time that any owner or beneficial owner of the Shares is a Prohibited Person (as defined below), either alone or in conjunction with any other person, whether

directly or indirectly, the Board of Directors may at its discretion (without the consent of any Shareholder) and without liability, compulsorily redeem the Shares in accordance with the Articles, and upon redemption, the Prohibited Person will cease to be the owner of those Shares. For the avoidance of doubt, in the case of a Shareholder holding Shares which can be allocated to several beneficial owners, such compulsory redemption may only be applied to the part of the portion of such Shares allocable to the beneficial owner qualifying as a Prohibited Person.

The Sub-Fund may require any Shareholder to provide it or Central Administration with any information that it may consider necessary for the purpose of determining whether or not such owner of Shares is or will be a Prohibited Person.

Further, Shareholders shall have the obligation to immediately inform the Sub-Fund to the extent the ultimate beneficial owner of the Shares held by such Shareholders becomes or will become a Prohibited Person.

For this purpose, "**Prohibited Person**" shall mean any person, firm, partnership or corporate body, not eligible as investor for a Class of Shares, or a person deemed as such if in the sole opinion of the Board of Directors:

- the Shares have been transferred in violation of the Documents, or have vested in any person other than by operation of law as a result of the death, divorce, dissolution, bankruptcy, insolvency or adjudicated incompetence of the Shareholder;
- any of the representations and warranties made by a Shareholder or other person in connection with the acquisition of Shares were not true when made or has ceased to be true;
- the holding of Shares may be detrimental to the interests of the existing Shareholders, the Sub-Fund or the Sponsor;
- the holding of Shares may result in a breach of any law or regulation, whether in Luxembourg or abroad; or
- if as a result of holding Shares, the existing Shareholders, the Sub-Fund or the Investment Manager may become exposed to regulatory, tax, economic or reputational damages, obligations, disadvantages, fines or penalties that it would not have otherwise incurred.

Shares will be redeemed at the prevailing Net Asset Value per Share as of the date such compulsory withdrawal is affected.

In addition, if the Board of Directors reasonably believes that a Shareholder is a Prohibited Person (as defined herein or in the subscription documents) or has otherwise breached its representations and warranties, the Board of Directors has the discretion to freeze such Shareholder's investment in the Sub-Fund, either by prohibiting additional investments, declining or delaying any requests for redemptions and/or segregating the assets constituting the investment in accordance with applicable regulations. In the case of such freezing, the relevant Shareholder's voting and distribution rights as afforded under the Articles shall also be suspended, at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

For the avoidance of doubt, if it shall come to the notice of the Fund, the AIFM or the Investment Manager, or if the Fund, the AIFM or the Investment Manager shall have reason to believe, that (i) a Shareholder does not or will no longer meet the conditions of a certain tax treaty (whether through provision or non-provision of associated documentation and information), and/or (ii) a Shareholder fails to provide any of the information, representations, certifications or forms relating to such Shareholder (including information regarding such Shareholder's direct or indirect owners), in each case, such that the Shareholder's presence in the Fund would or may cause an adverse tax consequence to the other Shareholders, the Fund or any of its service providers (including the AIFM

and Investment Manager), such Shareholder shall be deemed a "Prohibited Person" and the Fund may take necessary corrective action to avoid detriment to such effected party(ies). For this purpose, the Board of Directors shall, inter alia, be entitled to (i) give notice (in such form as the Board of Directors deems appropriate) to such Shareholder requiring it to request in writing the redemption of Shares in accordance with the terms of this Memorandum; (ii) as appropriate, compulsorily redeem and/or cancel all or a portion of the Shares held by such Shareholder; and/or (iii) convert such Shareholder to another Class of Shares as is required to (a) ensure that the Shareholder is able to benefit from the relevant tax treaty; or (b) restrict any negative tax consequences to the investors in the new Class, such that the detriment to the wider Shareholder base is mitigated or eliminated. Any such compulsory redemption, cancellation or conversion as contemplated herein shall be subject to the relevant process as set out elsewhere in this Memorandum.

Conversions Between Classes

Conversions of Shares between Classes in the same Sub-Fund are allowed. The Board of Directors may suspend conversions in respect of Shares during any period that the determination of the NAV of the relevant Class is suspended in accordance with the rules set out in the Articles, the Prospectus and this Sub-Fund Supplement.

Conversion at the Request of Shareholders

A Shareholder may request the conversion of all or part of its Shares of a Class on any Valuation Date; *provided* that the Shareholder fulfils the eligibility criteria of the relevant Class into which the conversion is requested and subject to the written consent of the Shareholder or (as the case may be) the Shareholder's broker or other financial intermediary, if applicable, and the Board of Directors or its delegate. Any conversion request which, when executed, would cause the Shareholder's investment to fall below the applicable minimum holding requirement, will be considered as a request for a full conversion for that Shareholder's Shares in that particular Class.

Procedure

Written conversion orders should be sent to Central Administration at least six (6) Business Days before the relevant Subscription Date (the "**Conversion Cut-off**").

All conversion orders must contain the following information:

- the Valuation Date in respect of which the conversion request is made;
- the full name(s) in which the Shares to be converted are registered;
- the Class and its ISIN code from which Shares are to be converted and the Class and its ISIN code to which Shares will be converted; and
- either the monetary amount or the number of Shares to be converted.

If accepted, conversion orders received by Central Administration before the Conversion Cut-Off for the relevant Valuation Date in respect of which the conversion order is made will be dealt with on such Valuation Date on the basis of the NAV of the relevant Classes prevailing on that Valuation Date.

Any conversion orders received after the Conversion Cut-off for a Valuation Date will be processed on the next Valuation Date on the basis of the NAV of the relevant Classes prevailing on such Valuation Date.

The rate at which all or part of the Shares of one Class (the "**Initial Class**") are converted into another Class (the "**New Class**") is determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$A = \frac{B \times C \times D}{E}$$

where:

- A is the number of Shares to be allocated in the New Class;
- B is the number of Shares of the Initial Class to be converted;
- C is the NAV per Share of the Initial Class determined on the relevant Valuation Date;
- D the currency conversion factor, which is the relevant currency rate as at the respective Valuation Date, or where the Shares of the New Class are denominated in the same currency of the Initial Class, D = 1; and
- E is the NAV per Shares of the New Class determined on the relevant Valuation Date.

Following such conversion of Shares, Central Administration will inform the respective Shareholder of the number of Shares of the New Class obtained by conversion and the price thereof. Fractions of Shares in the New Class may be issued.

Conversion by decision of the Sub-Fund

In addition, in the case of a Prohibited Person where:

- the holding by such Shareholder in a particular Class has fallen below the minimum investment and holding requirement for that Class;
- a Shareholder does not meet or ceases to meet investor eligibility criteria and conditions set out in the Prospectus and this Sub-Fund Supplement; or
- Shareholders are not otherwise entitled to acquire or possess these Shares,

the Sub-Fund is also entitled to convert the Shares of the Prohibited Person *provided* that after such conversion the Shareholder no longer qualifies as a Prohibited Person.

The procedure set out above will apply accordingly.

Transfers

Any Shares listed on a recognised stock exchange are, as a rule, freely transferable subject to the rules and/or regulations governing such stock exchange. For any other (non-listed) Shares, Shareholders may only transfer part or all their Shares upon prior written consent from the Board of Directors or its delegate, in their sole discretion, which shall be provided within thirty (30) Business Days from its notification. The absence of a favorable response within thirty (30) Business Days shall be considered as a refusal to such transfer.

In the usual course, any proposed transferee in respect of non-listed shares must provide Central Administration with a duly completed subscription document, any required documents to perform all applicable know your client (KYC), terrorist financing and anti- money laundering checks and any additional information or documentation as requested by the Board of Directors in connection with the transfer and by the transferee's broker or financial intermediary, as applicable.

Merger, Split or Transfer of Sub-Funds or Classes

The Board of Directors may decide to allocate the assets of the Sub-Fund or Class to those of another existing Sub-Fund or Class within the Sub-Fund or to another Luxembourg undertaking for collective investment or to another Sub-Fund or Class within such other Luxembourg undertaking for collective investment (the "**New Sub-Fund**") and to re-designate the Shares of the Sub-Fund or Class as Shares of another Sub-Fund or Class (following a split or consolidation, if necessary, and the payment of the amount corresponding to any fractional entitlement to Shareholders). The decision to cause a merger may be made notably in the event that for any reason the value of the net assets of any Sub-Fund or Class has decreased to, or has not reached, an amount determined by the Board of Directors or its delegate to be the minimum level for such Sub-Fund or Class to be operated in an economically efficient manner, or in case of a substantial modification in the political, regulatory, economic or monetary situation relating to such Sub-Fund or Class would have material adverse consequences on the Investments of that Sub-Fund or Class, or as a matter of economic rationalization and in addition to the possibility to terminate such Sub-Fund or Class referred to below.

The Board of Directors may decide to reorganize a Sub-Fund or Class by means of a division into two or more Sub-Fund or Classes.

Termination of a Sub-Fund or a Class

The Board of Directors may decide to liquidate and terminate a Sub-Fund or a Class by a compulsory redemption of all the Shares of the Sub-Fund or Class, notably in the event that for any reason the value of the net assets of any Sub-Fund or Class has decreased to, or has not reached, an amount determined by the Board of Directors or its delegate to be the minimum level for such Sub-Fund or Class to be operated in an economically efficient manner, or in case of a substantial modification in the political, regulatory, economic or monetary situation relating to such Sub-Fund or Class would have material adverse consequences on the Investments of that Sub-Fund or Class, or as a matter of economic rationalization. The compulsory redemption of all the Shares of the Sub-Fund or Class will be performed at their NAV per Share (taking into account actual realization prices of Investments and realization expenses) as calculated on the Valuation Date at which such decision shall take effect. All redeemed Shares shall be cancelled by the Sub-Fund.

The Sub-Fund will serve a written notice to the Shareholders of the Sub-Fund or Class prior to the effective date for the compulsory redemption, which will set forth the reasons for, and the procedure of, the redemption operations.

Any order for subscription and any redemptions shall be suspended as from the date the Shareholders of the Sub-Fund or Class are notified of the termination of the Sub-Fund or Class.

Should the Sub-Fund be voluntarily or compulsorily liquidated, its liquidation will be carried out in accordance with the provisions of Luxembourg law.

The liquidation of the last Sub-Fund shall cause the liquidation of the Sub-Fund in accordance with the procedures laid down in the Articles, the Prospectus and this Sub-Fund Supplement.

Part X : CALCULATION OF NET ASSET VALUE

The Sub-Fund calculates its net asset value ("**Net Asset Value**") as of the close of business on the last calendar day of each calendar month and at such other times as the AIFM shall determine (each, a "**Valuation Date**") typically as of close of business on the last calendar day of each calendar month.

The Sub-Fund's valuation procedures are implemented by the AIFM and the Sub-Fund's Central Administration. Both the AIFM and Central Administration are subject to the oversight of, and report to, the Board of Directors. The AIFM and Central Administration monitor and review the methodologies of the various third-party pricing services that are employed by the Sub-Fund. The AIFM employs valuation techniques for private investments held by the Sub-Fund, which include discounted cash flow methods and market comparables.

The AIFM calculates the Sub-Fund's Net Asset Value each month on the Valuation Date as follows:

- current value of the Sub-Fund's total assets, including the value of all Portfolio Investments held, valued in accordance with the policies and procedures as discussed below; and
- less any liabilities including fund-level debt (excluding Portfolio Investment debt), accrued fees and expenses of the Sub-Fund or distributions to be paid in connection with permitted redemptions.

The Sub-Fund values its Portfolio Investments on at least a monthly basis. The Liquid Portfolio's investments (and any equivalent assets held directly by the Sub-Fund) will be valued in accordance with their market values, although, on rare occasions, the AIFM may employ a fair valuation method if determined by the Investment Manager (of the Sub-Fund, the Master Fund or Underlying Fund, as the case may be) to be appropriate. The Private Portfolio investments (and any equivalent assets held directly by the Sub-Fund) will be valued by the AIFM according to its internal valuation procedures, as the same may be updated from time to time. Intra-quarter month-end values will reflect the latest quarterly Net Asset Value, as adjusted based on the total return that the investment is expected to generate, the impact of foreign exchange FX-rates.

The AIFM will include the fair value of each Class's *pro rata* portion of the Sub-Fund's liabilities as part of the Class's monthly NAV calculation. These liabilities are expected to include any accounts payable, accrued operating expenses, any portfolio-level credit facilities, other borrowings and other liabilities.

Expenses of the Sub-Fund are accrued at least on a monthly basis on the Valuation Date and taken into account for the purpose of determining the Sub-Fund's Net Asset Value. The Sub-Fund level debt will be valued in accordance with IFRS.

The Trail Fee for each applicable Class of Shares will be calculated by multiplying the accrued monthly Trail Fee rate (1/12th of the total annual Trail Fee rate for each applicable Class of Shares) by the NAV of such Class of Shares for that month.

The Net Asset Value per Share (as defined below) shall be rounded down if required.

The Sub-Fund's "**Net Asset Value per Share**" is calculated by taking the Sub-Fund's Net Asset Value divided by the total number of Shares outstanding at the time the determination is made. The Net Asset Value per Share is calculated before taking into consideration any additional Portfolio Investments to be made as of such date and prior to including any reinvestment or any repurchase obligations to be paid in respect of a Withdrawal Date that is as of such date. In the case of any Shares which are listed on a recognised stock exchange, the quoted price of such Shares on such stock exchange may differ from the AIFM's and/or Central Administration's (under the supervision of the Investment Manager) assessment of their prevailing NAV and Central Administration, the

AIFM, the Board of Directors and the Fund shall not be required to take into account (or make adjustments for) such pricing on a stock exchange for the purposes of assessing the NAV of any Sub-Fund and/or Class.

In case of distributing Classes, the value of the net assets attributable to the distributing Shares is reduced by the amount of such distributions.

Any specific information regarding rounding of the NAV will be set out in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

Rapidly changing market conditions or material events may not be immediately reflected in the Sub-Fund's monthly Net Asset Value. The resulting potential disparity in Net Asset Value may inure to the benefit of holders of Shares whose Shares are redeemed or new subscribers for Shares, depending on whether the published Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class is overstated or understated.

Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, in supporting the Central Administration in determining the NAV, the Investment Manager and AIFM may, but are not obligated to, consider material market data and other information (as of the applicable month-end for which NAV is being calculated) that becomes available after the end of the applicable month in valuing the Sub-Fund's assets and liabilities and calculating the Sub-Fund's NAV. The AIFM may, but is not obligated to, suspend the determination of NAV and/or the Sub-Fund's offering and/or redemptions where circumstances so require and provided the suspension is justified having regard to the interests of Shareholders. For the avoidance of doubt, the redemptions program shall only be suspended in exceptional circumstances and not on a systematic basis, as further described under Part IX (*Subscriptions, Redemptions and Other Transactions*).

General

NAV will be expressed in USD, unless otherwise set out in a Sub-Fund's appendix/supplement. To the extent NAV per Share of any Class is denominated in a currency other than USD (such currency, an "**Alternate Currency**"), it will be allocated gains and losses attributable to hedging transactions and the expenses of the hedging program for purposes of subscriptions, redemptions and conversions of Shares.

CSSF Circular 02-77 regarding the protection of investors in case of NAV calculation error and correction of the consequences resulting from non-compliance with the investment rules is applicable.

The AIFM may determine that certain debt and other securities Investments will be valued using different procedures.

Allocation of assets and liabilities to Sub-Funds, respectively Share Classes

Assets and liabilities of the Sub-Fund will be allocated to each Share Class as set out below.

- The proceeds from the issue of Shares of a Share Class, all assets in which such proceeds are invested or reinvested and all income, earnings, profits or assets attributable to or deriving from such assets, as well as all increase or decrease in the value thereof, will be allocated to that Share Class and recorded in its books. The assets allocated to each Share Class will be invested together in accordance with the investment objective, policy, and strategy of the Sub-Fund subject to the specific features and terms of issue of each Share Class of that Sub-Fund, as specified in this Sub-Fund Supplement.
- All liabilities of the Sub-Fund attributable to the assets allocated to a Sub-Fund or Share Class or incurred in connection with the creation, operation or liquidation of a Sub-Fund or Share

Class will be charged to that Sub-Fund or Share Class and, together with any increase or decrease in the value thereof, will be allocated to that Sub-Fund or Share Class and recorded in its books. In particular and without limitation, the costs and any benefit of any Share Class specific feature will be allocated solely to the Share Class to which the specific feature relates.

Any assets or liabilities not attributable to a particular Share Class may be allocated by the Board of Directors in good faith and in a manner which is fair to investors generally and will normally be allocated to all Share Classes *pro rata* to their Net Asset Value.

Subject to the above, the Board of Directors may at any time vary the allocation of assets and liabilities previously allocated to a Share Class.

Part XI : FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE SUB-FUND

No Management Fee – Fund Level

No management fees, fixed or variable, shall be payable to the Investment Manager by the Sub-Fund pursuant to the portfolio management agreement between the AIFM, the Investment Manager and the Sub-Fund (the "**Portfolio Management Agreement**"). However, the Fund reserves the right to pay the Investment Manager a management fee at Sub-Fund level provided it would not result in an increase in the management fees being directly or indirectly born by the Sub-Fund from that described below.

Management Fee – Master Fund and Underlying Fund Levels

Notwithstanding the above, the Investment Manager will be entitled to payment of a management fee which consists of both a fixed and variable element (the "**Management Fee**") payable by the Master Fund and/or Underlying Fund as follows:

In consideration for its services to the Master Fund, the Master Fund Manager will be entitled to payment of a Management Fee payable by the Master Fund.

The fixed element of the Management Fee in respect of each class of units in the Master Fund (the "**Units**") accrues monthly in arrears as of the last Calendar Day of each month at a rate equal to 1/12 of 1.25% of the relevant month end NAV and is payable quarterly in arrears. For this purpose, the NAV used at each month end to calculate the fixed element of the Management Fee shall be calculated prior to the deduction of any trail fee (where applicable) payable at the Master Fund level in respect of the relevant month.

The variable element of the Management Fee (the "**Variable Management Share**") is calculated monthly and payable to the Master Fund Manager annually in arrears in an amount equal to 12.5% of the Sub-Fund Income for the immediately preceding year. The Master Fund looks through the total return swap contracts, where relevant, and counts the underlying reference assets as investments for purposes of calculating the Variable Management Share.

"**Sub-Fund Income**" means (1) certain distributions received by the Master Fund from the Master Fund's Private Portfolio Investments; plus (2) distributions received by the Sub-Fund of net investment income (or loss) from debt, preferred equity investments and traded securities; minus (3) the Master Fund's expenses (excluding the Variable Management Share). The distributions received by the Master Fund from the Master Fund's private Portfolio Investments, including the distributions received by the Master Fund of net investment income (or loss) from debt, preferred equity investments and traded securities, are treated as cash from operations (or income) received by the Master Fund without regard to the tax characteristics (*e.g.*, income vs. return of capital) of the distributions received. The annual payment of the Variable Management Share will reflect all such distributions received by the Master Fund, except returns of invested capital that are not derived from the operations of the issuer based on a review by the Master Fund's portfolio management team of the issuer's financial statements and results from business operations.

Sub-Fund Income does not include any component of capital gains or capital appreciation. The Master Fund Manager is not entitled to any Variable Management Share based on the capital gains or capital appreciation of the Master Fund or its Portfolio Investments.

In respect of each fund or other vehicle managed or advised by Brookfield (including the Underlying Fund) that the Sub-Fund invests in (a "**Brookfield Group Vehicle**"), the calculation of the fixed element of the Management Fee payable by the Master Fund will be adjusted to exclude the proportion of the Master Fund's NAV that is invested in a Brookfield Group Vehicle. Further, Sub-

Fund Income that is attributable to a Brookfield Group Vehicle will be excluded from the calculation of the Variable Management Share.

The Master Fund's investment in the Underlying Fund will be subject to equivalent fixed and variable management fees charged at the Underlying Fund level, albeit based on the Underlying Fund net asset value or fund income (as applicable) which may differ from the NAV and Sub-Fund Income (as applicable) of the Master Fund for the equivalent period. For the avoidance of doubt, the Master Fund may charge the Management Fee on the proportion of the Master Fund's NAV that is invested otherwise than in a Brookfield Group Vehicle.

The Master Fund Manager and/or Underlying Fund Manager may elect to receive the Management Fee in cash or Units (in the case of the Master Fund), or Underlying Fund Shares (in the case of the Underlying Fund). If the Management Fee is paid in Units or Underlying Fund Shares, such Units or Underlying Fund Shares may be redeemed at the Master Fund Manager's and/or Underlying Fund Manager's request and will not be subject to any of the equivalent redemption limitations to those set forth in Part IX (*Subscriptions, Redemptions and Other Transactions*). The Master Fund Manager may direct that all or part of the Management Fee be paid to a third party (including one or more distributors, as a trail fee) in its sole and absolute discretion.

Administrative Fee and AIFM Fee

No fee for administrative services is payable to the Investment Manager by the Sub-Fund. However, the Investment Manager is paid an administrative fee at the Master Fund level as follows:

The Master Fund Manager provides administrative services reasonably necessary for the Underlying Fund's operations. As compensation for its administrative services and the related expenses the Master Fund Manager bears in respect of the Underlying Fund, the Master Fund Manager and/or its affiliates are contractually entitled to an administrative fee payable by the Underlying Fund (the "**Administrative Fee**"), computed monthly and payable quarterly, at an annual rate of 0.03% of the Underlying Fund's Managed Assets (as defined below). The Master Fund Manager may utilize and pay the fees of a third-party sub-administrator out of its Administrative Fee.

The "**Managed Assets**" are the Underlying Fund's monthly net asset value.

To the extent that less than 70% of the Master Fund's net asset value is invested in an Underlying Fund, the Master Fund Manager reserves the right to charge an equivalent fee to the Master Fund albeit in circumstances that would not result in double-counting of such fees at the Master Fund and Underlying Fund level (in which case, either (i) such Underlying Fund fees shall be fully waived, rebated or set-off to the Master Fund; or (ii) the fees payable by the Sub-Fund shall be reduced by an equivalent amount to the fees payable by the Master Fund in respect of its investment in the Underlying Fund).

As regards the Sub-Fund, the AIFM shall be paid the fees set out in Appendix 2 (*Rates for Affiliated Services*) of this Sub-Fund Supplement in respect of the services provided by it to the Sub-Fund. The AIFM may be paid an equivalent fee by the Master Fund or BII Evergreen. For the avoidance of doubt, details of the fees paid to the AIFM by the Master Fund are also contained in Appendix 2.

Trail Fee

Class B, B1, B2 and Class D, D1, D2 Shares will be subject to an annual Trail Fee of 0.85% of NAV, calculated monthly (the "**Trail Fee**"). The Trail Fee will be calculated each month by multiplying the accrued monthly Trail Fee rate (1/12th of 0.85%) by the NAV of such Class of Shares for that month. The Trail Fee will be paid to parties that introduce investors in that Class to the Sub-Fund. For the avoidance of doubt, the Trail Fees will be payable by the Sub-Fund and Shareholders will not be billed separately for payment of the fees. The VAT treatment of the Trail Fee will depend on the

nature of the services provided but, to the extent that a VAT exemption does not apply, the amounts of the Trail Fee are inclusive of VAT.

The Trail Fee is allocated to a Shareholder's representative at the financial intermediary through which such Shareholder was placed in the Sub-Fund. Any amounts allocated in accordance with the foregoing sentence will compensate such representative for reporting, administrative and other services provided to a Shareholder by such representative. The receipt of the Trail Fee by a Shareholder's representative will result in a conflict of interest.

The Trail Fee may be payable by the Sub-Fund, the Master Fund or the Underlying Fund but shall be structured at all times in such a way that would not result in double-counting of such fee at the Sub-Fund, Master Fund and/or Underlying Fund level (in which case, either (i) such fees shall be fully waived, rebated or set-off to the Sub-Fund; or (ii) the fees payable by the Sub-Fund and/or Master Fund shall be reduced by an equivalent amount to the fees payable by the Sub-Fund and/or Master Fund in respect of its investment in the Underlying Fund).

Subscription Fees

Certain financial intermediaries through which a Shareholder was placed in the Sub-Fund may charge such Shareholder upfront selling commissions, placement fees, subscription fees or similar fees ("**Subscription Fees**") on Shares sold in the offering that are paid by the Shareholder outside of its investment in the Sub-Fund and not reflected in the Sub-Fund's NAV. In certain circumstances the Subscription Fees may be paid to Brookfield and reallocated, in whole or in part, to the financial intermediary that placed the Shareholder into the Sub-Fund. No Subscription Fees will be paid with respect to reinvestments of distributions for Accumulation Class Shares.

Redemption Fees

Redemptions prior to the one-year anniversary of the issuance of a Share or Shares will be subject to the Redemption Fee. The Sub-Fund may, in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors or its delegate, waive or reduce the Redemption Fee applicable to any one or more redemptions.

Expenses

Expenses of the Sub-Fund are accrued at least on a monthly basis on the Valuation Date and taken into account for the purpose of determining the Sub-Fund's Net Asset Value. The Sub-Fund level debt will be valued in accordance with IFRS.

Organizational Expenses

The Sub-Fund bears all legal, organizational and offering expenses of the Sub-Fund and the Master Fund, including the out-of-pocket expenses (together with any applicable VAT) of the Board of Directors, the AIFM, the Investment Manager and their respective affiliates and agents incurred in the formation, marketing (including costs incurred in registration for marketing in any jurisdiction) and offering of the Sub-Fund (including costs incurred in the negotiation, execution and delivery of the Documents, and in connection with any electronic subscription platform) and any legal, accounting and other third-party service provider fees and expenses, expenses incurred in connection with webcasts, video conferencing or similar technology services utilized in connection with marketing the Shares of the Sub-Fund, travel expenses, printing, filing fees and similar fees and expenses related thereto, including any such fees and expenses arising from issues, structures or negotiations that do not solely relate to the Sub-Fund and may also relate to one or more other Brookfield Funds, a portion of which Brookfield has allocated to the Sub-Fund in its discretion (collectively, "**Organizational Expenses**").

Organizational Expenses may, at the Sub-Fund's sole discretion, be amortized over a multi-year period.

Operating Expenses

The Sub-Fund, the Master Fund and the Underlying Fund will each (directly or indirectly) bear its *pro rata* share of all costs and expenses (together with any applicable VAT) of its operations transactions as well as any fees and expenses relating to the Portfolio Investments (whether or not consummated) ("**Operating Expenses**"), including the following: fees and expenses in connection with any advisory board or committee; legal, accounting, bookkeeping, tax compliance, auditing, consulting and other professional expenses, including those of valuation firms; administration fees and other expenses charged by or relating to the services of third-party providers of administration services; fees payable to sub-advisors (if the Board of Directors, Management Company or the Underlying Fund Manager (as applicable) determines that such an arrangement represents the best way to access a particular investment opportunity or a difficult-to-access market or otherwise makes available specialized investment expertise to the Sub-Fund, Master Fund or Underlying Fund), including, without limitation, through investments in pooled investment vehicles; third-party and out-of-pocket research and market data expenses; fees and expenses of any one or more affiliate of the Investment Manager for administration services, back-office support or similar services necessary or advisable in light of tax, regulatory or similar requirements (including, without limitation, personnel and office space in one or more jurisdictions outside Luxembourg or the U.S.); fees, including, without limitation, news, quotation, statistics and pricing services, any subscription or other expenses related to any indices utilized for benchmarking purposes, hardware, software, data bases and other technical and telecommunications services and equipment used in the investment management and order management processes; and consulting fees and travel expenses in connection with investigating and monitoring potential and existing investments; interest and fees (including, without limitation, commitment, structuring and underwriting fees) on margin loans, committed loan facilities, total return swaps and other indebtedness; bank service, custodial and similar fees; fees and expenses (including travel expenses) related to the analysis, purchase or sale of securities, whether or not the investments are consummated; expenses related to the purchase, monitoring, sale, settlement, custody or transfer of Sub-Fund assets (directly or through trading affiliate); expenses associated with activist investment activities (including public relations, tender offer and proxy solicitation expenses); third-party and out-of-pocket fees and expenses relating to systems and software used in connection with the operation of the Sub-Fund and investment related activities (including, without limitation, any accounting, risk management, trading and administrator-like functions that the Investment Manager performs in-house); expenses relating to the Part II Reorganization and/or any reorganization (as applicable); entity-level taxes and registration fees; fees and expenses relating to the offer and sale of Shares and related filing and legal fees; fees and expenses of any distribution platform or network; costs and expenses incurred in connection with the dissolution, winding up or termination of the Sub-Fund, Master Fund or Underlying Fund; costs and expenses incurred in connection with any meeting of the Shareholders relating to the Sub-Fund and/or investors in the Master Fund or Underlying Fund; expenses related to the Sub-Fund's, Master Fund's or Underlying Fund's indemnification obligations (as detailed in sub-section "*Exculpation and Indemnification*" of Section XV (*Regulatory and Tax Considerations*) of this Prospectus); and such other ordinary and extraordinary expenses associated with the operation of the Sub-Fund, Master Fund or Underlying Fund and their investment activities as the Sub-Fund may deem necessary or proper to incur.

The Sub-Fund, the Master Fund and the Underlying Fund will bear all overhead costs (together with any applicable VAT) associated with its respective administration including, the Sub-Fund's, Master Fund's or Underlying Fund's allocable portion of compensation, overhead (including rent, office equipment and utilities) and other expenses incurred by Central Administration in performing its duties. To the extent that expenses to be borne by the Sub-Fund are paid by the Investment Manager or its affiliate, the Sub-Fund will reimburse the Investment Manager or its affiliate for such expenses.

The Sub-Fund also may specially allocate the expenses described herein in any other manner if the Board of Directors or its delegate reasonably determines, in its sole discretion, that it is equitable to do so.

During the Sub-Fund Ramp-Up Period, and thereafter, the Sub-Fund may, in its sole discretion, (a) elect to limit the annual amount of all or certain types of Operating Expenses to be borne by the Sub-Fund; (b) charge to the Investment Manager or any of its affiliate(s) the amount of any Operating Expenses in excess of such limit; and (c) alter or eliminate such limit at any time in the future, in each case as described in this Sub-Fund Supplement.

The Investment Manager may use "soft" or commission dollars to pay for certain expenses that would otherwise be paid by the Sub-Fund. If the Investment Manager uses soft dollars generated by the Sub-Fund to pay certain expenses which would otherwise be payable by the Sub-Fund, the Investment Manager intends that such payments will fall within the parameters of Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "**Exchange Act**").

Part XII : DISTRIBUTIONS

The Sub-Fund expects to make distributions of available investment proceeds to holders of Class C, C1, C2 and Class D, D1, D2 Shares on a monthly basis.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Sub-Fund cannot guarantee that it will make such distributions, and any distributions will be made at the discretion of the Board of Directors or its delegates and shall not result in the capital of the Sub-Fund falling below the minimum capital amount required by the 2010 Law.

There is no assurance the Sub-Fund will pay distributions in any particular amount, if at all. Any declaration of distributions to Shareholders will be made in accordance with applicable law.

The Sub-Fund reinvests available investment proceeds relating to Class A and Class B Shares (and, if necessary, may issue new Shares to each Class A and Class B Shareholder to reflect the value of such reinvested proceeds).

Part XIII : REGULATORY AND TAX CONSIDERATIONS

Alternative Investment Fund Managers' Directive

Leverage

For the purposes of the AIFM Rules and the UK Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulation 2013/1773 (the "**UK AIFM Regulation**"), the Sub-Fund may only incur indebtedness of up to a maximum of:

1. 300% of its Net Asset Value (calculated using the Gross Method of calculation); or
2. 250% of its Net Asset Value (calculated using the commitment method of calculation),
(being the "**Leverage Limit**").

The AIFM Rules and the UK AIFM Regulation use two distinct definitions of leverage, both of which are calculated on a regular basis by the AIFM:

1. Under the "**Gross Method**" (as defined by the AIFM Rules and the UK AIFM Regulation), the leverage is calculated as the ratio between the Sub-Fund's investment exposure (calculated by adding the absolute values of all portfolio positions, including the sum of notionals of the derivative instruments used but excluding cash and cash equivalents) and the Net Asset Value; and
2. Alternatively, the "**commitment method**" (as defined by the AIFM Rules) takes into account netting and hedging arrangements and is defined as the ratio between the Sub-Fund's net investment exposure (not excluding cash and cash equivalents) and the Net Asset Value.

Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation

The AIFM makes the following disclosures (together with the disclosures at Appendix 4) in accordance with Article 6(1), Article 7(2) and Article 8(1) of the Sustainable Risk Finance Disclosure Regulation (2019/2088) (the "**SFDR**").

In relation to this sub-section "*Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation*", sub-section "*Sustainable Financing Transactions Regulation*" below, and Appendix 3 (*SFDR Disclosures*) and Appendix 4 (*SFTR Disclosures*) as referenced therein, references to "the Sub-Fund" shall be references also to the Master Fund and Underlying Fund which have equivalent arrangements.

Integration of Sustainability Risks

Sustainability risk means an environmental, social or governance event or condition that, if it occurs, could cause an actual or a potential material negative impact on the value of the investment ("**Sustainability Risk**").

Before any investment decisions are made on behalf of the Sub-Fund, Brookfield conducts a risk-based review to identify the material risks associated with the proposed Investment. These risks form part of the overall analysis and underwriting of the Investment. Brookfield assesses the identified risks alongside other relevant material factors. Following its assessment, Brookfield makes investment decisions having regard to the Sub-Fund's investment policy and objectives, taking into account Sustainability Risks. More detail on the integration of ESG considerations into the investment management process can be found in Section IV (*Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Management*) of the Prospectus.

The specific investment decision-making on behalf of the Sub-Fund as outlined above is part of Brookfield's wider policies and procedures on the integration of Sustainability Risks in its decision-making process.

The Sub-Fund is exposed to potential Sustainability Risk as reflected in Part XIV (*Risk Factors and Other Considerations*) of this Sub-Fund Supplement. These may be relevant to the Sub-Fund having regard to the types of Investments that may be made in accordance with the Sub-Fund's investment policy and objectives.

Article 8 Disclosure Regulation

For the purposes of article 8(1) of the SFDR, the AIFM considers that the Sub-Fund is a financial product which promotes, among other characteristics, environmental and/or social characteristics. Accordingly, the AIFM has prepared pre-contractual disclosures in accordance with templates published in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1288, which can be found in Appendix 3 to this Sub-Fund Supplement.

Transparency of adverse sustainability impacts

For the purposes of the SFDR, Brookfield does not consider the adverse impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors (the "**Principal Adverse Impacts Regime**"). Nevertheless, at Brookfield, sound ESG practices are integral to building resilient business and creating long-term value for our investors and other stakeholders. Brookfield integrates ESG considerations throughout its investment management process and its investment program is driven by four Guiding ESG Principles which are to mitigate the impact of our operations on the environment; to ensure the well-being and safety of employees; to uphold strong governance practices; and to be good corporate citizens. Additionally, Brookfield is also a signatory/supporter of a number of ESG related reporting frameworks including the UN Principles for Responsible Investment, Sustainability Accounting Standards Board standards and the Taskforce for Climate Related Financial Disclosures. Under the SFDR, the Principal Adverse Impacts Regime operates in a specific manner and would require the AIFM, as a multi-strategy manager with investments across many different asset classes, liquidity profiles and durations, to aggregate data across a diverse range of funds and possibly other financial products. There is currently no certainty that the AIFM could gather, or measure, all such data that it would be obliged to gather under the Principal Adverse Impacts Regime. This is in part because underlying investments are not widely obliged to, and overwhelmingly, do not currently, report by reference to the same data. This data gap is not expected to change in the short to medium term. Even if the AIFM were to be able to gather such data, there is no certainty (a) that it could do so systematically, consistently and at a reasonable cost to investors across all of its strategies; or (b) that such data would provide meaningful insight given that the AIFM's funds and investment products have different investor constituencies. This position will, however, be kept under review in the light of emerging market practice and data availability.

Taxonomy Regulation

The EU Taxonomy Regulation (2020/852) (the "**Taxonomy Regulation**"), in summary, is a detailed law setting out technical criteria for which types of economic activity can be regarded as environmentally sustainable and mandates disclosure whether the investments underlying this Fund take into account specific EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. All investment decisions made in respect of the Sub-Fund will be taken in accordance with the Sub-Fund's investment policy and investment objectives. The Sub-Fund does not commit to making a minimum proportion of investments which qualify as environmentally sustainable under Article 3 of the Taxonomy Regulation (and therefore the minimum proportion of the Sub-Fund's underlying investments in environmentally sustainable economic activities will be zero per cent). If the Sub-Fund does make an investment that qualifies as "environmentally sustainable" for these purposes, it may seek to contribute to one or more of the environmental objectives defined in the Taxonomy

Regulation: (i.e., climate change mitigation, climate change adaptation, sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources, transition to a circular economy, pollution prevention and control, or protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystems). The AIFM will periodically disclose to investors a description of how and to what extent investments underlying the Sub-Fund are in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable as required under the relevant rules and based on the data reasonably available to the Investment Manager. Even where an investment is eligible for consideration under the Taxonomy Regulation, scalable and systematic data on portfolio investments required to accurately report Taxonomy Regulation alignment will not always be available. This is particularly where such investments are not themselves required to report Taxonomy Regulation alignment. Therefore, confirming alignment may not be immediately possible and so approaches may need to develop and evolve over time. The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The Taxonomy Regulation is complex and there remains uncertainty as to how it should be applied in practice.

Sustainable Financing Transactions Regulation

The AIFM makes the disclosures at Appendix 4 in accordance with the EU Securities Financing Transaction Regulation (Regulation (EU) No. 2015/2365) (the "SFTR").

Taxation of the Sub-Fund and the Master Fund

The Sub-Fund and the Master Fund are exempt from corporate income tax (subject to the reverse hybrid rules, for the Master Fund), municipal business tax and net wealth tax. The Sub-Fund and the Master Fund are, however, subject to an annual subscription tax (*taxe d'abonnement*) of 0.05% per annum for the Sub-Fund and 0.01% per annum for the Master Fund (which would become a rate of 0.05% per annum if and when Master Fund is converted from a RAIF into a fund governed by Part II of the law of 17 December 2010 on undertakings of collective investment), in each case applied to the total net assets. The subscription tax is calculated and payable at the end of each quarter at a quarter of the annual rate. Certain exemptions or reductions exist; in particular, the portion of net assets represented by shares, units or any other form of interest held in other undertakings of collective investment subject to subscription tax (which is expected to be the case in connection with the Sub-Fund's investment in the Master Fund, as the latter is also subject to subscription tax). Other exemptions may apply.

The Master Fund would be caught by the reverse hybrid rules if at least 50% of interests, voting rights or rights to profits in the Master Fund are held by non-resident associated investors resident in jurisdictions that treat the Master Fund as a separate taxpayer (i.e., as a "tax opaque" entity) and such investors are not taxed on their share of the Partnership's profits in their jurisdiction of tax residence because of the (reverse) hybrid mismatch (as opposed to other reasons, such as having a tax exempt status). If the Master Fund is caught by the reverse hybrid rules, it may become subject to Luxembourg corporate income tax (*impôt sur le revenu des collectivités*) on the portion of its income that is not taxed in Luxembourg or under the laws of any other jurisdiction. The reverse hybrid rules apply as from tax year 2022. Certain notions relevant to assess whether the criteria for the reverse hybrid rules apply and whether certain exemptions or exceptions are available remain unclearly defined, pending any administrative guidance or practice. In particular, it remains uncertain whether the special tax regime applicable to a RAIF or a UCI governed by Part II of the law of 17 December 2010 sets aside any potential tax liability under the reverse hybrid rules. To the extent the Master Fund is held for more than 50% by the Sub-Fund or other sub-funds of the Fund, the Master Fund should not be exposed to the reverse hybrid rules, as the Sub-Fund and other sub-funds of the Fund would treat the Master Fund as a tax transparent entity for Luxembourg tax purposes.

Taxable distributions, including dividends and interest, if any, paid to the Master Fund from underlying Investments (including from the Underlying Fund) may be subject to taxes and/or withholding taxes in the countries concerned at varying rates, such (taxes and/or withholding) taxes usually not being recoverable. Shareholders with exposure to such underlying Investments indirectly through the Master Fund will bear economically their pro rata share of any taxes (including by the Underlying Fund), and distributions to the Sub-Fund and ultimately to the Shareholder in respect of such Investments will be net of such taxes. However, the Management Fee and the Variable Management Share payable at the Underlying Fund level and/or the Master Fund level will not be reduced in respect of taxes borne indirectly by the Sub-Fund (and such taxes will be deemed paid by the Shareholders).

In addition, taxable distributions paid to the Underlying Fund from underlying Investments may also be subject to taxes and/or withholding taxes in the countries concerned at varying rates, such taxes and/or withholding taxes usually not being recoverable.

The Sub-Fund might not be entitled to claim benefits under a treaty for the avoidance of double taxation entered into between Luxembourg and other jurisdictions.

Taxation – United Kingdom Residents

This section of the Prospectus, which summarises certain UK tax consequences for UK tax residents of investing in the Sub-Fund, is based upon the law and published practice in force as at the date of this Prospectus, both of which may change (potentially with retrospective effect).

The summary provides general guidance only and is not intended to provide a comprehensive guide to the taxation of the Sub-Fund or any of its Investors. There may be other tax consequences of an investment in the Sub-Fund and all prospective investors, in particular those who are in any doubt about their tax position, or who are resident or otherwise subject to taxation in a jurisdiction outside the UK, should consult their own professional advisors on the potential tax consequences of subscribing for, purchasing, holding or disposing of an interest under the laws of their country and/or state of citizenship, domicile or residence. The tax treatment applicable to each prospective investor will depend on their particular circumstances and may differ from the summary below. Nothing in this Prospectus should be taken as providing personal tax advice and neither the Sub-Fund, the AIFM, the Investment Manager nor any of their officers, members, directors, employees, agents or advisors can take any responsibility in this regard.

The following paragraphs summarise certain limited UK tax consequences for UK Investors in the Sub-Fund. The following summary does not address:

- investors who hold their interest in the Sub-Fund in connection with a trade, profession or vocation;
- investors who have (or are deemed to have) acquired their interest in the Sub-Fund in connection with an office or employment;
- investors who hold their Shares as part of a hedging transaction;
- investors subject to special tax rules such as insurance companies, investment trusts, charities, dealers in securities, registered pension schemes, broker-dealers or persons connected with the Sub-Fund;
- investors who hold their interest in the Sub-Fund otherwise than as absolute beneficial owners, such as trustees; or
- inheritance tax.

Unless expressly stated, it is assumed that UK taxpaying individual investors will be resident and domiciled solely in the UK.

The Sub-Fund

The Board of Directors intends to operate the Sub-Fund so that it should not be resident in the UK for UK tax purposes. Accordingly, and provided that the Sub-Fund does not carry on a trade in the UK (whether or not through a branch, agency or permanent establishment situated therein), the Sub-Fund will not be subject to UK income tax or corporation tax other than on any UK source income and on certain disposals of UK real estate or shares in entities which derive at least 75% of their value from UK real estate (in which case special rules apply).

UK Offshore Fund Rules

If a non-UK entity meets the definition of an "offshore fund" for the purpose of UK taxation, then in order for a UK Shareholder to be taxed under the regime for tax on chargeable gains (rather than on an income basis as an "offshore income gain") on a disposal of interests in that entity, the entity must apply to HM Revenue & Customs to be treated as a reporting fund and maintain reporting fund status throughout the period in which the UK Shareholder holds the interests. For the purposes of the relevant UK tax rules interests in different sub-funds of a single compartmentalized company are treated as separate offshore funds.

The Board of Directors has been advised that Brookfield Oaktree Wealth Solutions Alternative Funds S.A. SICAV-UCI Part II – Brookfield Infrastructure Income Fund will be an offshore fund for the purposes of UK taxation such that legislation contained in Part 8 of the Taxation (International and Other Provisions) Act 2010 and associated regulations will apply. The following paragraphs assume that this will be the case.

The Offshore Funds (Tax) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009/3001) provide that if an investor resident in the UK for taxation purposes holds an interest in an offshore fund and that offshore fund is a "non-reporting fund", any gain accruing to that investor upon the sale or other disposal of that interest will be charged to UK tax as income and not as a capital gain. Alternatively, where an investor resident in the UK holds an interest in an offshore fund that has been a "reporting fund" for all reporting periods for which they hold their interest, any gain accruing upon sale or other disposal of the interest will be subject to tax as a capital gain rather than income; with relief for "excess reported income" whether paid to the investor or not —i.e. including any accumulated or reinvested profits which have already been subject to UK income tax or corporation tax on income. It should be noted that a "disposal" for UK tax purposes would generally include a switching of interest between Sub-Funds within the Fund and might in some circumstances also include a switching of interests between Classes of Shares in the same Sub-Fund of the Fund.

The Directors have obtained from HM Revenue & Customs recognition of certain Classes of Shares as a reporting fund, and may apply for recognition of other Classes in the future. Details of the Classes that have reporting fund status, and the date from which such status applies, may be found on the website of HM Revenue & Customs at:

<http://www.gov.uk/government/publications/offshore-funds-list-of-reporting-funds>.

As of the date of this Prospectus the Directors have obtained from HM Revenue & Customs recognition of the A, B, C and D Classes of Shares in Brookfield Oaktree Wealth Solutions Alternative Funds S.A. SICAV-UCI Part II – Brookfield Infrastructure Income Fund as reporting funds.

A consequence of a Class of Shares having reporting fund status is that Shareholders who are treated as holding interests in that Class are potentially subject to UK taxation on income received by the reporting fund in a reporting period as though it had been distributed to them by the reporting fund

even if such income is not so distributed to such Shareholders. UK Shareholders of Classes of Shares that are reporting funds will be provided with a report at the end of each reporting period detailing their share of reported income which Shareholders will be required to include in their UK tax return.

There can be no guarantee that reporting fund status will be obtained and/or maintained for any Class. Where any such application is unsuccessful and/or such status is subsequently withdrawn, any gains arising to Shareholders resident in the UK on a sale, redemption or other disposal of such Shares of the relevant Class (including a deemed disposal on death) would be taxed as offshore income gains rather than capital gains.

Bond fund rules

Under Chapter 3 of Part 6 of the Corporation Tax Act 2009, interests of UK companies in offshore funds may be deemed to constitute a loan relationship; with the consequence that all profits and losses on such relevant interests are chargeable to UK corporation tax in accordance with a fair value basis of accounting. These provisions apply where the market value of relevant underlying interest-bearing securities and other qualifying investments of the offshore fund (broadly investments which yield a return directly or indirectly in the form of interest) are at any time more than 60% of the value of all the investments of the offshore fund (a "bond fund"). It is not currently expected that the Fund or any Sub-Fund will invest, at any time, more than 60% of its assets in interest-bearing (or economically similar) assets, though no guarantee is given in this respect.

For UK individual Investors with an interest in a bond fund, any dividends received (and any reportable income in excess of actual dividends paid) would be treated as a payment of interest to such Investor (with the relevant income tax rates applying).

Dividend Income

UK resident individual Investors will generally be subject to UK income tax on any dividends or other income distributions from the Sub-Fund.

A corporate Investor who is tax resident in the UK, or who carries on a trade in the UK through a permanent establishment in connection with which its Shares are held, will be subject to UK corporation tax on any dividend or other income distributions from the Sub-Fund unless such distribution can be treated as an exempt distribution. This is dependent upon the satisfaction of certain conditions set out in Part 9A of the Corporation Tax Act 2009. There is no guarantee that such conditions will be satisfied and it will be necessary for Investors to consider their application in respect of every distribution received.

Stamp Duty and Stamp Duty Reserve Tax ("SDRT")

The following comments are intended as a guide to the general stamp duty and SDRT position and do not relate to persons such as market makers, brokers, dealers or intermediaries or where the Shares are issued to a depositary, or clearing system, or nominees or agents.

No UK stamp duty or SDRT will arise on the issue of Shares. No UK stamp duty will be payable on a transfer of Shares provided that all instruments effecting or evidencing the transfer (or all matters or things done in relation to the transfer) are not executed in the UK and no matters or actions relating to the transfer are performed in the UK.

Provided that the Shares are not registered in any register kept in the UK by or on behalf of the Sub-Fund and that the Shares are not paired with shares issued by a company incorporated in the UK, any agreement to transfer the Shares will not be subject to UK SDRT.

Transfer of assets abroad rules

The attention of individuals resident in the UK for taxation purposes is drawn to Chapter 2, Part 13 of the Income Tax Act 2007 (the "transfer of assets abroad" rules). The transfer of assets abroad rules provide that, in certain circumstances, a UK resident individual may be liable to UK income tax in respect of the income of a non-UK resident person (including companies) if the UK resident can enjoy or benefit from that income. Investors should consult their own tax advisors in order to determine whether any exemption might apply and should set out the details of any exemption relied upon in their personal tax returns.

Controlled foreign company rules

The UK "controlled foreign company" provisions subject UK resident companies to tax on the profits of companies not so resident in the UK in which they have certain interests, and which are controlled by UK persons, subject to certain "gateway" provisions and exemptions. UK corporate Investors are advised to consult their own professional tax advisers as to the implications of these provisions.

FATCA

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("**FATCA**") was enacted into U.S. law in March 2010. FATCA aims at reducing tax evasion by U.S. citizens and requires certain "foreign financial institutions," as defined under FATCA, outside the US ("**FFIs**") to provide information about financial accounts held, directly or indirectly, by specified U.S. persons to the U.S. Internal Revenue Service (the "**IRS**") on an annual basis. A 30% withholding tax and/or penalties are imposed on certain U.S. sourced income of any FFI that fails to comply with this requirement (the "**FATCA Withholding**"). To implement FATCA in Luxembourg, Luxembourg entered into a so-called Model 1 Intergovernmental Agreement (the "**Luxembourg IGA**") with the United States, and a Prospectus of understanding in respect thereof, on 28 March 2014. The Luxembourg IGA was implemented in Luxembourg domestic law by the law of 24 July 2015 (the "**Luxembourg FATCA Law**"). Luxembourg FFIs that comply with the requirements of the Luxembourg IGA will not be subject to FATCA Withholding. Under the Luxembourg IGA, Luxembourg FFIs are required to perform certain necessary due diligence and monitoring of investors and to report to the Luxembourg tax authorities on an annual basis information about financial accounts held by (a) specified U.S. investors, (b) certain U.S. controlled entity investors and (c) non-U.S. financial institution investors that do not comply with FATCA. Under the Luxembourg IGA, such information will subsequently be remitted by the Luxembourg tax authorities to the IRS. No assurance can be given that the Sub-Fund and the Master Fund will be able to comply with the requirements under FATCA and the Luxembourg IGA and, in the event that they are not able to do so, the Sub-Fund and the Master Fund could be exposed to fines which may reduce the amounts available to it to make payments to its Shareholders. Shareholders are required to provide information to the Sub-Fund (and indirectly to the Master Fund) for them to comply with its reporting obligations under the Luxembourg IGA. To ensure compliance with the Luxembourg IGA and the Luxembourg FATCA Law in accordance with the foregoing, the Sub-Fund (and the Master Fund) may:

- request information or documentation, including self-certification forms, a global intermediary identification number, (if applicable), or any other valid evidence of an investor's FATCA registration with the IRS or a corresponding exemption, in order to ascertain such investor's FATCA status;
- report information concerning a Shareholder and his account holding in the Sub-Fund to the Luxembourg tax authorities if such account is deemed a U.S. reportable account under the Luxembourg IGA; and
- report information to the Luxembourg tax authorities concerning payments to account holders with the FATCA status of non-participating foreign financial institution.

Shareholders should contact their own tax advisers regarding the application of FATCA and the Luxembourg IGA to their particular circumstances and their investment in the Sub-Fund.

Common Reporting Standard

The OECD has developed a global standard for the automatic exchange of financial information between tax authorities (the “**CRS**”). Luxembourg is a signatory jurisdiction to the CRS and exchanges information with tax authorities of other signatory jurisdictions accordingly. The CRS has been implemented in Luxembourg via the law dated December 18, 2015 concerning the automatic exchange of information on financial accounts and tax matters and implementing the EU Directive 2014/107/EU (the “**CRS Law**”). The CRS-related regulations may impose obligations on the Sub-Fund (and/or the Master Fund) and Shareholders if the Sub-Fund (and/or the Master Fund) is considered a Reporting Financial Institution (e.g. an Investment Entity) under the CRS, so that the latter could be required to conduct due diligence and obtain (among other things) confirmation of the tax residency, tax identification number and CRS classification of Shareholders in order to fulfill its own legal obligations. Further, the Sub-Fund (and/or the Master Fund) may be required to share such information with the Luxembourg tax authorities, which will remit such information to the competent foreign tax authorities. No assurance can be given that the Sub-Fund (and/or the Master Fund and/or the Underlying Fund) will be able to comply with the CRS Law and, in the event that the Sub-Fund (and/or the Master Fund) is not able to do so, it could be exposed to fines which may reduce the amounts available to it to make payments to the Shareholders. Shareholders will be required to provide certain information to the Sub-Fund (and indirectly to the Master Fund) for it to comply with the reporting obligations under the CRS Law. To ensure compliance with the CRS Law in accordance with the foregoing, the Sub-Fund (and/or the Master Fund) may:

- request information or documentation, including self-certification forms, a tax identification number (if applicable) or any other relevant information in order to ascertain a Shareholder’s status; and
- report information concerning a Shareholder and its account holding in the Sub-Fund to the Luxembourg tax authorities if such Shareholder is a reportable accountholder under the CRS Law.

Shareholders should contact their own tax advisers regarding the application of the CRS Law to their particular circumstances and their investment in the Sub-Fund.

Part XIV : RISK FACTORS AND OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

The following risk factors do not purport to be a complete list or explanation of all risks involved in an investment in the Sub-Fund. Additionally, each of the risk factors listed below, on its own, could have a material adverse effect on the Sub-Fund or the value of an investment in the Sub-Fund. Prospective investors should not construe the performance of earlier investments by predecessor funds to the Sub-Fund, other Brookfield Funds, the Related-Party Investor (defined below), any other Brookfield proprietary accounts and related parties, as applicable, (each, a "**Brookfield Account**" and collectively, the "**Brookfield Accounts**"), the Investment Manager or Brookfield as providing any assurances regarding the future performance of the Sub-Fund. There can be no assurance that the Sub-Fund will meet its investment objectives or that a Shareholder will receive a return of its capital. As such, a Shareholder should have the ability to sustain the loss of its entire investment in the Sub-Fund. Prospective investors must rely on their own examination of, and their own ability to evaluate, the nature of an investment in the Shares, including all of the risks involved in making such an investment. Prospective investors should consult their own legal, tax, investment and accounting advisors in connection with evaluating the purchase of Shares.

As used in this Part XIV (*Risk Factors and Other Considerations*), and in particular the sub-section entitled "*Risks Associated with the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Investments*", references to a "Portfolio Investment" or "Portfolio Investments" and/or investments made by the Sub-Fund and Master Fund shall be deemed to include both the investments made directly by the Master Fund as well as indirect investments made by the Underlying Fund. Similarly, and unless the context requires otherwise (i) references to the actions and considerations of the Investment Manager are references also to the actions and considerations of the Master Fund Manager (in relation to the Master Fund) and/or the Underlying Fund Manager (in relation to the Underlying Fund), as relevant; and (ii) references to the "Management Fees" are references to such fees as payable to the Master Fund Manager and/or Underlying Fund Manager at their respective levels and shall not imply the Sub-Fund will pay any such management fees to its Investment Manager.

Capitalized terms used but not defined in this Part XIV (*Risk Factors and Other Considerations*) have the meanings given to such terms elsewhere in this Sub-Fund Supplement.

General

No Assurance of Investment Return. The Sub-Fund cannot provide assurance that it will be able to successfully implement the Sub-Fund's investment strategy, or that Portfolio Investments will generate expected returns. Moreover, and notwithstanding the intended redemption and distribution frequencies set forth in this Sub-Fund Supplement, the Sub-Fund cannot provide assurance that any Shareholder will receive a return of its capital or any distribution from the Sub-Fund or be able to withdraw from the Sub-Fund within a specific period of time. **Past performance of investment entities associated with Brookfield, the Sub-Fund, the AIFM, the Investment Manager or such parties' investment professionals is not necessarily indicative of future results or performance and there can be no assurance that the Sub-Fund will achieve comparable results. Accordingly, investors should draw no conclusions from the performance of any other investments of Brookfield, the Sub-Fund, the AIFM or the Investment Manager and should not expect to achieve similar results.** An investment in the Sub-Fund involves a risk of partial or total loss of capital and should only be considered by potential investors with high tolerance for risk.

Forward Looking Statements. Statements contained in the Prospectus and this Sub-Fund Supplement that are not historical facts, including statements regarding trends, market conditions and the expertise or experience of Brookfield, or the investment team, are based on current expectations, estimates, projections, opinions, and/or beliefs of Brookfield. Such statements are not facts and involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties. Potential investors should not rely on these statements as if they were fact. Moreover, certain information contained in the Prospectus and this Sub-Fund Supplement constitutes "forward-looking statements," which can be identified

by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "may," "will," "should," "expect," "anticipate," "project," "target," "estimate," "intend," "continue," or "believe," or the negatives thereof or other variations thereon or comparable terminology. Due to various risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, those set forth in this Part XIV (*Risk Factors and Other Considerations*) events or results or the actual performance of the Sub-Fund may differ materially from those reflected or contemplated in such forward-looking statements. None of the individual members or any employee or director of Brookfield referred to herein holds itself out to any person for any purpose as the management company. Statements contained herein are not made in any person's individual capacity, but rather on behalf of the Sub-Fund. References herein to "expertise" or any party being an "expert" are based solely on the belief of Brookfield, are intended only to indicate proficiency as compared to an average person and in no way limit any exculpation provisions or alter any standard of care applicable to Brookfield. Additionally, any awards, honors, or other references or rankings referred to herein with respect to Brookfield or any investment professional are provided solely for informational purposes and are not intended to be, nor should they be construed or relied upon as, any indication of future performance or other future activity. Any such awards, honors, or other references or rankings may have been based on subjective criteria and may have been based on a limited universe of participants, and there are other awards, honors, or other references or rankings given to others and not received by Brookfield and/or any investment professional of Brookfield.

Risks associated with Market Conditions

General Economic and Market Conditions. Changes in general global, regional and/or European economic and geopolitical conditions may affect the Sub-Fund's activities. Interest rates, general levels of economic activity, the price of securities and participation by other investors in the financial markets may affect the market in which the Sub-Fund makes Portfolio Investments or the value and number of Portfolio Investments made by the Sub-Fund or considered for prospective investment. Material changes and fluctuations in the economic environment, particularly of the type experienced in the years following 2008 that caused significant dislocations, illiquidity and volatility in the wider global economy, and the market changes that have resulted and may continue to result from the spread of a novel coronavirus ("**COVID-19**") (see also "*Public Health Risk*" below) also may affect the Sub-Fund's ability to make Portfolio Investments and the value of Portfolio Investments held by the Sub-Fund or the Sub-Fund's ability to dispose of Portfolio Investments. The short-term and the longer-term impact of these events are uncertain, but they could continue to have a material effect on general economic conditions, consumer and business confidence and market liquidity. Any economic downturn resulting from a recurrence of such marketplace events and/or continued volatility in the financial markets could adversely affect the financial resources of Portfolio Investments. Portfolio Investments can be expected to be sensitive to the performance of the overall economy. Moreover, a serious pandemic, natural disaster, armed conflict, threats of terrorism, terrorist attacks and the impact of military or other action could severely disrupt global, national and/or regional economies. A resulting negative impact on economic fundamentals and consumer and business confidence may negatively impact market value, increase market volatility and reduce liquidity, all of which could have an adverse effect on the performance of Portfolio Investments, the Sub-Fund's returns and the Sub-Fund's ability to make and/or dispose of Portfolio Investments. No assurance can be given as to the effect of these events on the Portfolio Investments or the Sub-Fund's investment objectives. See "*Public Health Risk*" below.

Public Health Risk. The Sub-Fund may be adversely affected by the effects of widespread outbreaks of contagious diseases. Public health crises can develop rapidly and unpredictably, which may prevent governments, asset managers, companies or others (including the AIFM, the Investment Manager and the Sub-Fund) from taking timely or effective steps to mitigate or reduce any adverse impacts to the Sub-Fund and/or the Portfolio Investments. The extent and duration of any such impacts will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted at this time.

Any outbreak of contagious diseases and other adverse public health developments, together with any resulting disruptions or restrictions on travel, social distancing policies and/or quarantines imposed or recommended by the governments of the jurisdictions where Brookfield, the Sub-Fund and/or its Portfolio Investments are based (together, the *"Isolation Measures"*), could have a material and adverse effect on the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments, including by disrupting or otherwise adversely affecting the human capital, business operations or financial resources of the AIFM, the Investment Manager, the Portfolio Investments, the Sub-Fund or the Sub-Fund's administrator or other service providers to the Sub-Fund (which could, in turn, adversely impact the ability of such service providers to fully support the administration and operations of the Sub-Fund).

In addition, a significant outbreak of contagious diseases in the human population, and any containment or other remedial measures imposed (including the Isolation Measures), may result in a widespread health crisis that could severely disrupt global, national and/or regional economies and financial markets (including significant disruption in supply chains) and cause an economic downturn that could adversely affect the performance of the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments.

Disrupted global, national and/or regional economies and financial markets may also result in increased competition to acquire perceived "safe haven" assets (for example, assets with government supported revenues). Increased competition may inflate the acquisition cost of such assets and/or lead to increased competition for such assets, which may result in the delay or inability of the Sub-Fund to deploy capital contributions in a timely manner. In addition, a widespread health crisis may result in a greater number of people facing economic uncertainty through job losses. More widely, a widespread health crisis may result in a reduction for the demand of various goods and services, may result in closures of businesses in a variety of sectors and may lead to governments being required to take unprecedented steps to ensure public health and/or economic stability which may make it more likely that there could be government regulation and/or intervention in respect of infrastructure assets. See also *"Impact of Natural or Man-Made Disasters; Disease Epidemics"* below.

Isolation Measures, even if temporary or short-dated, may negatively impact the execution and progression of the Sub-Fund's investment strategy, the ongoing management and operation of any Portfolio Investment and/or impede the ability for any Portfolio Investments to satisfy their contractual obligations owed to third parties. Any failure by a Portfolio Investment to satisfy its contractual obligations may result in contractual counterparties pursuing claims for damages. Isolation Measures may also result in delays to construction, development and/or upgrade work relating to the Portfolio Investments, which could lead to contractual penalties and/or a failure to develop, progress and/or reposition a Portfolio Investment in the manner which was initially intended, which may, in turn, result in reductions of the Sub-Fund's income and/or realization proceeds in respect of such Portfolio Investments, or in fact in the Sub-Fund not being able to realize any proceeds in respect of such Portfolio Investments at all for as long as such construction, development and/or upgrade work is not completed. The performance of the Sub-Fund may also be affected by particular issues affecting companies, regions or sectors and sub-sectors of its Portfolio Investments.

Given the significant levels of uncertainty and the economic and financial market disruptions (including significant disruption in supply chains) and volatility currently occurring and anticipated in connection with the outbreak, it is expected that valuations of potential Portfolio Investments, especially distressed assets or assets impacted by dislocation, will continue to be materially adversely impacted and meaningfully uncertain for current and future periods (at least in the short term). See the risks associated with valuations described elsewhere in this Sub-Fund Supplement, including *"Valuation Risk"* which highlights the risks associated with valuations, which risks are magnified during any period of uncertainty, disruption and volatility.

Potential Implications of Brexit. The United Kingdom (the "UK") left the European Union (the "EU") on January 31, 2020, under the terms of a withdrawal agreement (which established an implementation period within which aspects of EU law would continue to apply in the UK until December 31, 2020). The terms of the withdrawal agreement did not include a deal regarding the trade of goods and services between the UK and the EU however the UK reached separate agreement with the EU regarding such matters on December 24, 2020 (the "**Brexit Deal**").

Nonetheless, the Brexit Deal is limited for financial services and therefore the future application of EU-based legislation to the private fund industry in the UK and the EU will ultimately depend on whether, and if so how, the UK renegotiates its relationship with the EU. It is difficult to predict how any renegotiated terms (if at all) will be implemented and what the economic, tax, fiscal, legal, regulatory and other implications will be for the asset management industry, the broader European and global financial markets generally and for private funds such as the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments. There can be no assurance that any renegotiated terms or regulations will not have an adverse impact on the Sub-Fund, and its Portfolio Investments, including the ability of the Sub-Fund to achieve its investment objectives. Brexit may result in significant market dislocation, heightened counterparty risk, an adverse effect on the management of market risk and, in particular, asset and liability management due in part to redenomination of financial assets and liabilities, and increased legal, regulatory or compliance burden for Shareholders, and/or the Sub-Fund, each of which may have a negative impact on the operations, financial condition, returns or prospects of the Sub-Fund.

The referendum and the subsequent exit of the UK from the EU has led to political and economic instability, volatility in the financial markets of the UK and more broadly across the EU. The uncertainty as to future arrangements between the UK and the EU may have an adverse effect on the economy generally and on the ability of the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments to execute their respective strategies and to receive attractive returns. In particular, currency volatility may mean that the returns of the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments are adversely affected by market movements and may make it more difficult, or more expensive, for the Sub-Fund to execute prudent currency hedging policies. Potential decline in the value of the British Pound and/or the Euro against other currencies, along with the potential downgrading of the UK's sovereign credit rating, may also have an impact on the performance of the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Investments or Portfolio Investments located in the UK or Europe. See also "*Hedging Transactions*" and "*Currency Exchange Risk*" below. In addition to broader economic and market concerns, the exit by the UK from the EU will have implications on the UK and European legal, tax and regulatory regimes. For example: (a) most UK financial services legislation is derived from EU law and certain aspects may be replaced with less or more restrictive provisions; and (b) certain EU directives and rules applying in the field of taxation may cease to apply which may lead to higher tax and/or tax compliance costs being incurred by the Sub-Fund when making Portfolio Investments in the UK than would otherwise have been the case. In light of the above, no definitive assessment can currently be made regarding the impact that Brexit will have on the Sub-Fund, its Portfolio Investments or its organization more generally.

As a result of the above, the longer term economic, legal, political and social framework is unclear at this stage and is likely to lead to ongoing political and economic uncertainty and periods of exacerbated volatility in both the UK and in wider European markets for some time. In particular, the decision made in the UK referendum may lead to a call for similar referendums in other European jurisdictions, which may cause increased economic volatility in the European and global markets. This uncertainty is likely to continue to impact the global economic climate and may impact opportunities, pricing, availability and cost of bank financing, regulation, values or exit opportunities of companies or assets based, doing business, or having service or other significant relationships in, the UK or the EU, including companies or assets held or considered for prospective investment by the Sub-Fund.

Governmental Intervention. Since 2008, the global financial markets underwent disruptions, including, further disruptions as a consequence of the spread of COVID-19 that led to certain governmental intervention. Such intervention in certain cases was implemented on an "emergency" basis, suddenly and substantially eliminating market participants' ability to continue to implement certain strategies or manage the risk of their outstanding positions. In addition, these interventions were typically unclear in scope and application, resulting in confusion and uncertainty which in itself has been materially detrimental to the efficient functioning of the markets as well as previously successful investment strategies. If governmental intervention programs are unwound, there could likewise be uncertainty and adverse effects on the markets. It is impossible to predict what interim or permanent governmental restrictions (or easing of restrictions) may be imposed on the markets or the effect of such restrictions on the Sub-Fund's strategies.

Highly Competitive Market for Investment Opportunities. The success of the Sub-Fund depends, in large part, on the availability of a sufficient number of investment opportunities that fall within the Sub-Fund's (and, by extension, the Master Fund's and the Underlying Fund's) investment objectives and the ability of the Investment Manager, the Master Fund Manager and the Underlying Fund Manager to identify, negotiate, close, manage and exit those investment opportunities. The activity of identifying, completing and realizing attractive investments is highly competitive and involves a high degree of uncertainty, especially with respect to timing. There can be no assurance that the Investment Manager will be able to locate and complete Portfolio Investments which enable the Sub-Fund to invest its capital in opportunities that satisfy the Sub-Fund's investment objectives or realize the value of these Portfolio Investments, nor can there be any assurance that the Sub-Fund will be able to make Portfolio Investments on favorable terms and conditions. Failures in identifying or consummating Portfolio Investments on satisfactory or favorable terms could reduce the number of Portfolio Investments that are completed, reduce the Sub-Fund's returns, and slow the Sub-Fund's growth.

The Sub-Fund will compete for the right to make Portfolio Investments with an ever-increasing number of other parties, including other consortia and companies, other private investment funds as well as individuals, financial institutions and other institutions, some of which may have greater resources than the Sub-Fund. As a result of such competition, the Sub-Fund may have difficulty in making certain Portfolio Investments or, alternatively, the Sub-Fund may be required to make Portfolio Investments on economic terms less favorable than anticipated. If the Sub-Fund fails to make new Portfolio Investments or makes Portfolio Investments on less favorable terms, the Sub-Fund's financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected.

Portfolio Investments may also face competition from other infrastructure assets in the vicinity of the assets they operate (including those owned by Brookfield and other Brookfield vehicles), the presence of which depends in part on government plans and policies. Such competition may materially and adversely affect the Sub-Fund's business, financial conditions and results of operations.

Currency Exchange Risk. The Sub-Fund's assets generally will be denominated in the currency of the jurisdiction where the assets are located. Consequently, the return realized on any Portfolio Investment by investors whose functional currency is not the currency of the jurisdiction in which the Portfolio Investments are located may be adversely affected by movements in currency exchange rates, costs of conversion and exchange control regulations, in addition to the performance of the Portfolio Investment itself. Moreover, the Sub-Fund may incur costs when converting one currency into another. The value of a Portfolio Investment may fall substantially as a result of fluctuations in the currency of the country in which the Investment is made as against the value of the US Dollar. The Investment Manager may in certain circumstances (but is not obliged to) attempt to manage currency exposures using hedging techniques where available and appropriate. The Sub-Fund is therefore expected to incur costs related to currency hedging arrangements. There

can be no assurance that adequate hedging arrangements will be available on an economically viable basis or that any particular currency exposure will be hedged.

Shareholders with a functional currency other than US Dollars are exposed to fluctuations in the US Dollar foreign exchange rate. Except as provided for any hedged Class of Shares, investments in the Sub-Fund and distributions from the Sub-Fund will be denominated in US Dollars and Shareholders may incur transaction costs associated with the conversion of US Dollars into their local currency. Furthermore, there may be foreign exchange regulations applicable in certain jurisdictions where the Prospectus and this Sub-Fund Supplement is being issued.

Hedging Transactions. The Sub-Fund or a Portfolio Entity (as defined herein) may utilize financial instruments such as forward contracts, options, warrants, swaps (including credit default swaps and total return swaps), caps, collars, floors and other derivatives to seek to hedge against fluctuations in the relative values of their assets as a result of changes in currency exchange rates, market interest rates and public security prices. While these transactions may reduce certain risks, the transactions themselves entail certain other risks. Hedging against a decline in the value of a Portfolio Investment does not eliminate fluctuations in the value of such Portfolio Investment or prevent losses if the value of such Portfolio Investment declines, but instead establishes other positions designed to gain from those same developments, thus offsetting the decline in such Portfolio Investment's value. These types of hedge transactions also limit the opportunity for gain if the value of such Portfolio Investment should increase.

The success of hedging transactions will be subject to the ability to correctly predict movements in and the direction of, currency exchange rates, interest rates, commodity prices and public security prices. Therefore, while the Sub-Fund or a Portfolio Entity may enter into hedging transactions to seek to reduce these risks, unanticipated changes in currency exchange rates, interest rates, commodity prices and public security prices that do not occur within a given timeframe may result in a poorer overall performance for the Sub-Fund than if it had not engaged in any hedging transaction. In addition, the degree of correlation between price movements of the instruments used in a hedging strategy and price movements of the Portfolio Investments being hedged may vary. Moreover, for a variety of reasons, the Sub-Fund or a Portfolio Entity may not have established a perfect correlation between hedging instruments and the Portfolio Investments being hedged. This imperfect correlation may prevent the Sub-Fund, or a Portfolio Entity, as applicable, from achieving the intended hedge or expose it to risk of loss.

In addition, there is no limit on the exposure that may be incurred to any single counterparty with over-the-counter derivative instruments, exchange listed securities, options, repurchase agreements or other similar transactions and, as a result, if any such counterparty becomes unable to pay amounts due on such instruments or transactions, the financial losses to the Sub-Fund would be greater than if such limits were imposed.

Furthermore, the creditworthiness of a counterparty to any hedging transaction entered into by the Sub-Fund may change over time and, while such counterparty may have been creditworthy at the time such transaction was entered into, there is no guarantee such counterparty will remain creditworthy throughout the duration of the Sub-Fund or that such counterparty will be able to perform its obligations under, or pay amounts due on, such hedging transactions. This risk is also subject to, and heightened by, commodity price fluctuations.

Moreover, federal and global financial regulators have adopted margin requirements for uncleared derivatives which may present significant challenges and additional risks for the Sub-Fund, including increased costs, reduced access to dealer counterparties, potential decreases in market liquidity and other unforeseen consequences. These requirements also may result in the Sub-Fund being unable to adequately hedge its Portfolio Investments, which may have an adverse impact on the performance of the Sub-Fund. It is also possible that the Sub-Fund could be over-hedged and that could also result in a decline in value during the term of the Portfolio Investment.

Furthermore, the E.U. Regulation No 648/2012 on over the counter ("**OTC**") derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories (also known as the European Market Infrastructure Regulation, or "**EMIR**"), which came into force on 16 August 2012, introduced uniform requirements in respect of OTC derivative transactions by requiring certain "eligible" OTC derivative transactions to be submitted for clearing to regulated central clearing counterparties and by mandating the reporting of certain details of derivative transactions to trade repositories. In addition, EMIR imposes requirements for appropriate procedures and arrangements to measure, monitor and mitigate operational and counterparty credit risk in respect of OTC derivatives contracts which are not subject to mandatory clearing. These requirements include the exchange of margin and, where initial margin is exchanged, its segregation by the parties, including by the Sub-Fund. While many of the obligations under EMIR have already come into force, the requirement to submit certain OTC derivative transactions to central clearing counterparties and the margin requirements for non-cleared OTC derivative transactions are subject to a staggered implementation timeline. It is not yet fully clear how the OTC derivatives market will adapt to the new regulatory regime. Accordingly, it is difficult to predict the full impact of EMIR on the Sub-Fund, which may include an increase in the overall costs of entering into and maintaining OTC derivative contracts. Prospective investors should be aware that the regulatory changes arising from EMIR and other similar regulations may in due course adversely affect the Sub-Fund's ability to adhere to its hedging policy and achieve its objectives.

Commodity Price Risk. Infrastructure Investments may be subject to commodity price risk, including the price of electricity and the price of fuel. The operation and cash flows of Infrastructure Investments may depend, in some cases to a significant extent, upon prevailing market prices for energy commodities. Historically, the markets for oil, gas, coal and power have been volatile. This volatility is likely to continue in the future. Market prices of these energy commodities may fluctuate materially depending on a variety of factors beyond the control of the Sub-Fund, including weather conditions and foreign and domestic supply. See "*Unforeseen Events Risk*" below.

Inflation and Interest Rate Risk. Inflation could directly, materially and adversely affect the Portfolio Investments. If an Infrastructure Investment is unable to increase its revenue in times of higher inflation, its profitability and ability to distribute dividends may be materially and adversely affected. Portfolio Investments may have long-term rights to income linked to some extent to inflation, whether by government regulations, contractual arrangement or other factors. Typically, as inflation rises, the company will earn more revenue, but will incur higher expenses; if inflation declines, the company may not be able to reduce expenses in line with any resulting reduction in revenue. Many infrastructure businesses seek to mitigate the inflation risk to cash flows through escalation provisions linked to the inflation rate. While these provisions may protect against certain risks, they do not protect against the risk of a rise in real interest rates, which is likely to create higher financing costs for infrastructure businesses and a reduction in the amount of cash available for distribution to investors. In addition, the market value of Infrastructure Investments may decline in times of higher inflation rates given that the most commonly used methodologies for valuing Portfolio Investments (for example, discounted cash flow analysis) are sensitive to rising inflation and real interest rates. Finally, wage and price controls have been imposed at times in certain countries in an attempt to control inflation, which could significantly affect the operation of Infrastructure Investments. Accordingly, changes in the rate of inflation may affect the forecasted or actual profitability of a Portfolio Entity.

Certain countries' economies, including in particular many emerging markets, have experienced extremely high rates of inflation for extended periods of time. Inflation has and may continue to have, negative effects on the economies of certain of these countries. For example, the risks associated with transactions using local currencies are significantly greater in hyper-inflationary economies than in other less inflationary markets.

Re-Financing Risk. Although the Sub-Fund or an affiliate thereof may seek to refinance Portfolio Investments during the Sub-Fund's period of ownership, there is no guarantee that the Sub-Fund or an affiliate thereof will be able to achieve this for any particular Portfolio Investment and the failure to do so may impair the value of the Portfolio Investment.

Regional Risk; Interdependence of Markets. Economic problems in a single country are increasingly affecting other markets and economies. A continuation of this trend could result in problems in one country adversely affecting regional and even global economic conditions and markets. The market and the economy of a particular country in which the Sub-Fund invests is influenced by economic and market conditions in other countries in the same region or elsewhere in the world. Similarly, concerns about the fiscal stability and growth prospects of certain European countries in the last economic downturn had a negative impact on most economies of the Eurozone and global markets. A repeat of either of these crises or the occurrence of similar crises in the future could cause increased volatility in the economies and financial markets of countries throughout a region, or even globally. See also "*Potential Implications of Brexit*" above.

Trade Policy. Political leaders in the U.S. and certain European nations have been elected on protectionist platforms, fueling doubts about the future of global free trade. The U.S. government has indicated its intent to alter its approach to international trade policy and in some cases to renegotiate, or potentially terminate, certain existing bilateral or multi-lateral trade agreements and treaties with foreign countries and has made proposals and taken actions related thereto. In addition, the U.S. government has recently imposed tariffs on certain foreign goods, including steel and aluminium, and has indicated a willingness to impose tariffs on imports of other products. Some foreign governments, including China, have instituted retaliatory tariffs on certain U.S. goods and have indicated a willingness to impose additional tariffs on U.S. products. Other countries, including Mexico, have threatened retaliatory tariffs on certain U.S. products. Global trade disruption, significant introductions of trade barriers and bilateral trade frictions, together with any future downturns in the global economy resulting therefrom, could adversely affect the financial performance of the Sub-Fund and its Investments. In particular, the U.S. and China have agreed to a partial trade deal with respect to their ongoing trade dispute. However, certain issues remain unresolved, which is expected to be an ongoing source of instability, potentially resulting in significant currency fluctuations and/or have other adverse effects on international markets, international trade agreements and/or other existing cross-border cooperation arrangements (whether economic, tax, fiscal, legal, regulatory or otherwise). While this dispute has already had negative economic consequences on U.S. markets, to the extent this trade dispute escalates into a "trade war" between the U.S. and China, there could be additional significant impacts on the industries in which the Sub-Fund participates and other adverse impacts on the Sub-Fund's Investments. See also "*Potential Implications of Brexit*" above.

Risks Associated with the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Investments

Blind Pool of Portfolio Investments. An investment in the Sub-Fund is an investment in a "blind pool" platform, and therefore, Shareholders will generally not have the opportunity to evaluate or consent to any Portfolio Investment prior to the Sub-Fund making such Portfolio Investment.

Equity Securities. The Sub-Fund intends to invest in common and preferred stock and other equity and equity-linked securities, including both public and private equity securities. Equity securities generally involve a high degree of risk and will be subordinate to the debt securities and other indebtedness of the issuers of such equity securities. Prices of equity securities generally fluctuate more than prices of debt securities and are more likely to be affected by poor economic or market conditions. In some cases, the issuers of such equity securities may be highly leveraged or subject to other risks such as limited product lines, markets or financial resources. In addition, actual and perceived accounting irregularities may cause dramatic price declines in the equity securities of companies reporting such irregularities or that are rumored to be subject to accounting

irregularities. The Sub-Fund may experience a substantial or complete loss on individual equity securities.

Debt Portfolio Investments. The Sub-Fund is permitted to invest in loans and debt securities, including higher yielding (and, therefore, higher risk) debt securities and credit-related instruments. Such debt may be secured or unsecured and may be structurally or contractually subordinated to substantial amounts of senior indebtedness. In the event of bankruptcy or liquidation of a borrower or issuer of such securities, there may not be enough proceeds to repay the holders of such indebtedness following repayment to the holders of senior indebtedness. Moreover, such debt Portfolio Investments may not be protected by financial covenants or limitations upon additional indebtedness and there is no minimum credit rating for such debt Portfolio Investments. In certain cases, such debt may be rated below "investment grade" or may be unrated and face ongoing uncertainties and exposure to adverse business, financial or economic conditions and the issuer's failure to make timely interest and principal payments. Other factors may materially and adversely affect the market price and yield of such debt Portfolio Investments, including investor demand, changes in the financial condition of the applicable Portfolio Entity, government fiscal policy and domestic or worldwide economic conditions. A borrower or issuer may face significant ongoing uncertainties and exposure to adverse conditions that may undermine its ability to make timely payment of interest and principal. The market values of certain of these debt securities may reflect individual corporate developments. It is likely that a major economic recession could have a materially adverse impact on the value of such securities. In addition, adverse publicity and investor perceptions, whether or not based on fundamental analysis, may also decrease the value and liquidity of these debt securities. In addition, the secondary market on which such debt instruments are traded may be less liquid than the market for investment-grade securities, meaning such debt instruments are subject to greater liquidity risk than investment-grade securities, and it may be more difficult to hedge against the risks associated with such debt instruments. Such instruments are regarded as predominantly speculative with respect to a borrower's or issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal in accordance with the terms of the obligations and involve major risk exposure to adverse conditions. Analysis of the creditworthiness of issuers of below investment-grade and unrated debt instruments may be more complex than for issuers of higher-quality debt obligations. In this regard, the Sub-Fund's success in achieving its investment strategies in respect of debt Portfolio Investments may therefore depend more heavily on the Investment Manager's credit analysis than if the Sub-Fund invested primarily in higher-quality and rated securities.

Distressed Investments. The Sub-Fund may invest in securities of Portfolio Investments that are in weak financial condition, experiencing poor operating results, having substantial financial needs or negative net worth, facing special competitive or product obsolescence problems, or that are involved in bankruptcy or reorganization proceedings, as applicable. Portfolio Investments of this type involve substantial financial business risks that can result in substantial or total losses.

Portfolio Investments or prospective portfolio companies may be or may become involved in bankruptcy proceedings as may parent organizations of Portfolio Investments or prospective portfolio companies that are within distressed industries or subject to distressed situations. Bankruptcy or other insolvency proceedings are highly complex and may result in unpredictable outcomes. The bankruptcy courts have extensive power and, under some circumstances, may alter contractual obligations of a bankrupt company. Shareholders, creditors and other interested parties are all entitled to participate in bankruptcy proceedings to attempt to influence the outcome for their own benefit. A variety of factors may affect the bargaining position of holders of distressed Portfolio Investments and may accordingly affect the outcome. The time required to conclude a bankruptcy case is unpredictable, and may have a material impact on the value of a distressed Portfolio Investment. It also frequently is a critical variable in determining the rate of return on a distressed Portfolio Investment.

Distressed Portfolio Investments require active monitoring and may, at times, require participation in business strategy or reorganization proceedings by the Sub-Fund. To the extent that the Sub-Fund becomes involved in such proceedings, the Sub-Fund may have a more active participation in the affairs of the issuer than that assumed generally by an investor. In addition, involvement by the Sub-Fund in an issuer's reorganization proceedings (or by having representatives on a creditor's committee or on its board of directors) could result in the imposition of restrictions limiting the Sub-Fund's ability to liquidate its position in the issuer.

The level of analytical sophistication, both financial and legal, necessary for successful investment in companies experiencing significant business and financial difficulties is unusually high. There is no assurance that the Sub-Fund will correctly evaluate the value of a Portfolio Entity's assets or the prospects for a successful reorganization or similar action. In any reorganization or liquidation proceeding relating to a Portfolio Entity in which the Sub-Fund invests, the Sub-Fund may lose its entire Portfolio Investment, may be required to accept cash or securities with a value less than the Sub-Fund's original Portfolio Investment, and/or may be required to accept payment over an extended period of time.

Credit Risk. One of the fundamental risks associated with investments in debt investments is credit risk, which is the risk that an issuer will be unable to make principal and interest payments on its outstanding debt obligations when due. The Sub-Fund's returns would be adversely impacted if a Portfolio Entity becomes unable to make such payments when due. Financial strength and solvency of an issuer are the primary factors influencing credit risk. In addition, lack or inadequacy of collateral or credit enhancement for a debt instrument may affect its credit risk. Credit risk may change over the life of an instrument, and debt obligations, which are rated by rating agencies, are often reviewed and may be subject to downgrade. "Interest rate risk" refers to the risks associated with market changes in interest rates. Interest rate changes may affect the value of a debt instrument indirectly (especially in the case of fixed rate debt securities) and directly (especially in the case of debt instruments whose rates are adjustable). In general, rising interest rates will negatively impact the price of a fixed rate debt instrument and falling interest rates will have a positive effect on price. Adjustable rate instruments also react to interest rate changes in a similar manner although generally to a lesser degree (depending, however, on the characteristics of the reset terms, including the index chosen, frequency of reset and reset caps or floors, among other factors). Interest rate sensitivity is generally more pronounced and less predictable in instruments with uncertain payment or prepayment schedules. In addition, interest rate increases generally will increase the interest carrying costs to the Sub-Fund of borrowed securities and leveraged Portfolio Investments.

Risks Associated with Investments in Infrastructure Assets. The Portfolio Investments will be subject to the risks incidental to the ownership and operation of infrastructure projects, including risks associated with the general economic climate, geographic or market concentration, the ability of the Sub-Fund to manage the Portfolio Investment, government regulations and fluctuations in interest rates. Since investments in infrastructure and similar assets, like many other types of long-term investments, have historically experienced significant fluctuations and cycles in value, specific market conditions may result in occasional or permanent reductions in the value of the Portfolio Investments. Such specific market conditions could include, but are not limited to, the following: (i) demand for commodities, such as natural gas or minerals; (ii) impact of alternative technologies on our business and cyber security attacks; (iii) ability to successfully identify, complete and integrate acquisitions; (iv) competition with other market participants; (v) construction or expansion or projects, environmental damage and future capital expenditures; (vi) economic regulation and adverse regulatory decisions in the countries we operate, including nationalization or the imposition of new taxes; (vii) supply chain disruptions; and (viii) adverse claims or governmental rights or governmental rights asserted against the lands used for our infrastructure assets.

Regulatory and Legal Risks. Many, if not all, of the Portfolio Investments will be in entities or assets

that are subject to substantial regulation by governmental agencies. In addition, their operations may often rely on governmental licenses, concessions, leases or contracts that are generally very complex and may result in disputes over interpretation or enforceability. If any Portfolio Investments fail to comply with these regulations or contractual obligations, they could be subject to monetary penalties or they may lose their rights to operate the underlying Infrastructure Investments or both. Where their ability to operate an Infrastructure Investment is subject to a concession or lease from the government, the concession or lease may restrict their ability to operate the asset in a way that maximizes cash flows and profitability. The lease or concession may also contain clauses more favorable to the government counterparty than a typical commercial contract. For instance, the lease or concession may enable the government to terminate the lease or concession in certain circumstances (such as a default by the Portfolio Entity) without requiring it to pay adequate compensation. In addition, governments also may have the discretion to change (including by reducing rates or allowed rates of return) or increase regulation of the operations of the Portfolio Investments or to implement laws, regulations or policies affecting their operations, separate from any contractual rights that the governments may have. Such new laws, regulations or policies may require the Sub-Fund to restructure a Portfolio Entity or obtain additional licenses or approvals, which such restructuring, licenses or approvals may be costly and cause delays in acquiring, disposing of or implementing change at such Portfolio Entity. Governments have considerable discretion in implementing regulations and policies that could impact these Portfolio Investments and may be influenced by political considerations and make decisions that materially and adversely affect such Portfolio Investments and their operations.

ESG Risks. The Sub-Fund's approach to ESG management as described in Section IV (*Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Management*) of the Prospectus presents certain risks and uncertainties. While the Investment Manager undertakes to utilize the methods described in this Prospectus with respect to ESG issues, there is no guarantee that such methods will be successful and such methods may change over time in response to market conditions, regulatory considerations, legal requirements and other factors. There is a possibility that taking ESG considerations into account may, in certain circumstances, cause the Sub-Fund to forego certain investment opportunities that could have been financially beneficial for the Sub-Fund. Existing and proposed regulations relating to ESG matters in the U.S., the E.U. and other jurisdictions are evolving and may have an adverse effect on the operations of the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments.

Market Abuse. Any fraud, price manipulation, market abuse, or improper influence in markets in which the Sub-Fund directly or indirectly invests may have a material adverse effect on the Sub-Fund. There can be no assurance that any form of regulation or any market constraints would prevent fraud, price manipulation, market abuse, or improper influence in the future. Moreover, there can be no assurance that any redress would be available to, or would be practical for, the Sub-Fund to pursue with respect to any particular fraud, price manipulation, market abuse, or improper influence.

Public Infrastructure Risks. Portfolio Investments may control assets that constitute significant strategic value to public or governmental bodies. Such assets may have a national or regional profile and may have monopolistic or oligopolistic characteristics. The very nature of these assets could create additional risks not common in other industries. Given the national or regional profile and/or irreplaceable nature of certain strategic assets, such assets may constitute a higher risk target for terrorist acts or political actions, such as expropriation, which may negatively affect the operations, revenue, profitability or contractual relationships of Portfolio Investments. For example, in response to public pressure and/or lobbying efforts by specific interest groups, government entities may put pressure on Portfolio Investments to reduce toll rates, limit or abandon planned rate increases and/or exempt certain classes of users from tolls. Given the essential nature of such services provided by certain public infrastructure, there is also a higher probability that if an owner of such assets fails to make such services available, users of such services may incur significant damage and may be unable to replace the supply or mitigate any such damage, thereby heightening the risks of

third-party claims. These assets are also impacted by the interests of local communities and stakeholders, which may affect the operation of such assets. Certain of these communities may have or develop interests or objectives which are different from, or even in conflict with, the owners of such assets.

Potential Risks Arising from Foreign Acquisitions of Infrastructure. There are several U.S. and non-U.S. rules and regulations concerning foreign investment in infrastructure that could impact the business of infrastructure investments. The Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States ("**CFIUS**") likely would consider the Sub-Fund to be a "foreign person". Consequently, Portfolio Investments by the Sub-Fund involving the acquisition of, or investment in, a United States business (including a United States subsidiary of a company domiciled outside of the United States) likely will be subject to CFIUS' jurisdiction. If CFIUS approval is required or warranted for a Portfolio Investment, the CFIUS approval process may have significant impacts on transaction certainty, timing, feasibility, and cost, among other things.

Expansive CFIUS reform legislation was enacted in 2018. This legislation, together with the implementing regulations thereof, expanded the scope of CFIUS' jurisdiction to cover more types of transactions and empowers CFIUS to scrutinize more closely investments in United States companies that have a nexus to specified "critical technologies", "critical infrastructure", and "sensitive personal data", including certain non-controlling investments and investments involving foreign limited partners or co-investors that may be deemed "non-passive". Moreover, various countries outside the United States, as well as the E.U., continue to strengthen their own national security investment clearance regimes.

In the event that CFIUS, or another foreign investment regulator, reviews a particular Portfolio Investment, there can be no assurance that the Sub-Fund will be able to maintain or proceed with such Portfolio Investment on acceptable terms. Additionally, CFIUS, or another foreign investment regulator, may seek to impose limitations on Portfolio Investments that may prevent the Sub-Fund from maintaining or pursuing investment opportunities that the Sub-Fund otherwise would have maintained or pursued, which could adversely affect the performance of the Portfolio Investments and thus the performance of the Sub-Fund. There can be no assurance that a Portfolio Company will be able to (a) obtain all required CFIUS or other regulatory approvals that it does not yet have or that it may require in the future; (b) obtain any necessary modifications to existing regulatory approvals; or (c) maintain required regulatory approvals. Delay in obtaining or failure to obtain and maintain in full force and effect CFIUS, or any other regulatory approvals, or amendments thereto, or delay or failure to satisfy any regulatory conditions or other applicable requirements could prevent operation of a facility or sales to third parties or could result in additional costs to a Portfolio Company and the Sub-Fund. In addition, heightened scrutiny of foreign investment in the United States and other countries may also make it more difficult for the Sub-Fund to identify suitable buyers for Portfolio Investments upon exit and may constrain the exit opportunities for a Portfolio Investment.

Environmental Risks. The operation of investments is subject to numerous statutes, rules and regulations relating to environmental protection. There is the possibility of existing or future environmental contamination, including soil and groundwater contamination, as a result of the spillage of hazardous materials or other pollutants.

Under various environmental statutes, rules and regulations of the appropriate jurisdiction, a current or previous owner or operator of real property may be liable for non-compliance with applicable environmental and health and safety requirements and for the costs of investigation, monitoring, removal or remediation of hazardous materials. These laws often impose liability whether or not the owner or operator knew of or was responsible for, the presence of hazardous materials. Environmental statutes, rules and regulations can also change or a condition at a Portfolio Entity can change and lead to liabilities or obligations that did not exist or were not foreseen at the time of the investment. The presence of hazardous materials on a property could also result in personal injury, property damage or similar claims by private parties.

Persons who arrange for the disposal or treatment of hazardous materials may also be liable for the costs of removal or remediation of those materials at the disposal or treatment facility, whether or not that facility is or ever was owned or operated by that person. Any liability of investments resulting from non-compliance or other claims relating to environmental matters or any costs related to coming into compliance could have a material adverse effect on the value of the Portfolio Investments.

Unforeseen Events Risk. The use of infrastructure assets may be interrupted or otherwise affected by a variety of events outside the Sub-Fund's control, including serious traffic accidents, natural disasters (such as fire, floods, earthquakes and typhoons), man-made disasters (including terrorism), defective design and construction, slope failure, bridge and tunnel collapse, road subsidence, toll rates, fuel prices, environmental legislation or regulation, general economic conditions, labor disputes and other unforeseen circumstances and incidents. Certain of these events have affected toll roads, bridges, tunnels and other infrastructure assets in the past and if the use of the Infrastructure Investments operated by Portfolio Investments is interrupted in whole or in part for any period as a result of any such events, the revenues of such Portfolio Investments could be reduced, the costs of maintenance or restoration could be increased and the overall public confidence in such Infrastructure Investments could be reduced. There can be no assurance that such Portfolio Investments' insurance would cover liabilities resulting from claims relating to the design, construction, maintenance or operation of the toll roads, bridges, tunnels, dams or other Infrastructure Investments, lost toll revenues or increased expenses resulting from such damage.

Transport Risk. The success of transportation companies are subject to a number of factors such as exposure to contracted assets, risks in connection with re-contracting, and merchant exposure where a portion of revenues are not contracted and may otherwise be subject to fluctuation. Moreover, transportation companies are subject to a number of additional risks, including increased competition in the transport sector, increased costs, and changes to existing concessions agreements.

Toll Rates Risk. The Sub-Fund may invest in Portfolio Investments that derive substantially all of their revenues from collecting tolls from users of roads, tunnels, bridges, rail networks, airports, ferries or seaports. Users of the toll roads, tunnels, bridges, rail networks, airports, ferries or seaports operated by Portfolio Investments may react negatively to any adjustments to the applicable toll rates or public pressure may cause relevant government authorities to challenge the toll rates. Users may react adversely to toll rates, for example, by avoiding tolls or refusing to pay tolls, resulting in lower traffic volumes and reduced toll revenues. In addition, adverse public opinion or lobbying efforts by specific interest groups, could result in governmental pressure on Portfolio Investments to reduce their toll rates or to forego planned rate increases. The Sub-Fund cannot guarantee that government bodies with which Portfolio Investments have concession agreements will not try to exempt certain vehicle types from tolls or negotiate lower toll rates. If public pressure or government action forces Portfolio Investments to restrict their toll rate increases or reduce their toll rates and they are not able to secure adequate compensation to restore the economic balance of the relevant concession agreement, the Sub-Fund's business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected.

Renewable Power Risk. Renewable power companies are dependent upon factors such as available water flows, wind conditions, weather conditions and technological primacy generally that may significantly impact the performance of such companies and assets. Hydrology, wind and weather conditions generally have natural variations from season to season and from year to year and may also change permanently because of climate change or other factors. A natural disaster could impact water flows and water rights are generally owned or controlled by governments that reserve the right to control water levels or may impose water-use requirements as a condition of license renewal. Wind energy is highly dependent on weather conditions and, in particular, on wind conditions. Moreover, technology use generally by renewable power companies is accompanied by

the attendant costs of maintaining such technology while in use and subject to increased risks of obsolescence associated with emerging and disruptive new technologies. Furthermore, these risks may be exacerbated where assets are not winterized or otherwise built with technologies that enable the asset to withstand extreme weather conditions.

Utility and Midstream Risk. Risks that are intrinsic to the utility and midstream infrastructure sectors include difficulty in obtaining an adequate return on invested capital, difficulty in financing large construction programs, restrictions on operations and increased cost and delays attributable to environmental considerations and regulation, difficulty in raising capital in adequate amounts on reasonable terms in periods of high inflation and unsettled capital markets, technological innovations that may render existing plants, equipment or products obsolete, the potential impact of natural or man-made disasters, exposure to health, safety and security risks, increased costs and reduced availability of certain types of fuel, occasionally reduced availability and high costs of natural gas for resale, the effects of energy conservation, the effects of a national energy policy and lengthy delays and greatly increased costs and other problems associated with the design, construction, licensing, regulation and operation of utility and power generation facilities. There are substantial differences among the regulatory practices and policies of various jurisdictions and any given regulatory agency may make major shifts in policy from time to time. There is no assurance that regulatory authorities will, in the future, grant rate increases or that such increases will be adequate to permit the payment of dividends on common stocks issued by a utility or midstream infrastructure company. Additionally, existing and possible future regulatory legislation may make it even more difficult for utilities or midstream infrastructure enterprises to obtain adequate relief. Governmental authorities may from time to time review existing policies and impose additional requirements governing the licensing, construction and operation of power plants. Prolonged changes in climatic conditions can also have a significant impact on both the revenues of an electric and gas utility as well as the expenses of a utility, particularly a hydro-based electric utility. Changes in environmental conditions, such as hydrology and wind, could materially adversely affect the volume of electricity generated at electric generating stations, which could materially impact revenue and cash flow. Environmental conditions have natural variations from season to season and from year to year and may also change permanently because of climate change or other factors outside of Brookfield's control.

The ownership, construction, operation and transition of new or existing utility and midstream infrastructure companies carry an inherent risk of liability related to health, safety, security and the environment, including the risk of potential civil liability or of government-imposed orders to remedy unsafe conditions and/or to remediate or otherwise address environmental contamination or damage. Portfolio Investments could also be exposed to potential penalties for contravention of health, safety, security and environmental laws. In the ordinary course of business, owners of utility and midstream infrastructure companies incur capital and operating expenditures to comply with health, safety, security and environmental laws to obtain licenses, permits and other approvals and to assess and manage related risks. The cost of compliance with these laws (and any future laws or amendments enacted) may increase over time and result in additional material expenditures. Portfolio Investments may become subject to government orders, investigations, inquires and other proceedings (including civil claims) relating to health, safety, security and environmental matters as a result of which such Portfolio Investment's operations may be limited or suspended. The occurrence of any of these events and any changes, additions to or more rigorous enforcement of health, safety, security and environmental laws could have a material and adverse impact on a Portfolio Investment's operations and result in additional material expenditures. Additional environmental, health and safety issues relating to presently known or unknown matters may require unanticipated expenditures, or result in fines, penalties or other consequences (including changes to operations) that may be material and adverse to the Portfolio Investments. Furthermore, in the ordinary course of business utility and midstream infrastructure companies are involved in various legal actions that could expose such companies to liability for damages. The outcome with respect to outstanding, pending or future actions cannot be predicted with certainty and may be

adverse to the Portfolio Investments and as a result could have a material adverse effect on such Portfolio Investment's assets, liabilities, business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flow. Such Portfolio Investments are subject to governmental or regulatory investigations from time to time. Governmental and regulatory investigations, regardless of their outcome, are generally costly, divert management attention and have the potential to damage the Sub-Fund and Brookfield's reputation. The unfavorable resolution of any governmental or regulatory investigation could result in criminal liability, fines, penalties and other monetary or non-monetary remedies and could materially affect the Portfolio Investments or such Portfolio Investment's operations.

The following are examples of risks associated with certain industries within the utilities and midstream sectors.

Electric. The electric utility industry consists of companies that are engaged principally in the generation, transmission and sale of electric energy, although many also provide other energy-related services. In the past, electric utility companies, in general, have been favorably affected by lower fuel and financing costs and the full or near completion of major construction programs. In addition, many of these companies have generated cash flows in excess of current operating expenses and construction expenditures, permitting some degree of diversification into unregulated businesses. Some electric utilities have also taken advantage of the right to sell power outside of their traditional geographic areas. Electric utility companies have historically been subject to the risks associated with increases in fuel and other operating costs, high interest costs on borrowings needed for capital construction programs, costs associated with compliance with environmental and safety regulations and changes in the regulatory climate. As interest rates declined, many utilities refinanced high-cost debt and in doing so improved their fixed charges coverage. Regulators, however, lowered allowed rates of return as interest rates declined and thereby caused the benefits of the rate declines to be shared wholly or in part with customers. In a period of rising interest rates, the allowed rates of return may not keep pace with the utilities' increased costs.

The introduction of competition into the industry as a result of deregulation has at times resulted in lower revenue, lower credit ratings, increased default risk and lower electric utility security prices. Such increased competition may also cause long-term contracts, which electric utilities previously entered into to buy power, to become "stranded assets" which have no economic value. Any loss associated with such contracts must be absorbed by ratepayers and investors. In addition, some electric utilities have acquired electric utilities overseas to diversify, enhance earnings and gain experience in operating in a deregulated environment. In some instances, such acquisitions have involved significant borrowings, which have burdened the acquirer's balance sheet. There is no assurance that current deregulation proposals will be adopted. However, deregulation in any form could significantly impact the electric utilities industry.

Gas. Gas transmission companies and gas distribution companies are undergoing significant changes. Many companies have diversified into oil and gas exploration and development, making returns more sensitive to energy prices. Gas utility companies have been adversely affected by disruptions in the oil industry and have also been affected by increased concentration and competition.

In certain jurisdictions, acquisitions and dispositions in this industry might require regulatory approvals and be subject to significant regulatory requirements. Obtaining any such approvals and complying with any such regulatory requirements may be costly and/or time-consuming to obtain.

Water. Water supply utilities are companies that collect, purify, distribute and sell water. In the U.S. and around the world the industry is highly fragmented because most of the supplies are owned by local authorities. Companies in this industry are generally mature and are experiencing little or no per capita volume growth. Water supply utilities are subject to the risk of existing or future environmental contamination, including, among others, soil and groundwater contamination as well as the delivery of contaminated water, as a result of the spillage of hazardous materials or other

pollutants. Water supply utilities are also subject to the risk of increased costs, which may result from a number of factors, including fluctuations in water availability or costs associated with desalination.

Data Risk. There are a number of risks that are intrinsic to the data sector. For example, as there is a limited number of potential customers in this sector, the loss of one customer could materially decrease revenues and have an adverse impact on growth opportunities. In this regard, consolidation among technology customers may result in decreased need for multiple networks or data centers or a customer may decide to no longer outsource certain types of data infrastructure or otherwise change its business model, in each case, which would have a material and adverse effect on growth and revenues of companies in the data sector. Also, the emergence of new or improved technologies could result in the demand for existing tower space, data centers and/or fibers and thus reduce demand for new tower, data center and/or fiber leasing. In addition, increased competition in the data sector may result in fewer opportunities and higher prices for acquisitions as well as put pressure on leasing rates for new and renewing customer tower, data center and/or fiber leases. There can be no assurances that leases with current customers will not be terminated or that they will be renewed or re-let on a timely basis or at favorable net effective leasing rates.

Local zoning authorities and community organizations are often opposed to construction in their communities and these regulations can delay, prevent or increase the cost of new tower, data center and/or system distribution construction and modifications. Existing regulatory policies may materially and adversely affect the associated timing or cost of such projects and additional regulations may be adopted which increase delays or result in additional costs, or that prevent proposed projects in certain locations. See "*Regulatory and Legal Risks*" above.

Furthermore, if radio frequency emissions from wireless handsets or equipment on towers are demonstrated to cause negative health effects, potential future claims could adversely affect operations, costs and revenues.

Development and Construction Risk. The Sub-Fund may invest in projects that involve significant construction or development, such as greenfield development, and therefore there is a risk that such projects will not be completed within budget, within the agreed timeframe or to the agreed specification (for example, due to an inability to obtain required permits or project financing or as a result of delays following engagement with local stakeholders), which may result in significant delays, increased costs or delays in the commencement of cash flow generation. Such unexpected delays or costs may result in increased debt service costs and the inability of project owners to meet the higher interest and principal repayments arising from the additional debt requirement. In addition, there could be insufficient funds to complete construction. Delays in project completion may also affect the scheduled cash flow necessary to cover the debt service costs and operation and maintenance expenses. These risks may be mitigated by provisions in construction contracts for payment of liquidated damages by the construction contractors. However, the Sub-Fund may not benefit from such provisions and may be exposed to any losses not covered by such provisions or to the financial failure of the contractors. In the event a development project is unsuccessful, expenses incurred in connection with such development project, including those related to development services provided by Brookfield or an affiliate thereof, may be borne by the Sub-Fund despite that such development project did not proceed. As a result, with respect to Portfolio Investments by the Sub-Fund in projects involving significant construction or development, any one of the foregoing may undermine a Portfolio Entity's operations and, consequently, the Sub-Fund's ability to achieve its objectives which would have contemplated successful execution of such construction and/or development.

Demand and Usage Risk. Although the Sub-Fund expects to target assets with low demand, usage and throughput risk, residual demand, usage and throughput risk can affect the performance of Portfolio Investments. To the extent that the Sub-Fund's assumptions regarding the demand, usage

and throughput of assets prove incorrect, returns to the Sub-Fund could be materially and adversely affected.

Loss of Customers. Companies or assets within certain infrastructure sectors often derive a significant portion of their revenue from a small number of customers, and the loss, consolidation or bankruptcy or insolvency of any of such customers may materially decrease revenues and have an adverse impact on growth opportunities of such companies or assets and within such sectors.

Operational Risk. The long-term profitability of the assets in which the Sub-Fund invests will be dependent upon the efficient operation, maintenance and high availability of such assets. Inefficient operations, maintenance and low availability may reduce returns to the Shareholders. Operations are also subject to the risk of equipment failure due to wear and tear, latent defect, design error, operator error, or early obsolescence, among other things, which could have a material adverse effect on the assets, liabilities, business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flow of Portfolio Investments.

New and Disruptive Technologies. The Sub-Fund may invest in Portfolio Investments that make use of older, sustaining or little to no technology, in which case, the value of any such Portfolio Entity could be adversely impacted by competitors developing and/or utilizing new, disruptive technologies. Further, competitors may implement such disruptive technologies over a period of time during which the market, including Brookfield, is not aware of, or has access to, such developments. As a result, while Brookfield may seek to assist a Portfolio Entity with making technological improvements, any such Portfolio Entity that does not utilize certain technologies for any reason may be at a competitive disadvantage and, as a result, the lack thereof of the adoption of such technologies may have a material adverse effect on the Portfolio Entity or may even lead to an entire asset class becoming obsolete. The Sub-Fund may also invest in Portfolio Investments that use newly developed, less proven technologies. There is no guarantee that such new technologies will perform as anticipated, especially in a field of rapidly changing technologies. The failure of a technology to perform as anticipated or its obsolescence, due to the development and utilization of new and disruptive technologies or otherwise, may materially and adversely affect the performance of certain Portfolio Investments that invest in or use such technologies and certain Portfolio Investments that do not benefit from such technologies.

Reliance on Portfolio Entity Management. With respect to management at the Portfolio Entity level, many Portfolio Investments rely on the services of one or a limited number of key individuals, the loss of any one of whom could significantly adversely affect the Portfolio Entity's performance; the loss of one or more key individuals is further exacerbated in industries, sectors and fields where technologies and the expertise to understand and develop such technologies is highly specialized, which is expected to be the case with respect to certain Portfolio Investments made by the Sub-Fund. There can be no assurance that the existing management team of a Portfolio Entity, or any new team, will be able to successfully operate such Portfolio Entity or will meet the Sub-Fund's expectations. Although the Investment Manager expects to monitor Portfolio Entity management, management of each Portfolio Entity will have day-to-day responsibility with respect to the business of such Portfolio Entity. In addition, certain Portfolio Investments may operate in highly regulated environments, and the Sub-Fund will likely rely on the management teams to manage their activities in a manner consistent with applicable laws and regulations and in a manner which will permit such Portfolio Entity to maintain a quality reputation. If a Portfolio Entity acts inconsistently with applicable laws and regulations or takes actions that cause such Portfolio Entity disrepute, such actions may adversely affect the Sub-Fund, as an investor in the Portfolio Entity, and may damage the Sub-Fund's reputation, which may adversely impact the Sub-Fund's ability to complete other Portfolio Investments and the Sub-Fund's ability to realize its investment objective.

Labor Relations. Certain Portfolio Investments may have unionized work forces or employees who are covered by a collective bargaining agreement, which could subject any such Portfolio Entity's activities and labor relations matters to complex laws and regulations relating thereto. Moreover, a

Portfolio Entity's operations and profitability could suffer if it experiences labor relations problems. Upon the expiration of any Portfolio Entity's collective bargaining agreements, it may be unable to negotiate new collective bargaining agreements on terms favorable to it, and its business operations at one or more of its facilities may be interrupted as a result of labor disputes or difficulties and delays in the process of renegotiating its collective bargaining agreements. A work stoppage at one or more of a Portfolio Entity's facilities could have a material adverse effect on its business, results of operations and financial condition. Any such problems additionally may adversely affect the Sub-Fund's ability to implement its investment objectives.

Impact of Natural or Man-Made Disasters; Disease Epidemics. Certain regions are at risk of being affected by natural disasters or catastrophic natural events. Considering that the development of infrastructure, disaster management planning agencies, disaster response and relief sources, organized public funding for natural emergencies, and natural disaster early warning technology may be immature and unbalanced in certain countries, the natural disaster toll on an individual Portfolio Entity or the broader local economic market may be significant. Prolonged periods may pass before essential communications, electricity and other power sources are restored and operations of the Portfolio Entity can be resumed. Portfolio Investments could also be at risk in the event of such a disaster. The magnitude of future economic repercussions of natural disasters may also be unknown, may delay the Sub-Fund's ability to invest in certain companies, and may ultimately prevent any such Portfolio Investment entirely. Portfolio Investments may also be negatively affected by man-made disasters. Publicity of man-made disasters may have a significant negative impact on overall consumer confidence, which in turn may materially and adversely affect the performance of Portfolio Investments, whether or not such Portfolio Investments are involved in such man-made disaster.

In addition, certain illnesses spread rapidly and have the potential to significantly adversely affect the global economy. Any outbreak of disease epidemics such as the severe acute respiratory syndrome, avian influenza, H1N1/09, including most recently, COVID-19, or other similarly infectious diseases may result in the closure or suspension of certain businesses, and could also result in (a) the lack of availability or price volatility of raw materials or component parts necessary to a Portfolio Entity's business; (b) disruption of regional or global trade markets and/or the availability of capital or leverage; (c) trade restrictions which impact a Portfolio Entity's business; and/or (d) a general economic decline and/or decline in the market applicable to any Portfolio Entity, and have an adverse impact on the Sub-Fund's value, Portfolio Investments, or the Sub-Fund's ability to source new Portfolio Investments. This type of market disruption may also make it difficult to obtain a credit facility or to finance particular Portfolio Investments.

Climate Change. Ongoing changes to the climatic conditions in which the Sub-Fund operates and invests may have an adverse impact on the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments. While the precise future effects of climate change are unknown, it is possible that changes in weather patterns or extreme weather (such as floods, hurricanes and other storms) could, among other adverse impacts, damage the Portfolio Investments. These changes, in addition to changes affecting precipitation levels, hydrology, annual sunshine and/or wind levels could also influence power generation levels. Reductions in precipitation levels, wind or sunlight could cause material and adverse impacts on the Portfolio Investments. If such reductions are significant, certain Portfolio Investments may be rendered inoperable. Significant increases in precipitation levels or wind could cause damage to the Portfolio Investments and create periods in which the Portfolio Investments are inoperable. The adverse effects of climate change and related regulation at provincial or state, federal and international levels could have a material adverse effect on the business, financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the Sub-Fund and the Portfolio Investments. Notwithstanding that the Sub-Fund will make Portfolio Investments involved in mitigating the effects of climate change, any of the foregoing could adversely affect the value of the Portfolio Investments and the performance of the Sub-Fund.

The Sub-Fund may be making Portfolio Investments that are heavily involved in alleviating the effects of climate change. The business success of any such Portfolio Entity may be inextricably tied to its ability to mitigate the effects of climate change, which may be challenging or unattainable.

Conversely, certain Portfolio Investments may, at the time of the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Investment, and thereafter (including during the Sub-Fund's hold period), be considered "high risk" in terms of their impact on their communities and the environment and may be actively creating negative externalities on their local and global climates. Such "high risk" businesses may be subject to increased regulatory scrutiny and government disincentives, each of which may change unpredictably, which therefore may decrease the value of such Portfolio Entity.

Business Transformation. The Sub-Fund may make investments that seek to help transition businesses, primarily within the utility, energy, industrial and technology sectors, towards net-zero business models. There can be no guarantee that any of these investments will be successful in such endeavor. As a result, such Portfolio Companies may not be able to achieve their impact objectives. Additionally, should such Portfolio Companies achieve their transformation objectives, there can be no assurance that such transformation from an impact perspective will necessarily result in increased financial returns for the Sub-Fund. Any such investment may pursue a business transformation toward a lower carbon business model at considerable time and financial expense, which may, for a period of time (or indefinitely) result in financial losses, including due to the loss of revenue streams or business contracts. In the same vein, investments by the Sub-Fund in its Portfolio Companies are expected to be particularly spread out over time, given that a significant part of the Sub-Fund's capital is expected to be used for purposes of development and capital expenditures. Given that the Sub-Fund may be contractually obligated to continue to provide funding for a Portfolio Company, irrespective of market movements, changing regulatory environments, and fluctuations in the price of commodities, among other emerging risks, such risks may have a greater impact on the Sub-Fund than otherwise would be expected for investment funds with other investment strategies. The Sub-Fund's returns may be adversely impacted as a result.

Control Position. The Sub-Fund will generally seek investment opportunities that allow the Sub-Fund to have significant influence on the management, operations and strategic direction of the Portfolio Investments in which it invests. The exercise of control and/or significant influence over a company imposes additional risks of liability for environmental damage, product defects, failure to supervise management and other types of liability in which the limited liability characteristic of business operations may generally be ignored. The exercise of control and/or significant influence over a Portfolio Entity could expose the assets of the Sub-Fund to claims by such Portfolio Entity, its security holders and its creditors. While the Board of Directors intends to manage the Sub-Fund in a way that will minimize exposure to these risks, the possibility of successful claims cannot be precluded.

Board Participation. The Sub-Fund will generally seek control or co-control positions in Portfolio Investments and will generally be represented on the boards of directors (or have its representatives serve as observers to such boards of directors) of most of its Portfolio Investments as well as positions on advisory, operating or similar committees of such Portfolio Investments. Although such positions in certain circumstances may be important to the Sub-Fund's investment strategy and may enhance the Sub-Fund's and the Investment Manager's ability to manage the Portfolio Investments, they may also have the effect of impairing the Sub-Fund's ability to sell the related securities when, and upon the terms, it may otherwise desire, and may subject the Investment Manager and the Sub-Fund to claims they would not otherwise be subject to as an investor, including claims of breach of duty of loyalty, securities claims and other director related claims. In general, the Sub-Fund will indemnify the Investment Manager and their representatives from such claims.

Minority Position and "Toe-hold" Investments. The Sub-Fund expects to make minority equity or debt Portfolio Investments where the Sub-Fund may have limited influence. Such Portfolio

Investments may have economic or business interests or goals that are inconsistent with those of the Sub-Fund and the Sub-Fund may not be in a position to limit or otherwise protect the value of such Portfolio Investments. The Sub-Fund's control over the investment policies of such Portfolio Investments may also be limited. This could result in the Portfolio Investments being frozen in minority positions that incur substantial losses. This could also prevent the Sub-Fund from realizing the value of its Portfolio Investments and distributing proceeds in a timely manner.

If the Sub-Fund takes a minority position in publicly traded securities as a "toe-hold" investment, such publicly traded securities may fluctuate in value over the limited duration of the Portfolio Investment in such publicly traded securities, which could potentially reduce returns to Shareholders. While the Sub-Fund may seek to accumulate larger positions and/or incremental economic exposure through open market purchases, registered tender offers, negotiated transactions, private placements, or equity derivatives (i.e. total return swaps), the Sub-Fund may be unable to accumulate a sufficiently large position in a Portfolio Entity to execute its strategy. In such circumstances, the Sub-Fund may dispose of its position in the Portfolio Entity within a short time of acquiring it; there can be no assurance that the price at which the Sub-Fund can sell such securities will not have declined since the time of acquisition. Moreover, this may be exacerbated by the fact that securities of the companies that the Sub-Fund may target may be thinly traded and that the Sub-Fund's position may nevertheless have been substantial, although not controlling, and its disposal may depress the market price for such securities.

Additionally, from time to time the Sub-Fund may make a toe-hold Portfolio Investment in publicly traded securities as part of a potential broader, longer-term investment strategy, and as a result, the Sub-Fund may keep certain information related to such Portfolio Investments confidential due to certain disclosure and regulatory related considerations.

Investments in Derivatives. In addition to the activities described in "Hedging Transactions" above, the Sub-Fund may use swaps, including credit default and total return swaps, and other over-the-counter derivative instruments or participations to leverage, access or enhance Portfolio Investments, in each case in circumstances in which such derivatives are intended to resemble, as closely as possible, the economic rights that could otherwise be obtained directly. The special risks associated with these obligations include: (a) the possible invalidation of an investment transaction as a fraudulent conveyance under relevant creditors' rights laws; (b) adverse consequences resulting from participating in such instruments with other institutions with lower credit quality; (c) limitations on the ability of the Sub-Fund or the Investment Manager to directly enforce its rights with respect to instruments; (d) a secondary trading market that is not generally well developed, which may make it difficult to value or dispose of such instruments quickly or at a fair price; and (e) since the holder of such an instrument generally has no contractual relationship directly with the underlying Portfolio Entity, the Sub-Fund may have to rely upon a third-party to take actions and provide information in respect of such company. See "*Minority Position and 'Toe-hold' Investments*" above.

Other Investment Techniques and Instruments. The Sub-Fund may employ other investment techniques and invest in other instruments that the Sub-Fund believes will help achieve the Sub-Fund's investment objective, whether or not such investment techniques or instruments are specifically described herein. In addition, if the Sub-Fund believes that suitable investment opportunities present themselves to transact on attractive terms, the Sub-Fund may also consider the acquisition of such Portfolio Investments in the form(s) described herein or other types which are consistent with the Sub-Fund's investment objectives. Consistent with its investment objective, the Sub-Fund may invest in financial instruments of any and all types, which exist now or are hereafter created.

Terms of Co-Investments. To the extent the Investment Manager determines that an investment opportunity that is to be offered to and executed on by the Sub-Fund exceeds the amount appropriate for the Sub-Fund (which will, in many cases, be less than the maximum concentration

permitted by the investment restrictions), the Investment Manager may, in its discretion, offer to one or more third parties (including, in each case, Brookfield affiliate or employees and Brookfield-managed entities and/or clients or potential clients, strategic or other investors) the ability to participate in such opportunity as a co-investor on such terms and conditions (including fees) as the Investment Manager determines. In addition, the Investment Manager expects to offer potential co-investment opportunities to one or more persons that are potentially of strategic benefit to the applicable investment opportunity or the Sub-Fund irrespective of whether the available investment opportunity exceeds the amount appropriate for the Sub-Fund.

The terms and conditions of any co-investment opportunity offered by the Investment Manager will be determined by the Investment Manager in its discretion. Such terms and conditions may not in all cases be beneficial to the Sub-Fund.

Shareholders are not required to participate in co-investments offered by the Investment Manager, if any, and there can be no assurance that any co-investment opportunity will be made available in connection with the Sub-Fund. Subject to any priority co-investment rights granted to certain Shareholders, decisions regarding whether and to which Shareholders to offer co-investment opportunities are made at the discretion of the Investment Manager and are based on a number of factors, including a Shareholder's expressed interest in co-investments, the size of such Shareholder's investment in the Sub-Fund (or to other Brookfield Accounts), the Investment Manager's assessment of such Investment Manager ability to both fund and timely execute such co-investment, a Investment Manager's willingness to pay fees, carried interest or other performance compensation and broken deal expenses and the Investment Manager's strategic value to the Sub-Fund, any other current or prospective Brookfield portfolio company or Brookfield itself. Nothing in this Prospectus constitutes a guarantee or projection of the availability of future co-investment opportunities. Investing in the Sub-Fund does not entitle any Shareholder to allocations of co-investment opportunities or should be deemed to provide any right for a Shareholder to be offered or otherwise participate in a co-investment. Without limiting the generality of any of the foregoing, in circumstances where the Investment Manager determines to offer co-investment opportunities, as a result of applicable jurisdiction-specific laws, the Investment Manager may not be permitted to offer all or certain co-investment opportunities to Shareholders located or established in certain jurisdictions, or, where such offer is permitted, the Investment Manager may determine not to offer all or certain co-investment opportunities to certain Shareholders if doing so would subject the co-investment vehicle, the Sub-Fund, the Shareholders, the Investment Manager or Brookfield to additional regulatory, tax, filing, registration or other obligations. As a consequence of the above, some Shareholders may not be able to participate in some or all of the co-investment opportunities offered by the Investment Manager. Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future results and the actual number of co-investment opportunities made available to Shareholders may be significantly higher or lower than those made available in connection with any prior investments made by Brookfield and other existing Brookfield Accounts.

The Investment Manager or its respective affiliate intends to charge certain management fees, administrative fees, one-time funding, acquisition or co-investment fees and/or carried interest (or other performance compensation) in respect of co-investments, and fee income attributable to co-investments is not expected to be shared by the Investment Manager with the Sub-Fund or co-investors. However, the Sub-Fund may be required to bear all broken deal costs associated with a co-investment where a portion of an investment is expected to be sold to co-investors after closing and such acquisition falls through or if co-investors otherwise are unwilling to bear such costs. Shareholders' returns with respect to co-investment opportunities may differ from or exceed Shareholders' returns with respect to the Sub-Fund, particularly for investors in co-investment opportunities whose investment will be subject to reduced management fees, carry distributions or similar compensation payable to the Investment Manager or its affiliates. Similarly, if a co-investor utilizes a different currency hedging strategy from the Sub-Fund in connection with a Portfolio Investment denominated in a currency other than Euros, currency fluctuations and fees and

expenses associated with any hedging transaction will result in different returns for such co-investor and the Sub-Fund. The performance of co-investments is not aggregated with that of the Sub-Fund, including for purposes of determining the Investment Manager's Management Fees (which shall include Variable Management Share distributions).

Furthermore, from time-to-time, Brookfield intends to enter into a voting agreement with one or more other Brookfield Accounts alongside which the Sub-Fund is invested, which, among other things, would allocate (upon such Brookfield Account's election), directly or indirectly, certain voting rights of the Sub-Fund or the Investment Manager with respect to the Sub-Fund or with respect to one or more properties or portfolio companies to such affiliates. However, for the avoidance of doubt, Brookfield will in all circumstances control the Sub-Fund.

See also "*Allocation of Co-Investments*" and "*Co-Investment Expenses*".

Public Company Securities. The Sub-Fund may hold securities traded on public markets, subject to the limitations set forth in the Articles. Portfolio Investments in such securities may involve different risks than those associated with investments in securities that are not traded on public markets. Among those risks are (a) increased disclosure requirements; (b) greater volatility; (c) increased likelihood of shareholder litigation; (d) restrictions on timing of disposition; and (e) increased compliance costs.

In the event that the Sub-Fund invests in distressed public securities, among the problems involved in such Portfolio Investments is the fact that it frequently may be difficult to obtain information as to the conditions of such troubled issuers. The market prices of such securities are also subject to abrupt and erratic market movements and above average price volatility, and the spread between the bid and asked prices of such securities may be greater than normally expected. It may take a number of years for the market price of such securities to reflect their intrinsic value.

Private Securities. Many of the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Investments will involve private securities, which are generally more difficult to sell than publicly traded securities, as there is often no liquid market, which may result in selling interests at a discount. In addition, private securities generally are more difficult to value than publicly traded securities as such valuations are inherently uncertain. The determinations of value in accordance with procedures established by the Investment Manager and the terms of the Articles may differ materially from the values that would have been used if an active market and market quotations existed for such investments. In connection with the disposition of an investment in private securities, the Sub-Fund may agree to purchase adjustments and may be required to make representations about the business and financial affairs of the Portfolio Entity typical of those made in connection with the sale of a business. The Sub-Fund may be obligated to fund such purchase price adjustments and also may be required to indemnify the purchasers of such Portfolio Investment to the extent that any such representations turn out to be inaccurate. These arrangements may result in the incurrence of contingent liabilities that may ultimately yield funding obligations that must be satisfied prior to distributions being made to the Shareholders.

Risks of Investing in Emerging and Developing Markets. The Sub-Fund may make Portfolio Investments in emerging or developing markets. The risks associated with global investing are magnified in such markets. The depth, liquidity, sales volume and stability of other markets are significantly lower in emerging and developing markets as compared to the U.S., Canada or Western Europe. Furthermore, political and economic structures in countries with emerging or developing economies or stock markets generally lack the social, political and economic stability characteristic of more developed countries. This instability may result from, among other things, the following: (a) authoritarian governments or military involvement in political and economic decision-making, including changes in government through extra-constitutional means and the imposition or strengthening of controls on non-U.S. investment and/or repatriation of capital and income; (b) popular unrest associated with demands for improved political, economic and social condition;

(c) internal insurgencies; (d) hostile relations with neighboring countries; (e) ethnic, religious and racial disaffection; (f) higher levels of corruption of government officials and corporate officers; and (g) interference into political and government affairs by powerful economic groups. This social, political and economic instability significantly increases the risk of, and could significantly and adversely affect the value of, Portfolio Investments in emerging or developing markets.

In addition, governments in certain countries participate to a significant degree in their economies through ownership interests and/or regulation. With respect to certain countries, there may also be the possibility of expropriation, confiscatory taxation or other protectionist measures or diplomatic developments that could affect investments in those countries. Repatriation of investment income, capital and the proceeds of sale may require governmental registration and approval in some emerging or developing market countries.

Furthermore, some emerging and developing market countries have laws and regulations that require government approval under certain circumstances, including under corporate, securities, currency control and other similar laws and may require financing and structuring alternatives that differ significantly from those customarily used in more developed countries. The process of obtaining these approvals may require a significant expenditure of time and resources. In certain countries, such laws and regulations have been subject to unpredicted and frequent changes, potentially exposing the Sub-Fund to taxes, restrictions and other obligations that were not anticipated at the time of initial investment.

Investments in New Jurisdictions. The Sub-Fund is intended to be global in nature and therefore may make Portfolio Investments in countries, territories and other jurisdictions in which the Sub-Fund, the Investment Manager or Brookfield may not have significant experience or expertise. While the Sub-Fund intends to mitigate this risk by engaging applicable service providers and personnel with the requisite experience and expertise, there is no guarantee that such persons will adequately protect the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments from the risks that may be prevalent in such jurisdictions.

Investment in Nonperforming or Troubled Assets. The Sub-Fund may make Portfolio Investments in nonperforming or troubled assets or businesses that involve a degree of financial risk and there can be no assurance that the Sub-Fund's internal rate of return objectives will be realized or that there will be any return of capital. Furthermore, Infrastructure Investments operating in workout modes or under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code may, in certain circumstances, be subject to additional potential liabilities that could exceed the value of the Sub-Fund's original Portfolio Investment, including equitable subordination and/or disallowance of claims or lender liability. In addition, under certain circumstances, payments to the Sub-Fund and distributions by the Sub-Fund to the Shareholders may be reclaimed if any such payment or distribution is later determined to have been a fraudulent conveyance or a preferential payment under applicable law.

Risks Related to Investment Structure. Securities of various Portfolio Investments are also subject to a number of risks, which will be dependent in part on the structure of the Portfolio Entity (for example, corporation, partnership, etc.) and the structure of the securities (for example, common equity, preferred equity, secured and unsecured debt and senior or junior debt, etc.). The performance of securities may depend in part on liquidity, market support, price volatility, and the relative rights of more senior and junior stakeholders, among other things. The business, creditworthiness, tax position, and effectiveness and stability of management of a Portfolio Entity, as well as general and specific financial, business and economic conditions, may also have an effect on the value of securities.

Accounting Standards. The Sub-Fund is using IFRS accounting standards for the calculation of its net asset value, its valuation and the establishment of its audited annual report. The Sub-Fund's accounting standards may not correspond to the accounting standards of other underlying entities, resulting in different financial information appearing on their respective financial statements.

Information available to Shareholders in the Sub-Fund's audited annual report may differ from information available in the financial statements of underlying entities, including operations, financial results, capitalization and financial obligations, earnings and securities.

Risks Relating to Due Diligence of Portfolio Investments. Before making Portfolio Investments, the Sponsor will conduct due diligence that it deems reasonable and appropriate based on the facts and circumstances known at that time. Due diligence may entail evaluation of important and complex business, financial, tax, accounting, environmental, social, governance, real property and legal issues. When conducting due diligence and making an assessment regarding an Investment, the Sponsor will rely on the resources available to it, including information provided by the counterparty and, in some circumstances, third-party investigations. However, representations made by a counterparty could be inaccurate, and third-party investigations may not uncover risks. As a result, due diligence investigations conducted with respect to any investment opportunity may not reveal or highlight all relevant facts necessary or helpful to make the investment decision. Moreover, such an investigation will not necessarily result in a Portfolio Investment being successful. There can be no assurance that attempts to provide downside protection with respect to a Portfolio Investment, including pursuant to risk management procedures described in this Prospectus, will achieve their desired effect and potential investors should regard an investment in the Sub-Fund as being speculative and having a high degree of risk. There can be no assurance that the Investment Manager will be able to detect or prevent irregular accounting, employee misconduct or other fraudulent practices during the due diligence phase or during its efforts to monitor an Investment on an ongoing basis or that any risk management procedures implemented by the Investment Manager will be adequate.

Consultants, legal advisors, appraisers, accountants, investment banks and other third parties may be involved in the due diligence process and/or the ongoing operation of the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Entities to varying degrees. For example, certain asset management, finance, administrative and other similar functions may be outsourced to a third-party service provider whose fees and expenses will be borne by the Portfolio Entities or the Sub-Fund and will not offset fees payable to the Portfolio Manager. Such involvement of third-party advisors or consultants may present a number of risks primarily relating to the Investment Manager's reduced control of the functions that are outsourced. In addition, if the Investment Manager is unable to timely engage third-party providers, its ability to evaluate and acquire more complex targets could be adversely affected.

Expedited Transactions. Investment analyses and decisions by the Sponsor may frequently be required to be undertaken on an expedited basis to take advantage of investment opportunities. In such cases, the information available to the Sponsor at the time of making an investment decision may be limited, and the Sponsor may not have access to detailed information regarding assets. Therefore, no assurance can be given that the Sponsor will have knowledge of all circumstances that may adversely affect a Portfolio Investment at the time the investment decision is made, and the Sub-Fund may make Investments which it would not have made if more extensive due diligence had been undertaken.

Portfolio Entity Liabilities. Liabilities of Portfolio Entities, including those related to activities that occurred prior to the Sub-Fund's investment therein, could have an adverse impact on the Sub-Fund. For example, various jurisdictions permit certain classes of creditors and government authorities to make claims (including, by way of example only, environmental, consumer protection, antitrust and pension and labor law matters and liabilities) against shareholders of a company if the company does not have resources to pay out the claim. The Sub-Fund could, as a result, become liable for certain classes of claims against its Portfolio Entities. Finally, it is possible that creditors of Portfolio Entities owned by Other Brookfield Accounts may seek to make certain claims (including, by way of example only, environmental, consumer protection and pension/labor law matters and liabilities) against the Sub-Fund due to its common control relationship with Other Brookfield Accounts. The laws of certain jurisdictions provide not only for carve-outs from limited liability protection for a

Portfolio Entity that has incurred certain liabilities, but also for recourse to assets of other entities under common control with, or that are part of the same economic group as, such company. For example, if a Portfolio Entity of the Sub-Fund or an Other Group Account is subject to bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings in a jurisdiction and is found to have liabilities under the local consumer protection laws, the laws of that jurisdiction may permit authorities or creditors to file a lien on, or to otherwise have recourse to, assets held by entities under common control or that form part of the same economic group, potentially including Portfolio Entities of the Sub-Fund.

Risks from Operations of Other Portfolio Entities. The Sub-Fund and Other Brookfield Accounts have made and will continue to make investments in Portfolio Entities that have operations and assets in many jurisdictions around the world. It is possible that the activities of one Portfolio Entity may have adverse consequences on one or more other Portfolio Entities (including the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Entities), even in cases where the Portfolio Entities are held by Other Brookfield Accounts and have no other connection to each other. For example, a violation of a rule by a Portfolio Entity of an Other Group Account could prevent the Sub-Fund or one of its Portfolio Entities from obtaining a permit, or have other adverse consequences.

Risk associated with an investment in the Sub-Fund

Absence of Operating History. The Sub-Fund is being established in connection with this offering and has no prior operating history upon which a prospective investor can evaluate the likely performance of the Sub-Fund. The past investment performance of predecessor funds to the Sub-Fund, any other Brookfield Account (including any investments made thereby) or any investments managed by predecessor funds to the Sub-Fund, Brookfield or the officers or other investment professionals of Brookfield cannot be construed as any indication of the future results of an investment in the Sub-Fund. Although certain officers and other investment professionals of Brookfield, both individually and together, have experience investing in infrastructure transactions, their past experience cannot be relied upon as an indicator of the ability of the Sub-Fund to execute on its investment strategy and achieve its investment objectives. While the Sub-Fund intends to make Portfolio Investments that have estimated returns commensurate with the uncertainties involved, there can be no assurance that the Sub-Fund will be able to implement its investment strategy or achieve its investment objectives or that any Shareholders will receive a return of capital. Shareholders should have the ability to sustain the loss of their entire investment in the Sub-Fund.

Reliance on Management. The success of the Sub-Fund depends in substantial part upon the skill and expertise of the investment professionals who will be providing investment advice with respect to the Sub-Fund. There can be no assurance that these key investment professionals will continue to be associated with the Sub-Fund, the Investment Manager or Brookfield throughout the life of the Sub-Fund. In addition, the key investment professionals and others within Brookfield devote their time and attention to Brookfield and various investments and investment products of Brookfield, which includes the activities of the Sub-Fund. While certain investment professionals will devote such time as they believe is reasonably required to the Sub-Fund, the composition of the team dedicated to the Sub-Fund may change from time to time without notice to the Shareholders. Furthermore, while such investment professionals may continue to be associated with the Investment Manager, the Sub-Fund or Brookfield, they may move between the different business groups within Brookfield and no longer be responsible for providing investment advice with respect to the Sub-Fund. Accordingly, the make-up of the pool of investment professionals (including, in certain circumstances, members of the Investment Committee) with responsibility for the investment strategy of the Sub-Fund may evolve over time. The loss of key personnel, including as a result of the employment of such personnel by Portfolio Investments, could have a material adverse effect on the Sub-Fund's ability to realize its investment objectives.

Operational Risk. The Sub-Fund is subject to operational risk, including the possibility that errors may be made by the Investment Manager, the Management Partner, the Sub-Fund's service providers (including third-party fund administrators) or any of their respective affiliates in certain

transactions, calculations or valuations on behalf of, or otherwise relating to, the Sub-Fund. Shareholders may not be notified of the occurrence of an error or the resolution of any error. Generally, the Investment Manager, the Sub-Fund, the Sub-Fund's service providers and any of their respective affiliates will not be held accountable for such errors, and the Sub-Fund may bear losses resulting from such errors.

Risk of Unsuccessful Exit Strategies. The Sub-Fund may opportunistically sell, publicly list, distribute or otherwise dispose of Portfolio Investments at any time. It is not possible to predict whether a particular exit strategy will be advantageous or available at the appropriate time. If the Sub-Fund fails to execute an exit strategy successfully prior to the liquidation of the Sub-Fund, the Sub-Fund may be forced to liquidate its assets on terms less favorable than anticipated and the proceeds from these Portfolio Investments and the remaining Portfolio Investments may be materially and adversely affected.

Illiquid and Long-Term Investments. Although Portfolio Investments are expected to generate some amount of income, Portfolio Investments will be held for an indefinite period of time and the return of capital and the realization of gains, if any, from a Portfolio Investment generally will most likely occur only upon the partial or complete disposition of such Portfolio Investment. While a Portfolio Investment may be sold at any time, it is generally expected that the sale of a substantial portion of the Portfolio Investments will not occur for a number of years after such Portfolio Investments are made. Since the Portfolio Investments targeted by the Sub-Fund are generally not liquid, it is unlikely that there will be a public market for certain of the securities or debt instruments held by the Sub-Fund and such securities or debt instruments may require a substantial length of time to liquidate. The Sub-Fund generally will not be able to sell these securities or debt instruments publicly unless their sale is registered under applicable securities laws or unless an exemption from such registration requirements is available. In addition, in some cases, the Sub-Fund may be prohibited or limited by contract from selling certain securities or debt instruments for a period of time and as a result, may not be permitted to sell a Portfolio Investment at the time it might otherwise desire to do so.

Projections. The Sub-Fund will make Portfolio Investments based upon projections developed by the Investment Manager or a Portfolio Entity concerning a Portfolio Entity's future performance, outcome and cash flow. Because projections are inherently subject to uncertainty and factors beyond the control of the Investment Manager and the Portfolio Entity, investors have no assurance that the Portfolio Investments will yield the returns expected by the Sub-Fund's management. The inaccuracy of certain assumptions, the failure to satisfy certain requirements and the occurrence of other unforeseen events could impair the ability of a Portfolio Entity to realize projected values, outcomes and cash flow. In addition, subsequent to the Sub-Fund's acquisition of a particular Portfolio Investment, management or the Investment Manager may adjust projected returns to reflect changes in market conditions or based upon other relevant facts and circumstances.

Valuation Risk. Given the nature of the Sub-Fund's proposed Portfolio Investments, the Sub-Fund may rely upon the AIFM for valuation of certain of the Sub-Fund's assets, including in connection with the distribution of illiquid securities upon the liquidation of the Sub-Fund. The AIFM may engage qualified valuation professionals to assist in this determination; however, it is not always required to do so. Given the nature of the proposed Portfolio Investments and the significant uncertainty and volatility in the current financial markets due to COVID-19, valuation of assets may be difficult. There may be a relative scarcity of market comparables on which to base the value of the Sub-Fund's assets. Additionally, the ultimate extent of the economic impact of COVID-19 will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted at this time. See also "*Public Health Risk*" above. As such, any such valuations may be speculative.

Valuations. For the purposes of calculating the Sub-Fund's monthly NAV, the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Investments will generally initially be valued at cost based on the Sub-Fund's percentage ownership of such Investment, which the Sub-Fund expects to represent fair value at that time; however, to

the extent the AIFM does not believe an Investment's cost reflects the current market value, the Investment Manager may adjust such valuation. Thereafter, valuations of Portfolio Investments will be determined by the Investment Manager and based in part on appraisals of each of the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Investments by independent third-party appraisal firms reviewed by the AIFM (as the Sub-Fund's independent valuation advisor) in accordance with the Valuation Policy. Annual appraisals may be delayed for a short period in exceptional circumstances. Certain investments, such as mortgages, preferred stock and mezzanine loans, are unlikely to have market quotations. In the case of loans acquired by the Sub-Fund, such initial value will generally be the acquisition price of such loan. In the case of loans originated by the Sub-Fund, such initial value will generally be the par value of such loan. Each such Investment will then be valued by the Investment Manager. Additionally, the Investment Manager may in its discretion, but is not obligated to, consider material market data and other information (as of the applicable month-end for which NAV is being calculated) that becomes available after the end of the applicable month in valuing the Sub-Fund's assets and liabilities and calculating the Sub-Fund's NAV.

For more information regarding the Sub-Fund's valuation process, see Part X (*Calculation of Net Asset Value*) of this Sub-Fund Supplement.

Within the parameters of the Valuation Policy, the valuation methodologies used to value the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Investments may involve subjective judgments and projections and may not be accurate. Valuation methodologies will also involve assumptions and opinions about future events, which may or may not turn out to be correct. Valuations and appraisals of the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Investments will be only estimates of fair value. Because these fair value calculations will involve significant professional judgment in the application of both observable and unobservable attributes, the calculated fair value of the Sub-Fund's assets may differ from their actual realizable value or future fair value. Ultimate realization of the value of an asset depends to a great extent on economic, market and other conditions beyond the Sub-Fund's control and the control of the Investment Manager and the AIFM (as the Sub-Fund's independent valuation advisor). Further, valuations do not necessarily represent the price at which an asset would sell, since market prices of assets can only be determined by negotiation between a willing buyer and seller. As such, the carrying value of an asset may not reflect the price at which the asset could be sold in the market, and the difference between carrying value and the ultimate sales price could be material. In addition, accurate valuations are more difficult to obtain in times of low transaction volume because there are fewer market transactions that can be considered in the context of the appraisal. There will be no retroactive adjustment in the valuation of such assets, the offering price of the Sub-Fund's Shares, the price the Sub-Fund paid to redeem Shares or NAV-based or performance-based fees it paid, directly or indirectly, to the Investment Manager to the extent such valuations prove to not accurately reflect the realizable value of the Sub-Fund's assets. While the Sub-Fund believes its NAV calculation methodologies are consistent with standard industry practices, there are other methodologies available to calculate NAV. As a result, other Brookfield private funds may use different methodologies or assumptions to determine NAV.

Listed Share Risk. One or more Share Classes may be listed on a recognised stock exchange and therefore holders of such Shares may bear additional risks to holders of unlisted Shares. Holders of listed Shares may be required to pay fees, costs and expenses greater than their unlisted counterparts in connection with such Shares being listed. While holders of listed Shares may freely transfer their listed Shares on a recognised stock exchange, such Shareholders should be aware that there may be no or a limited market for such Shares, particularly depending the relevant economic conditions and so the liquidity and price on such stock exchange of such listed Shares may vary from time to time, including such that they trade at a discount to their prevailing NAV. Shareholders should note that, to the extent any Shares are listed, it is expected that they will be freely transferable and so there is a risk that certain holders of such listed Shares may be Prohibited Persons whose status as Shareholders may cause harm to the Fund. Holders of listed Shares should be aware that the relevant stock exchange may have rules, in addition to the terms governing the

Sub-Fund, which affect how such Shareholders may deal with their listed Shares. In particular, such stock exchange may, in circumstances, be permitted to suspend the trading of such Shares such that holders of listed Shares may not be able to trade them with a third party. Shareholders should also note that, to the extent they hold listed Shares, they may be converted to unlisted Shares, and to the extent they hold unlisted Shares, they may be converted to listed Shares, in each case in accordance with the terms of this Prospectus.

Limitations of NAV. The methods used by the Sub-Fund to calculate the Sub-Fund's NAV, including the components used in calculating the Sub-Fund's NAV, is not prescribed by rules of the CSSF, the SEC or any other regulatory agency. Further, there are no accounting rules or standards that prescribe which components should be used in calculating NAV, and the Sub-Fund's NAV is not audited by the Sub-Fund's independent registered public accounting firm. The Sub-Fund calculates and publishes NAV solely for purposes of establishing the price at which the Sub-Fund sells and redeems Shares, and you should not view the Sub-Fund's NAV as a measure of the Sub-Fund's historical or future financial condition or performance. The components and methodology used in calculating the Sub-Fund's NAV may differ from those used by other companies now or in the future.

In addition, calculations of the Sub-Fund's NAV, to the extent that they incorporate valuations of the Sub-Fund's assets and liabilities, are not prepared in accordance with IFRS. These valuations may differ from liquidation values that could be realized in the event that the Sub-Fund were forced to sell assets.

Additionally, errors may occur in calculating the Sub-Fund's NAV, which could impact the price at which the Sub-Fund sells and redeems its Shares (as well as the fees payable to the Investment Manager by the Master Fund and Underlying Fund). The AIFM has implemented certain policies and procedures to address such errors in NAV calculations. If such errors were to occur, the Investment Manager depending on the circumstances surrounding each error and the extent of any impact the error has on the price at which Shares were sold or redeemed or on the amount of the Investment Manager's management fee, may determine in its sole discretion to take certain corrective actions in response to such errors, including, subject to Brookfield's policies and procedures, making adjustments to prior NAV calculations. You should carefully review the disclosure of the Valuation Policy and how NAV will be calculated Part X (*Calculation of Net Asset Value*) of this Sub-Fund Supplement.

Expense Allocations. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Articles, it is generally expected that the Shareholders will collectively bear the aggregate Organizational Expenses and Operating Expenses of the Sub-Fund, including the costs and expenses (including broken deal expenses and any expenses incurred in connection with webcasts, video conferencing or similar technology services utilized in connection with marketing the interests) that may be attributable to (a) a single Shareholder, the Master Fund, the Underlying Fund, any holding vehicle, or any other Fund entity (each, a "**Fund Entity**") through which a Shareholder may not participate; or (b) a Portfolio Investment in which the Sub-Fund does not participate.

Interpretation of Governing Documents. The governing documents of the Sub-Fund establish complex arrangements among the Sub-Fund, the Shareholders, Brookfield and other relevant parties. From time to time, questions may arise regarding certain parties' rights and obligations in certain situations, some of which may not have been contemplated upon the negotiation and execution of such documents. In some instances, the operative provisions of the governing documents may be broad, unclear, general, conflicting, ambiguous or vague and may allow for multiple reasonable interpretations. In other instances, there may not be a directly applicable provision. While Brookfield will construe the relevant provisions in good faith and in a manner consistent with its legal obligations, the interpretations used may not always be the most favorable to the Sub-Fund or the Shareholders.

Varying Fees Applicable to Different Classes; Management Fee Discounts. Certain Classes of Shares offered by the Sub-Fund will be subject to a Trail Fee or may be subject to other fees and expenses not applicable to Shares generally. Such fees and expenses will be disclosed to the holders of such Shares and may have a material negative effect on the performance of the applicable Shareholders' investment returns as compared with Shareholders who do not bear such fees and expenses. Certain Shareholders will be entitled to a waiver of all or some of the Management Fees, including affiliates of the Investment Manager (which may be achieved through the Sub-Fund offering a fee-free Share Class that invests in the equivalent fee-free Unit Class of the Master Fund).

Passive Investment in Shares. The management of the affairs of the Sub-Fund will be vested exclusively in the Board of Directors, the AIFM and the Investment Manager, and each Shareholder must rely upon the ability of the Board of Directors, the AIFM and the Investment Manager with respect to the selection and origination of Portfolio Investments which the Sub-Fund will acquire. A Shareholder will not take part in the management or control of the business of the Sub-Fund and will not have an opportunity to evaluate for itself the relevant economic, financial and other information regarding the Portfolio Investments which the Sub-Fund will acquire or the properties which will directly or indirectly serve as collateral for such Portfolio Investments. No assurance can be given that the Investment Manager will be successful in selecting suitable Portfolio Investments or that the objectives of the Sub-Fund will be achieved.

Portfolio Concentration. While diversification is an objective of the Sub-Fund and this Prospectus contains certain diversification limitations there is no assurance as to the degree of diversification that will actually be achieved in the Portfolio Investments and it is likely that the asset mix of the Sub-Fund will differ from that which would result if diversification was the Sub-Fund's primary investment focus. One such limitation is with respect to Portfolio Investments in a particular industry. Given that a particular sector may be comprised of multiple industries, the Sub-Fund may hold Portfolio Investments in a particular sector in a manner that exceeds the "industry-specific" limitations set forth in this Prospectus. In addition, with respect to the diversification limitations set forth in this Prospectus, the amount on which the percentage limitations are based can be increased by the amount the Sub-Fund elects to reinvest. To the extent that the Sub-Fund concentrates its Portfolio Investments in a particular geographic region, security, sector, industry or stage of investment, such Portfolio Investments may become more susceptible to fluctuations in value resulting from adverse economic or business conditions applicable to such region, type of security, sector, industry or stage of investment. The Sub-Fund may make only a limited number of Portfolio Investments and since the Portfolio Investments generally will involve a high degree of risk, poor performance by a few of the Portfolio Investments could severely affect the total returns to the Shareholders. In the event a Portfolio Investment fails to meet projections, the Sub-Fund may suffer a partial or total loss of capital invested in such Portfolio Investment.

Risks Upon Disposition of Investments. In connection with the disposition of certain types of Portfolio Investments, the Sub-Fund may be required to make representations about the business and financial affairs of the applicable Portfolio Entity typical of those made in connection with the sale of any business, or may be responsible for the contents of disclosure documents under applicable securities laws. The Sub-Fund may also be required to indemnify the purchasers of such Portfolio Entity or underwriters to the extent that any such representations or disclosure documents turn out to be incorrect, inaccurate or misleading. These arrangements may result in contingent liabilities, which might ultimately have to be funded by the Sub-Fund.

Expedited Transactions. Portfolio Investment analyses and decisions by the Investment Manager may frequently be required to be undertaken on an expedited basis to take advantage of investment opportunities. In such cases, the information available to the Sub-Fund or the Investment Manager at the time of an investment decision may be limited and the Sub-Fund or the Investment Manager may not have access to detailed information regarding the Portfolio Investment. Therefore, no

assurance can be made that the Sub-Fund or the Investment Manager will have knowledge of all circumstances that may materially and adversely affect a Portfolio Investment.

Recourse to Assets. The Sub-Fund's assets, including any Portfolio Investments made by the Sub-Fund and any funds held by the Sub-Fund, are available to satisfy all liabilities and other obligations of the Sub-Fund. If the Sub-Fund becomes subject to a liability, parties seeking to have the liability satisfied may have recourse to the Sub-Fund's assets generally and may not be limited to any particular asset, such as the asset representing the Portfolio Investment giving rise to the liability.

Exculpation and Indemnification. As detailed in sub-section "Exculpation and Indemnification" of Section XV (*Regulatory and Tax Considerations*) of this Prospectus, certain exculpation and indemnification provisions contained in the Articles and the subscription agreement may limit the rights of action otherwise available to Shareholders and other parties against the Sub-Fund, the Investment Manager, the AIFM, any affiliate thereof, and their respective officers, directors, employees, shareholders, partners, members, managers, agents and consultants, other parties as set forth in the Articles, subject to certain limited exceptions set forth in the Articles and the subscription agreements. In addition, the Sub-Fund will be obligated to indemnify such persons in respect of the operations of the Sub-Fund, subject to certain limited exceptions set forth in the Articles. Certain Shareholders may, for regulatory or policy reasons, not be permitted to fund indemnification obligations, or their ability to fund such obligations may be restricted. In those cases, the Sub-Fund may be required to satisfy any shortfall with respect to indemnification obligations even if such obligations are the direct result of a breach of representation, warranty or covenant by any such restricted Shareholder.

Required Withdrawal. The Board of Directors, in its discretion, may require a Shareholder to withdraw (or partially withdraw) from the Sub-Fund if such Shareholder's continued participation in the Sub-Fund could materially adversely affect the Sub-Fund, for example, by resulting in a violation of any applicable law by the Sub-Fund. Such requirements are outlined in the Articles. Such required withdrawal may result in negative consequences, including the failure of such Shareholder to recognize the full value of its investment in the Sub-Fund or receive distributions in respect of its withdrawal in a timely manner.

Claims against Brookfield; Regulatory Investigations. Brookfield is a global asset manager with many investment strategies and offices and employees around the world. Given the broad spectrum of operations of Brookfield and its affiliate, claims (or threats of claims) and governmental investigations, examinations, requests for information, audits, inquiries, subpoenas and other regulatory or civil proceedings can and do occur in the ordinary course of its and its affiliate's (including the Investment Manager's) business. Such investigations, actions and proceedings may impact the Sub-Fund, including by virtue of reputational damage to Brookfield (including the Investment Manager), or otherwise. The unfavorable resolution of such items could result in criminal or civil liability, fines, settlements, charges, penalties or other monetary or non-monetary remedies or sanctions that could negatively impact Brookfield (including the Investment Manager). In addition, such actions and proceedings may involve claims of strict liability or similar risks against the Sub-Fund in certain jurisdictions or in connection with certain types of activities. While Brookfield (including the Investment Manager) has implemented policies and procedures designed to protect against non-compliance with applicable rules and regulations, there is no guarantee that such policies and procedures will be adequate or will protect Brookfield in all instances.

Risk of Brookfield Credit Event or Adverse Effect on Brookfield's Operations. Although the Sub-Fund and the Investment Manager are separate legal entities from other entities of Brookfield, in the event that Brookfield were to experience material financial distress or a downgrade in its credit rating, or if there were a change of control of Brookfield, the Sub-Fund could nonetheless be adversely affected. In that regard, financial distress, a credit rating downgrade or change of control of Brookfield or the Investment Manager could cause the Investment Manager to have difficulty retaining personnel, increase the potential that Brookfield would default on its commitment to

invest in or alongside the Sub-Fund or otherwise adversely affect the Sub-Fund and its ability to achieve its investment objectives. Such an event may also cause a default, reduction in borrowing base or other adverse effect with respect to indebtedness incurred by the Sub-Fund. Similarly, if other Brookfield Accounts were to incur substantial losses, the revenues of Brookfield may decline substantially. Such diminishment in revenues could affect the ability of Brookfield to satisfy any substantial drawdowns in respect of its capital contributions or its commitments to investments or prospective investments. If Brookfield were to default on its capital contributions, such default may cause the Sub-Fund to default on its borrowing obligations, adversely affecting the Sub-Fund and the Shareholders.

Adverse Publicity. Each of the Sub-Fund, the Board of Directors, the AIFM and the Investment Manager face the risk of negative publicity, including in matters such as labor disputes and adverse environmental attention, as well as matters arising out of government scrutiny. Additionally, Portfolio Entity employees and Brookfield employees could pursue claims against Brookfield or the Sub-Fund, which may draw negative publicity, as well as negative news media attention. Such adverse publicity may have a material effect on the Sub-Fund's ability to source Portfolio Investments or otherwise meet the Sub-Fund's investment objectives.

Follow-On Investments. Following an initial Portfolio Investment, the Sub-Fund could be called upon to provide additional funds or have the opportunity to increase its Portfolio Investments in, or relating to, existing Portfolio Investments. There is no assurance that the Sub-Fund will make Follow-On Investments or that the Sub-Fund will have sufficient funds to make any such Follow-On Investments. Any decision by the Sub-Fund not to make a Follow-On Investment or its inability to make a Follow-On Investment could have a substantial negative impact on the original Portfolio Investment and may result in missed opportunities for the Sub-Fund or may result in the dilution of such Portfolio Investments (in the event alternative capital is used to satisfy such additional funding needs, for example from additional third-party co-investors or from Brookfield Accounts including proprietary accounts of Brookfield). In certain circumstances, a Follow-On Investment could arise because of an adverse development at a Portfolio Investment and the funding of such Follow-On Investment may not necessarily address such development and could potentially result in an increased loss by the Sub-Fund in respect of such Portfolio Investment. Subject to any applicable limitations noted in "*Allocation of Investment Opportunities*" below, or in this Prospectus, another Brookfield Account could invest in any Follow-On Investment in lieu of, or alongside, the Sub-Fund. Additionally, if the Sub-Fund makes a Follow-On Investment, there is no assurance that such Follow-On Investment will be successful. Finally, the tax consequences to investors of a Follow-On Investment will likely be determined, at least in part, by the investment structure of the Portfolio Investment previously made by the Sub-Fund. Such tax consequences may adversely impact investors due to changes to tax laws that are made after the Sub-Fund's original Portfolio Investment but before a Follow-On Investment is made.

In the event that an initial investment in a Portfolio Entity was shared between the Sub-Fund, other Brookfield Accounts and/or other third parties (including co-investors), and a Follow-On Investment opportunity arises with respect to such initial Portfolio Investment, the Follow-On Investment will not necessarily be made in the same proportions as the initial Portfolio Investment (including, among other reasons, if (i) the relevant entities having different views as to the desirability of the Follow-On Investment or different amounts of available capital; (ii) the Follow-On Investment opportunity has a different investment profile or attributes less suited to the relevant entities; (iii) a Brookfield Account had participated in the applicable initial Portfolio Investment in support of the Sub-Fund and determines that similar support is not needed or appropriate in respect of the applicable Follow-On Investment; or (iv) in situations where Brookfield had earlier provided interim financing in lieu of the Sub-Fund providing a Bridge Financing (see "*Risk of Bridge Financings*" below). In such cases, one or more such entities' interest in such initial Portfolio Investment will be diluted at a valuation that will be determined by the Sub-Fund or an affiliate thereof. There could be differing views as between the entities being diluted, on the one hand, and the entities being

accreted, on the other hand, regarding such valuation. See also "*Valuation Risk*" above and "*Determinations of Value*" below. It is also possible that such a Follow-On Investment could be made in a part of a Portfolio Entity's capital structure that is different from the part of such Portfolio Entity's capital structure in which the initial Portfolio Investment was made.

Generally, the Sub-Fund will make Follow-On Investment opportunities available pro rata in accordance with initial Portfolio Investments; however, because of timing or other considerations, the Sub-Fund could make that portion of a Follow-On Investment that is attributable to co-investors or other Brookfield Accounts as a bridge financing and thereafter sell down a portion of such Follow-On Investment to such co-investors or other Brookfield Accounts. In this situation, there is no guarantee that the co-investors or other Brookfield Accounts will acquire their portion of the Follow-On Investment from the Sub-Fund and in certain cases, co-investors and other Brookfield Accounts could be given the opportunity to evaluate such Follow-On Investment over an extended period before determining whether to invest. Additionally, to the extent the Sub-Fund determines it is appropriate and where the Sub-Fund has sufficient available capital for such purpose (taking into account any applicable funding obligations or other applicable considerations), the Sub-Fund could provide other interim financing to a Portfolio Investment for purposes of efficiency, administrative or operational convenience or other similar considerations, in respect of the portion of a Follow-On Investment attributable to co-investors which have not participated in such Follow-On Investment. It is possible that such additional portion of a Follow-On Investment will not be subsequently syndicated but instead is repaid by the Sub-Fund. The Sub-Fund could or could not receive compensation or interest for making the Follow-On Investment or providing such other financing on behalf of co-investors and, to the extent such amounts are held on the Sub-Fund's credit facility, the Sub-Fund could be responsible for any interest payments payable in respect thereof. In the event that co-investors fail to acquire, or determine not to acquire, their portion of a Follow-On Investment from the Sub-Fund, the Sub-Fund will have an allocation (and related expenses) that will be larger than originally anticipated if the Sub-Fund is unable to syndicate such portion. See Part XV (*Conflicts of Interest*) paragraph titled '*Investments with Related Parties*' and '*Risk of Bridge Financings*' below.

Borrowing. Subject to certain limitations set forth in the Articles and the Prospectus (including this Sub-Fund Supplement), the Investment Manager intends, from time to time, to borrow at the Sub-Fund-level or at a subsidiary of the Sub-Fund on a secured or unsecured basis. It is expected that this indebtedness, if incurred, will be secured primarily by the assets of the Sub-Fund. In addition, the Investment Manager intends to evaluate whether it is prudent and appropriate to incur this leverage and there can be no assurance that leverage will be incurred given that adverse economic factors, such as a significant rise in interest rates, may cause the Investment Manager, in its discretion, to elect not to incur such leverage.

The extent to which the Sub-Fund or its subsidiary (including a Portfolio Entity) uses leverage may have important consequences to the Shareholders, including, but not limited to, the following: (a) greater fluctuations in the net assets of the Sub-Fund; (b) use of cash flow (including capital contributions) for debt service and related costs and expenses, rather than for additional Portfolio Investments, distributions or other purposes; (c) increased interest expense, if interest rate levels were to increase; (d) in certain circumstances, prematurely disposing of Portfolio Investments to service the Sub-Fund's debt obligations; and (e) limitation on the flexibility of the Sub-Fund to make distributions to its Partners or sell assets that are pledged to secure the indebtedness. There can be no assurance that the Sub-Fund will have sufficient cash flow to meet its debt service obligations. As a result, the Sub-Fund's exposure to losses may be increased due to the illiquidity of Portfolio Investments generally.

In connection with any credit facility entered into by the Sub-Fund, the borrowers thereon may be required to (A) make certain representations and warranties to one or more lenders; and (B) indemnify the lenders pursuant to any credit facility in case any such representations and

warranties are inaccurate. These arrangements may create contingent liabilities of the Sub-Fund and/or its subsidiaries, for which the Sub-Fund may establish reserves or escrow accounts.

Moreover, in certain circumstances a borrowing may be incurred at the Sub-Fund level for the benefit of one or more specific Portfolio Investments, which may expose all of the assets of the Sub-Fund to claims of creditors, even though one or more Shareholders may have been excused from the investment in such Portfolio Entity.

Capital Raise. There is no guarantee that the Sub-Fund will meet its capital raising goals. In the event that the Sub-Fund does not meet its capital raising goals, the Sub-Fund may have made Portfolio Investments based on diversification goals that have assumed a greater amount of capital contributions. As a result, the Sub-Fund may deploy capital in a higher concentration than anticipated or desired, including in a particular geographic region, industry, stage of investment, type of security, or single Portfolio Investment and will have no obligation to sell down such Portfolio Investments.

Leveraged Portfolio Investments. Certain of the Portfolio Investments in which the Sub-Fund invests are expected to be leveraged (including leverage senior to the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Investment, a portion of which may be secured by first liens and/or may be at floating interest rates). While an investment in a leveraged Portfolio Entity offers the opportunity for increased capital appreciation, and although the Sub-Fund will seek to use leverage in a manner it believes is appropriate under the then-circumstances, such a Portfolio Investment will be subject to increased exposure to adverse economic factors such as a significant rise in interest rates, a severe downturn in the economy or deterioration in the condition of such Portfolio Entity, and such Portfolio Entity may be subject to restrictive financial and operating covenants. This leverage may result in more serious adverse consequences to such Portfolio Investments (including their overall profitability or solvency) in the event these factors or events occur than would be the case for less leveraged companies. This could impair such Portfolio Entity's ability to finance its future operations and capital needs and result in restrictive financial and operating covenants. As a result, such Portfolio Entity's flexibility to respond to changing business and economic conditions may be limited. If such a Portfolio Entity is unable to generate sufficient cash flow to meet principal and/or interest payments on its indebtedness or make regular dividend payments, such Portfolio Entity may default on its loan agreements or be forced into bankruptcy, resulting in a restructuring of such Portfolio Entity's capital structure or liquidation, in which case the value of the Portfolio Investment in such Portfolio Entity could be significantly reduced or even eliminated. The debt securities acquired by the Sub-Fund will generally not be the most senior in what could be a complex capital structure, and thus subject to greater risk of loss. Furthermore, to the extent the Portfolio Investments in which the Sub-Fund has invested become insolvent, the Sub-Fund may determine, in cooperating with other debt holders or on its own, to engage, at the Sub-Fund's expense in whole or in part, counsel and other advisors in connection therewith.

Further, an adverse economic change could result in some lenders imposing more stringent restrictions on the terms of credit or a general reduction in the amount of credit available in the markets in which the Sub-Fund will seek to invest. Any negative impact from the tightening of, or adverse changes in, the credit markets may result in: (a) an inability to finance the acquisition of Portfolio Investments on favorable terms, if at all; (b) increased financing costs; or (c) financing with increasingly restrictive covenants. Such changes in turn may negatively impact the performance of Portfolio Investments. To the extent there is a lack of readily available and reasonably priced debt financing available to potential purchasers at the time the Sub-Fund is ready to dispose of a Portfolio Investment, such circumstances could materially and negatively affect the number of potential purchasers and the prices purchasers are willing to pay the Sub-Fund.

Guarantees of Investments and/or Affiliate. The Sub-Fund may guarantee the obligations or other liabilities of Portfolio Investments, co-investment vehicles and/or affiliate of the Sub-Fund. As a result, if any such Portfolio Investment or affiliate defaults on its obligations, the Sub-Fund will be

required to satisfy such obligation. In order to do so, the Sub-Fund may call capital or liquidate some or all of the Portfolio Investments prematurely at potentially significant discounts to fair value. In addition, the Sub-Fund, a subsidiary of the Sub-Fund or its affiliate may guarantee obligations or provide letters of credit or other credit support to facilitate Portfolio Investments, which such letters of credit or other credit support will not have any explicit limitations, and there can be no assurance that such guarantees or letters of credit will not have adverse consequences for the Sub-Fund. As a result, if any such Portfolio Investment or affiliate defaults on its obligations, the Sub-Fund will be required to satisfy such obligation, in which case the Sub-Fund may make a larger investment in such Portfolio Investment than initially expected. In order to do so, the Sub-Fund may call capital or liquidate some or all of the Portfolio Investments prematurely at potentially significant discounts to fair value.

Risk of Bridge Financings. The Sub-Fund may make a Portfolio Investment (including a Follow-On Investment) with the intent of selling, refinancing or otherwise reducing such Portfolio Investment, including through co-investment by one or more third parties, after the closing of such Portfolio Investment. Any such Portfolio Investment may include assets that the Investment Manager may not have caused the Sub-Fund to acquire on a stand-alone basis (including because the risk/return profile or other characteristics of such assets may not be desirable or appropriate for the Sub-Fund), and the Investment Manager may seek to reduce the Sub-Fund's exposure to such assets through disposition, refinancing, co-investment or another transaction. In these situations, the Sub-Fund's strategy may depend, in part, upon its ability to sell, refinance or otherwise reduce its exposure to such Portfolio Investments after initially agreeing to consummate them. There can be no assurance in such instances that the Sub-Fund will be successful in doing so or that the terms of any such transaction will be attractive, including because there may not be sufficient interest in or for the assets or third parties may not accept all or a portion of the amount offered for co-investment. If the Sub-Fund is unable to complete such an anticipated transaction, its Portfolio Investments will be less diversified than they otherwise may have been and the Sub-Fund may have greater exposure to certain Portfolio Investments, regions and sectors than intended or desired, including to assets that the Investment Manager would not have acquired on a stand-alone basis or to a Portfolio Investment that exceeds the amount that is permitted to be invested in a single Portfolio Investment that does not involve Bridge Financing. In addition, to the extent that the Sub-Fund is unable to complete an anticipated transaction, it may incur broken deal and related costs associated with the pursuit of such transaction. See also "*Co-Investment Expenses*".

Generally, in the case of the Sub-Fund reducing a Portfolio Investment involving Bridge Financing (including through disposition or co-investment), such transaction will be completed at a price negotiated by the Investment Manager and the purchaser taking into account the then-relevant facts and circumstances, which may include the Sub-Fund's cost of such Portfolio Investment (and an allocable portion of costs and expenses) and other market events and forces. There can be no assurance that such transaction price will be equal to or more than the Sub-Fund's cost of such Portfolio Investment or that it necessarily or accurately reflect the then-market value of such Portfolio Investment, all costs and expenses associated therewith, or any interest or other carrying cost that would typically be associated with a loan. In addition, the Sub-Fund may face increased risk of inability to complete the transaction under certain market conditions, including when the Portfolio Investment has decreased in value while held by the Sub-Fund. The Sub-Fund will be required to bear the losses of such Portfolio Investment if such a transaction is not consummated or if required to sell the co-investment at a reduced price in order to reduce the Sub-Fund's exposure to such Portfolio Investment.

In circumstances in which the Sub-Fund otherwise could have made a Bridge Financing, Brookfield may elect to provide such interim financing in lieu of the Sub-Fund doing so (any such interim financing, the "**Syndicate Amount**"). While Brookfield expects to syndicate any such interest to one or more other parties in such circumstances, there can be no guarantee that such syndication will be successful. If such syndication is not successful, Brookfield will own more of the applicable

Portfolio Entity than it originally intended. See "*Allocation of Co-Investments*" below. Further, in any such circumstances, in the event Follow-On Investments are made in such Portfolio Entity, the Sub-Fund may be required to fund its pro rata share of such Follow-On Investments and the amounts that relate to the Syndicate Amount as though the Sub-Fund had made the original Bridge Financing in lieu of Brookfield providing interim financing. As a result, each of Brookfield and the Sub-Fund may have differing ownership interests in such Follow-On Investments than in the original Portfolio Investment related thereto. See also "*Follow-On Investments*" above.

Distributions; Reinvestment of Distributions. The Sub-Fund does not anticipate making distributions other than in connection with permitted withdrawals as described in the Articles and in Part XII (*Distributions*) in this Sub-Fund Supplement.

U.S. Dollar Denomination of Shares. Shares are denominated in United States dollars. Investors subscribing for Shares in any country in which United States dollars are not the local currency should note that changes in the value of exchange between United States dollars and such currency may have an adverse effect on the value, price or income of the investment in the Sub-Fund to such investor. There may be non-U.S. exchange regulations applicable to Portfolio Investments in non-U.S. currencies in certain jurisdictions where this Prospectus is being issued. The fees, costs and expenses incurred by Shareholders in converting their local currency to United States dollars (if applicable) in order to purchase Shares will be borne solely by such Shareholders. In addition, it may be the case that the aggregate amount that a Shareholder is required to contribute to the Sub-Fund is well in excess of what such Shareholder otherwise intended to contribute to the Sub-Fund in its local currency as a result of currency fluctuations. Each prospective investor should consult with its own counsel and advisors as to all legal, tax, financial and related matters concerning an investment in Shares.

Litigation. Litigation can and does occur in the ordinary course of the management of an investment portfolio. The Sub-Fund may be engaged in litigation both as a plaintiff and as a defendant. This risk is somewhat greater where the Sub-Fund exercises control or significant influence over a Portfolio Entity's direction, including as a result of board participation. Such litigation can arise as a result of issuer default, issuer bankruptcies and/or other reasons. In certain cases, such issuers may bring claims and/or counterclaims against the Sub-Fund, the Investment Manager and/or their respective principals and affiliate alleging violations of securities laws and other typical issuer claims and counterclaims seeking significant damages. The expense of defending against claims made against the Sub-Fund by third parties and paying any amounts pursuant to settlements or judgments would be borne by the Sub-Fund to the extent that (a) the Sub-Fund has not been able to protect itself through indemnification or other rights against the Portfolio Entity; (b) the Sub-Fund is not entitled to such protections; or (c) the Portfolio Entity is not solvent. The Investment Manager, the Board of Directors and others may be indemnified by the Sub-Fund in connection with such litigation, subject to certain conditions.

The outcome of any proceedings involving the Sub-Fund or the Portfolio Investments may materially adversely affect the Sub-Fund and may continue without resolution for long periods of time. Any litigation may consume substantial amounts of the Board of Directors' time and attention, and that time and the devotion of these resources to litigation may, at times, be disproportionate to the amounts at stake in the litigation. Under the Articles, the Sub-Fund will generally be responsible for indemnifying the Board of Directors and related parties for costs they may incur with respect to such litigation not covered by insurance.

Third-Party Advice. The Sub-Fund, the Board of Directors, the AIFM and the Investment Manager utilize the services of attorneys, accountants, custodians, fund administrators and other consultants in their operations. The Sub-Fund, the Board of Directors, the AIFM and the Investment Manager generally rely upon such service providers for their professional judgment with respect to legal, tax, accounting, operational, regulatory and other matters. Nevertheless, there exists a risk that such service providers may provide incorrect advice from time to time or may otherwise make errors

when providing services. None of the Sub-Fund, the Board of Directors, the AIFM or the Investment Manager will generally have any liability to the Shareholders for any reliance upon such advice or services. Service providers will be selected by the Board of Directors or the Investment Manager on behalf of the Sub-Fund with due care and consistent with their obligations under applicable law. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Sub-Fund may bear the risk of any errors or omissions by such service providers. Additionally, subject to certain limitations, the Sub-Fund may be required to exculpate and indemnify such service providers for any losses incurred. See also "*Cybersecurity Risk*" below. Whenever the Sub-Fund, the Investment Manager or Brookfield makes a determination or uses its discretion, unless otherwise indicated, it shall do so in its sole and absolute discretion.

Cybersecurity Risk. The Sub-Fund, the AIFM, the Investment Manager, the Portfolio Investments and any of their respective service providers and other market participants increasingly depend on complex information technology and communications systems to conduct business functions. For example, the Sub-Fund expects to provide Shareholders all statements, reports, notices, updates, requests and any other communications required under the Articles in electronic form, such as e-mail or posting on Brookfield's web-based reporting site or other Internet service, in lieu of or in addition to sending such communications as hard copies via fax or mail or in person. These systems are subject to a number of different threats or risks that could adversely affect the Sub-Fund and the Shareholders, despite the efforts of the Sub-Fund, the AIFM, the Investment Manager, the Portfolio Investments and any of their respective service providers to adopt technologies, processes and practices intended to mitigate these risks and protect the security of their computer systems, software, networks, e-mail and other technology assets, as well as the confidentiality, integrity and availability of information belonging to the Sub-Fund and the Shareholders. Cyber incidents refer to both intentional attacks and unintentional events including: processing errors, human errors, technical errors including computer glitches and system malfunctions, inadequate or failed internal or external processes, market-wide technical-related disruptions, unauthorized access to digital systems (through "hacking" or malicious software coding), computer viruses, and cyber-attacks which shut down, disable, slow or otherwise disrupt operations, business processes or website access or functionality (including denial of service attacks). For example, unauthorized third parties may attempt to improperly access, modify, disrupt the operations of or prevent access to the systems of the Sub-Fund, the AIFM, the Investment Manager, the Portfolio Investments, or any of their respective service providers or counterparties or data within those systems without the knowledge of system users. Third parties may also attempt to fraudulently induce employees, customers, third-party service providers or other users of the Sub-Fund's, the AIFM's, the Investment Manager's, the Portfolio Investments' or any of their respective service providers' systems to disclose sensitive information in order to gain access to their data or that of the Sub-Fund's investors. A successful penetration or circumvention of the security of the Sub-Fund's, the AIFM's, the Investment Manager's, the Portfolio Investments' or any of their respective service providers' systems could result in the loss or theft of a Shareholder's data or funds, the inability to access electronic systems, disruption of its business, loss or theft of proprietary information or corporate data, physical damage to a computer or network system or costs associated with system repairs. Such incidents could cause the Sub-Fund, the Board of Directors, the AIFM, the Investment Manager, the Portfolio Investments or any of their respective service providers to incur regulatory penalties, reputational damage, additional compliance costs associated with corrective measures, liability to clients or third parties, regulatory intervention or financial loss. The Sub-Fund, the Board of Directors and the Investment Manager make no assurances, representations or warranties in relation to these matters, and have not obtained representations or warranties in relation to these matters from all of their respective service providers. In addition, the Sub-Fund, the AIFM, the Investment Manager, the Sub-Fund's subsidiaries and each of their respective affiliates reserve the right to intercept, monitor and retain e-mail messages to and from its systems as permitted by applicable law. Substantial costs may be incurred in order to prevent any cyber incidents in the future. While the Sub-Fund's service providers have established business continuity plans in the event of, and risk management systems to prevent, such cyber incidents, there are inherent limitations in such plans and systems including the possibility that certain risks have not been

identified. Furthermore, the Sub-Fund cannot control the cybersecurity plans and systems put in place by its service providers or any other third parties whose operations may affect the Sub-Fund. In addition, jurisdictions in which Brookfield operates have recently adopted or are considering adopting laws that include stringent operational requirements for entities processing personal information and significant penalties for non-compliance, such as the EU GDPR, California Privacy Act and the New York SHIELD Act, and a range of proposed additional laws at the U.S. federal and state level.

Electronic Disclosure. The Sub-Fund, the Board of Directors, the AIFM and the Investment Manager may (unless stated to the contrary in the Articles) provide (a) each Shareholder (i) statements, reports and other communications relating to the Sub-Fund, (ii) notices and communications required or contemplated to be delivered to such Shareholder by the Sub-Fund, the Board of Directors, the AIFM, the Investment Manager or any of their respective affiliate, (iii) notices and communications relating to the Sub-Fund, the AIFM and the Investment Manager and (iv) funding notices, distribution notices, and any other requests, demands or other communications and any financial statements, reports, schedules, certificates or opinions required to be provided to such Shareholder under the Articles with such Shareholder; or (b) prospective investors with materials in connection with marketing and offering of the Sub-Fund in electronic form, such as e-mail or posting on Brookfield's web-based reporting site or other Internet service, in lieu of or in addition to sending such communications as hard copies via fax, mail or in person.

There are certain costs (for example, software) and possible risks (for example, slow downloading time and system outages) associated with electronic delivery. Moreover, the Sub-Fund cannot provide any assurance that these communication methods are secure and will not be responsible for any computer viruses, problems or malfunctions resulting from any computer viruses or related problems that may be associated with the use of an Internet-based system. E-mail messages are not secure and may contain computer viruses or other defects, may not be accurately replicated on other systems, or may be intercepted, deleted or interfered with or without the knowledge of the sender or the intended recipient. The Sub-Fund, the Board of Directors, the AIFM and the Investment Manager make no assurances, representations or warranties in relation to these matters. The Sub-Fund and Brookfield reserve the right to intercept, monitor and retain e-mail messages to and from its systems as permitted by applicable law. See also "*Cybersecurity Risk*" above.

Similar types of operational and technology risks are also present for Portfolio Investments, which could have material adverse consequences for such Portfolio Investments and may cause the Portfolio Investments to lose value.

Electronic Signatures. Due to current restrictions and teleworking recommendations, many people request to sign documents electronically. Although the use of electronic signatures increased significantly in the context of the COVID-19 outbreak, the principles set out in this risk warning remain valid in all other circumstances. Electronic signatures are generally a valid means of signing contracts under Delaware law and private deeds (*actes sous seing privé*) under Luxembourg law. However, under Luxembourg law, if the validity of the electronic signature (and therefore the validity or enforceability of the contract or its formation) is challenged, the burden of proof will depend on the type of electronic signature used. Under Luxembourg law, only qualified electronic signatures ("**QES**") within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 910/2014 on electronic identification and trust services for electronic transactions in the internal market, as amended have the same legal effect as handwritten signatures. Although a signature shall not be denied legal effect and admissibility as evidence in legal proceedings before a Luxembourg court solely on the grounds that it is in an electronic form or that it does not meet the requirements for QES, only documents executed in wet ink or in QES benefit from the presumption of validity. The main risk associated with an electronic signature in Luxembourg is whether its validity (and thus the validity and enforceability of the agreement itself) is successfully challenged. In addition, the Sub-Fund is subject to Anti-money

Laundering Laws (defined below) that impose on the Sub-Fund the obligation to identify the signatories of the subscription agreements.

Dependence on Third-Party Administrators. The Sub-Fund expects to enter into, and may otherwise be bound from time to time with respect to, a services agreement with a third-party administrator ("**Central Administration**"). Any such administrator may perform certain administrative, accounting and reporting services for or related to the Sub-Fund. If engaged, the Sub-Fund would depend on the services provided by any such administrator in order to comply with certain reporting and other obligations set forth in the Articles and this Prospectus. The Sub-Fund intends to monitor any such administrator and its performance. However, there is no assurance that such administrator will comply with its obligations to the Sub-Fund or that the Sub-Fund will be able to recover in part or in full any damages caused by any failure of such administrator to comply with such obligations, including as a result of such administrator's bankruptcy, lack of liquidity, operational failure or otherwise. Investors will not have the ability to bring a direct claim against any such administrator and, to the extent that such administrator is performing obligations of the Sub-Fund or its affiliate, the Articles include exculpation and indemnification provisions that will limit the circumstances under which the Board of Directors (individually or collectively) and its affiliates can be held liable to the Sub-Fund. The Sub-Fund would pay all fees payable to any such administrator with respect to the services for or related to the Sub-Fund. In addition to the payment of the fees, the Sub-Fund would reimburse any such administrator for any out-of-pocket expenses and other amounts agreed to with such administrator. Under the services agreement, the Sub-Fund may agree to indemnify and hold harmless any such administrator and its related parties.

Regulatory Risks. As an affiliate of Brookfield, which has regulated activities, the Sub-Fund and its activities may be subject to certain limitations that may not be applicable to an investor unaffiliated with a regulated entity. The Sub-Fund may also be subject to certain restrictions when considering investments or business activities in regulated industries because of the impact of these investments on Brookfield. As a result, the Sub-Fund may restrict or limit transactions or exercise of rights for the Sub-Fund or limit the amount of voting securities purchased by the Sub-Fund or restrict the type of governance rights it acquires or exercises in connection with its investments in regulated industries. In addition, regulatory changes could occur during the term of the Sub-Fund that may materially and adversely affect the Sub-Fund.

AIFMD. The AIFM Directive came into force on July 21, 2011, and the vast majority of member states of the European Economic Area (the "**EEA**") have now implemented the provisions therein. The AIFM Directive applies to: (a) alternative investment fund managers ("**AIFMs**") established in the EEA who manage alternative investment funds ("**AIFs**," such managers being "**EEA AIFMs**"); (b) AIFMs established outside the EEA ("**non-EEA AIFMs**") who manage EEA AIFs; and (c) non-EEA AIFMs who market AIFs to investors in the EEA. Following the U.K.'s departure from the E.U., the UK AIFM Regulation implements similar requirements in the U.K.

There remains a degree of uncertainty about the supervisory approach that the competent authorities in each of the EEA Member States adopt towards certain aspects of the AIFM Directive and how certain provisions should be complied with in practice. Furthermore, market and regulatory practice may continue to develop in the future and, as a result, it is difficult to assess with complete accuracy the associated risks and compliance costs that the AIFM Directive and any future amendments thereto may impose upon the AIFM, the Investment Manager and/or the Sub-Fund.

As a result of compliance with the AIFM Directive, the AIFM is subject to certain restrictions and requirements. These include provisions requiring the AIFM to comply with provisions relating to (amongst other things) its regulatory capital and professional indemnity insurance, its operations and organization, the remuneration of its staff, the use of leverage by its funds, the appointment of a depositary to its funds and the creation of valuation and risk management functions.

In particular, the AIFM may be subject to various transparency, disclosure and notification obligations and asset-stripping restrictions which are imposed upon some funds when they acquire EEA-based companies that are not "small and medium enterprises" or "SMEs" ("**EEA Company**" or "**EEA Companies**") and these provisions could impact and limit the Sub-Fund's ability to invest into the EEA.

The information which may need to be disclosed by the AIFM when an AIF takes control of an EEA Company includes: (i) a policy for managing conflicts including information on arms-length safeguards (between the AIFM, its funds and the company); (ii) a communications policy including in particular as regards communications to employees; (iii) the intentions as to future business and effects on employment; and (iv) information on the financing of the acquisition. The disclosures would be required to be made to the company, its shareholders, its employees and the regulators in the EEA jurisdictions in which the manager makes regulatory reports and where the target company is based. Additional notifications will need to be made to European regulators where there is an acquisition or disposition which results in the AIF reaching (either individually or jointly), exceeding or falling below 10/20/30/50/75% voting right thresholds in an EEA Company.

When an AIF acquires control (either individually or jointly) over an EEA Company, unless the restriction can be dis-applied under limited circumstances when the company makes a distribution or acquires its own shares, its AIFM shall ensure that for a period of twenty-four (24) months following acquisition of "control," that the company does not make a distribution, capital reduction, share redemption and/or acquisition of its own shares (each, a "**Capital Event**"). For non-listed companies, "control" is defined as holding 50% of the voting rights in that company. In relation to listed companies (issuers), the AIFM Directive provides that the meaning of "control" is to be defined by reference to the meaning given by the legislation of the EEA member state of the company being acquired. As a result, the ability of the Sub-Fund to carry out a Capital Event with respect to a Portfolio Investment may be restricted in the first twenty-four (24) months of acquiring control of an EEA Company.

Similar requirements relating to transparency, disclosure and notification obligations and asset stripping restrictions apply under the UK AIFM Regulation in respect of acquisitions of U.K.-based companies.

These various restrictions and requirements under the AIFM Directive and the UK AIFM Regulation may also impact upon the ability of the AIFM and the Investment Manager to market and then to manage the Sub-Fund as anticipated and their ability to manage the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments may be significantly impaired. The various obligations which the AIFM Directive and the UK AIFM Regulation impose on the AIFM and/or the Sub-Fund will create certain additional compliance and other costs, many of which may be passed to investors in the Sub-Fund, potentially materially reducing investors' returns from the Sub-Fund. Without limitation to the generality of the foregoing, the costs of appointing a depositary and valuer may be charged to the Sub-Fund and directly impact upon investors' returns from the Sub-Fund.

In November 2023 the European Parliament and the Council of the European Union published their agreed compromise text for a directive (known as "**AIFMD II**") to amend AIFMD as it applies in the EEA. AIFMD II (which is not expected to come into force before 2026) includes significant new or amended requirements in respect of, among other things, delegation, loan origination, liquidity risk management, data reporting, depositaries and public disclosure via the European Single Access Point. In particular, certain new requirements may apply to the Sub-Fund when originating loans including concentration limits, restrictions on lending and risk retention requirements. If the Sub-Fund originates loans on a significant basis, other requirements including specific limits on leverage may also apply. Each of the new or amended requirements under AIFMD II could have an impact upon the Sub-Fund, its investments and/or other costs or expenses which investors are required to bear. At this stage, the AIFM cannot rule out that the changes currently set out in AIFMD II could

change further or that new changes could be introduced as the directive continues through the EU legislative process.

Application of the E.U. Risk Retention Requirements. The AIFM is subject to risk retention and due diligence requirements under the AIFM Directive (and is expected to be subject to equivalent requirements under the UK AIFM Regulation) ("**Risk Retention Requirements**"). Amongst other things, the AIFM and the Investment Manager acting on behalf of the Sub-Fund will be restricted from investing in asset-backed securities unless (a) the AIFM and/or the Investment Manager is able to demonstrate that it has undertaken due diligence on items required by the regulation, which include the underlying assets and the relevant sponsor or originator; and (b) the AIFM and/or the Investment Manager has satisfied itself that the originator, the sponsor or the original lender retains a net economic interest of not less than 5% to its securitization. Failure to comply with one or more of the Risk Retention Requirements may result in penalties for the AIFM. As from 1 January 2019, the Regulation (EU) 2017/2402 of 12 December 2017 laying down a general framework for securitization and creating a specific framework for simple, transparent and standardized securitization (the "**E.U. Securitization Regulation**") applies. Under the E.U. Securitization Regulation (and equivalent regulations in the U.K.), institutional investors are required to follow clearly defined criteria and processes for making investment decisions and ensuring that the risk retention requirement is satisfied. Procedures also need to be in place for monitoring asset performance and compliance by the originator, sponsor or original lender of the securitization, so that the investors may demonstrate to their regulators that they have a comprehensive and thorough understanding of the securitization investments and their management. Compliance with the Risk Retention Requirements is expected to result in increased legal, compliance, reporting and other associated costs and expenses which will be borne by the Sub-Fund.

Potential Limitations on Portfolio Investments. The AIFM provides such management and administrative services to the Sub-Fund, pursuant to a contractual relationship with the Sub-Fund, as are necessary to ensure compliance with the AIFM Directive, including, but not limited to, providing risk management services to the Sub-Fund and performing a supervisory role in relation to portfolio management services.

Involvement of Third-Party AIFM and Depositary. The AIFM is a joint venture between Brookfield and Oaktree (as defined in Part XV (*Conflicts of Interest – Oaktree*) of this Sub-Fund Supplement). Brookfield and Oaktree will manage their investment operations independently of each other pursuant to an information barrier. Oaktree, Oaktree Accounts (as defined in Part XV (*Conflicts of Interest – Oaktree*) of this Sub-Fund Supplement and their respective portfolio companies generally will not be treated as "affiliates" of Brookfield. The Depositary is currently an independent third party and is unaffiliated with Brookfield, Oaktree or any affiliate thereof. Neither the Sub-Fund nor the Investment Manager can provide any guarantee that the AIFM and the Depositary will comply with the terms on which they have been engaged and cannot guarantee that they will not breach the terms of the AIFM Agreement and the Depositary Agreement, which could potentially negatively affect the Sub-Fund. The AIFM acts as the alternative investment fund manager for multiple Brookfield and Oaktree funds, including Oaktree Accounts, in addition to the Sub-Fund and will thus be in the possession of confidential information in respect of each of those clients. Furthermore, the AIFM may in the future act as asset manager for one or more Brookfield or Oaktree "undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities." The robustness of the AIFM's confidentiality procedures cannot be guaranteed; as such, there is a potential risk that confidential information in relation to the Sub-Fund may be disclosed, accidentally or otherwise, to Oaktree Accounts. Similarly, the Depositary acts as a services provider for multiple funds for various clients in addition to the Sub-Fund and will thus be in the possession of confidential information in respect of each of those clients. The robustness of the Depositary's confidentiality procedures cannot be guaranteed; as such, there is a potential risk that confidential information in relation to the Sub-Fund may be disclosed, accidentally or otherwise, to third parties.

Furthermore, it is expected that Brookfield, Brookfield Funds and their respective portfolio companies will engage in activities and have business relationships that give rise to conflicts (and potential conflicts) of interest between them, on the one hand, and Oaktree, Oaktree Accounts and their respective portfolio companies, on the other hand. While the absence of coordination and consultation, and the information barrier described in Part XV (*Conflicts of Interest – Oaktree*) will in some respects serve to mitigate conflicts of interest between Oaktree and Brookfield, these same factors will also give rise to certain conflicts and risks in connection with Brookfield and Oaktree's investment activities, and make it more difficult to mitigate, ameliorate or avoid such situations. Furthermore, the AIFM will not be restricted from acting as the alternative investment fund manager of Oaktree Accounts, which could compete with or otherwise conduct their affairs without regard to whether or not they adversely impact the Sub-Fund. The AIFM has in place a conflicts of interest policy. In addition, Oaktree Accounts will be permitted to make, and the AIFM may advise in relation to and arrange, investments of the type that are suitable for the Sub-Fund without the consent of the Sub-Fund or Brookfield.

Luxembourg Rules on Prevention of Money Laundering. All subscriptions for a Share in the Sub-Fund will be subject to applicable Anti-money Laundering Laws (defined below). In accordance with these provisions, the Sub-Fund will implement policies and procedures, and, where applicable, perform or ensure that Central Administration (for these purposes, the "**Administrative Agent**") performs detailed identification procedures and prospective investors and Shareholders will be required to comply with such procedures in connection with their subscription for a Share in the Sub-Fund. The Board of Directors and the Administrative Agent reserve the right to request such information as is necessary to verify the identity of an investor and its beneficial ownership, to comply with Anti-money Laundering Laws. In the event of delay or failure by the investor or Shareholder to produce any information required for verification purposes and/or to produce it to the Sub-Fund's and the Administrative Agent's satisfaction, the Sub-Fund may refuse to accept the subscription and will not be liable for any interest, costs or compensation. The Sub-Fund will comply with the Anti-money Laundering Laws on an on-going basis. Requests for documentation and additional information may be made at any time prior to or during which a Shareholder holds Shares in the Sub-Fund. In addition, failure to provide proper documentation may result in the withholding of distributions by the Sub-Fund and/or designating a Shareholder as being in default under the Articles and applying to such Shareholder the provisions of the Articles that are applicable to defaulting Shareholders. Any information provided to the Sub-Fund in this context is collected for anti-money laundering and anti-terrorism financing compliance purposes only.

"**Anti-money Laundering Laws**" means the anti-money laundering rules and regulations in the jurisdictions in which the Sub-Fund conducts its activities and any related or similar rules, regulations or guidelines, issued, administered or enforced by any competent governmental agency in such jurisdictions, including:

- (i) Directive (EU) 2015/849 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2015 (as amended, the "**AMLD 4**"), and Directive (EU) 2018/843 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 May 2018 (as amended, the "**AMLD 5**"), on the prevention of the use of the financial system for the purposes of money laundering or terrorist financing, as amended or replaced from time to time and as transposed in Luxembourg, including by the Luxembourg law of 13 January 2019 establishing the Luxembourg register of beneficial owners, supplemented by the Grand-ducal Regulation of 15 February 2019 on the registration, payment of administrative fees and access to information recorded in the register of beneficial owners (the "**UBO Law**"), the Luxembourg law of 25 March 2020 and the Luxembourg law of 10 July 2020 establishing a register of *fiducies* and trusts;
- (ii) the Luxembourg laws of 12 November 2004 and of 19 December 2020, each as amended, relating to the fight against money-laundering and the financing of terrorism;

- (iii) the Luxembourg Grand-ducal Regulation of 1 February 2010, as amended, providing details on certain provisions of the amended law of 12 November 2004 on the fight against money laundering and terrorist financing; and
- (iv) the Luxembourg CSSF Regulation 12-02 of 14 December 2012, as amended, on the fight against money laundering and terrorist financing, and any applicable circulars of the CSSF, pursuant to which obligations have been imposed on all professionals of the financial sector to prevent the use of undertakings for collective investment for money laundering purposes.

Luxembourg Register of Beneficial Owners. The AMLD 4 and AMLD 5 requires each member state of the E.U. ("**E.U. Member State**") to establish registers of beneficial owners ("**RBOs**") in respect of corporate and other legal entities incorporated within such E.U. Member State. The AMLD 4 and the AMLD 5 have been implemented in Luxembourg through the UBO LAW. The AMLD 4 and the AMLD 5 are being implemented across the E.U. and will impact any investment structures that utilize vehicles domiciled in the E.U. Currently, the Sub-Fund expects that in order to comply with the UBO Law, it may be required to (i) collect and hold information regarding its beneficial owners that are all natural persons who ultimately control such entity, as further described below (such beneficial owners, the "**Beneficial Owners**"); and (ii) file such information in respect of the Beneficial Owners with the Luxembourg RBO (*registre des bénéficiaires effectifs*). Under the UBO Law, an individual will be deemed to exercise control over the Sub-Fund if (i) it directly or indirectly owns more than 25% of the interests or voting rights in such entity; or (ii) it is a Shareholder or a beneficial owner of a Shareholder that controls the Sub-Fund via other means. Control via other means can be established in accordance with the criteria set forth in articles 1711-1 to 1711-3 of the Luxembourg law of 10 August 1915 on commercial companies, as amended, or in accordance with the following criteria (a) a direct or indirect right to exercise a dominant influence over the legal entity by virtue of a contract concluded with the legal entity or by virtue of a clause in the legal entity's governing documentation, where the law governing the legal entity allows it to be subject to such contracts or clauses in the governing documentation; (b) the fact that the majority of the members of the administrative, management or supervisory bodies of the legal entity, in office during the financial year and the preceding financial year and until the consolidated financial statements are drawn up, have been appointed as a direct or indirect result of the sole exercise of the voting rights of a natural person; (c) a direct or indirect power to exercise, or a direct or indirect effective exercise of, a dominant influence or control over the legal entity, including by virtue of the legal entity being under single management with another undertaking; or (d) an obligation under the national law governing the parent undertaking of the legal entity to draw up consolidated financial statements and a consolidated annual report. Certain information regarding the Sub-Fund's Beneficial Owners that is filed with the Luxembourg RBO may be available to any member of the public unless such information qualifies for an exemption under the UBO Law. The Sub-Fund, however, does not expect that information regarding its Beneficial Owners will qualify for any such exemption, and thus expects that the information will be made publicly available. For Luxembourg entities (including the Sub-Fund), non-compliance with the UBO Law may result in a criminal fine, and a Shareholder that does not comply with its obligation to cooperate with the Sub-Fund in respect of its compliance with the UBO Law may also be subject to a criminal fine. Because the UBO Law is relatively new, there is uncertainty as to how the UBO Law will be implemented and applied in the future. In addition, the Sub-Fund's interpretation of the UBO Law may change at any time. Accordingly, it is difficult to predict how the Sub-Fund will be affected by the UBO Law. Depending upon the manner in which the UBO Law is implemented and the Sub-Fund's interpretation of the UBO Law, the application of the UBO Law to the Sub-Fund may have certain unintended effects, such as increasing the administrative costs and operating expenses of the Sub-Fund incurred and the disclosure of information publicly that may not otherwise have been disclosed as a result of the Sub-Fund's compliance with the UBO Law.

Investor Legal, Regulatory and Policy Compliance. Many Shareholders, their subdivisions and associated pension plans, have adopted stringent investment policies or are required to comply with

local laws and regulations, including so-called "pay-to-play" laws, rules, regulations or policies (which, for example, restrict or require disclosure of payments to, and/or certain contacts with, certain politicians or officials associated with public entities). Such Shareholders may request terms or provisions, as applicable, which may be more expansive in their requirements than such laws, rules, regulations or policies. In certain cases, violations of these laws, rules, regulations, policies, provisions or terms, whether as a result of the conduct of the Sub-Fund or a Portfolio Investment or an action by such Shareholder, could have an adverse effect on the Sub-Fund by, for example, providing the basis for the ability of such Shareholder to withdraw from the Sub-Fund.

Disclosure of Information. As a result of increased regulations in the private funds and related industries, including with respect to the sources of funds used in Portfolio Investments as described in "Prevention of Money Laundering," "Luxembourg Register of Beneficial Owners" and "Luxembourg Rules on Prevention of Money Laundering" above and in connection with other Fund activities, the Sub-Fund may request additional documentation or information from a Shareholder in order to verify, among other things, such Shareholder's and its beneficial owners' identity and the source of funds used to purchase the Shares. The Sub-Fund may decline to accept a subscription on the basis of the information that is provided or if this information is not provided, and may be required in certain circumstances to withhold distributions. In order to comply with applicable laws, rules, regulations and policies, the Sub-Fund may request (during or outside of the subscription process) additional information from the Shareholders at any time. Such information may be provided to governmental and regulatory agencies without notification to the Shareholders. The Sub-Fund may also, from time to time, without notice, be obligated to file reports with various jurisdictions with regard to, among other things, the identity of the Sub-Fund's Shareholders and suspicious activities involving the Shares. The failure of a Shareholder to comply with such request for information may result in adverse consequences applying to such Shareholder pursuant to the Articles, including its required withdrawal from the Sub-Fund. Further, the Sub-Fund will take such steps as it determines in its discretion are necessary or appropriate to comply with applicable law, regulations, orders, directives or special measures. See "Required Withdrawal" above.

In addition, the Sub-Fund, the AIFM, the Investment Manager or their affiliate, service providers or agents may from time to time be required or may, in their discretion, determine that it is advisable to disclose certain information about the Sub-Fund and its Shareholders, including, but not limited to, Portfolio Investments held directly or indirectly by the Sub-Fund and the names and percentage interest of beneficial ownership of the Sub-Fund and/or Portfolio Investments (and any underlying beneficial owners of such beneficial owners), to third parties, including local governmental authorities, regulatory organizations, taxing authorities, markets, exchanges, clearing facilities, custodians, brokers and trading counterparties of, or service providers to, the AIFM, the Investment Manager or the Sub-Fund. The Sub-Fund, the AIFM and the Investment Manager generally expect to comply with requests to disclose such information as they may determine, including through electronic delivery platforms; however, the Sub-Fund, the AIFM or the Investment Manager may determine not to make a Portfolio Investment or to cause the sale of certain assets for the Sub-Fund rather than make certain disclosures, and such sale may be at a time that is inopportune from a pricing or other standpoint. In certain circumstances, the Sub-Fund, the AIFM, the Investment Manager or any of their respective affiliate, service providers or agents, may be prohibited from disclosing, or may determine not to disclose, that the request has been made.

General Data Protection Regulation. In Europe, the General Data Protection Regulation ("EU GDPR") became effective on May 25, 2018, introducing substantial changes to current European privacy laws. It superseded the existing Data Protection Directive, which was the key European legislation governing the use of personal data relating to living individuals. The EU GDPR provides enhanced rights to individuals with respect to the privacy of their personal data and applies to organizations with a presence in the E.U. which use or hold personal data relating to living individuals, and to organizations that offer services to individual E.U. investors. The EU GDPR increased the sanctions for serious breaches to the greater of €20 million or 4% of worldwide

revenue, the impact of which could be significant. Following Brexit (whereby the U.K. left the E.U.), on December 31, 2020 the EU GDPR was implemented in UK law and is known as the UK GDPR. Compliance with the EU and UK GDPR may require additional measures, including updating policies and procedures and reviewing relevant IT systems, which may create additional costs and expenses for the Sub-Fund and therefore its Shareholders. Investors other than living individuals in the E.U. may not be afforded the protections of the EU and UK GDPR.

Further legislative evolution in the field of privacy is expected. The current ePrivacy Directive 2002/58/EC will also be replaced by the E.U. Commission's Regulation on Privacy and Electronic Communications (the "**ePrivacy Regulation**"), which aims to reinforce trust and security in the digital single market by updating the legal framework on ePrivacy. The ePrivacy Regulation is in the process of being finalized and is expected to come into force in the near future. Compliance with current and future privacy, data protection and information security laws could significantly impact ongoing and planned privacy and information security related practices. This includes the collection, use, sharing, retention and safeguarding of personal data and some of the current and planned activities of the Sub-Fund. A failure to comply with such laws could result in fines, sanctions or other penalties, which could materially and adversely affect the operating results and overall business, as well as have an impact on reputation.

Luxembourg Professional Secrecy. The Depositary and the Administrator of the Fund are each subject to professional secrecy requirements under the Luxembourg law of 5 April 1993 on the financial sector (the "**Law of 1993**"). The Depositary and the Administrator may outsource certain services to third parties and, in this context, may transfer certain investors' personal and confidential data to such service providers. Shareholders in the Sub-Fund shall be informed of the outsourcing and transfer of their confidential data to third party service providers in accordance with article 41 (2bis) of the Law of 1993. Persons who have access to the information collected and transferred by the Depositary and the Administrator shall be subject by the law to a professional secrecy obligation or be bound by a confidentiality agreement. Although the Fund therefore expects to be indemnified by the Depositary and/or the Administrator and/or the third party for any breach of confidentiality and/or loss and/or misuse of personal and confidential information by such third party, there is no guarantee that the Fund will be able to successfully claim such indemnification.

Sustainability Risk. New sustainability requirements imposed by jurisdictions in which Brookfield does business and/or in which the Sub-Fund is marketed, including the EU Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (2019/2088) ("**SFDR**"), may result in additional compliance costs, disclosure obligations or other implications or restrictions on the Sub-Fund or on Brookfield. Under such requirements, Brookfield may be required to classify itself or the Sub-Fund against certain criteria, some of which can be open to subjective interpretation. Brookfield's view on the appropriate classification may develop over time, including in response to statutory or regulatory guidance or changes in industry approach to classification. These sustainability requirements, and any changes that Brookfield may make to the Sub-Fund's classifications thereunder from time to time, may require further disclosures by Brookfield or the Sub-Fund and may require that Brookfield implement new processes to capture data about the Sub-Fund or its Investments. Costs incurred as a result of such data gathering and reporting processes will be borne by the Sub-Fund.

Taxonomy. The Taxonomy Regulation (EU) 2020/852 (the "**Taxonomy**") has been designed to create a framework for green products to harmonize the definition of "sustainable investment" and to facilitate cross-border sustainable investment in the EU. The regime came into force on July 12, 2020 and certain aspects applied in practice from January 1, 2022. The Taxonomy amends the SFDR to require fund managers to disclose either: (i) information on the environmental objective(s) to which the investments underlying the fund contribute and how and to what extent the investments that underlie their products support economic activities that meet the four tests for environmental sustainability under the Taxonomy; or (ii) for funds that are not required to report Taxonomy

alignment, a statement that they do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable activities.

In order to comply with the four tests for environmental sustainability, an economic activity must: (i) contribute substantially to at least one of the environmental objectives listed in the Taxonomy; (ii) "do no significant harm" to any of the other environmental objectives listed in the Taxonomy; (iii) be carried out in compliance with minimum social safeguards; and (iv) comply with technical screening criteria adopted under the Taxonomy.

Where required, compliance with the Taxonomy-related rules (and other, future, taxonomies, including possibly an 'extended environmental' and/or 'social' taxonomy) in due course is expected to result in increased legal, compliance, restrictions, reporting and other associated costs and expenses which will be borne by the Sub-Fund. The regime is subject to a number of uncertainties which may subsequently be clarified or the AIFM may change its approach in relation to in the future, and/or the regime may also be expanded or amended in the future, all of which may result in further such costs or expenses to be borne by the Sub-Fund.

Measuring Taxonomy alignment will likely require significant amounts of data not currently available to the Sub-Fund and/or the AIFM. Where data gaps exist which cannot reasonably be addressed, there is a risk that reported Taxonomy alignment does not reflect the true percentage. The AIFM does not either (a) commit to make available Taxonomy alignment data; or (b) if it does, commit to any particular level of Taxonomy alignment for the Sub-Fund.

Financial and Tax Situation. The results of the Sub-Fund's activities may affect individual Shareholders differently, depending upon their individual financial and tax situations because, for instance, of the timing of a cash distribution or of an event of realization of gain or loss and its characterization as long-term or short-term gain or loss. The Board of Directors and its delegates will endeavor to make decisions in the best interest of the Sub-Fund as a whole, but there can be no assurance that a result will not be more advantageous to some Shareholders compared to other Shareholders, or to the Sub-Fund as a whole compared to any particular Shareholder.

Each prospective investor should be aware that tax laws and regulations are changing on an ongoing basis, and such laws and regulations may be changed with retroactive effect and may directly or indirectly subject the Sub-Fund and/or the Shareholders to increased tax liabilities or have other adverse effects, including requiring Shareholders to provide certain additional information to the Sub-Fund. Moreover, the interpretation and application of tax laws and regulations by certain tax authorities may not be clear, consistent or transparent. Uncertainty in the tax law may require the accrual of potential tax liabilities even in situations where the Sub-Fund or the Shareholders do not expect to be ultimately subject to such tax liabilities. Moreover, accounting standards or related tax reporting obligations may change, giving rise to additional accruals or other obligations.

Adequacy of Reserves. The Sub-Fund may establish holdbacks or reserves, including for estimated accrued expenses, pending or anticipated liabilities, Portfolio Investments, claims and contingencies relating to the Sub-Fund. Estimating the appropriate amount of such reserves is difficult and inadequate or excessive reserves could impair the investment returns to Shareholders. If the Sub-Fund's reserves are inadequate and other cash is unavailable, the Sub-Fund may be unable to take advantage of attractive investment opportunities or protect its existing Portfolio Investments. Further, the allocation of investment opportunities among the Sub-Fund and Other Brookfield Accounts may depend, in part, on their respective reserves at the time of allocating the opportunity, possibly resulting in different investment allocations if any such reserves are inadequate or excessive.

In-Kind Remuneration to the Investment Manager and/or Recipient. The Investment Manager or the Recipient may choose to receive Shares in lieu of certain fees or distributions. The holders of all Shares are entitled to receive cash from operations *pro rata* with the distributions being paid to the

Sub-Fund and such distributions to the holder of Shares will reduce the cash available for distribution to the Sub-Fund and to its Shareholders. Furthermore, under certain circumstances Shares of the Sub-Fund held by the Investment Manager or the Recipient are required to be redeemed, in cash at the holder's election, and there may not be sufficient cash to make such a withdrawal/repurchase payment; therefore, the Sub-Fund may need to use cash from operations, borrowings, offering proceeds or other sources to make the payment, which will reduce cash available for distribution to you or for investment in the Sub-Fund's operations.

Sourcing and Payment of Distributions. The Sub-Fund has not established a minimum distribution payment level, and the Sub-Fund's ability to make distributions to its Shareholders may be adversely affected by a number of factors, including the risk factors described in this Prospectus. The Sub-Fund has a limited track record and may not generate sufficient income to make distributions to the Sub-Fund's Shareholders. The Sub-Fund or its delegate will make determinations regarding distributions based upon, among other factors, the Sub-Fund's financial performance, debt service obligations, debt covenants, tax requirements and capital expenditure requirements. Among the factors that could impair the Sub-Fund's ability to make distributions to its Shareholders are:

- the Sub-Fund's inability to invest the proceeds from sale of Shares on a timely basis;
- the Sub-Fund's inability to realize attractive risk-adjusted returns on the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Investments;
- high levels of expenses or reduced revenues that reduce the Sub-Fund's cash flow or non-cash earnings; and
- defaults in the Sub-Fund's investment portfolio or decreases in the value of the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Investments.

As a result, the Sub-Fund may not be able to make distributions to its Shareholders at any time in the future, and the level of any distributions the Sub-Fund does make to Shareholders may not increase or even be maintained over time, any of which could materially and adversely affect the value of your investment.

The Sub-Fund may not generate sufficient cash flow from operations to fully fund distributions to Shareholders, particularly during the early stages of the Sub-Fund's operations. Therefore, the Sub-Fund may fund distributions to the Sub-Fund's Shareholders from sources other than cash flow from operations, including, without limitation, the sale of assets, borrowings, return of capital or offering proceeds (including from sales from Fund Shares). The extent to which the Sub-Fund pays distributions from sources other than cash flow from operations will depend on various factors. Funding distributions from the sales of assets, borrowings, return of capital or proceeds of the offering will result in the Sub-Fund having less funds available to acquire its Portfolio Investments. As a result, the return you realize on your investment may be reduced. Doing so may also negatively impact the Sub-Fund's ability to generate cash flows. Likewise, funding distributions from the sale of additional securities will dilute your interest in the Sub-Fund on a percentage basis and may impact the value of your investment especially if the Sub-Fund sells these securities at prices less than the price you paid for your Shares. The Sub-Fund may be required to continue to fund the Sub-Fund's regular distributions from a combination of some of these sources if the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Investments fail to perform, if expenses are greater than the Sub-Fund's revenues or due to numerous other factors. The Sub-Fund has not established a limit on the amount of its distributions that may be paid from any of these sources.

To the extent the Sub-Fund borrows funds to pay distributions, it would incur borrowing costs and these borrowings would require a future repayment. The use of these sources for distributions and the ultimate repayment of any liabilities incurred could adversely impact the Sub-Fund's ability to pay distributions in future periods, decrease the Sub-Fund's NAV, decrease the amount of cash the

Sub-Fund has available for operations and new investments and adversely impact the value of your investment.

The Sub-Fund may also defer operating expenses or pay expenses (including the fees of the Investment Manager) with Shares in order to preserve cash flow for the payment of distributions. The ultimate repayment of these deferred expenses could adversely affect the Sub-Fund's operations and reduce the future return on your investment. The Sub-Fund may redeem Shares from the Investment Manager shortly after issuing such Shares as compensation. The payment of expenses in Shares will dilute your ownership interest in the Sub-Fund's portfolio of assets. There is no guarantee any of the Sub-Fund's operating expenses will be deferred and the Investment Manager are under no obligation to receive future fees or distributions in Shares and may elect to receive such amounts in cash.

Transfers & Liquidity

Lack of Liquidity. Other than where Shares belonging to a specific Share Class have been listed on a recognised stock exchange, there is no current public trading market for the Shares, and Brookfield does not expect that such a market will ever develop. Therefore, redemptions of Shares by the Sub-Fund will likely be the only way for you to dispose of your Shares (other than Shares which are listed on a recognized stock exchange). The Sub-Fund expects to redeem Shares at a price equal to the applicable NAV as of the Withdrawal Date and not based on the price at which you initially purchased your Shares. Subject to limited exceptions, Shares redeemed within one (1) year of the date of issuance will be subject to a Redemption Fee as at the Withdrawal Date. As a result, you may receive less than the price you paid for your Shares when you sell them to the Sub-Fund pursuant to the Sub-Fund's redemptions program.

The aggregate NAV of total redemptions on an aggregate basis across the Sub-Fund is generally limited to 5% of the aggregate Net Asset Value of outstanding Shares (the "**Quarterly Withdrawal Amount**") at the applicable Withdrawal Date in the sole discretion of the Sub-Fund. An equivalent quarterly withdrawal limit on redemptions is also applicable to investors in each of the Master Fund and Underlying Fund. To the extent that the Quarterly Withdrawal Amount is less than the amount that the Sub-Fund, through its investment in the Master Fund, is able to redeem in respect of its holding in Master Fund units and indirect holding of Underlying Fund interests on the relevant Withdrawal Date (including in situations where it is able to redeem in excess of its pro rata entitlements to the extent other investors do not take up their redemption rights), the Quarterly Withdrawal Amount shall be increased to such amount as is equal to the Sub-Fund's direct and indirect investments in the Master Fund and Underlying Fund, respectively, that can be redeemed in accordance with the terms of those funds on that Withdrawal Date.

The AIFM may, but is not obligated to, suspend the determination of NAV and/or the Sub-Fund's offering and/or redemptions where circumstances so require and provided the suspension is justified having regard to the interests of Shareholders. For the avoidance of doubt, the redemptions program shall only be suspended in exceptional circumstances and not on a systematic basis, as further described under Part IX (*Subscriptions, Redemptions and Other Transactions*).

In the event that, pursuant to the limitations above, not all of the Shares submitted for redemption during a given quarter are to be accepted for redemption by the Sub-Fund, Shares submitted for redemption during such quarter will be redeemed on a *pro rata* basis (measured on an aggregate basis (without duplication) across the Sub-Fund if applicable). Withdrawal Requests will not be automatically resubmitted for the next available Withdrawal Date: Shareholders will need to submit a new Withdrawal Request for any subsequent Withdrawal Date in respect of any Shares previously requested to be but not actually redeemed as of any previous Withdrawal Date, in the manner as described above in Part IX (*Subscriptions, Redemptions and Other Transactions*). Settlements of any redemptions will generally be made as promptly as practicable from the Withdrawal Date. As a

result, you will experience significant delays in realizing liquidity even when your redemption is accepted.

The vast majority of the Sub-Fund's assets are expected to consist of Infrastructure Investments and other Portfolio Investments that cannot generally be readily liquidated without impacting the Sub-Fund's ability to realize full value upon their disposition. Therefore, the Sub-Fund may not always have a sufficient amount of cash to immediately satisfy Withdrawal Requests. As a result, your ability to have your Shares repurchased by the Sub-Fund may be limited and at times you may not be able to liquidate your investment. See Part IX (*Subscriptions, Redemptions and Other Transactions*).

Effect of Withdrawal Requests. Economic events affecting the European economy, could cause Shareholders to seek to sell their Shares to the Sub-Fund pursuant to the Sub-Fund's redemptions program at a time when such events are adversely affecting the performance of the Sub-Fund's assets. Even if the Sub-Fund decides to satisfy all resulting Withdrawal Requests, the Sub-Fund's cash flow could be materially adversely affected. In addition, if the Sub-Fund determines to sell assets to satisfy Withdrawal Requests, it may not be able to realize the return on such assets that it may have been able to achieve had it sold at a more favorable time, and the Sub-Fund's results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected.

Mandatory Redemption. The Sub-Fund may require the redemption of all or any part of the Shares of any Shareholder from the Sub-Fund at any time and for any reason, regardless of any outstanding redemption requests and any priority given thereto. Any such mandatory redemption will generally be subject to the same terms as voluntary redemption of Shareholders (including the limitations imposed thereon), unless otherwise determined by the Sub-Fund.

Certain Tax Risks

VAT. Under current law and practice it is not expected that Luxembourg value added tax (VAT) will be levied on the management services supplied to the Sub-Fund. However, in the event of a change of law or practice, any VAT levied on the management fee may represent an absolute cost for the Sub-Fund, which would reduce the funds available to make distributions. If VAT is chargeable on the payments made in consideration of the management services, the Sub-Fund intends to minimize the effect of such VAT so far as it considers reasonably practicable. However, there can be no assurance that it would be possible to mitigate or eliminate such VAT cost.

Changes of tax law. The tax laws and regulations and the administrative practice in tax matters may change over the lifetime of the Sub-Fund, including with retroactive effect. Such changes may have adverse impacts on the taxation of the Sub-Fund, the Master Fund, the Underlying Fund and/or the Shareholders in respect of their investment in the Sub-Fund and distributions received from the Sub-Fund.

Risks Associated with the Underlying Fund's Status as a Regulated Investment Company. The Underlying Fund intends to qualify for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company under Subchapter M of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code. Such qualification requires, among other things, compliance by the Underlying Fund with certain requirements related to the sources of its income, diversification of its assets and distributions to its shareholders. Statutory limitations on distributions on the common shares if the Underlying Fund is leveraged and fails to satisfy the asset coverage requirements of the U.S. Investment Company Act of 1940 could jeopardize the Underlying Fund's ability to meet such distribution requirements. The Underlying Fund presently intends, however, to manage any outstanding leverage in a manner that allows it to maintain compliance with such asset coverage requirements. If the Underlying Fund fails to qualify as a regulated investment company in any taxable year, it would be taxable as a corporation in the United States on its net income at the regular federal corporate rate and applicable state and local income taxes.

Part XV : CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Brookfield's activities include, among others: investment and asset management; sponsoring, offering and managing private and public investment vehicles that invest in the global fixed income, currency, commodity, equities, secondaries, private and other markets; developing, constructing, owning, managing, operating and servicing real estate and related companies and assets, renewable power and related companies, assets and facilities, infrastructure and related companies and assets, and other businesses and assets including data centers, transportation facilities, electric utilities, industrial and manufacturing facilities, energy companies, metals and mining companies, timberlands and agri-lands, natural gas pipelines and storage systems and other assets; providing capital and financing solutions, as well as financial advisory, business development and other financial services; and other activities (collectively, "**Brookfield Activities**"). While it is expected that the Sub-Fund will benefit from Brookfield's expertise, market positioning and connectivity that arise from Brookfield Activities, in the ordinary course of its business, Brookfield's interests or the interests of the clients or others receiving services through Brookfield Activities (including other Brookfield Accounts) may conflict with the interests of the Sub-Fund, notwithstanding Brookfield's direct or indirect participation in the Sub-Fund or the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Investments. While Brookfield expects that its expertise as a global real asset operator will directly impact the Sub-Fund's ability to identify, access and assess investment opportunities, and that the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Investments will benefit from the greater Brookfield ecosystem, there can be no assurance of any such successful collaboration or synergies. A lack of successful collaboration or synergies, whether as a result of concerns related to conflicts or otherwise, may impact Brookfield's ability to successfully implement its strategies or achieve its investment objectives.

Investors should note that the Articles and Portfolio Management Agreement contain provisions that, subject to applicable law, (a) reduce or modify the duties, including fiduciary and other duties, to the Sub-Fund and the Shareholders to which the Investment Manager would otherwise be subject; (b) waive duties or consent to conduct of the Investment Manager that might not otherwise be permitted pursuant to such duties; and (c) limit the remedies of the Shareholders with respect to breaches of such duties. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, nothing contained herein, in the Articles or in the Portfolio Management Agreement shall restrict, amend, eliminate or waive any fiduciary duties of the Investment Manager. Additionally, the Articles and Portfolio Management Agreement contain exculpation and indemnification provisions that, subject to the specific exceptions enumerated therein, provide that the Sub-Fund and the Investment Manager and their respective affiliates will be held harmless and indemnified for matters relating to the operation of the Sub-Fund, including matters that may involve one or more potential or actual conflicts of interest.

The discussion below enumerates certain actual and potential conflicts of interest that are expected to arise in connection with Brookfield Activities (including those relating to Brookfield Accounts), on the one hand, and the services Brookfield provides to the Sub-Fund (and the Master Fund and Underlying Fund) and in connection with the Sub-Fund's activities, on the other hand. These conflicts of interest do not purport to be a complete list or explanation of all actual or potential conflicts of interest that could arise in connection with an investment in the Sub-Fund. Dealing with conflicts of interest is difficult and complex, and it is not possible to predict all of the types of conflicts that may arise. Brookfield will monitor potential conflicts of interest and manage such conflicts of interest with regard to the interests of both the Sub-Fund and relevant other Brookfield Accounts. However, conflicts may not always be resolved in a manner that is favorable to the Sub-Fund. Prospective Investors should note that Brookfield often holds significant proprietary interests in Brookfield Accounts, and it is expected that in some cases conflicts of interest may arise between the Sub-Fund and another Brookfield Account in which Brookfield has a larger absolute and/or relative interest than its interest in the Sub-Fund. By acquiring a Share in the Sub-Fund, each Shareholder will be

deemed to have acknowledged the existence of such actual and potential conflicts of interest and to have waived any and all claims with respect to the existence of any such conflicts of interest and any actions taken or proposed to be taken in respect thereof. To the extent that prospective Investors would benefit from an independent review, such benefit is not available through the Sub-Fund's counsel or through the Board of Directors, the Investment Manager or any of their respective affiliates. Prospective Investors are encouraged to seek the advice of independent legal counsel in evaluating the conflicts involved in the offering and operation of the Sub-Fund.

For the purposes of this Part XV (Conflicts of Interest), (i) references to issuers include any borrower or obligor of any Portfolio Investment; (ii) references to securities include any loans in which the Sub-Fund has invested, in each case to the extent applicable; and (iii) references to investment activity of the Sub-Fund shall also be read as investment activity of the Master Fund and the Underlying Fund.

Marketing of Shares

Brookfield Private Advisers LLC ("**BPAL**"), a broker-dealer registered under the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "**Exchange Act**") and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. and Brookfield Private Capital (UK) Limited ("**BPC**"), which are authorized and regulated by the U.K.'s Financial Conduct Authority (authorization number 730073), and their representatives and affiliates, may be engaged in the placement of Shares (including acting as dealers in respect of Shares) in the U.K. and potentially other jurisdictions. Further, Brookfield Investment Management (Canada) Inc. ("**BIMC**") will act as the dealer in respect of the purchases of Shares by Canadian investors. Certain other affiliates of Brookfield have been or may be involved in the distribution of the Shares, including Brookfield Singapore Pte. Ltd ("**BSP**") and Brookfield Advisors (Hong Kong) Ltd ("**BAHK**") and Brookfield Capital Securities Ltd. ("**BCS**"), which will be engaged in the placement of Shares (including acting as dealers in respect of Shares) in Singapore and Hong Kong respectively, and Brookfield Oaktree Wealth Solutions LLC ("**BOWS**"). BPAL, BPC, BIMC, BSP and BAHK are 100% owned by BAM and BAM also controls the AIFM and the Investment Manager. Further, the AIFM may appoint third-party distributors from time to time at its discretion.

Each of BPAL, BPC, BIMC, BSP, BAHK, BCS and BOWS (collectively, the "**Brookfield Placement Agents**") is expected to receive compensation in connection with the sale of Shares, a portion of which may be paid to their representatives, employees and/or affiliates. Each Brookfield Placement Agent is affiliated with the Investment Manager. Accordingly, the Sub-Fund may be considered a "related issuer," a "connected issuer" or a similar related person of the Brookfield Placement Agents within the meaning of applicable securities laws. The Brookfield Placement Agents played no direct role in the formation of the Sub-Fund, in the decision to offer Shares or in determining the terms of the offering of the Shares or the terms of the Articles.

The compensation paid to the Brookfield Placement Agents with respect to the placement of Shares will be from Brookfield and not from the Sub-Fund or any Shareholder (unless specifically disclosed to the applicable Shareholder) and may be higher than the compensation that they would receive in respect of the sale of other (including similar) products or services, which may give such persons an incentive to promote the Shares over other (including similar) products or services. Potential Investors should therefore be aware that there are financial and other Shares that incentivize the Brookfield Placement Agents and their representatives, employees and affiliates to promote the Sub-Fund and the Shares. The considerations set forth above are similar (and in certain instances may be heightened) in the event the Sub-Fund or the Investment Manager retains a third-party placement agent to market Shares.

As discussed in Part V (*Summary of Principal Terms – Subscriptions; Offering Price; Value of Shares*), certain third parties are entitled to earn a trail fee or similar compensation the details of which will be disclosed to Shareholders that will bear such a fee prior to their subscription to the Sub-Fund. Shareholders (or their brokers on their behalf) may elect to be treated as "advisory investors" and

in connection therewith, by virtue of holding the relevant Share Class, bear a larger amount of fees than investors that are not “advisory investors” for reporting, administrative and other services provided by such advisory investor’s registered investment adviser, adviser representative or other financial intermediary. Some or all of the Trail Fee payable in respect of a Shareholder’s investment may be allocated to a Shareholder’s representative at the registered investment adviser or broker-dealer through which such Shareholder was placed in the Sub-Fund. The receipt of the Trail Fee by a Shareholder’s registered investment adviser or broker-dealer representative will result in a conflict of interest.

Listed Shares

The Shares of one or more Classes may be listed on a recognised stock exchange while other Shares Classes remain unlisted. Shareholders should therefore note that the holders of listed Shares will likely have greater access to liquidity through being able to freely transfer their shares on the relevant stock exchange during its market trading hours to a prospective purchaser with access to the exchange, as compared to holders of unlisted Shares which are generally not permitted to transfer their Shares unless they have prior consent from the Board of Directors (or the Investment Manager as its delegate) and so are generally reliant upon the redemption procedures set out in this Prospectus. The ability for Shareholders of listed Shares to freely trade such Shares on a stock exchange may, inadvertently, have an adverse effect on the ability of the holders of non-listed Shares to redeem, and therefore achieve liquidity, in respect of their Shares, including because: (i) prospective Shareholders who would have otherwise subscribed for Shares in the Sub-Fund may instead seek to acquire such listed Shares on such stock exchange (and may perceive such listed Shares to generally be more attractive given the market for transferability offered by Shares being listed on a stock exchange); and (ii) such listed Shares may attract different pricing at which they can be purchased or sold on such stock exchange to the pricing at which non-listed Shares can be subscribed and redeemed which may have the effect of increasing liquidity for those holding such listed Shares at the expense of those holding non-listed Shares, particularly in times of market stress or disruption. The Investment Manager and Central Administration shall be under no obligation to determine the NAV of any Sub Fund or Class based upon any pricing for the exchange of Shares listed on any such stock exchange.

More generally, such differences in liquidity may, along with other factors, including market expectations of the Sub-Fund’s performance and demand for listed Shares from prospective investors who otherwise would not be eligible to participate in the Sub-Fund, lead to differences in entry and exit prices of listed and unlisted Shares such that unlisted Shareholders will generally be required to pay the applicable NAV per Share for Share subscriptions and receive the NAV per Share for Share redemptions whereas listed shares may in certain circumstances be purchased by, or sold to, a third party for a comparatively better Share price.

Allocation of Investment Opportunities

Allocation of Investment Opportunities. Brookfield provides investment advice and performs related services for other Brookfield Accounts (including, amongst others, for its own account and/or accounts that are being seeded and/or incubated) which are similar to the advice to be provided and services to be performed by Brookfield for the Sub-Fund. Certain Brookfield Accounts have (and additional future Brookfield Accounts will in the future have) investment mandates that overlap with those of the Sub-Fund and will compete with, and/or have priority over, the Sub-Fund in respect of particular investment opportunities. As a result, certain opportunities sourced by Brookfield that would otherwise be suitable for the Sub-Fund are not expected to be available to the Sub-Fund, or the Sub-Fund will receive a smaller allocation of such opportunities than would otherwise have been the case. There could also be situations where the Sub-Fund receives allocations with priority over other Brookfield Accounts.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, Brookfield manages and participates in, and will in the future manage and participate in, Brookfield Accounts that have or will have overlapping investment mandates with the Sub-Fund. For the avoidance of doubt, Brookfield Accounts include public and private investment vehicles, programs and accounts that provide seed capital and/or participate in certain investments on behalf of a Brookfield Fund that is being established or expected to be established. By way of example only, these include Brookfield Accounts that focus on infrastructure, renewable power and transition investments, including: (i) infrastructure, renewable power and transition equity with a lower risk return profile than the Sub-Fund, such as Brookfield Super-Core Infrastructure Partners L.P. ("**BSIP**"); (ii) infrastructure, renewable power and transition debt, such as the Brookfield Infrastructure Debt Funds ("**BID**"); (iii) infrastructure secondary investments, which include, among other things, third-party general partner led recapitalizations of assets and/or investment vehicles (including closed-end funds, joint ventures, and other vehicles) where the third-party general partner maintains day-to-day asset management responsibilities, investments in pooled investment vehicles managed by third parties and co-investments alongside such investment vehicles, structured solutions and/or preferred equity investments in assets managed by third-party general partners, recapitalization of third-party managed investment vehicles (in whole or in part), and related separately managed accounts, such as Brookfield Infrastructure GP Solutions ("**BIGS**"); (iv) registered funds or investment vehicles that invest across different pools of infrastructure and infrastructure related investments (including via investments into or co-investments alongside other Brookfield Funds, including the Sub-Fund); (v) investments that contribute to the transition to a net-zero carbon emissions global economy, such as Brookfield Global Transition Fund; (vi) infrastructure equity, such as the Brookfield Infrastructure Funds ("**BIF**"); and (vii) other investment strategies that could overlap with, compete with, complement or relate to the investment objectives and strategies of the Sub-Fund. In addition, while not expected to overlap with the investment mandate of the Sub-Fund, there are also Brookfield Accounts that focus on private equity investments (including growth and non-control capital solutions investments) and investments in the real estate sector (including investments in various parts of the capital structure). In addition, Brookfield expects to continue to manage and participate in new businesses and strategies. Some of the foregoing Brookfield Accounts have or are expected to have priority over the Sub-Fund with respect to investment opportunities that meet their specific investment mandates.

Investment opportunities generally will be allocated pursuant to (and in accordance with) the Sub-Fund's and other Brookfield Accounts' investment priorities (if any). Under certain circumstances, where the investment mandate of the Sub-Fund overlaps with the investment mandate of one or more Brookfield Accounts (other than, in certain cases, Brookfield Accounts referenced in the preceding paragraph that have priority over opportunities within their mandates), any investment opportunity that is suitable for the Sub-Fund and one or more other Brookfield Account(s) will be allocated among the Sub-Fund and such other Brookfield Account(s) on a basis that the Investment Manager believes is fair and equitable taking into account various factors, including: (A) the size, nature and type of the investment opportunity (including the risk and return profiles of the opportunity, expected holding period and other attributes) as well as its fit within each account's investment focus; (B) the nature of the investment focus, objectives, strategies and target rates of return of the Sub-Fund and such other accounts (including the investment guidelines and limitations governing the Sub-Fund and such other accounts); (C) the relative amounts of capital available for investment; (D) principles of diversification of assets and portfolios (for example, geographic and/or asset concentration considerations); (E) the expected future capacity of the Sub-Fund and such other accounts; (F) cash and liquidity needs, including for pipeline, follow-on and other opportunities pursued by the Sub-Fund and such other accounts; (G) the availability of other appropriate or similar investment opportunities; and/or (H) other considerations deemed relevant by the Board of Directors or the Investment Manager (including legal, regulatory, tax, structuring, compliance, investment-specific, timing and similar considerations).

The determination of whether a Portfolio Investment is within the scope of the Sub-Fund's investment mandate or more suitable for another Brookfield Account will be made in the discretion

of the Investment Manager. Further, if Brookfield determines that the investment opportunities in respect of a particular sector (which can be comprised of multiple industries) or region are expected (in the fullness of time) to exceed the investment limitations (or appropriate portfolio concentration) related thereto, Brookfield may act as general partner and/or manager to, and otherwise participate in investment funds that invest in such sectors or regions, including via public or private vehicles managed by Brookfield, co-investment vehicles, separate accounts, strategy-specific vehicles, region-specific vehicles, and sector-specific vehicles or other similar type of vehicle or account (each, a "**Sidecar Fund**"), and any investment opportunity related thereto will thereafter be allocated between the Sub-Fund and the applicable Sidecar Fund on a basis that the Board of Directors believes is fair and equitable taking into account various factors, including the factors listed in paragraphs (A)-(H) above.

From time to time, in applying the principles described above, Brookfield could determine that an investment opportunity will be shared among two or more Brookfield Accounts by causing one Brookfield Account to acquire certain portions of the investment opportunity while one or more other Brookfield Accounts acquire other portions. In such cases, Brookfield will value the portion of the opportunity allocated to each Brookfield Account (which will impact the purchase price paid by such Brookfield Account) and allocate transaction expenses among such Brookfield Accounts in accordance with its fiduciary duties to the Brookfield Accounts, consistent with each Brookfield Account's governing documents and Brookfield's internal policies and procedures, in particular those relating to the underwriting and valuation of investment opportunities and allocation of fees and expenses. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Brookfield generally will not, unless otherwise required to pursuant to applicable law and/or regulation, seek independent review, opinion, support and/or appraisal for such allocation and/or valuation determinations, including in situations where Brookfield has different economic interests in the participating Brookfield Account(s). See also "*Determinations of Value*" below.

The process for making allocation determinations is inherently subjective and the factors considered by the Board of Directors, the Investment Manager and Brookfield in allocating investments among the Sub-Fund and other Brookfield Accounts are expected to change over time (including to consider new, additional factors) and one or more different factors are likely to be emphasized or be considered less relevant with respect to different investments depending on the then-existing facts-and-circumstances deemed relevant by Brookfield and taking into account the broader facts and circumstances and portfolio construction considerations applicable to each Brookfield Account. In some cases, this will result in certain transactions being shared among two or more Brookfield Accounts, while in other cases it will result in one or more Brookfield Accounts being excluded from an investment entirely. Since certain Brookfield Accounts represent Brookfield's proprietary investment activities, the fact that investment opportunities deemed unsuitable for the Sub-Fund may be pursued by Brookfield itself presents a conflict of interest when making such suitability determination. Brookfield will make such suitability determination in a manner consistent with its fiduciary duties to the Sub-Fund. Additionally, from time to time, Brookfield may identify an investment opportunity that could otherwise be suitable for the Sub-Fund, but which, as a result of the particular facts and circumstances surrounding such investment opportunity at such time, Brookfield determines is not appropriate for the Sub-Fund and instead and invests on its own behalf (for example, if such investment opportunity falls within a sector, industry, or geography that is relatively new to Brookfield and therefore Brookfield determines it does not have sufficient expertise, knowledge or scale to invest prudently on behalf of the Sub-Fund). In such cases, subsequent similar investment opportunities may be allocated to the Sub-Fund or its successors, even when the original similar investment opportunities were pursued by Brookfield on a proprietary basis.

Moreover, it is possible that prospective investment opportunities may be re-allocated (in whole or in part) among the Sub-Fund, one or more of the predecessor funds or a successor fund in circumstances that, due to timing (for example, a delay of certain regulatory approvals or other third

party consents) or other considerations, such prospective investment opportunity becomes more suitable for either the Sub-Fund, one or more of the predecessor funds or a successor fund, as determined by the Investment Manager in its discretion. In such circumstances, if either the Sub-Fund, one or more of the predecessor funds or a successor fund are ultimately allocated the full investment opportunity, and such investment is completed, then the Sub-Fund, one or more of the predecessor funds or a successor fund, as applicable, will reimburse the fund(s) that such investment was originally allocated to. However, in the instance that such prospective investment opportunity is not completed, each of the Sub-Fund, the applicable predecessor fund and/or a successor fund will bear the costs actually borne by such fund in connection with such prospective investment opportunity.

Furthermore, Brookfield may be offered a future investment opportunity related to, or arising from, an existing Portfolio Investment (including opportunities that align with and/or are otherwise synergistic with Portfolio Investments), and such future investment opportunity may be allocated to another Brookfield Account instead of being allocated to the Sub-Fund because of timing (for example, too late in the term of the Sub-Fund), portfolio construction considerations or other considerations. These subsequent investments may dilute or otherwise adversely affect the interests of the previously invested Brookfield Accounts (including the Sub-Fund).

As a result of the foregoing, opportunities sourced by Brookfield that would otherwise be suitable for the Sub-Fund may not be available to the Sub-Fund in their entirety and/or the Sub-Fund may receive a smaller allocation of such opportunities than would otherwise have been the case. See "*Allocation of Co-Investments*" below.

For the avoidance of doubt, any investment opportunity allocated to the Sub-Fund may not ultimately be made by the Sub-Fund due to portfolio construction or other similar considerations (including, but not limited to, the availability of capital (or lack thereof), any applicable investment limitations or other concentration considerations), as determined by the Investment Manager in its discretion. As a result, the Sub-Fund may not invest the full amount of any investment opportunity that was allocated to it.

From time to time, the Sub-Fund may fund deposits or incur other costs and expenses in respect of an investment opportunity that is ultimately shared with or made entirely by another Brookfield Account. In such cases, such other Brookfield Account would be expected to reimburse the Sub-Fund for such deposits or other costs or expenses. In other cases, another Brookfield Account may fund deposits or incur other costs and expenses in respect of an investment opportunity that is ultimately shared with or made entirely by the Sub-Fund, in which case the Sub-Fund will similarly be expected to reimburse such other Brookfield Account for such deposits or other costs or expenses. Additionally, any such reimbursements are expected, but not guaranteed, to include expenses (including interest and other amounts related to borrowings) incurred by the Sub-Fund or such other Brookfield Account, but are not expected to include any interest or other compensation for making any deposits or funding such other costs or expenses, which interest will generally be set at a rate aligned with such Brookfield Account's credit facility, the preferred return of such Brookfield Account or another rate determined by Brookfield to be reasonably applicable (which rate may be higher or lower than the rate applicable to the reimbursing Brookfield Account's credit facility).

Incentive to Allocate Investment Opportunities Among the Sub-Fund, Co-Investment Vehicles and Other Brookfield Accounts. Brookfield will generally have different economic interests in different Brookfield Accounts, including among other things because certain Brookfield Accounts are wholly-owned by Brookfield; Brookfield makes different capital commitments or contributions to different Brookfield Accounts; certain Brookfield Accounts pay carried interest at different rates, and/or are more (or less) likely to generate any carried interest at all or to generate carried interest earlier (or later) in time; and/or because certain Brookfield Accounts charge management fees that are calculated based on their amount of capital deployed. As a result, there could be circumstances in

which the aggregate economic benefit to the Sub-Fund, the Investment Manager and their respective affiliates from allocating an investment opportunity in whole or in part to another Brookfield Account (including a co-investment vehicle) is (or is expected to be) greater than if the particular investments were made solely by the Sub-Fund. For example, the Sub-Fund, the Investment Manager and their respective affiliates may not be required to offset certain transaction, break-up and other fees against management fees for co-investments. Similarly, given its varying economic interests in different Brookfield Accounts, Brookfield will face conflicts of interests in valuing portions of an investment opportunity that is allocated among different Brookfield Accounts, in particular where a portion of the opportunity is to be allocated to a Brookfield Account in which Brookfield has a significantly larger economic interest relative to the other Brookfield Account that is participating in the opportunity. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Brookfield will make allocation and valuation decisions in accordance with its fiduciary duties to Brookfield Accounts, consistent with each Brookfield Account's governing documents and Brookfield's internal policies and procedures.

In addition, the Sub-Fund anticipates entering into formal or informal arrangements (including one or more multi-investment co-investment vehicles) pursuant to which Brookfield benefits economically, directly or indirectly, from offering co-investment opportunities to one or more Shareholders or other persons. Such arrangements will grant certain rights not offered to other Shareholders, including, (a) reducing fees and/or incentive compensation (or providing a rebate thereof) in respect of the Sub-Fund and other Brookfield Accounts; and (b) offering priority co-investment opportunities alongside the Sub-Fund and/or other Brookfield Accounts with a minimum target allocation and reducing fees and/or incentive compensation (or providing a rebate thereof) where such minimum targets are not met. In connection with such arrangements, Brookfield may agree to provide reduced fees and/or incentive compensation (or a rebate thereof), including in respect of the Sub-Fund, in the instance that such investor is not allocated its full allocation of co-investment opportunities. As a result of any such circumstances, in certain circumstances the Investment Manager will be incentivized to allocate a greater portion of an investment opportunity to a co-investor or any other Brookfield Account than it would otherwise allocate in the absence of such economic circumstances. In addition, the Investment Manager's allocation of any co-investment opportunities may benefit the Shareholder, the Investment Manager or any of their respective affiliates in other ways, including increased capital contributions to the Sub-Fund and commitments or contributions to other Brookfield Accounts. See "*Affiliated Services and Transactions*" below.

Allocation of Co-Investments. Investing in the Sub-Fund does not entitle any Shareholder to allocations of co-investment opportunities and, unless a Shareholder has been given certain priority co-investor rights, Shareholders will not have any right to receive co-investments. To the extent the Investment Manager determines, in its discretion, that an investment opportunity that is to be offered to and executed by the Sub-Fund, in accordance with "*Allocation of Investment Opportunities*" above, exceeds the amount appropriate for the Sub-Fund (which will, in some cases, as determined by the Investment Manager in its discretion, be less than the maximum concentration permitted under this Sub-Fund Supplement), the Investment Manager may, in its discretion, offer to one or more Shareholders and/or one or more third parties including, in each case, Brookfield Accounts or Brookfield employees, the ability to participate in such opportunity as a co-investor on such terms and conditions as the Investment Manager determines. In addition, the Investment Manager may offer (and in the past has offered) potential co-investment opportunities to Shareholders and/or one or more third parties that, in either case, are potentially of strategic benefit to the applicable investment opportunity and/or the Sub-Fund as a whole ("**Strategic Co-Investors**"). Co-investment opportunities may be offered to Strategic Co-Investors irrespective of whether the available investment opportunity exceeds the amount that would otherwise be appropriate for the Sub-Fund, and therefore, participation of a Strategic Co-Investor will reduce the amount of the investment opportunity available to the Sub-Fund.

Where the Investment Manager determines to offer a co-investment opportunity to one or more Shareholders and/or one or more third parties (including, in each case, Brookfield Accounts or Brookfield employees), the Investment Manager has broad discretion in determining to whom and in what relative amounts to allocate co-investment opportunities. Co-investment opportunities typically will be offered to some but not other Shareholders or to third parties who are not Shareholders (including, in each case, Brookfield Accounts or Brookfield employees). To the extent the Investment Manager determines to allocate co-investment opportunities to Shareholders, subject to the rights applicable to any priority co-investor rights given to one or more Shareholders, decisions regarding whether and to which Shareholders to offer co-investment opportunities are made at the discretion of the Investment Manager and will be based on a number of factors, including a Shareholder's expressed interest in co-investments, the size of a Shareholder's investment in the Sub-Fund (or to other Brookfield Accounts), a Shareholder's willingness to pay fees, carry or broken deal expenses, whether a Shareholder has a history of participating in co-investment opportunities with Brookfield, whether a Shareholder has demonstrated, or has the potential to demonstrate, a long-term and/or continuing commitment to the potential success of Brookfield and/or the Brookfield Accounts, a Shareholder's contractual rights (if any) to co-investment opportunities that are made available, the jurisdiction of a Shareholder, a Shareholder's impact on tax, regulatory, legal and similar considerations, the overall strategic value to Brookfield of offering a co-investment opportunity to such Shareholder, and the Investment Manager's assessment of a Shareholder's ability to both fund and timely execute on the co-investment opportunity. A decision regarding the allocation of a co-investment opportunity will be made based on the then-existing facts-and-circumstances and then-existing factors deemed relevant by the Investment Manager in its discretion (including factors that require subjective decision-making by the Investment Manager), and could be different from those used in determining the allocation of any other co-investment opportunity. For the avoidance of doubt, Brookfield will be offered co-investment opportunities alongside the Sub-Fund in its capacity as a Shareholder of the Sub-Fund.

To the extent certain Shareholders or other potential co-investors determine not to participate in a co-investment opportunity offered to them, there may be excess opportunity available. In such circumstances, Brookfield will allocate such excess in its sole discretion and Brookfield, Brookfield Accounts and/or other co-investors who are not Shareholders in the Sub-Fund may assume such excess in lieu of offering it to other Shareholders. Conversely, Brookfield and/or other potential co-investors may determine that they will not, or cannot, participate (either at all or up to their full proportionate amount) in a co-investment opportunity offered to them. In addition, Brookfield may assign its right to participate in a co-investment opportunity to any other individual or entity, including one or more Shareholders.

In addition, but subject to the foregoing, Brookfield or the Investment Manager may also, without notice to the Shareholders, determine to provide additional priority rights with respect to all or a select geographic, industry or other subset of future co-investment opportunities generally to certain Shareholders (but not to other Shareholders, including similarly situated Shareholders) or other persons (including Brookfield), including those described above, pursuant to contracts or other arrangements with such Shareholders or other persons. The Investment Manager may form and manage one or more investment vehicles or accounts through which Shareholders or other persons would participate in co-investment opportunities. Inclusion in, and the terms of, such a program will be determined by Brookfield or the Investment Manager in its discretion, which may include some or all of the factors described above. Except to the extent a Shareholder has entered into an agreement with the Sub-Fund or the Investment Manager pursuant to which the Sub-Fund or the Investment Manager has granted such Shareholder a right with respect to co-investment opportunities, Shareholders should be aware that they have no such right, and should not expect that they will be offered any co-investment opportunities.

The allocation of a co-investment opportunity may give rise to certain additional potential conflicts of interest, including that the Investment Manager may allocate such co-investment opportunity in

a manner that benefits Brookfield other than as a result of receiving fees and/or incentive compensation from a co-investor (including by allocating such co-investment opportunity to a person in order to encourage such person to enter into a relationship with, or expand its relationship with, Brookfield) and that, if the co-investment opportunity is granted with respect to an existing investment, the amount paid directly or indirectly by investors participating in such co-investment opportunity to the Sub-Fund in respect of such investment will be determined by the Investment Manager. Historical allocation decisions are not necessarily indicative of future allocation decisions and the actual number of co-investment opportunities made available to Shareholders may be significantly higher or lower than those made available in connection with other Brookfield Accounts. In addition, in certain circumstances the Sub-Fund may bear costs related to unconsummated co-investments. See "*Co-Investment Expenses*" and "*Line of Credit Utilization*" below.

Investors' returns with respect to co-investment opportunities may exceed Shareholders' returns with respect to the Sub-Fund or specific Portfolio Investments, particularly for investors in co-investment opportunities whose investment will not be subject to any (or will be subject to reduced) management fees, carry distributions or similar compensation payable to the Sub-Fund, the Investment Manager or their affiliates.

In addition, there is no requirement that any co-investment be made or disposed of at the same time or on the same terms as that of the Sub-Fund. For example, investors may participate in co-investment opportunities at a different time than the Sub-Fund (for example, where the Sub-Fund provides interim debt or equity financing or otherwise facilitates a co-investment in advance of co-investors' participation in such co-investment opportunity), which will also impact returns realized by co-investors. In the event Brookfield participates in such co-investment opportunities, Brookfield may determine to fund all or a portion of its capital contributions in respect thereof using securities without the consent of any other co-investors, including the Sub-Fund. Brookfield will make such determination with respect to the form of its funding in its sole discretion, taking into account factors it deems relevant under the circumstances and with a view to facilitating the consummation of the applicable transaction, including, but not limited to, (a) whether the Sub-Fund and its co-investors are capable of funding the applicable investment in cash; (b) whether the applicable contribution of securities is expected to be attractive to the seller of the applicable asset; and/or (c) whether the applicable contribution of securities is expected to be accretive to the applicable co-investor(s). Such determination to fund using securities may be in Brookfield's interest alone, as opposed to the interests of the Sub-Fund's Shareholders and other co-investors, and it is possible that such determination could lead to adverse consequences, including a lower likelihood of transaction execution and/or a higher purchase price for the asset. Brookfield, in its sole discretion, will determine the value of its contributed securities, which could be based on the volume weighted average price of the shares over a certain period of time, the closing price of the shares as of the applicable transaction closing date, or such other valuation it deems fair and reasonable under the circumstances. See also "*Determinations of Value*" below. Furthermore, in the event Brookfield participates in co-investment opportunities, Brookfield may determine to not dispose of its portion of such co-investment at the same time or on the same terms as the Sub-Fund, which may create conflicts of interests. For example, if Brookfield determines to sell later than the Sub-Fund, when selecting a potential purchaser of the applicable investment for the Sub-Fund, Brookfield may be incentivized (as a result of its interest as a co-investor) to take into consideration any such purchaser's strategic value to the applicable Portfolio Entity and the impact on the future value of the Portfolio Entity rather than solely obtaining the highest purchase price in respect of the Sub-Fund's interests. Further, Brookfield determining to hold its interest in a Portfolio Entity for longer than the Sub-Fund may result in a smaller pool of potential buyers or a decreased purchase price as a result of potential buyers being required to buy less than all of the applicable Portfolio Entity and to have a large minority owner post-acquisition. While Brookfield believes that such conflicts are mitigated by its significant commitment to the Sub-Fund, and its potential entitlement to a variable

management fee element that is tied to the performance of the Master Fund and Underlying Fund, such conflicts of interest are nonetheless present.

When the Sub-Fund holds a Portfolio Investment alongside co-investors, the Sub-Fund may also provide certain guarantees under financing or refinancing arrangements (including non-recourse carve-out, environmental, and interest and expenses guarantees) on behalf of the entire Portfolio Investment, while co-investors are generally expected to bear their pro-rata shares of any amounts to be paid via such guarantees through a backstop indemnity to the Sub-Fund. If such a guarantee is required to be funded, the Sub-Fund will be responsible for the entire amount and will separately be required to seek to collect the co-investor's portion from the co-investment vehicle.

In some cases, the Sub-Fund may make a Follow-On Investment with respect to a Portfolio Investment (or a Portfolio Investment may otherwise seek to raise additional capital) and co-investors or other Brookfield Accounts that have also participated in the Portfolio Investment may elect not to participate in such Follow-On Investment or capital raise or may not be offered the opportunity to participate in such Follow-On Investment or capital raise. Furthermore, in connection with a co-investment, co-investors may receive certain governance rights, minority protections and/or additional liquidity rights that would not otherwise be afforded to the Shareholders in respect of their investment in such co-investment opportunity through the Sub-Fund. See Part XIV (*Risk Factors and Other Considerations*) above.

Co-Investment Expenses. Co-investors will typically bear their *pro rata* share of fees, costs and expenses related to the discovery, investigation, development, acquisition or consummation, ownership, maintenance, monitoring, hedging and disposition of their co-investments and, in certain cases, may be required to pay their *pro rata* share of fees, costs and expenses related to potential investments that are not consummated, such as broken deal expenses (including "reverse" breakup fees). The Investment Manager will endeavor to allocate such fees, costs and expenses on a fair and equitable basis. Notwithstanding the foregoing, co-investors may not pay or otherwise bear fees, costs and expenses related to unconsummated co-investments, and the Sub-Fund may bear fees, costs and expenses (including those incurred as a result of hedging related to such co-investment opportunity) that it would not have otherwise incurred if Brookfield had not expected to allocate such investment opportunity to co-investors. In many cases, co-investors will not be required to bear their share of fees, costs and expenses related to unconsummated investments, including co-investors that had contractually committed to participate in the investment and co-investors expected to participate in the investment through a co-investment vehicle or program managed by Brookfield. In addition, in certain circumstances, co-investors may not bear such fees, costs and expenses, including because the co-investors have not yet been identified (or their anticipated allocation has not yet been identified) as of the time such potential investment ceases to be pursued, are not yet committed to such potential investment or are not contractually required to bear such fees, costs, and expenses. In those events, such fees, costs and expenses will be considered operating expenses of, and be borne by, the Sub-Fund; *provided* that, in all instances, Brookfield, in its capacity as a co-investor or a prospective co-investor intends to bear its *pro rata* share of such fees, costs and expenses based on the amount it has committed to co-invest as of the time a binding offer is made by the Sub-Fund. In addition, the Sub-Fund will bear the costs and expenses of drafting form agreements used to facilitate investments by co-investors alongside the Sub-Fund.

Facilitation of Co-Investments. Subject to the limitations contained in Part XIV (*Risk Factors and Other Considerations*) of this Sub-Fund Supplement, the Sub-Fund is permitted to provide interim debt or equity financing (including emergency funding or as part of a Follow-On Investment) for the purpose of bridging a potential co-investment or a follow-on investment related to an existing co-investment (including prior to allocating and/or syndicating the co-investment or follow-on investment, as applicable, to co-investors) but only to the extent that the Sub-Fund would have been permitted to make such Portfolio Investment. In connection with any such financing, the Sub-Fund

could incur fees, costs and expenses, including among others in connection with borrowing and/or hedging activities (for example, hedging of currency, interest rate or other exposures). To the extent the potential investment is not consummated, these fees, costs and expenses will be treated as broken deal fees, costs and expenses (see "*Co-Investment Expenses*" above). In addition, to the extent the investment is consummated, there is no guarantee that any co-investor will ultimately agree to bear its pro rata portion of the fees, cost and/or expenses associated with any such hedging or borrowing activities, in which case such portions will be borne by the Sub-Fund. Moreover, the Sub-Fund may be exposed to losses and/or expenses in connection with such activities as a result of currency exchange rate fluctuations, hedge gains and/or other events beyond a *pro rata* allocation based on the size of the Sub-Fund's investment. Even where the Sub-Fund hedges currency or other exposure attributable to co-investors' portion of a Portfolio Investment, such hedges are expected to be imperfect and the Sub-Fund could accordingly be exposed to losses and/or additional expenses. Fluctuations in exchange rates during the time an interim Portfolio Investment is held by the Sub-Fund prior to acquisition by co-investors may affect the portion of the Portfolio Investment that is acquired by co-investors or the price paid for such co-investment. The Sub-Fund will bear risks associated with the facilitation and the making of the Portfolio Investment, including among others in connection with borrowing and hedging activities, during the term it holds the Portfolio Investment, which could be significant or perpetual if it is not able to successfully syndicate the co-investment.

In order to potentially make available or otherwise facilitate its Portfolio Investments, at any time during the course of a Portfolio Investment, the Sub-Fund may also use a credit facility to consummate, support, guarantee or issue letters of credit to support the portion of the investment made (or to be made) by co-investors. In those circumstances, such co-investors would be expected to bear their pro rata share of fees, costs and expenses (including hedging expenses) associated therewith and repay any amounts that come due and payable under such credit facility, guarantee or letter of credit issued for their benefit. However, there can be no assurance that any such co-investor will bear such fees, costs and expenses or not default on its obligations to repay such amounts, in which case, such amounts would be borne disproportionately by the Sub-Fund.

Where the Sub-Fund acquires or otherwise facilitates a Portfolio Investment on behalf of or with a view to syndicating it (or a portion thereof) to co-investors (including a Follow-On Investment), the terms of the sale or transfer of such Portfolio Investment to co-investors may not be favorable to the Sub-Fund and may result in better terms for such co-investors than the Sub-Fund had when it made (or facilitated) the investment. For example, co-investors may not agree to reimburse the Sub-Fund for fees, costs and expenses incurred in connection with a Portfolio Investment and/or carry costs related to a Portfolio Investment, including in connection with any bridge financing or other borrowings associated with such Portfolio Investment, and as a result, the Sub-Fund may bear a greater amount of expenses than if they were allocated on a *pro rata* basis. Similarly, if a Portfolio Investment depreciates during the period when the Sub-Fund holds it, co-investors may negotiate a lower price and the Sub-Fund may take a loss on the portion of a Portfolio Investment it was holding on behalf of (or with a view to syndication to) co-investors (including with respect to fees, costs and expenses and/or carry costs related to a Portfolio Investment). In these types of situations, the Sub-Fund may nonetheless sell the Portfolio Investment to co-investors on the terms negotiated by (and agreed to with) such co-investors at the relevant time in the event that the Board of Directors determines it is in the best interest of the Sub-Fund, for example out of a desire to reduce the Sub-Fund's exposure to such Portfolio Investment or to include other participants in the Portfolio Investment.

Drag-Along Provisions. It is likely that the Sub-Fund will be subject to certain drag-along provisions in the context of co-investments with other Brookfield Accounts, in each case subject to applicable law and relevant contractual obligations. There may be situations where the timing and terms of any disposition of Portfolio Investments by the Sub-Fund as a result of such a drag-along provision may have the effect of providing benefits (economic or otherwise) to one or more other Brookfield

Accounts that do not accrue to the Sub-Fund in whole or in part. Similarly, a drag-along provision may have the effect of requiring the Sub-Fund to dispose of assets that the Investment Manager, in the absence of the drag-along provision, might have determined to dispose of any a different time or in a different manner. This could have a material adverse effect on the Portfolio Investment results realized by the Sub-Fund with respect to any Portfolio Investments (or any portion thereof) disposed of pursuant to a drag-along provision. There could also be circumstances where a drag-along sale would be beneficial to the Sub-Fund but the Sub-Fund is prohibited by law, rule or regulation from participating in the transaction.

Client and Other Relationships. Brookfield and Oaktree (as defined in "Oaktree" in this Part XV (*Conflicts of Interest*)) each have long-term relationships with a significant number of developers, institutions and corporations and their advisors ("**Brookfield Client Relationships**"). These Brookfield Client Relationships may hold or may have held investments similar to the Portfolio Investments intended to be made by the Sub-Fund, including certain Portfolio Investments that may represent appropriate investment opportunities for the Sub-Fund. These Brookfield Client Relationships may compete with the Sub-Fund for investment opportunities. Brookfield will continue to maintain such Brookfield Client Relationships after the establishment of the Sub-Fund. In determining whether to pursue a particular opportunity, the Sub-Fund may consider these relationships, and there may be certain potential opportunities which would not be pursued on behalf of the Sub-Fund in view of such relationships. In addition, the Sub-Fund may invest or enter into joint ventures or other similar arrangements with clients of Brookfield in particular Portfolio Investments, and the relationship with such clients may influence the decisions made by the Sub-Fund with respect to such Portfolio Investments.

Conflicts with Secondary Funds. Brookfield sponsors, manages and invests in certain Brookfield Accounts that focus on making secondary investments (such Brookfield Accounts, "**Secondary Funds**"), including investments in pooled investment vehicles managed by third parties ("**Third Party Vehicles**"), recapitalizations of Third Party Vehicles and related investments (collectively, "**Secondary Investments**"). Such Secondary Funds and Third Party Vehicles are expected to include one or more Brookfield Accounts that focus on making Secondary Investments in respect of infrastructure assets that are consistent with the types of Portfolio Investments targeted by the Sub-Fund. See also "*Allocation of Investment Opportunities*" above. Any Secondary Investments may be subject to significant governance, control and/or minority protection rights in favor of the Secondary Funds. Other Brookfield Accounts (including the Sub-Fund) and their investments are expected to compete with such Third Party Vehicles for investment opportunities and are expected to manage competing assets. For example, in a competitive auction process, Third Party Vehicles and Brookfield Accounts (including the Sub-Fund) could be potential bidders. Similarly, Third Party Vehicles could invest in an asset that competes with an asset held by a Brookfield Account (including the Sub-Fund) for tenants, market share or other matters.

It is expected that Secondary Funds will make packaged investments that include investments in Third Party Vehicles alongside direct investments in real estate assets and/or related companies (each, a "**Related Asset**"). A Related Asset may comprise a significant portion of the packaged investment, and may have been suitable for and allocated to other Brookfield Accounts (including the Sub-Fund) had it not been part of a packaged transaction alongside an investment in a Third Party Vehicle. In such cases, the investment in the Related Asset generally will be allocated entirely to the Secondary Funds (rather than allocating it, in whole or in part, to another Brookfield Account (such as the Sub-Fund)).

In order to mitigate potential conflicts of interest in these situations, Brookfield may but will not be obligated to take one or more of the following actions (as it determines in its sole discretion): (i) causing the Secondary Fund to remain passive in, or recuse itself from, a situation in which it is otherwise entitled to vote, which would mean that the Secondary Fund defers to the decision or judgment of the Third Party Vehicle or third-party investor(s) in such Vehicle, with respect to certain

decisions; (ii) causing the Secondary Fund to hold only non-controlling interests in an investment without governance rights; (iii) referring the matter to one or more persons that is not affiliated with Brookfield; (iv) consulting with and seeking the consent of the Shareholders, the limited partners of the Secondary Fund (as deemed appropriate by Brookfield) on such matter; or (v) establishing ethical screens or information barriers (which can be temporary and of limited purpose) designed to separate Brookfield investment professionals to act independently on behalf of the Secondary Fund, on the one hand, and the other Brookfield Account (including the Sub-Fund), on the other hand, in each case with support of separate legal counsel and other advisers.

At all times, Brookfield will endeavor to treat all Brookfield Accounts fairly, equitably and in an impartial manner. However, there can be no assurance that any action or measure pursued by Brookfield will be feasible or effective in any particular situation, or that its own interests won't influence its conduct, and it is possible that the outcome for the Sub-Fund will be less favorable than otherwise would have been the case if Brookfield did not face these conflicts of interest. In addition, the actions and measures that Brookfield pursues are expected to vary based on the particular facts and circumstances of each situation and, as such, there will be some degree of variation and potentially inconsistency in the manner in which these situations are addressed.

Pursuit of Investment Opportunities by Certain Non-Controlled Affiliates. Certain companies affiliated with Brookfield (a) are controlled, in whole or in part, by persons other than BAM or entities controlled by it, including, for example, joint ventures or similar arrangements with third parties where Brookfield does not have complete control; or (b) do not coordinate or consult with the Investment Manager with respect to investment decisions (together, "**Non-Controlled Affiliates**"). Such Non-Controlled Affiliates are likely to have investment objectives that overlap with the Sub-Fund's investment objectives and conflicts are likely to arise therefrom. For example, from time to time such Non-Controlled Affiliates or investment vehicles managed by such Non-Controlled Affiliates will pursue investment opportunities which are suitable for the Sub-Fund, but which are not made available to the Sub-Fund since such Non-Controlled Affiliates do not consult with and/or are not controlled by BAM.

Conflicts Relating to Investments by Other Brookfield Accounts

Advice to Other Brookfield Accounts May Conflict with the Sub-Fund's Interests. It is expected that (a) Brookfield (including through the Investment Manager or its personnel or one of its affiliates) will give advice, and take actions, with respect to current or future Brookfield Accounts (including proprietary accounts of Brookfield) that will compete or conflict with the advice the Investment Manager gives to the Sub-Fund, or will involve a different timing or nature of action than that taken with respect to the Sub-Fund; and (b) investments by Brookfield Accounts may have the effect of diluting or otherwise disadvantaging the values, prices, or investment strategies of the Sub-Fund. When another Brookfield Account either manages or implements a portfolio decision ahead of, or contemporaneously with, portfolio decisions for the Sub-Fund, market impact, liquidity constraints, or other factors could result in the Sub-Fund receiving less favorable results, paying higher transaction costs, or being otherwise disadvantaged.

In making certain decisions with regard to the Portfolio Investments that compete with or differ from the interests of one or more Brookfield Accounts, the Sub-Fund or the Investment Manager could face certain conflicts of interest between the interests of the Sub-Fund and the interests of such Brookfield Accounts. These potential conflicts will be exacerbated in situations where Brookfield is entitled to higher fees from other Brookfield Accounts than from the Sub-Fund, where portfolio managers making an allocation decision are entitled to performance-based compensation from another Brookfield Account, where there are differences in proprietary investments in the Sub-Fund and another Brookfield Account (including the Related-Party Investor) or where there are capacity constraints with respect to a particular strategy or opportunity as a result of, for example, position limits and/or regulatory reporting obligations applicable to the Investment Manager. In addition, as a Portfolio Investment changes over time, additional conflicts of interest are expected

to arise, including as a result of earlier investment allocation decisions. Brookfield (including in its capacity as the general partner or investment manager of a Brookfield Account) will determine the appropriate investment decision for each Brookfield Account (including the Sub-Fund) and Brookfield, taking into account the mandate and interests of such Brookfield Account (where applicable) and, when applicable, in accordance with Brookfield's investment allocation protocols and such Brookfield Account's governing documents. The investment and divestment decisions made with respect to other Brookfield Accounts may be made without regard to the interests of the Sub-Fund, even where such decisions are informed by the Sub-Fund's investment activities and/or adversely affect the Sub-Fund. In addition, investment and allocation decisions made regarding the Sub-Fund may be influenced by the policies of the co-investors sharing any particular investment opportunity.

In addition, certain Brookfield Accounts (and/or investments of such Brookfield Accounts) may provide investment banking and other advisory services to third parties with respect to assets in which the Sub-Fund may be invested or seeking to invest. The interests of such Brookfield Accounts (and/or investments of such Brookfield Accounts) in such circumstances may conflict with those of the Sub-Fund, and the Sub-Fund may compete with such Brookfield Accounts (and/or investments of such Brookfield Accounts) in pursuing certain Portfolio Investments.

Different business units and teams within the Investment Manager and Brookfield may take views, and make decisions or recommendations, that are different than other areas of the Investment Manager and Brookfield. Different portfolio management teams within the Investment Manager and Brookfield may make decisions or take (or refrain from taking) actions with respect to Brookfield Accounts they advise in a manner that may be different than or adverse to the Sub-Fund. Such teams might not share information with the Sub-Fund's portfolio management team, including as a result of certain information barriers. See "*Data and Information Sharing*" below.

In particular, Brookfield Accounts that focus on making secondary investments are expected to invest in pooled investment funds or other investment vehicles that are managed by third parties. While such Brookfield Accounts are expected to negotiate for certain control rights over (and to offer strategic advice to) such third-party funds and other investment vehicles, such third-party funds and other investment vehicles will not be Brookfield Accounts and will not be considered "affiliates" of Brookfield. As a result, the Sub-Fund will not be restricted from purchasing Portfolio Investments from, selling Portfolio Investments to, or otherwise transacting with or alongside such third-party funds or other investment vehicles. The interests of such Brookfield Accounts and the third-party funds or other investment vehicles in which they invest may conflict with those of the Sub-Fund, including in circumstances in which such other Brookfield Accounts exercise (or decline to exercise) control rights over, or otherwise offer strategic advice to, such third-party funds or other investment vehicles in a manner that differs from Brookfield's advice to the Sub-Fund.

Allocation of Personnel. The various teams and personnel working on the Sub-Fund will also work on matters related to other Brookfield Accounts. Accordingly, conflicts may arise in the allocation of personnel among the Sub-Fund and such other strategies. For example, certain of the investment professionals who are expected to devote their business time to the Sub-Fund are also contractually required to, and will, devote substantial portions of their business time to the management and operation of other Brookfield Accounts, given the fact that the Sub-Fund is expected to co-invest with other Brookfield Accounts. Such circumstances may result in conflicts of interest for such portfolio managers and/or other personnel who are in a similar position.

Other Activities of the Investment Manager and Investment Committee. The members of the Investment Committee for the Sub-Fund and other Brookfield employees who will play key roles in managing the Sub-Fund spend a portion of their time on matters other than or only tangentially related to the Sub-Fund. Time will be spent on managing and exiting investments of other Brookfield Accounts, including investments made on behalf of Brookfield, and on providing services to and effecting transactions on behalf of other groups within Brookfield and accounts other than the Sub-

Fund. Such obligations of these individuals could conflict with their responsibilities to the Sub-Fund. These potential conflicts may be exacerbated in situations where employees may be entitled to greater incentive compensation or other remuneration in connection with certain responsibilities than in connection with other responsibilities (including responsibilities in connection with the Sub-Fund) or where there are differences in proprietary investments in the Sub-Fund and another Brookfield Account (including the Related-Party Investor).

Data and Information Sharing. In light of the extensive scope of Brookfield's activities, Brookfield often has or obtains data and information that are utilized by Brookfield, other Brookfield Accounts and/or their investments across multiple strategies, businesses and operations that it would not otherwise have or obtain in the ordinary course. For example, information relating to business operations, trends, budgets, customers or users, assets, funding and other metrics that Brookfield has or acquires through its management of other Brookfield Accounts and/or its own business and investment activities is used by Brookfield to identify and/or evaluate potential Portfolio Investments for the Sub-Fund and to facilitate the management of Portfolio Investments, including through operational improvements. Conversely, Brookfield uses data and information that it has or acquires in connection with the Sub-Fund's activities for the benefit of its own business and investment activities as well as those of other Brookfield Accounts and their investments. From time to time, Brookfield expects to commission third-party research, at the Sub-Fund's expense, in connection with its diligence of a Fund investment opportunity or in connection with its management of a Portfolio Investment, and such research is expected to subsequently be available to other Brookfield Accounts and Oaktree Accounts (as defined in "Oaktree") (who will generally not be required to compensate the Sub-Fund for the benefit they receive from such research). Such benefits could be material and Brookfield will have no duty, contractual, fiduciary or otherwise, to keep such information confidential from, or not use such information in connection with the business and investment activities of itself, other Brookfield Accounts and/or their Portfolio Investments.

Brookfield believes that it will be better able to anticipate macroeconomic and other trends, and otherwise make more informed investment and other decisions for the Sub-Fund as a result of its access to (and rights regarding) the data and information that it has or obtains through the business and investment activities of Brookfield, other Brookfield Accounts and/or their Portfolio Investments. Brookfield will also make investment and other decisions for itself, other Brookfield Accounts and their investments on the basis of information Brookfield has or obtains through the Sub-Fund's investment activities. Brookfield believes that using this data and information from across Brookfield Accounts (including the Sub-Fund) and their investments will provide overall benefits to, and improve Brookfield's management of, the Sub-Fund, including its investment activities. For example, data analytics based on inputs from a portfolio entity of another Brookfield Account could inform business decisions for the Sub-Fund. In addition, aggregating data provides Brookfield with opportunities to obtain bulk discounts for itself, other Brookfield Accounts and Portfolio Investments on products and services if that data shows significant demand across multiple Brookfield Accounts and/or Portfolio Investments. Any such discounts would be allocated among Brookfield, other Brookfield Accounts and Portfolio Investments on a fair and equitable basis as determined by Brookfield in its sole discretion, with Brookfield able to make corrective allocations should it determine subsequently that such corrections were necessary or advisable.

This practice gives rise to conflicts of interest, however, because in some cases, this will result in Brookfield, another Brookfield Account or its portfolio entity taking a position that is different from, and potentially adverse to, a position taken by the Sub-Fund or a Portfolio Entity, or result in Brookfield, another Brookfield Account or portfolio entity benefiting from the business and investment activities of the Sub-Fund (or vice versa). For example, Brookfield's ability to invest on behalf of another Brookfield Account in a particular company could be enhanced by information obtained from a Portfolio Entity of the Sub-Fund in the same or a related industry. Such investments can be expected to provide a material benefit to Brookfield (and/or other Brookfield Accounts or

their investments) without compensation or other benefits to, or participation by the Sub-Fund or the Shareholders, and the benefits received by Brookfield (and/or other Brookfield Accounts or their investments) will not offset Management Fees or otherwise be shared with the Sub-Fund or the Shareholders. In certain cases, investments of other Brookfield Accounts will compete with, or provide services to competitors of, Portfolio Investments of the Sub-Fund.

As a result, Brookfield has an incentive to pursue and manage Portfolio Investments for the Sub-Fund that have data and information that can be utilized in a manner that benefits Brookfield, other Brookfield Accounts and/or their investments, including investments that Brookfield would not otherwise have invested in or investments on terms less favorable than Brookfield otherwise would have sought in the ordinary course. Brookfield has implemented policies and procedures designed to mitigate conflicts of interest and address certain regulatory requirements and contractual restrictions with respect to its use and sharing of data and information. Brookfield is also subject to contractual obligations and legal limitations on its use and sharing of data and information. Such policies and procedures, obligations and limitations generally reduce synergies across Brookfield's various activities and negatively affect Brookfield's and the Sub-Fund's ability to pursue and manage investment opportunities that would otherwise be available to Brookfield or the Sub-Fund if such policies and procedures were not implemented. From time to time, these policies and procedures also will result in the Sub-Fund or other Brookfield Accounts having reduced investment opportunities or investment flexibility, or otherwise restrict the Sub-Fund or Brookfield in its management and investment activities with respect to such information, such as the ability of the Sub-Fund or a Portfolio Entity to make certain investments.

Regardless of the existence of information barriers, Brookfield will not have any obligation or other duty to make available for the benefit of the Sub-Fund or its Portfolio Investments any information regarding Brookfield's investment activities, strategies or views, or the activities, strategies or views used for other Brookfield Accounts. Brookfield may share any information relating to the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments with its affiliates, including those that are managed independently (in accordance with information barriers and related protocols). Furthermore, to the extent that the Investment Manager has access to analyses, models and/or information developed by other parts of Brookfield and/or its personnel, the Investment Manager will not be under any obligation or other duty to effect transactions on behalf of the Sub-Fund or its Portfolio Investments in accordance with such analysis and models and in some cases (such as research) may be prohibited from disseminating information between areas within Brookfield, including to the Sub-Fund. In the event Brookfield or the Investment Manager does not share certain information with the Investment Manager, the Sub-Fund may make Portfolio Investments or other decisions that differ from those it would have made if the Investment Manager had such information, which may be disadvantageous to the Sub-Fund.

Data Management. To the extent it deems necessary or appropriate, in its sole discretion, Brookfield may provide data management services to the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments and/or other Brookfield Accounts and their Portfolio Investments (collectively, "**Data Holders**"). Such services could include, among other things, assistance with obtaining, analyzing, curating, processing, packaging, organizing, mapping, holding, transforming, enhancing, marketing and selling data for monetization through licensing and/or sale arrangements with third parties and/or directly with Data Holders. To the extent provided, these services would be subject to the limitations discussed below and applicable contractual and/or legal obligations or limitations, including on the use of material non-public information. Moreover, where an arrangement is with the Sub-Fund or its Portfolio Investments, the Sub-Fund would directly or indirectly bear its appropriate share of related compensation. In addition, in Brookfield's sole discretion, data from one Data Holder may be pooled with data from other Data Holders, subject to applicable laws and regulations (including privacy laws and regulations), and any revenues arising from such pooled data sets would be allocated among Brookfield and the applicable Data Holders on a fair and equitable basis as

determined by Brookfield in its sole discretion, with Brookfield able to make corrective allocations should it determine subsequently that such corrections were necessary or advisable.

Brookfield's compensation for any data management services could include a percentage of the revenues generated through any licensing and/or sale arrangements, fees, royalties and cost and expense reimbursement (including start-up costs and allocable overhead associated with personnel working on relevant matters (including salaries, benefits and other similar expenses)). This compensation will not offset management fees or otherwise be shared with the Data Holders, the Sub-Fund, other Brookfield Accounts, their Portfolio Investments or any Shareholders. Brookfield may share the products from its data management services within Brookfield (including other Brookfield Accounts and/or their Portfolio Investments) at no charge and, in such cases, the Data Holders are not expected to receive any financial or other benefit from having provided their data to Brookfield. The provision of data management services will create incentives for Brookfield to pursue and make investments that generate a significant amount of data, including on behalf of the Sub-Fund. While all Portfolio Investments will be within the Sub-Fund's investment mandate and consistent with the Sub-Fund's investment objectives, they could include investments that Brookfield might not otherwise have made or investments on terms less favorable than Brookfield otherwise would have sought to obtain had it not been providing data management services.

Terms of an Investment by a Brookfield Account May Benefit or Disadvantage Another Brookfield Account. From time to time, in making investment decisions for the Sub-Fund or another Brookfield Account, the Investment Manager or the Board of Directors will face certain conflicts of interest between the interests of the Sub-Fund, on the one hand, and the interests of the other Brookfield Account. For example, subject to applicable law and any limitations contained in the Articles, the Investment Manager from time to time could cause the Sub-Fund to invest in securities, bank loans or other obligations of companies or properties affiliated with or advised by Brookfield or in which Brookfield Accounts have an equity, debt or other interest, or to engage in investment transactions that result in other Brookfield Accounts getting an economic benefit, being relieved of obligations or divested of investments. For example, from time to time, the Sub-Fund could make debt or equity Portfolio Investments in entities which are expected to use the proceeds of such Portfolio Investment to repay loans from another Brookfield Account. Depending on the circumstance, such other Brookfield Account would benefit if the Sub-Fund invested more money, thus providing sufficient funds to repay such other Brookfield Account, or it would benefit if the loans remained outstanding and such Brookfield Account continued to receive payment under the existing loans, if the loans were on attractive terms (including an attractive interest rate) from the perspective of such Brookfield Account. Alternatively, from time to time another Brookfield Account is in the position of making an investment that could be used to repay loans from the Sub-Fund (which could occur earlier than otherwise expected for the Sub-Fund), which would present the opposite conflict. Similarly, such conflicts are also present in other situations. For example, in certain circumstances, a Brookfield Account will pursue a take-private, asset purchase or other material transaction with an issuer in which the Sub-Fund is invested, which could result in the Sub-Fund being paid out earlier than otherwise expected. In situations where the activities of the Sub-Fund enhance the profitability of other Brookfield Accounts with respect to their investment in and activities relating to companies, the Investment Manager could take the interests of such other Brookfield Accounts into consideration in connection with actions it takes on behalf of the Sub-Fund. See "*Investments with Related Parties*" below.

Additionally, there may be instances where the Sub-Fund or another Brookfield Account or one of their investments enters into agreements with third parties (or invest in assets or Portfolio Investments that have pre-existing agreements with third parties) that restrict the ability of other Brookfield Accounts (including the Sub-Fund) to engage in potentially competitive actions, such as developing competing assets within a defined geographical area. These agreements could adversely impact the Sub-Fund's ability to pursue attractive investment opportunities. In cases where the Sub-Fund or one of its Portfolio Investments has entered into such a restriction, the Sub-Fund may from

time to time seek to induce its counterparty to waive such restriction for the benefit of another Brookfield Account. No consent or notification will be provided to the Shareholders in these situations.

Conflicts Among Portfolio Investments and Brookfield Accounts. There may be conflicts between the Sub-Fund or a Portfolio Investment, on the one hand, and Brookfield or another Brookfield Account or one or more investments thereof, on the other hand. For example, a portfolio entity of another Brookfield Account may be a competitor, customer, service provider or supplier of one or more of the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Investments. In such circumstances, such Brookfield Account or portfolio entity thereof may take actions that have adverse consequences for the Sub-Fund or one of its Portfolio Investments, such as seeking to increase its market share at the Portfolio Entity's detriment, withdrawing business from the Portfolio Entity in favor of a competitor that offers the same product or service at a more competitive price, increasing prices of its products in its capacity as a supplier of the Portfolio Entity or commencing litigation against the Portfolio Entity. In addition, in such circumstances, the Investment Manager may not pursue certain such actions on behalf of the Sub-Fund, which could result in a benefit to a Brookfield Account other than the Sub-Fund, or vice versa. Brookfield has implemented policies and procedures designed to mitigate such potential conflicts of interest. Such policies and procedures could reduce the business activity among the investments of Brookfield Accounts, which would negatively affect a Portfolio Entity and, therefore, the Sub-Fund as a whole. Another Brookfield Account or portfolio entity thereof may nonetheless continue to take such actions that have adverse consequences for the Sub-Fund or its Portfolio Investments, and Brookfield will not have any obligation or duty in this regard.

Investments with Related Parties. In certain circumstances, subject to the limitations set forth in the Articles, the Prospectus and this Sub-Fund Supplement, the Sub-Fund could invest in assets or companies in which Brookfield or another Brookfield Account (including a co-investment account) holds an equity or debt position or in which Brookfield or another Brookfield Account invests (either in equity or debt positions) subsequent to the Sub-Fund's investment. For example, from time to time, Brookfield and/or another Brookfield Account (including a co-investment account) will: (a) enter into a joint transaction with the Sub-Fund; (b) in their discretion, invest alongside the Sub-Fund in order to facilitate a Portfolio Investment (for example, to the extent there is excess capacity) or to facilitate compliance with specific legal, regulatory or similar requirements; (c) be borrowers of certain Portfolio Investments or lenders in respect of the Sub-Fund; and/or (d) invest in different levels of an issuer's capital structure. Relatedly, the Sub-Fund could own (y) equity positions of assets that have been pledged as collateral or otherwise provide security for notes owned by Brookfield or another Brookfield Account; or (z) structured products (including commercial mortgage-backed securities) in which one or more Brookfield Accounts invest. Any restrictions in the Articles, the Prospectus or this Sub-Fund Supplement that relate to buying Portfolio Investments from and selling Portfolio Investments to Brookfield Accounts do not apply with respect to investments in companies or properties in which Brookfield Accounts have invested or will invest. As a result of the various conflicts and related issues described herein, the Sub-Fund could sustain losses during periods in which Brookfield Accounts achieve profits generally or with respect to particular investments, or could achieve lower profits or higher losses than would have been the case had the conflicts described herein not existed.

Brookfield and other Brookfield Accounts invest in a broad range of asset classes throughout the corporate capital structure, including debt positions (either junior or senior to the Sub-Fund's positions) and equity securities (either common or preferred). It is possible that the Sub-Fund or one or more of its Portfolio Investments will hold an interest in one part of a company's capital structure while another Brookfield Account or one or more of its Portfolio Investments holds an interest in another. In situations where such company or property is experiencing distress or bankruptcy, such conflicts of interest will be exacerbated. In such scenarios, other Brookfield Accounts or other consortiums, including Brookfield, Oaktree or Oaktree Accounts, could hold interests that are more senior in priority to that of the Sub-Fund and could seek to take over such

company or property. In such circumstance, Brookfield Accounts, Oaktree and/or Oaktree Accounts that participate in such asset could take actions that are adverse to the interests of the Sub-Fund. Alternatively, the Sub-Fund may make an investment in a company in which Brookfield or another Brookfield Account invests and such company may already be experiencing (or may in the future experience) distress or bankruptcy. The Sub-Fund may, or may not, be successful in managing it out of such distress. The conflicts between such parties and the Sub-Fund will be more pronounced where the asset is near default on existing loans and the Sub-Fund may not have the ability to call additional capital or use reserves or other sources of capital in order to sustain its position in the asset (either because the Sub-Fund is out of available capital contributions or other limitations). In this case, Brookfield, Brookfield Accounts, Oaktree and/or Oaktree Accounts could, for a relatively small investment, obtain a stake in such company or take over the management of (and risk relating to) such company to the detriment of the Sub-Fund.

The interests of Brookfield Accounts and other consortium members in certain Portfolio Investments could differ from those of the Sub-Fund and could be acquired at different times, at different prices, with a different view (including different investment objectives and other considerations) and be subject to different terms and conditions. Furthermore, to the extent that the Sub-Fund acquires an interest in assets or companies subsequent to another Brookfield Account, it is possible that participation by the Sub-Fund could result in a direct or indirect financial benefit to such Brookfield Account which would not have otherwise obtained. In addition, Brookfield Accounts and other consortium members could dispose of their interests in applicable investments at different times and on different terms than the Sub-Fund, including in situations where Brookfield Accounts facilitated an investment with a view to reselling their portion of such investment to third parties following the closing of the transaction (which could, in certain situations, result in the Brookfield Account receiving compensation for (or related to) such sale) or where Brookfield Accounts and/or such consortium members seek to reallocate capital to other opportunities, de-risk of exposures, or otherwise manage their investments differently than the Sub-Fund, which could have an adverse effect on the value and/or liquidity of the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Investment. In any such circumstances, such Brookfield Accounts or other consortium members will likely sell interests at different values, and possibly higher values, than the Sub-Fund will be able to when disposing of the applicable Portfolio Investment. Where the Sub-Fund invests alongside another Brookfield Account, the Sub-Fund may desire to manage its Portfolio Investment differently than such Brookfield Account, but may be restrained from doing so because of the Brookfield Account.

Moreover, from time to time, the Sub-Fund and Brookfield Account(s) will jointly acquire a portfolio of properties or other assets with a view to dividing up the properties or other assets between them in accordance with their investment mandates. In this circumstance, Brookfield will determine the terms and conditions relating to the investment, including the purchase price associated with each property or other asset, which price may not represent the price the Sub-Fund would have paid if the transaction had involved the acquisition only of those properties or other assets the Sub-Fund ultimately retains. In certain circumstances, the Sub-Fund may have residual liability for assets that were allocated to another Brookfield Account, including potential tax liabilities. Additionally, from time to time, Brookfield will seek to sell assets on behalf of the Sub-Fund and one or more other Brookfield Accounts together, including because Brookfield deems it to be in the best interests of the Sub-Fund and each participating Brookfield Account to do so and/or because it believes the Sub-Fund and each applicable Brookfield Account would generate excess value as part of a joint portfolio or platform sale. In this circumstance, Brookfield will determine the terms and conditions relating to such disposition, including the manner of sale, the ultimate sale price associated with each property and/or other asset and the allocation of the sale price among the Sub-Fund and the other participating Brookfield Accounts, which will be based on one or more factors, as deemed appropriate by Brookfield in its discretion, including among others internal carrying values of the relevant assets, appraisals and/or valuations of the relevant assets, the advice of external consultants and/or advisers, and/or the values attributed to the various assets by one or more of the bidders for the portfolio. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Brookfield's ultimate allocation of the

sale price among the Sub-Fund and the other participating Brookfield Accounts could be different than any one particular factor utilized in its determination, including the values attributed to the various assets by the ultimate purchaser of the assets. Furthermore, from time to time the Sub-Fund and another Brookfield Account will likely jointly enter into a binding agreement to acquire an investment. If such other Brookfield Account is unable to consummate such investment, the Sub-Fund will likely be subject to additional liabilities, including the potential loss of any deposit or the obligation to fund the entire Portfolio Investment. Similarly, to the extent that indebtedness in connection with a Portfolio Investment is structured such that both the Sub-Fund and another Brookfield Account are jointly responsible on a cross-collateralized, joint borrower, joint guarantor or similar basis for the repayment of the indebtedness, the failure of the other Brookfield Account to repay such indebtedness or meet other obligations may result in the Sub-Fund being required to fund more than their pro rata share of the indebtedness.

In situations in which Brookfield and/or another Brookfield Account holds an interest in a Portfolio Investment that differs from that of the Sub-Fund, conflicts of interest will arise in connection with, among other things, the following: (i) the nature, timing and terms of each Brookfield Account's investment; (ii) the allocation of control and other governance rights among the Brookfield Accounts; (iii) the strategic objectives or timing underlying each Brookfield Account's investments; (iv) differing disposition rights, views and/or needs for all or part of an investment; and/or (v) resolution of liabilities in connection with an investment among the Brookfield Accounts. These conflicts result from various factors, including, among other things, investments in different levels of the capital structure, different measurements of control, different risk profiles, different rights with respect to disposition alternatives, different investment objectives, strategies and horizons and different target rates of return as well as rights in connection with co-investors.

As noted above, from time to time the Sub-Fund and other Brookfield Accounts (including co-investment accounts) will invest in different classes or types of securities of the same company (or other assets, instruments or obligations issued by such company) or otherwise on different terms thereby creating divergent interests. For example, if the company or asset experiences financial distress, bankruptcy or a similar situation, the Sub-Fund's interest may be subordinated or otherwise adversely affected by virtue of such Brookfield Account's involvement and actions relating to its investment to the extent such interest is more senior to, or has different contractual rights than, the Sub-Fund's position. This could be exacerbated by the fact that the Sub-Fund generally expects to hold minority interests in the investments it makes alongside the other Brookfield Accounts. In these situations, Brookfield will face conflicts in managing each side's investment with a view to maximizing its value and, in connection therewith, pursuing or enforcing rights or activities. At all times, Brookfield will seek to treat each Brookfield Account (including the Sub-Fund) fairly, equitably and consistent with its investment mandate in pursuing and managing these investments. However, these factors could result in the Sub-Fund's and other Brookfield Accounts' interests being managed differently under certain circumstances and the Sub-Fund realizing different returns (including, possibly lower returns) on its investment than Brookfield and/or other Brookfield Accounts on theirs.

In addition, Brookfield is expected to advise other Brookfield Accounts with respect to different parts of the capital structure of an investment. As a result, Brookfield could pursue or enforce rights or activities, or refrain from pursuing or enforcing rights or activities, with respect to a particular Portfolio Investment in which the Sub-Fund has invested. The Sub-Fund or such investment could be negatively affected by these activities, and the Sub-Fund's transactions may be executed at prices or terms that may be less favorable than would otherwise have been the case. In addition, in the event that other Brookfield Accounts hold voting securities of an issuer in which the Sub-Fund holds loans, bonds, or other credit-related securities, Brookfield or such other Brookfield Accounts may have the right to vote on certain matters that could have an adverse effect on the positions held by the Sub-Fund.

As a result of the various conflicts and related issues described above, the Sub-Fund could sustain losses during periods where a Brookfield Account achieves profits generally or with respect to particular holdings, or could achieve lower profits or higher losses than would have been the case had the conflicts described above not existed.

In order to mitigate potential conflicts of interest in these situations, Brookfield may but will not be obligated to take one or more actions on behalf of itself, the Sub-Fund or another Brookfield Account, including one or more of the following (as it determines in its sole discretion): (A) forbearance of rights, such as causing Brookfield, the Sub-Fund or another Brookfield Account to remain passive in a situation in which it is otherwise entitled to vote, which could mean that the Sub-Fund (or Brookfield or another Brookfield Account, as applicable) defers to the decision or judgment of an independent, third-party investor; (B) causing Brookfield, the Sub-Fund or another Brookfield Account to hold only a non-controlling interests in any such Portfolio Investment; (C) referring the matter to one or more persons that is not affiliated with Brookfield, such as a third-party loan servicer, administrative agent or other agent to review and/or approve of an intended course of action; (D) consulting with the Sub-Fund's investors on such matter; (E) establishing ethical screens or information barriers (which can be temporary and of limited purpose) designed to separate Brookfield investment professionals to act independently on behalf of the Sub-Fund, on the one hand, and the other Brookfield Account, on the other hand, in each case with support of separate legal counsel and other advisers; (F) seeking to ensure that the Sub-Fund and the other Brookfield Account own interests in the same securities or financial instruments and in the same proportions so as to preserve an alignment of interests; or (G) causing the Sub-Fund (or another Brookfield Account) to divest of a Portfolio Investment that it otherwise could have held on to, including causing the Sub-Fund to sell its position to Brookfield or another Brookfield Account (or vice versa).

At all times, Brookfield will endeavor to treat all Brookfield Accounts (including the Sub-Fund) fairly, equitably and in an impartial manner. However, there can be no assurance that any action or measure pursued by Brookfield will be feasible or effective in any particular situation, or that its own interests won't influence its conduct, and it is possible that the outcome for the Sub-Fund will be less favorable than otherwise would have been the case if Brookfield did not face these conflicts of interest. In addition, the actions and measures that Brookfield pursues are expected to vary based on the particular facts and circumstances of each situation and, as such, there will be some degree of variation and potentially inconsistency in the manner in which these situations are addressed. Furthermore, from time to time Brookfield intends to enter into a voting agreement with one or more other Brookfield Accounts alongside which the Sub-Fund is invested, which, among other things, would allocate (upon such Brookfield Account's election), directly or indirectly, certain voting rights of the Board of Directors or the Investment Manager with respect to the Sub-Fund or with respect to one or more properties or Portfolio Investments to such affiliates. However, for the avoidance of doubt, Brookfield will in all circumstances control the Sub-Fund.

Distributions in Kind. From time to time, the Sub-Fund may declare a distribution-in-kind of a Portfolio Investment or a portion thereof. Pursuant to any such distribution-in-kind, the Shareholders (including third-party Shareholders, Brookfield Accounts and Brookfield personnel that are invested in the Sub-Fund) will receive their *pro rata* portions of the distribution. Upon receipt of such interests, each recipient (including Brookfield Accounts and Brookfield personnel) generally will be free to sell its interests in its sole discretion, which may have an adverse impact on the value and/or liquidity of other recipients' interests. For the avoidance of doubt, the value of the Portfolio Investment upon a distribution in-kind to the Sub-Fund's investors may exceed the value ultimately received by the Sub-Fund's investors if they seek to dispose of such interests for cash. In addition, each recipient will likely sell its interests at a different value, and it is possible that Brookfield Accounts and Brookfield personnel sell their interests at higher prices than third-party Shareholders. It is likely that many Shareholders will elect to have Brookfield dispose of such interests for cash on their behalf while Brookfield will retain the securities, which may exacerbate

the risks and conflicts identified herein. In the event of a partial distribution in-kind, Brookfield Accounts and Brookfield personnel will be free to sell the interests that they received in advance of any sales by the Sub-Fund of the remaining portion of the Portfolio Investment, which may adversely impact the value and/or liquidity of the Sub-Fund's remaining position and may be at higher prices than the Sub-Fund ultimately sells the remaining portion of the Portfolio Investment.

Investment Platforms. The Sub-Fund, alone or co-investing alongside other Brookfield Accounts or third parties may develop, organize, or acquire assets that will serve as a platform for investment in a particular sector, geographic area or other niche (such arrangements, "**Investment Platforms**"). The management teams for such Investment Platforms ("**Platform Management Teams**") will be owned and controlled by the Sub-Fund, other Brookfield Accounts, and/or third parties, and may be established through recruitment, contract and/or the acquisition of one or more Portfolio Investments. The executives, officers, directors and shareholders of Platform Management Teams may represent other financial investors with whom the Sub-Fund is not affiliated and whose interests may conflict with the interests of the Sub-Fund or which may include other professional interests that may conflict with the interests of the Sub-Fund. Platform Management Teams may also provide services to, and facilitate investments by, other Brookfield Accounts. The Sub-Fund will bear the expenses of Platform Management Teams as appropriate, which may include (a) overhead expenses, employee compensation, diligence expenses or other related expenses in connection with backing the Platform Management Team; and (b) building out the Investment Platform. Such expenses may be borne directly by the Sub-Fund as Sub-Fund Expenses (or broken deal expenses, if applicable). In certain cases, the services provided by a Platform Management Team may overlap with the services provided by Brookfield to the Sub-Fund. The compensation of Platform Management Teams may include interests in the profits of the Investment Platform, including profits realized in connection with the disposition of an asset, and co-investments alongside the Sub-Fund. Although an Investment Platform may be controlled by the Sub-Fund, other Brookfield Accounts, and/or third parties, members of the management team will not be treated as employees of Brookfield for purposes of the Articles, and none of the expenses, profit interests or other arrangements described above will offset the Management Fee. From time to time, Platform Management Teams (or portions thereof) may be transferred to Brookfield, and the Sub-Fund and its Investment Platforms will not be compensated for such transfer.

Insurance and Reinsurance Capital. Brookfield currently manages, and expects in the future to manage, one or more Brookfield Accounts that focus on investing insurance and reinsurance-related capital ("**Brookfield Insurance Accounts**"). Among other things, Brookfield Insurance Accounts are expected to invest in securities of issuers affiliated with Brookfield Accounts, including securities issued by Portfolio Investments such as investment grade, high-yield and other debt securities and certain equity investments. For example, from time to time, Brookfield Insurance Accounts could invest in asset-backed securities, commercial mortgage backed securities, and other debt securities and instruments issued by the Sub-Fund or its Portfolio Investments (as part of the Sub-Fund's financing of an underlying investment). Brookfield Insurance Accounts could also provide financing to purchase investments from the Sub-Fund. See "*Financing to Fund Counterparties*" below.

Brookfield Insurance Accounts' investments generally will be made on terms determined to be arm's length market terms (based on terms negotiated with third-party investors or terms that Brookfield otherwise determines to be consistent with arm's length market terms). However, Brookfield Insurance Accounts' investments in debt securities and/or instruments will result in Brookfield Insurance Accounts and other Brookfield Accounts (such as the Sub-Fund) being invested in different levels of an issuer's capital structure. For the avoidance of doubt, interest, fees and other amounts earned by Brookfield Insurance Accounts in respect of these investments will not offset or otherwise reduce the Management Fee. These situations will give rise to conflicts of interests and potential adverse impacts on the Sub-Fund, which are described in more detail (including as to the manner in which Brookfield will manage these situations) in "*Investments with Related Parties*" above.

Because Brookfield manages Brookfield Insurance Accounts, certain transactions (such as, for example, cross trades or other transactions involving the Sub-Fund, on the one hand, and a Brookfield Insurance Account, on the other hand) present conflicts of interest.

Structuring of Investments and Subsidiaries. Certain Portfolio Investments may be structured in a manner that benefits particular Shareholders or groups of Shareholders, including Brookfield. Brookfield expects to be the largest investor in the Underlying Fund and will be entitled to receive Management Fees (including the Variable Management Share distributions). As a result, Brookfield may structure the Underlying Fund and the Portfolio Investments in a manner that is advantageous for Brookfield, while also taking into account the interests of the Shareholders. In that regard, the Sub-Fund may cause all of the Shareholders' Shares (other than Shares held by certain Shareholders that are Brookfield affiliates), to be redeemed / withdrawn in whole, rather than dissolving or cancelling the Sub-Fund with the relevant authority. Similarly, Brookfield may undertake transactions involving subsidiary entities of the Sub-Fund that result in such subsidiaries winding up via a series of loans and repayments that may leave such subsidiaries in existence and owned by BAM or its affiliate, but no longer owned by the Sub-Fund, after the Sub-Fund's term or the realization of the relevant Portfolio Investment. Brookfield may also cause subsidiaries of the Sub-Fund to lend proceeds to a Brookfield affiliate (without interest), with such proceeds ultimately paid back to the Sub-Fund itself or to a different subsidiary. Brookfield may also take all or a portion of distributions to which it is entitled (in respect of Brookfield's capital contributions or Variable Management Share distributions) in the form of an interest-free loan from the Sub-Fund that is later erased. Brookfield may also implement various other strategies and structures over time based on its own interests and objectives.

Restrictions on the Sub-Fund's Activities. Brookfield is subject to certain protocols, obligations and restrictions in managing the Sub-Fund, including conflicts-management protocols, aggregated regulatory reporting obligations and other regulatory restrictions (which also apply with respect to certain Brookfield businesses that are separated by an information barrier, including PSG and Oaktree (in each case, as defined and described below)) and certain investment-related restrictions, which could in certain situations have an adverse effect on the Sub-Fund.

Buying and Selling Assets. Other than the acquisition from or sale of a Portfolio Investment to a Brookfield Account where either the Sub-Fund and such Brookfield Account are generally intended to co-invest alongside each other in such Portfolio Investment or the Sub-Fund and such Brookfield Account are ultimately intended to invest in different assets that are acquired as part of a portfolio of assets or platform, and subject to any other exceptions as described in the Articles, the Prospectus or this Sub-Fund Supplement, the Sub-Fund will not invest (directly or indirectly) in any securities issued by, or acquire Portfolio Investments from or sell Portfolio Investments to, Brookfield (excluding, for this purpose, any Portfolio Investments of a Brookfield Account). These purchases and sale may cause conflicts of interest, including with respect to the consideration offered and the obligation of such affiliates. Additionally, the Sub-Fund may, in its discretion, determine not to pursue a transaction that would otherwise be within the investment objective of the Sub-Fund, in such circumstance, other Brookfield Accounts may pursue and make such transaction.

Financings. If a Brookfield Account or an Oaktree Account participates as a lender in borrowings by the Sub-Fund or any subsidiary (including an investment entity), Brookfield's interests may conflict with the interests of the Sub-Fund or the applicable Investments. In this situation, the Sub-Fund's assets may be pledged to such Brookfield Account or Oaktree Account as security for the loan. In its capacity as a lender, the relevant Brookfield Account or Oaktree Account may act in its own interest, without regard for the interests of the Sub-Fund, the Portfolio Investments or the Shareholders, which may materially and adversely affect the Sub-Fund, any subsidiary or investment entity and, in certain circumstances such as an event of default, ultimately may result in realization of the Sub-Fund's or a Portfolio Investment's assets and a loss of the entire Portfolio Investment of the

Shareholders. See "*Investments with Related Parties*" above for further discussion with respect to the conflicts of interest that may arise in connection with Brookfield acting as a lender.

Financing to Fund Counterparties. There may be situations in which a Brookfield Account will offer and/or commit to provide financing to one or more third parties that are expected to bid for and/or purchase a Portfolio Investment (in whole or in part) from the Sub-Fund. This type of financing could be provided through pre-arranged financing packages arranged and offered by a Brookfield Account to potential bidders in the relevant sales process or otherwise pursuant to bilateral negotiations between one or more bidders and the Brookfield Account. For example, where the Sub-Fund seeks to sell a Portfolio Investment (in whole or in part) to a third party in the normal course, a Brookfield Account may offer the third-party debt financing to facilitate its bid and potential purchase of the Portfolio Investment.

This type of arrangement will only be offered in situations in which Brookfield believes it is neutral to or provides benefits to the Sub-Fund by supporting third parties in their efforts to successfully bid for and/or acquire Portfolio Investments. However, acquisition financing arranged and offered by Brookfield Accounts also creates potential conflicts of interest. In particular, the Brookfield Account's participation as a potential lender in the sales process could create an incentive to select a third-party bidder that uses financing arranged by a Brookfield Account to the potential detriment of the Sub-Fund.

In order to mitigate potential conflicts of interest in these situations, Brookfield generally will seek to take one or more of the following actions (as it determines in its sole discretion) in satisfaction of its duties to the Sub-Fund: (a) offer Portfolio Investments for sale in the normal course via competitive and blind bidding processes designed to maximize the sales value for the Sub-Fund; (b) engage one or more independent advisers, such as sell-side bankers, on behalf of the Sub-Fund to administer and facilitate a commercially fair and equitable sales process; (c) consult with the Shareholders with respect to a recommended and/or intended course of action; (d) establish ethical screens or information barriers (which can be temporary and of limited purpose) to separate the Brookfield investment professionals that act on behalf of the Sub-Fund, on the one hand, from the Brookfield investment professionals that act on behalf of the Brookfield Account arranging and offering the acquisition financing, on the other hand; and (e) such other actions that Brookfield deems necessary or appropriate taking into account the relevant facts-and-circumstances. However, there can be no assurance that any particular action will be feasible or effective in any particular situation, or that Brookfield's own interests won't influence its conduct, and it is possible that the outcome for the Sub-Fund will be less favorable than otherwise would have been the case if Brookfield did not face these conflicts of interest. In addition, the actions that Brookfield pursues are expected to vary based on the particular facts and circumstances of each situation and, as such, there will be some degree of variation and potentially inconsistency in the manner in which these situations are addressed.

In addition, in certain situations Brookfield may accept a bid for a Portfolio Investment from a bidder that received acquisition financing from a Brookfield Account that is at a lower price than an offer that it received from a party that has independent financing sources. For example, although price is often the deciding factor in selecting whom to sell a Portfolio Investment to, other factors frequently influence the seller, including, among other things, closing conditions, lack of committed financing sources, regulatory or other consent requirements, and such other factors that increase the risk of the higher-priced bidder being able to complete or close the transaction under the circumstances. Brookfield could therefore cause the Sub-Fund to sell a company to a third party that has received financing from another Brookfield Account, even when such third party has not offered the most attractive price.

In exercising its discretion hereunder, Brookfield will seek to ensure that the Sub-Fund obtains the most favorable sale package (including sales price and certainty and speed of closing) on the basis of a commercially fair and equitable sales process.

Investments by Brookfield Personnel. The partners, members, shareholders, directors, officers and employees of the Investment Manager and its affiliates ("**Brookfield Personnel**") are permitted to buy and sell securities or other investments for their own accounts (including through the Sub-Fund or other Brookfield Accounts) or accounts of their family members, including trusts and other controlled entities. Positions may be taken by such Brookfield Personnel that are the same, different from, or made at different times than positions taken for the Sub-Fund. To reduce the possibility of (a) potential conflicts between the investment activities of the Sub-Fund and those of Brookfield Personnel; and (b) the Sub-Fund being materially adversely affected by personal trading activities described above, Brookfield has established policies and procedures relating to personal securities trading. To this end, Brookfield Personnel that participate in managing the Sub-Fund's investment activities are generally restricted from engaging in personal trading activities (unless such activities are conducted through accounts over which Brookfield Personnel have no influence or control), and other Brookfield Personnel generally must pre-clear proposed personal trades. In addition, Brookfield's policies include prohibitions on insider trading, front running, trading in securities that are on Brookfield's restricted trading list, trading in securities that are subject to a black-out period and other restrictions.

Investments by the Related-Party Investor. Certain executives and former executives of Brookfield own a substantial majority of an investment vehicle (the "**Related-Party Investor**") whose investment mandate is managed by Brookfield. The Related-Party Investor's investment mandate generally focuses on liquid securities and includes, among other things, equity, debt and other investments in Brookfield and third-party companies, which are made directly and through separate accounts managed by Brookfield, Oaktree and PSG. The Related-Party Investor's investments include, among other things, interests in companies that other Brookfield Accounts have invested in, are investing in, are invested in and/or will in the future invest in, including in certain cases investments made alongside other Brookfield Accounts.

There is no information barrier between the personnel managing the Related-Party Investor's activities and the rest of Brookfield (with the exception of Oaktree and PSG, which are walled off). Brookfield has adopted protocols designed to ensure that the Related-Party Investor's activities do not materially conflict with or adversely affect the activities of the Sub-Fund (or any other Brookfield Account) and to ensure that the Sub-Fund's (and Other Brookfield Accounts') interests are, to the extent feasible, prioritized relative to the Related-Party Investor's interests, including among others in connection with the allocation of investment opportunities and the timing of execution of investments.

Brookfield's Public Securities Group. Brookfield is an active participant, as agent and principal, in the global fixed income, currency, commodity, equities and other markets. Certain of Brookfield's investment activities are managed independently of, and carried out without any reference to, the management of the Sub-Fund. For example, Brookfield invests, trades or makes a market in the equity, debt or other interests of certain investments without regard to the impact on the Sub-Fund of such activities. In particular, PSG manages investment funds and accounts that invest in public debt and equity markets. There is currently an information barrier in place pursuant to which the Investment Manager and PSG manage their investment operations independently of each other and do not generally share information relating to such activities. Consequently, the Investment Manager and PSG generally do not consult each other about, or have awareness of, investment decisions made by the other, and neither is subject to any internal approvals over its investment decisions by any person who would have knowledge of the investment decisions of the other. As a result, PSG will not share investment opportunities that would otherwise be suitable for the Sub-Fund with the Investment Manager and the Investment Manager and the Sub-Fund will have no rights with respect to such opportunities. In addition, in certain circumstances, funds and/or accounts managed by PSG will hold an interest in a Portfolio Investment (or potential investment) of the Sub-Fund. In such situations, PSG funds and/or accounts may benefit from the Sub-Fund's activities. In addition, as a result of different investment objectives and views, PSG is likely to

manage its interests in a way that is different from the Sub-Fund (including, for example, by investing in different portions of an issuer's capital structure, short selling securities, voting securities in a different manner, and/or selling its interests at different times than the Sub-Fund). The potential conflicts of interest described herein are magnified as a result of the information sharing barrier as the Sub-Fund's investment team generally will not be aware of, and will not have the ability to manage, such conflicts. Brookfield has discretion at any time, and without notice to Shareholders, to remove or modify such information barrier. In the event that the information barrier is removed or modified, the Board of Directors and the Investment Manager would be subject to certain protocols, obligations and restrictions in managing the Sub-Fund, including, for example, conflicts-management protocols and certain potential investment-related restrictions.

Oaktree. Brookfield holds a significant interest in Oaktree Capital Group, LLC (together with its affiliates, "**Oaktree**"). Oaktree is a global investment manager with significant assets under management, emphasizing an opportunistic, value-oriented and risk-controlled approach to investments in credit, private equity, real assets and listed equities. Brookfield and Oaktree operate their respective investment businesses largely independently pursuant to an information barrier, with each remaining under its current brand and led by separate management and investment teams.

It is expected that Brookfield Accounts and their investments (including the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments) will engage in activities and have business relationships that give rise to conflicts (and potential conflicts) of interest between them, on the one hand, and Oaktree, Oaktree-managed funds and accounts (collectively, the "**Oaktree Accounts**") and their investments, on the other hand. For so long as Brookfield and Oaktree manage their investment operations independently of each other pursuant to an information barrier, Oaktree, Oaktree Accounts and their respective investments generally will not be treated as affiliates of Brookfield, the Sub-Fund or any Portfolio Investments for purposes of the Articles, the Prospectus or this Sub-Fund Supplement, and conflicts (and potential conflicts) considerations, including in connection with allocation of investment opportunities, investment and trading activities, and agreements, transactions and other arrangements entered into with Oaktree, Oaktree Accounts and their investments, generally will be managed in accordance with disclosures set out in the Articles and as further summarized herein.

There is (and in the future will continue to be) some degree of overlap in investment strategies and investments pursued by the Sub-Fund (directly and indirectly) and Oaktree Accounts. Nevertheless, Brookfield generally does not expect to coordinate or consult with Oaktree with respect to investment activities and/or decisions. This absence of coordination and consultation, and the information barrier described above, will in some respects mitigate conflicts of interests between the Sub-Fund and Oaktree Accounts; however, these same factors also will give rise to certain conflicts and risks in connection with Brookfield's and Oaktree's investment activities, and make it more difficult to mitigate, ameliorate or avoid such situations. For example, because Brookfield and Oaktree are not expected to coordinate or consult with each other about investment activities and/or decisions, and neither Brookfield nor Oaktree is expected to be subject to any internal approvals over its investment activities and decisions by any person who would have knowledge and/or decision-making control of the investment decisions of the other, Oaktree Accounts will be entitled to pursue investment opportunities that are suitable for the Sub-Fund, but which are not made available to the Sub-Fund. The Sub-Fund, on the one hand, and Oaktree Accounts, on the other hand, are also expected to compete, from time to time, for the same investment opportunities. Such competition could, under certain circumstances, adversely impact the purchase price of the Sub-Fund's (direct and/or indirect) investments. Oaktree will have no obligation to, and generally will not, share investment opportunities that may be suitable for the Sub-Fund with Brookfield, and Brookfield and the Sub-Fund will have no rights with respect to any such opportunities.

In addition, Oaktree will not be restricted from forming or establishing new Oaktree Accounts. Moreover, Brookfield expects to provide Oaktree, from time to time, with (a) access to marketing-related support, including, for example, strategy sessions, introductions to investor relationships and other marketing facilitation activities; and (b) strategic oversight and business development support, including general market expertise and introductions to market participants such as investments, their management teams and other relationships. Certain such Oaktree Accounts could compete with or otherwise conduct their affairs without regard as to whether or not they adversely impact the Sub-Fund.

In addition, Oaktree Accounts will be permitted to make investments of the type that are suitable for the Sub-Fund without the consent of the Sub-Fund or Brookfield. From time to time, the Sub-Fund, on the one hand, and Oaktree Accounts, on the other hand, are expected to purchase or sell an investment from each other, as well as jointly pursue one or more investments. In addition, from time to time, Oaktree Accounts are expected to hold an interest in an investment (or potential investment) held by the Sub-Fund, and/or subsequently purchase (or sell) an interest in an investment (or potential investment) held the Sub-Fund including in different parts of the capital structure. For example, the Sub-Fund may hold the equity of a portfolio entity of an Oaktree Account. In such situations, Oaktree Accounts could benefit from the Sub-Fund's (direct or indirect) activities. Conversely, the Sub-Fund could be adversely impacted by Oaktree's activities. In addition, as a result of different investment objectives, views and/or interests in investments, it is expected that Oaktree will manage certain Oaktree Accounts' interests in a way that is different from the Sub-Fund's interests (including, for example, by investing in different portions of an issuer's capital structure, short selling securities, voting securities or exercising rights it holds in a different manner, and/or selling its interests at different times than the Sub-Fund), which could adversely impact the Sub-Fund's (direct and/or indirect) interests. Oaktree and Oaktree Accounts are also expected to take positions, give advice and provide recommendations that are different, and potentially contrary to those which are taken by, or given or provided to, the Sub-Fund, and are expected to hold interests that potentially are adverse to those held by the Sub-Fund (directly or indirectly). The Sub-Fund, on the one hand, and Oaktree Accounts, on the other hand, will in certain cases have divergent interests, including the possibility that the Sub-Fund's interests are subordinated to Oaktree Accounts' interests or are otherwise adversely affected by Oaktree Accounts' involvement in and actions related to an investment. Oaktree will not have any obligation or other duty to make available for the benefit of the Sub-Fund any information regarding its activities, strategies and/or views.

Oaktree may provide similar information, support and/or knowledge to Brookfield, and the conflicts (and potential conflicts) of interest described above will apply equally in those circumstances.

The potential conflicts of interest described herein are expected to be magnified as a result of the lack of information sharing and coordination between Brookfield and Oaktree. The Sub-Fund's investment team is not expected to be aware of, and will not have the ability to manage, such conflicts. This will be the case even if they are aware of Oaktree's investment activities through public information.

Brookfield and Oaktree may decide, at any time and without notice to the Sub-Fund or the Shareholders, to remove or modify the information barrier between Brookfield and Oaktree. In the event that the information barrier is removed or modified, it would be expected that Brookfield and Oaktree will adopt certain protocols designed to address potential conflicts and other considerations relating to the management of their investment activities in a different or modified framework.

Breaches (including inadvertent breaches) of the information barrier and related internal controls by Brookfield and/or Oaktree could result in significant consequences to Brookfield (and Oaktree) as well as have a significant adverse impact on the Sub-Fund, including, among others things, potential regulatory investigations and claims for securities laws violations in connection with the

Sub-Fund's direct and/or indirect investment activities. These events could have adverse effects on Brookfield's reputation, result in the imposition of regulatory or financial sanctions, or negatively impact the Investment Manager's ability to provide investment management services to the Sub-Fund, all of which could result in negative financial impact to the Portfolio Investments.

To the extent that the information barrier is removed or otherwise ineffective and Brookfield has the ability to access analysis, models and/or information developed by Oaktree and its personnel, Brookfield will not be under any obligation or other duty to access such information or effect transactions on behalf of Brookfield Accounts (including the Sub-Fund) in accordance with such analysis and models, and in fact may be restricted by securities laws from doing so. The Sub-Fund may make investment decisions that differ from those it would have made if Brookfield had pursued such information, which may be disadvantageous to the Sub-Fund. See "*Data and Information Sharing*" above.

Portfolio Investments in which the Sub-Fund has invested may enter into lease agreements and other similar arrangements with Oaktree, Oaktree Accounts and/or their Portfolio Investments. Additionally, Brookfield may from time to time engage Oaktree, Oaktree Accounts and/or their Portfolio Investments to provide certain services to the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments, including non-investment management related services and other services that would otherwise be provided by third-party service providers or Brookfield, as the case may be. For example, the AIFM is owned by Brookfield and Oaktree and provides services such as risk management. The AIFM may provide such services at different rates than those charged to the Sub-Fund or its affiliates than it will charge to the Oaktree Accounts. While Brookfield will determine in good faith what rates and expenses it believes are acceptable for the services being provided to the Sub-Fund (including based on similar services provided, or previously provided, to other Brookfield Accounts and/or rates approved by other Brookfield Accounts), there can be no assurances that the rates and expenses charged to the Sub-Fund will not be greater than those that would be charged in alternative circumstances. Each such engagement will be in accordance with disclosures set out in the Articles, the Prospectus and this Sub-Fund Supplement. In addition, Brookfield may be retained by Oaktree or a portfolio entity thereof to perform services that it also provides to the Sub-Fund. The rates charged by Brookfield for such services to Oaktree are expected to be different than those charged to the Sub-Fund, and the rates charged to Oaktree may be less than the rates charged to the Sub-Fund.

This does not purport to be a complete list or explanation of all actual or potential conflicts that may arise as a result of the Oaktree relationship, and additional conflicts not yet known by Brookfield or Oaktree may arise in the future and that conflicts will not necessarily be resolved in favor of the Sub-Fund's interests. Because of the extensive scope of both Brookfield's and Oaktree's activities and the complexities involved in combining certain aspects of existing businesses, the policies and procedures to identify and resolve such conflicts of interest will continue to be developed over time.

Brookfield may from time to time engage Oaktree, Oaktree Accounts and/or their portfolio companies to provide certain services to the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments, including without limitation non-investment management related services and other services that would otherwise be provided by third-party service providers or Brookfield, as the case may be. While Brookfield will determine in good faith what rates and expenses it believes are acceptable for the services being provided to the Sub-Fund (including based on similar services provided, or previously provided, to other Brookfield Accounts and/or rates approved by other Brookfield Accounts), there can be no assurances that the rates and expenses charged to the Sub-Fund will not be greater than those that would be charged in alternative circumstances. Each such engagement will be in accordance with disclosures set out in the Articles, the Prospectus and this Sub-Fund Supplement. Companies in which the Sub-Fund has invested may enter into lease agreements and other similar arrangements with Oaktree, Oaktree Accounts and/or their portfolio companies.

Cross Trades and Principal Trades. When permitted by applicable law and subject to and in accordance with the terms of the Articles, the Sub-Fund may (but is under no obligation to) acquire or dispose of Portfolio Investments in cross trades between the Sub-Fund and other Brookfield Accounts or effect principal transactions that cause the Sub-Fund to purchase Portfolio Investments from or sell Portfolio Investments to Brookfield or certain Brookfield Accounts (including, but not limited to, the Seed Investments), *provided* that any such transaction be approved to the extent required by the Articles and applicable law. There may be potential conflicts of interest or regulatory issues relating to these transactions which could limit the Sub-Fund's decision to engage in these transactions. In connection with a cross trade or a principal transaction, the Board of Directors and its affiliates may have a potentially conflicting division of loyalties and responsibilities regarding the Sub-Fund and the other parties to trade and have developed policies and procedures in relation to such transactions and conflicts. However, there can be no assurance that such transactions will be effected, or that such transactions will be effected in the manner that is most favorable to the Sub-Fund as a party to any such transaction. By virtue of entering into the subscription agreement, a Shareholder consents to the Sub-Fund entering into cross trades and, subject to the terms of the Articles, principal transactions to the fullest extent permitted under applicable law (including, but not limited to, the Seed Investments). For the avoidance of doubt, acquisitions or dispositions among certain Portfolio Investments of the Sub-Fund and portfolio companies owned by other Brookfield Accounts, PSG, Oaktree or Non-Controlled Affiliates will not be treated as cross trades or principal transactions and will not require any consent. See "*Affiliated Services and Transactions*" below.

Management Fee and Variable Management Share. The Management Fee payable by the Master Fund and/or the Underlying Fund to the Master Fund Manager and/or Underlying Fund Manager (or an affiliate thereof) (which includes the Variable Management Share distributions that the Master Fund Manager and/or Underlying Fund Manager will be eligible to receive) will not be used solely to compensate Brookfield employees. For example, Management Fees (including any Variable Management Share distributions) are expected to be retained by Brookfield for the benefit of its public shareholders. Additionally, Brookfield may pledge, make a collateral assignment of, or otherwise use as credit support all or any portion of its right to receive Management Fees (including the Variable Management Share distributions), including the financing of any Brookfield capital contributions to the Master Fund and/or Underlying Fund. The payment of Management Fees (including the Variable Management Share distributions) to persons other than the team responsible for managing the Sub-Fund reduces the alignment of interest between the Master Fund Manager and Underlying Fund Manager, and the Master Fund and Underlying Fund.

Decisions made and actions taken that may raise Potential Conflicts of Interest

Reputational Considerations. Given the nature of its broader platform, Brookfield has an interest in preserving its reputation, including with respect to certain of its affiliates' statuses as publicly traded vehicles, and in certain circumstances, such reputational considerations may conflict with the interests of the Sub-Fund. The Board of Directors or the Investment Manager will likely make decisions on behalf of the Sub-Fund for reputational reasons that may not be directly aligned with the interests of Shareholders or consistent with the determination the Board of Directors otherwise would have made absent its interest in Brookfield's broader reputation. For example, the Investment Manager may limit transactions and activities on behalf of the Sub-Fund for reputational or other reasons, including where Brookfield is providing (or may provide) advice or services to an entity involved in such activity or transaction, where a Brookfield Account is or may be engaged in the same or a related activity or transaction to that being considered on behalf of the Sub-Fund, where a Brookfield Account has an interest in an entity involved in such activity or transaction, or where such activity or transaction on behalf of or in respect of the Sub-Fund could affect the Sub-Fund, the Investment Manager, Brookfield Accounts or their activities. Additionally, by way of example, the Investment Manager may take into account the potential environmental and/or social impact when making decisions regarding the selection, management and disposal of investments

and may take additional actions with respect to an investment motivated by environmental and social considerations beneficial to the reputation of Brookfield's broader platform. Such decisions and actions may result in the Sub-Fund achieving lower financial returns had the Investment Manager not engaged in such decisions and actions. Conversely, while ESG considerations are integrated into the Brookfield investment process (see also Section IV (*Environmental, Social And Governance (ESG) Management*)), the Investment Manager may determine in any particular situation to take actions to preserve the Sub-Fund's financial returns, notwithstanding any adverse ESG impact on the Portfolio Investments of the Sub-Fund.

Seed Investments and Warehoused Investments. Certain affiliates of the Sub-Fund and Brookfield have contributed or will in the future contribute assets to the Underlying Fund (such investments, the "**Seed Investments**" and, such parties, the "**Seed Investors**") and, as capital from other parties is contributed to the Underlying Fund, may be given the right to withdraw some or all of their interest in the Underlying Fund in exchange for the fair market value of their Underlying Fund Shares determined in accordance with the Underlying Fund Manager's valuation policy on dates when withdrawals are not permitted for other Underlying Fund Shareholders generally. Not all of the Seed Investors will be required to affect such withdrawals at the same time, on the same terms or in the same proportions. The withdrawal of such Seed Investors (like the withdrawal of any other investor) will have the effect of altering any remaining investors' indirect participation percentage in any of the Underlying Fund's underlying portfolio investments. The Seed Investments will be made based on valuations of the investments contributed to the Underlying Fund by third party valuation sources or other sources that the Underlying Fund Manager deems reliable. While Brookfield will take steps to minimize conflicts of interest in connection with the contribution of the Seed Investments to the Underlying Fund, there remains the possibility that a Seed Investor could be motivated to contribute Seed Investments to the Underlying Fund in a manner or based on reasons that are not in the best interest of the Underlying Fund, or for reasons that conflict with the Underlying Fund's rationale for accepting the contribution of the Seed Investments. Certain of the Seed Investments will have been purchased by Brookfield with a view towards contributing such investments to the Underlying Fund while others may have been previously "warehoused" by Brookfield or another Brookfield Account and subsequently deemed appropriate for contribution to the Underlying Fund.

Certain conflicts of interest are inherent in the foregoing transactions between the Underlying Fund and Brookfield, including in respect of the terms of the agreement between the Underlying Fund and Brookfield regarding the sale of the Seed Investments (including as to representations, warranties, indemnities and remedies therein). In addition, where Brookfield acquires a Seed Investment for the Underlying Fund, the Underlying Fund will generally be obligated to purchase such Seed Investment from Brookfield regardless of any subsequent events affecting the value of such asset or deficiencies in such Seed Investment discovered after its acquisition by Brookfield. Although the prices at which Seed Investments are expected to be acquired by the Underlying Fund will be determined based on the formula described above, (a) such prices may not be as favorable as those in a negotiated transaction with a third-party; and (b) under circumstances, such prices may be adjusted to reflect significant events relating to any Seed Investment. Moreover, the Underlying Fund will acquire the Seed Investments through privately negotiated transactions with Brookfield, in which prior due diligence may be limited and the persons controlling the Underlying Fund may be conflicted in such transactions. As a result, there is no guarantee that the terms of such transactions will be as favorable as those that could be obtained from a third-party or that the properties and interests that will comprise the Seed Investments will not carry with them undisclosed liabilities, which could have a material adverse effect on the value of the Underlying Fund.

In connection with the Seed Investments, the Underlying Fund will be indemnified by Brookfield for claims made with respect to breaches of certain representations, warranties or covenants. Such indemnification is limited, however, and the Underlying Fund is not entitled to any other

indemnification in connection with the Seed Investments. The Underlying Fund is subject to the risk that Brookfield may experience material financial distress and be unable to satisfy one or more of these obligations. In addition, the Underlying Fund is reliant on the Underlying Fund Manager, which are controlled by Brookfield, and therefore the Underlying Fund may choose to enforce less vigorously the Underlying Fund's rights under these arrangements, which could have a material adverse effect on the value of the Underlying Fund.

Brookfield Investment in the Sub-Fund. Investments by Brookfield in or alongside the Sub-Fund will be on terms more favorable than those of other Investors and may constitute a substantial percentage of the Sub-Fund. The Master Fund Manager and Underlying Fund Manager expect to waive (through offering a fee-free Unit Class or Interest Class (each as defined in the relevant offering documents) the Management Fee payable in respect of Brookfield affiliates, employees and other "friends and family" of Brookfield who invest in the Sub-Fund, which treatment will not be available to other Investors. In addition, in connection with one or more Portfolio Investments alongside the Sub-Fund, on a case-by-case basis, Brookfield may seek to fund all or a portion of its investment with respect to such Portfolio Investment using publicly traded securities of Brookfield and/or one of its affiliates, which could create conflicts of interest. In particular, the fact that the seller is receiving Brookfield stock as part of the consideration for a Portfolio Investment may influence the purchase price and/or other terms of the transaction. If the seller applies a discount to the net asset value or market price of the stock, the seller could seek additional cash compensation from the Sub-Fund as part of the transaction and/or Brookfield may be required to allocate more stock to the Portfolio Investment than expected. Alternatively, if Brookfield disagrees with the discount applied by the seller, it may have an adverse impact on the negotiations, and therefore may reduce the likelihood that the transaction is ultimately consummated. In addition, the expenses associated with negotiating cash and stock transactions are typically higher than in the case of a pure cash deal. To the extent that Brookfield funds a portion of its investment using publicly traded securities of Brookfield or one of its affiliates, such funding may be utilized in lieu of borrowings under any credit facility.

Further, the investment in the Sub-Fund by Brookfield may give rise to additional reporting and related requirements for certain Portfolio Investments, including due to (A) the fact that the Brookfield entities investing in the Sub-Fund may be publicly traded or may otherwise have third party investors or counterparties; (B) the consolidation of such Portfolio Investments' financial statements with those of a Brookfield Account for its own accounting purposes; and (C) ensuring a proper financial accounting control environment. The applicable Portfolio Investments will bear all costs incurred in connection with satisfying such reporting requirements. In addition, Brookfield reserves the right to have a portion of investment transferred to an investment vehicle managed or advised by PSG (which may or may not be an affiliate of Brookfield at such time).

Material, Non-Public Information; Trading Restrictions; Information Not Made Available. The ability of the Sub-Fund to buy or sell certain securities or take other actions is expected to be restricted in certain circumstances, including by applicable securities laws, regulatory requirements, contractual obligations and/or reputational risk considerations applicable to Brookfield (and/or its internal policies designed to comply with these and similar requirements). For example, Brookfield will possess material, non-public information about issuers that would limit the ability of the Sub-Fund to buy and sell securities related to those issuers.

Furthermore, Brookfield (including PSG, Oaktree and any other Brookfield businesses that are separated by information barriers), Brookfield Accounts and the Sub-Fund are deemed to be affiliates for purposes of certain laws and regulations (notwithstanding that PSG, Oaktree and other such Brookfield businesses will not be treated as affiliates under the Articles) and it is anticipated that, from time to time, the Sub-Fund, Brookfield and Brookfield Accounts will each have positions (which in some cases will be significant) in one or more of the same issuers. As such, Brookfield may need to aggregate certain investment holdings, including holdings of Brookfield, the Sub-Fund and

Brookfield Accounts for certain securities laws purposes (including trading restrictions under Rule 144 under the Securities Act, complying with reporting obligations under Section 13 of the Exchange Act and the reporting and short-swing profit disgorgement obligations under Section 16 of the Exchange Act) and other regulatory purposes (including: (a) public utility companies and public utility holding companies; (b) bank holding companies; (c) owners of broadcast licenses, airlines, railroads, water carriers and trucking concerns; (d) casinos and gaming businesses; and (e) public service companies (such as those providing gas, electric or telephone services)). Consequently, activities by Brookfield and Brookfield Accounts could result in earlier public disclosure of Portfolio Investments by the Sub-Fund and/or Brookfield Accounts that the Sub-Fund is invested in, restrictions on transactions by the Sub-Fund and/or Brookfield Accounts that the Sub-Fund is invested in (including the ability to make or dispose of certain Portfolio Investments at certain times), adverse effects on the prices of Portfolio Investments made by the Sub-Fund and/or Brookfield Accounts that the Sub-Fund is invested in, potential short-swing profit disgorgement, penalties and/or regulatory remedies, or otherwise create conflicts of interests for the Sub-Fund and/or Brookfield Accounts that the Sub-Fund is invested in.

As a result of the foregoing, the Investment Manager may restrict, limit or reduce the amount of the Sub-Fund's investment. In addition, certain of the Portfolio Investments may become subject to legal or other restrictions on transfer following their acquisition. When faced with the foregoing limitations, Brookfield will generally avoid exceeding the threshold because exceeding the threshold could have an adverse impact on the ability of the Sub-Fund, the Investment Manager or Brookfield to conduct its business activities. The Investment Manager may also reduce the Sub-Fund's interest in, or restrict the Sub-Fund from participating in, an investment opportunity that has limited availability or where Brookfield has determined to cap its aggregate investment in consideration of certain regulatory or other requirements so that other Brookfield Accounts that pursue similar investment strategies may be able to acquire an interest in the investment opportunity. The Investment Manager may determine not to engage in certain transactions or activities which may be beneficial to the Sub-Fund because engaging in such transactions or activities in compliance with applicable law would result in significant cost to, or administrative burden on, the Investment Manager or the Sub-Fund or create the potential risk of trade or other errors.

Brookfield (including PSG, Oaktree and any other Brookfield businesses that are separated by information barriers) may become subject to additional restrictions on its business activities that could have an impact on the Sub-Fund's activities. In addition, the Investment Manager may restrict its investment decisions and activities on behalf of the Sub-Fund while other Brookfield Accounts, including Brookfield Accounts sponsored, managed or advised by the Investment Manager, PSG or Oaktree are not similarly restricted.

Allocation of Costs and Expenses. Brookfield will be required to decide whether costs and expenses are to be borne by the Sub-Fund, on the one hand, or the Investment Manager, (or an affiliate thereof), on the other hand, and/or whether certain costs and expenses should be allocated between or among the Sub-Fund, on the one hand, and other Brookfield Accounts, on the other hand. Examples of costs and expenses allocated across multiple Brookfield Accounts (and expected to be allocated in part to the Sub-Fund) would be investor reporting systems and software, technology services and physical infrastructure related thereto, accounting, group insurance policies, portfolio and investment tracking and monitoring systems, trade order management system and legal, tax, compliance, support personnel, internal audit personnel and other similar costs and expenses that relate to multiple Brookfield Accounts. Costs and expenses are expected to be allocated by the Sub-Fund or the Investment Manager, as applicable, in its good faith judgment, which is inherently subjective, among those Brookfield Accounts that benefit from such costs and expense. Certain costs and expenses, such as costs and expenses relating to support services performed for the benefit of the Sub-Fund, may be aggregated together with similar costs and expenses applicable to other Brookfield Accounts and split among the Sub-Fund and such other Brookfield Accounts in a manner determined by the Board of Directors or the Investment Manager

(which may include, among other possible methodologies, allocating based on the size of each relevant Brookfield Account). In these cases, such aggregation will result in the Sub-Fund and/or its Portfolio Investments bearing a portion of costs and expenses that relate to services performed for the benefit of other Brookfield Accounts (while Brookfield or such other Brookfield Accounts will bear a portion of costs and expenses that relate to services performed for the Sub-Fund). Any such allocation could result in the Sub-Fund bearing a higher portion of such costs and expenses than it would under a different allocation methodology. See "*Support Services*" below.

Certain costs and expenses may be suitable for only the Sub-Fund or a particular other Brookfield Account and, in such case, may be borne only by such vehicle. In other situations, costs and expenses may be allocated to the Sub-Fund despite the fact that the incurrence of such expenses did not or will not directly relate solely to the Sub-Fund and may, in fact, also benefit other Brookfield Accounts or not ultimately benefit the Sub-Fund at all. For example, organizational expenses may be incurred by the Sub-Fund in respect of a specific legal, regulatory, tax, commercial or other issue, structure and/or negotiation that does not relate solely to the Sub-Fund, and the Board of Directors or the Investment Manager may allocate all or a significant portion of such organizational costs and expenses to the Sub-Fund based on factors the Investment Manager deems reasonable in its discretion, regardless of the amount of capital or number of investors (if any) who ultimately invest in the Sub-Fund in connection with such issue, structure or negotiation and regardless of the extent to which other Brookfield Accounts ultimately benefit from such issue, structure or negotiation. Organizational costs and expenses incurred in connection with an issue, structure or negotiation unrelated to the Sub-Fund may therefore be allocated to the Sub-Fund even if such organizational costs and expenses were incurred prior to the existence of the Sub-Fund. Similarly, costs and expenses that are expected to be borne by a particular Shareholder or a third party may be allocated to the Sub-Fund to the extent such costs and expenses are not ultimately charged to or paid by such Shareholder or third party, including, for example, costs and expenses related to a transfer of an Interest in the Sub-Fund or bespoke reporting or other similar arrangements.

In addition, where a potential investment is pursued on behalf of one or more Brookfield Accounts, including the Sub-Fund, the Brookfield Account(s) that ultimately make(s) the investment (or, in the case of a potential investment that is not consummated, the Brookfield Account(s) that Brookfield determines, in its discretion, ultimately would have made the investment) will generally bear the costs and expenses related to such investment (including broken deal costs, in the case of an investment that is not consummated), which may include reimbursing the other Brookfield Accounts for such costs and expenses. Examples of broken deal expenses include (a) research costs; (b) fees and expenses of legal, financial, accounting, consulting or other advisers (including the Investment Manager or its affiliates) in connection with conducting due diligence or otherwise pursuing a particular non-consummated transaction; (c) fees and expenses in connection with arranging financing for a particular non-consummated transaction; (d) travel costs; (e) deposits or down payments that are forfeited in connection with, or amounts paid as a penalty for, a particular non-consummated transaction; and (f) other expenses incurred in connection with activities related to a particular non-consummated transaction. The Sub-Fund or the Investment Manager, as applicable, intends to make such judgments in its discretion, and it may modify or change its allocation methodologies from time to time to the extent it determines such modifications or changes are necessary or advisable, which modifications or changes could result in the Sub-Fund and/or other Brookfield Accounts bearing less (or more) costs and expenses than it otherwise would have borne without such modifications.

The list of Operating Expenses included in the Articles and this Sub-Fund Supplement is based on Brookfield's past experiences and current expectations of the types of costs and expenses to be incurred by the Sub-Fund. Additional or new costs and expenses may arise and the Board of Directors or its delegate may allocate such expenses to the Sub-Fund where appropriate. Certain costs and expenses that are to be borne as Operating Expenses, which are not subject to a cap, include costs and expenses related to organizational matters, such as fees, costs and expenses of

anti-bribery and corruption, anti-money laundering or "know your customer" compliance, tax diligence expenses and costs and expenses of ongoing related procedures. Brookfield has engaged a compliance consulting firm and may engage similar firms to provide services in connection with its investor relations operations, including the review of diligence and marketing materials; such costs and expenses incurred in relation to the formation and organization of the Sub-Fund will be treated as an Organizational Expense and thereafter in respect of the ongoing operation or administration of the Sub-Fund will be treated as Operating Expenses.

Affiliated Services and Transactions. Where it deems appropriate and relevant, Brookfield intends to provide a variety of different services and products in connection with or to the Sub-Fund, the Investment Manager, the AIFM, the Master Fund, the Underlying Fund, Feeder Funds, the Sub-Fund's subsidiaries or their respective affiliates or to Investments and/or the investment entities of the Sub-Fund that would otherwise be provided by independent third parties, including: lending and loan special servicing; development oversight; development management; investment banking (including participation by Brookfield-affiliated broker dealers in the underwriting syndicates for securities issuances by the Sub-Fund or the Portfolio Investments); advisory; consulting; acting as alternative investment fund manager or other similar type of manager in jurisdictions where such services are beneficial; the placement and provision of various insurance policies and coverage, including risk retention and/or insurance captives; entitlement, development (including oversight thereof) and development management (including identification and assessment of development opportunities, project planning, engineering analysis, preparing and managing interconnection approvals and permitting, and managing related stakeholder matters), design and construction (including oversight thereof); portfolio entity and property management (and oversight thereof) and leasing or facility management; power marketing; system controls; operational, legal, financial, compliance, regulatory, tax, back office, environmental, social and governance related services, health, safety and security services, operations and maintenance services; brokerage, corporate secretarial, human resources, bank account and cash management; financial planning and related controls, books and records, payroll, supply or procurement of power and energy; transaction support; accounting and reporting; fund administration; accounting and reporting (including coordinating onboarding, due diligence, reporting and other administrative services with the Sub-Fund's third-party fund administrator and placement agents); other financial operations services, hedging, derivatives, financing and other treasury and capital markets services; services relating to the use of entities that maintain a permanent residence in certain jurisdictions; data generation, analysis, collection and management services; physical and digital security, life and physical safety, and other technical specialties; information technology services and innovation; appraisal and valuation services; market research; cash flow modeling and forecasting; assisting with review, underwriting, analytics, and pursuit of Portfolio Investments and potential Portfolio Investments; client onboarding; services that would be considered Organizational Expenses if performed by a third party; and other services in connection with or to Portfolio Investments or the Sub-Fund, the Investment Manager, the Sub-Fund's subsidiaries or their respective affiliates (such services, collectively, "**Affiliated Services**"). To the extent Brookfield (including any of its affiliates or personnel, other than Portfolio Investments of other Brookfield Accounts) provides Affiliated Services, it will be compensated for performing such services (which may include incentive compensation or a similar type of incentive fee): (a) at rates equal to or less than those set forth in the Sub-Fund's Rates for Affiliated Services schedule, the current version of which is attached as Appendix 2 (*Rates for Affiliates Services*) (the "**Rate Schedule**"); (b) at an arm's length rate (the "**Affiliate Service Rate**"); (c) at cost (including an allocable share of internal costs), plus an administrative fee of 5%; or (d) at any other rates with consent from the Sub-Fund. See also "*Support Services*" below.

In furtherance of the foregoing, Brookfield intends to have strategic or operations professionals with established industry expertise advise on a range of activities related to renewable investments and assets, including participating in the origination, identification, assessment, pursuit, coordination, execution and consummation of renewable opportunities, including project planning, engineering

analysis, securing site control, preparing and managing interconnection approvals and permits, financial analysis and managing-related stakeholder matters. Such activities give rise to certain conflicts of interests and while such activities are similar to those services provided by the Investment Manager to the Sub-Fund, they otherwise would have been provided by third parties in this context and as a result, the compensation payable by the Sub-Fund or applicable investment or asset in respect thereof will be determined in accordance with the paragraph above and will not be shared with the Sub-Fund or the Shareholders (or offset against the Management Fee) and is expected to be substantial. Such compensation will increase the overall costs and expenses borne indirectly by investors in the Sub-Fund.

For the avoidance of doubt, where a Brookfield affiliate is engaged to provide Affiliated Services in connection with a Portfolio Investment, the amount charged or allocated (whether such Affiliated Services are provided in accordance with the Rate Schedule, at the Affiliate Service Rate, cost plus an administrative fee, or otherwise) may include (i) a management promote, incentive fee and/or other performance-based compensation for certain employees and the cost of such performance compensation will be paid by the applicable Portfolio Investment; and (ii) a pass-through of costs, including (A) compensation for personnel (including salary and incentive compensation), expenses (including human resources, rent and office services, talent acquisition, professional development, travel, professional fees), and other benefits, as reasonably allocated; and (B) information technology hardware, computing power or storage, software licenses and related ancillary and information technology personnel costs incurred in providing the service; in each case, the passed-through costs may be substantial relative to the fees charged for the service and will, in certain cases, be based on estimates made by the Investment Manager in its sole discretion in good faith. In certain situations, personnel may provide an Affiliated Service to multiple assets (including assets not owned by the Sub-Fund) or multiple Brookfield Accounts, in which case only a portion of the applicable costs would be passed through to the Sub-Fund.

Brookfield expects (but will not be obligated) to utilize a number of different methodologies (that it determines, in its sole discretion, to be fair and reasonable) to determine the portion of pass-through and other costs to be allocated to the Sub-Fund and/or one or more other Brookfield Accounts in respect of Affiliated Services. The methodologies utilized for allocating costs will include one or more of the following methodologies as well as other methodologies deemed fair and reasonable by Brookfield over time: (i) the amount of time spent by employees providing such services (including on the basis of estimates and at a blended rate); (ii) the relative size or generation (for example, MW hours) of the Portfolio Investments and/or potential Portfolio Investments receiving such service; and (iii) the estimated level of effort required to provide a service relative to other services provided by the same employees (for instance, the allocation of costs for employees providing financial reporting services could be allocated based on the estimated level of effort required for audited financial statements versus unaudited financials).

At all times, Brookfield will endeavor to make these determinations fairly, reasonably and in an impartial manner. However, there can be no assurance that any determination will accurately reflect the actual value of Affiliated Services received in any particular situation, or that its own interests won't influence its determinations, or that a different methodology would not have also been fair and reasonable and that such other methodology would not yield a different result. Moreover, it is possible that the Sub-Fund or a particular Portfolio Investment will bear a larger portion of costs than it otherwise would have if Brookfield did not face the conflicts of interest discussed herein. In addition, the methodologies that Brookfield utilizes are expected to vary based on the particular facts and circumstances of each situation and, as such, there will be some degree of variation in the manner in which situations are addressed.

Where Affiliated Services are in place prior to the Sub-Fund's ownership of a Portfolio Investment and cannot be amended without the consent of an unaffiliated third party, the Sub-Fund will inherit the pre-existing fee rates for such Affiliated Services until (X) such time at which third-party consent

is no longer required; or (Y) the Sub-Fund seeks consent from the unaffiliated third party to amend such rates. Accordingly, while the Sub-Fund may seek consent of the unaffiliated third party to amend any pre-existing fee rates, Brookfield will be incentivized to seek to amend the pre-existing fee arrangement in certain circumstances and dis-incentivized to do so in others. For example, Brookfield will be incentivized to seek consent to amend the rate in circumstances where the amended fee would be higher than the pre-existing rate, and conversely may choose not to (and will not be required to) seek consent to amend any pre-existing fee rates if the amended rate would be lower than the pre-existing rate.

The Sub-Fund may amend the Rate Schedule from time to time. Compensation for Affiliated Services will not be shared with the Sub-Fund or the Shareholders (or offset against the Management Fee) and may be substantial. The fee potential, both current and future, inherent in a particular transaction could be an incentive for the Investment Manager to seek to refer or recommend a transaction to the Sub-Fund. Furthermore, providing services or products to the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments may enhance Brookfield's relationships with various parties, facilitate additional business development and enable Brookfield to obtain additional business and generate additional revenue.

For the avoidance of doubt, the foregoing procedures and limitations will not apply to transactions for services or products between Portfolio Investments and investments of another Brookfield Account, PSG, Oaktree, Oaktree Account or a Non-Controlled Affiliate, which are described in further detail below (though Brookfield could nonetheless determine, in its sole discretion, to use the Rate Schedule, Affiliate Service Rates, at a cost plus an administrative fee or otherwise in these situations).

If an Affiliated Service is charged at the Affiliate Service Rate, Brookfield will determine the Affiliate Service Rate for each Affiliated Service in good faith at the time that it is engaged to provide the service. The determination of the Affiliate Service Rate will be based on one or more factors, including, among other things: (I) the rate that one or more comparable service providers (which may or may not be a competitor of Brookfield) charge third parties for the similar services (at the time of determination); (II) market knowledge (which may be based on inquiries with one or more market participants); (III) the rate charged by Brookfield to a third-party for similar services (or the methodology used to set such rates); (IV) advice of one or more third-party agents or consultants; (V) commodity or other rate forecasting; (VI) the rate charged by professional services firms for the similar services (at the time of determination); (VII) rates required to meet certain regulatory requirements or qualify for particular governmental programs; or (VIII) in the case of services which Brookfield provides as part of a syndicate, such as investment banking or brokerage services, the rate that is determined by a third-party member of the syndicate; or (IX) other subjective and/or objective metrics deemed relevant by Brookfield in its sole discretion. To the extent Brookfield retains the services of a third-party consultant or agent to assist in determining an Affiliate Service Rate, the fees and cost of such third-party consultant/agent will be a Sub-Fund Expense. For the avoidance of doubt, if Brookfield is not able to reasonably determine the Affiliate Service Rate because for example, it does not have sufficient information regarding the fees and costs of comparable services or market knowledge in certain jurisdictions, or third-party consultants or agents acknowledge that such Affiliate Service Rates are not reasonably determinable, then such Affiliated Services will be provided at cost (including an allocable share of internal costs), plus an administrative fee of 5%, determined as set out in more detail herein.

While Brookfield will determine in good faith each Affiliate Service Rate at the time of the relevant engagement as set out above, there will likely be variances in the marketplace for similar services based on an array of factors that affect providers and rates for services, including, but not limited to, loss leader pricing strategies or other marketing and competitive practices, integration efficiencies, geographic market differences, and the quality of the services provided. There can be no assurances that the Affiliate Service Rate charged by Brookfield for any Affiliated Service will not

be greater (or lower) than the rate charged by certain similarly-situated service providers for similar services in any given circumstance. In addition, the Affiliate Service Rate charged for any Affiliated Service at any given time following the relevant engagement may not match a then-current market rate because the market rate for the service may have increased or decreased over time. For the avoidance of doubt, fees and allocable share of costs may be charged for Affiliated Services (whether in accordance with the Rate Schedule, Affiliate Service Rates, costs plus an administrative fee, or otherwise) in advance based on estimated budgets (including estimates regarding costs), expected services, estimated relative sizes of the assets and/or businesses, and/or estimated time periods, and to the extent determined by Brookfield to be required or warranted will be subject to true-up once the relevant Affiliated Services are complete or periodically throughout the services period for any material adjustments.

Brookfield may take its own interests into account in considering and making determinations regarding the matters outlined above.

From time to time, Brookfield may terminate any Affiliated Services arrangements or contracts related thereto, and/or Portfolio Investments of other Brookfield Accounts may terminate arrangements with the Sub-Fund or its Portfolio Investments (either because the Sub-Fund or its portfolio entity wish to terminate the arrangement, or because such Brookfield Account or Portfolio Entity thereof wishes to do so), which may include early terminations prior to the expiration of any such arrangement or contract. In such instances, Brookfield will seek to act in the best interests of the Sub-Fund and such other Brookfield Accounts, taking into account the applicable facts and circumstances at such time, including the approach Brookfield would expect to take in similar circumstances with a third party.]

Support Services. In addition to the responsibilities enumerated in the Articles and Portfolio Management Agreement, Brookfield expects to perform certain support services that were or could have previously been undertaken by a Portfolio Entity's management team, including: accounting; reporting and analytics; administrative services; physical and digital security, life and physical safety, and other technical specialties; information technology services and innovation; cash flow modeling and forecasting; arranging, negotiating and managing financing and derivative arrangements; accounting, legal, compliance and tax services relating to investment holding structures below the Sub-Fund and the Portfolio Investments and other services. The costs and expenses for these services are Affiliated Services and will be in addition to the services outlined on the Rate Schedule.

In addition, Brookfield expects to perform certain support services to the Sub-Fund and other Brookfield Accounts that could otherwise be outsourced to third parties, including transaction support; client onboarding (including review of subscription materials and coordination of anti-bribery and corruption, anti-money laundering or "know your customer" compliance measures) and services that would be considered "Organizational Expenses" or "Operating Expenses" if performed by a third party; client reporting; portfolio-level cash flow modeling and forecasting; assisting with underwriting and due diligence analytics; managing workouts and foreclosures; arranging, negotiating and managing Fund-level financing and derivative arrangements; data generation, analysis, collection and management; accounting, administrative services, reporting, legal, compliance and tax services relating to the Sub-Fund and/or its Shareholders and the Portfolio Investments; market research and appraisal; audit services and valuation services. These services are Affiliated Services and will be in addition to the services outlined in the Articles and the Portfolio Management Agreement.

Historically, certain of these support services may have been performed by Brookfield (without being charged to the Sub-Fund or its Portfolio Investments) or its Operating Partners, servicers, brokers or other third-party vendors. Brookfield believes that providing these support services internally results in increased focus and attention that may not be available from a third party and helps to align interests and offer customized services to a degree that may not be possible with a third-party provider. Additionally, internal support services personnel allow Brookfield investment

professionals to improve their efficiency and to focus their efforts on tasks that have a greater impact on creating value within the Sub-Fund's portfolio.

When these support services described above are provided, Brookfield expects the Sub-Fund (and other Brookfield Accounts, where applicable) to reimburse Brookfield for its costs and expenses incurred in providing these support services (including an allocable share of internal costs) plus an administrative fee of 5%, in accordance with clause (c) under "*Affiliated Services and Transactions*" above. As described above, such internal costs will include an allocable portion of the compensation (including incentive compensation), expenses (including IT costs, human resources support, rent and office services, talent acquisition, professional development, travel, and professional fees) and other benefits associated with the Brookfield employees providing these services, in accordance with Brookfield's internal allocation practices. Additionally, Brookfield expects that certain employees will be eligible to earn commissions, incentive fees or other similar fees in connection with their work on certain Portfolio Investments and that these payments will be borne, directly or indirectly, by the Sub-Fund. None of these reimbursements and fees will reduce the Management Fee paid by the Sub-Fund.

While Brookfield believes that the cost of the expense reimbursements associated with these support services is reasonable, the extensive and specialized nature of the services may result in such costs not being comparable to those charged for similar services (to the extent available) by other third parties. Brookfield will be under no obligation to evaluate alternative providers or to compare pricing for these support services. While Brookfield believes that this enhances the services Brookfield can offer to the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments in a cost-efficient manner, the relationship presents conflicts of interest. Brookfield will set the compensation for the employees who provide these support services and will determine other significant expenditures that will affect the expense reimbursement provided by the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments.

The types of support services that Brookfield provides to certain Portfolio Investments and to the Sub-Fund will not remain fixed and should be expected to change over time as determined by Brookfield in its sole discretion, and Brookfield expects that the Sub-Fund's overall share of expense reimbursements for support services will vary over time based on the particular scope of services provided to the Sub-Fund and other Brookfield Accounts. However, in no case will Brookfield senior investment professionals or Brookfield employees who engage in a senior management or senior supervisory role with respect to these support services be subject to expense reimbursement by the Sub-Fund or its Portfolio Investments in accordance with these provisions.

Transactions with Portfolio Investments. In addition to any Affiliated Services provided by Brookfield (as described above), certain Portfolio Investments will in the ordinary course of business provide services or goods to, receive services or goods from, or participate in agreements, transactions or other arrangements with (including the purchase and sale of assets and other matters that would otherwise be transacted with independent third parties) other Portfolio Investments and investments owned by other Brookfield Accounts, PSG, Oaktree, Oaktree Accounts and Non-Controlled Affiliates. Some of these agreements, transactions and other arrangements would not have been entered into but for the affiliation or relationship with Brookfield and, in certain cases, are expected to replace agreements, transactions and/or arrangements with third parties. These agreements, transactions and other arrangements will involve payment and/or receipt of fees, expenses and other amounts and/or other benefits to or from such other Portfolio Investments or the investments of such other Brookfield Accounts, PSG, Oaktree, Oaktree Accounts and Non-Controlled Affiliates (including, in certain cases, performance-based compensation). In certain cases, Brookfield's investment thesis with respect to a Portfolio Investment will include attempting to create value by actively facilitating relationships between the Portfolio Entity of the Sub-Fund, on the one hand, and another Portfolio Entity or investments or assets owned by other Brookfield Accounts, PSG, Oaktree, Oaktree Accounts or Non-Controlled Affiliates, on the other hand. In these and other cases, these agreements, transactions and other arrangements will be

entered into either with active participation by Brookfield or by the applicable Portfolio Investments or the Portfolio Investments' management teams independent of Brookfield. While such arrangements and/or transactions and the fees or compensation involved have the potential for inherent conflicts of interest, Brookfield believes that the access to Brookfield (including investments of other Brookfield Accounts) enhances the Sub-Fund's capabilities and is an integral part of the Sub-Fund's operations and will provide benefits to the Sub-Fund that would not exist but for its affiliation with Brookfield. Each transaction will be entered into to satisfy a legitimate business need.

In all cases in which Brookfield actively participates in such agreements, transactions or other arrangements, Brookfield will seek to ensure that the agreements, transactions or other arrangements are in the Portfolio Investments' best interests, with terms to be determined in good faith as fair, reasonable and equitable under the circumstances. However, there can be no assurance that the terms of any such agreement, transaction or other arrangement will be executed on an arm's length basis, be as favorable to the applicable Portfolio Entity as otherwise would be the case if the counterparty were not related to Brookfield, be the same as those that other Brookfield Accounts' investments receive from the applicable counterparty or be benchmarked in any manner. In some circumstances, the Sub-Fund and the Portfolio Investments may receive better terms (including economic terms) from a Brookfield Account portfolio entity than from an independent counterparty. In other cases, these terms may be worse.

All such agreements, transactions or other arrangements described in this section will not impact the Management Fee payable to the Investment Manager (or otherwise be shared with the Sub-Fund) or any fee for Affiliated Services payable to Brookfield (i.e., such Portfolio Investments and Non-Controlled Affiliates will be free to transact in the ordinary course of their businesses without limitations, including by charging their ordinary rates for such services or, in Brookfield's discretion, by charging rates consistent with the Rate Schedule).

Furthermore, Brookfield (or other Brookfield Accounts, Oaktree Accounts or their businesses) will from time to time make equity or other investments in companies or businesses that provide services to or otherwise contract with the Sub-Fund and/or the Portfolio Investments. In particular, Brookfield has in the past entered into, and expects to continue to enter into, relationships with companies in the technology, real assets services and other various sectors (and underlying industries) in which Brookfield has broad expertise and knowledge, whereby Brookfield acquires an equity or other interest in such companies that may, in turn, transact with the Sub-Fund or Portfolio Investments. For example, Brookfield (through an investment program referred to as Brookfield Technology Partners) invests in emerging technology companies that develop and offer technology products that are expected to be of relevance to the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments (as well as third-party companies operating in similar sectors and industries). In connection with such relationships, Brookfield refers, introduces or otherwise facilitates transactions between such companies and the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments, which result in benefits to Brookfield (or other Brookfield Accounts, Oaktree Accounts or their businesses), including via increased profitability of the relevant company, as well as financial incentives and/or milestones which benefit Brookfield or other Brookfield Accounts or businesses (including through increased equity allotments), which are likely in some cases to be significant. Such financial incentives that inure to or benefit Brookfield (or other Brookfield Accounts or businesses) pose an incentive for the Board of Directors or the Investment Manager (as applicable) to cause the Sub-Fund and/or its Portfolio Investments to enter into such transactions that may or may not have otherwise been entered into. Financial incentives derived from such transactions will generally not be shared with the Sub-Fund or the Shareholders. Furthermore, such transactions are likely to contribute to the development of expertise, reputational benefits and/or the development of new products or services by Brookfield (or other Brookfield Accounts, Oaktree Accounts or their businesses), which Brookfield will seek to capitalize on to generate additional benefits that are likely to inure solely to Brookfield (or other

Brookfield Accounts, Oaktree Accounts or their businesses) and not to the Sub-Fund or the Shareholders.

Brookfield (or the Portfolio Investments' management teams, as applicable) will seek to ensure that each transaction or other arrangement that the Sub-Fund and/or its Portfolio Investments enter into satisfies a legitimate business need of the Sub-Fund and/or the applicable Portfolio Entity, with terms to be determined in good faith as fair, reasonable and equitable under the circumstances based on the Sub-Fund's and/or its Portfolio Investments' normal course process for evaluating potential business transactions and counterparties. In making these determinations, Brookfield or the management teams of the Portfolio Investments will take into account such factors that they deem relevant, which will include the potential benefits and synergies of transacting with a Brookfield related party. Brookfield may take its own interests (or the interests of other Brookfield Accounts or businesses) into account in considering and making determinations regarding these matters. For the avoidance of doubt, any of the arrangements and/or benefits described in this paragraph may be entered into in the ordinary course without notice to, or the consent of, Shareholders. In certain cases, these transactions will be entered into with active participation by Brookfield and in other cases by the Portfolio Investments' management teams independently of Brookfield. Moreover, any fees or other financial incentives paid to the relevant company will not offset or otherwise reduce the Management Fee or other compensation paid to Brookfield, will not otherwise be shared with the Sub-Fund or the Shareholders and will not be subject to the Affiliate Service Rates.

However, there can be no assurance that the terms of any such transaction or other arrangement will be executed on an arm's length basis, be as favorable to the Sub-Fund or applicable portfolio entity as otherwise would be the case if the counterparty were not related to Brookfield, be benchmarked in any particular manner, or be the same as those that other Brookfield Accounts' or Portfolio Investments receive from the applicable counterparty. In some circumstances, the Sub-Fund and the Portfolio Investments may receive better terms (including economic terms) than they would from an independent counterparty. In other cases, these terms may be worse.

While these agreements, transactions and/or arrangements raise potential conflicts of interest, Brookfield believes that the Sub-Fund's access to Brookfield Accounts and their investments enhances the Sub-Fund's (and its Portfolio Investments') capabilities, is an integral part of the Sub-Fund's operations and will provide benefits to the Sub-Fund that would not exist but for its affiliation with Brookfield.

Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, where Brookfield employees are hired or retained by, or seconded to, one or more Portfolio Investments or a Brookfield affiliate on behalf of a Portfolio Entity as described in this Section XIX (*Conflicts of Interest*), all or a portion of the compensation and overhead expenses relating to such employees (including salaries, benefits, and incentive compensation, among other things) will directly or indirectly be borne by the applicable Portfolio Investment, and in turn, may be directly or indirectly borne by the Sub-Fund via its ownership interest in such Portfolio Investment. Any such arrangement may be on a permanent or temporary basis, or on a full-time or part-time basis, in order to fill positions or provide services that may otherwise be filled or provided by third parties hired or retained by such Portfolio Investment. To the extent any Brookfield employees are hired or retained by, or seconded to, a Portfolio Investment, the Portfolio Investment may pay such persons directors' fees, salaries, consultant fees, other cash compensation, stock options or other compensation and incentives and may reimburse such persons for any travel costs or other out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with the provision of their services. Brookfield may also advance compensation to seconded Brookfield employees and be subsequently reimbursed by the applicable Portfolio Investments. Any compensation customarily paid directly by Brookfield to such persons will typically be reduced to reflect amounts paid directly or indirectly by the Portfolio Investment even though the Management Fee (including Variable Management Share distributions) borne by the Master Fund and/or

Underlying Fund will not be reduced, and amounts paid to such persons by a Portfolio Investment will not be offset against (x) the Management Fees otherwise payable to Brookfield; including (y) any Variable Management Share distributions otherwise payable to the Master Fund Manager and/or Underlying Fund Manager. Additionally, the method for determining how (i) certain compensation arrangements are structured and valued (particularly with respect to the structure of various forms of incentive compensation that vest over time and whose value upon payment is based on estimates); and (ii) overhead expenses are allocated, in each case require certain judgments and assumptions, and as a result Portfolio Investments (and indirectly the Sub-Fund) may bear higher costs than they would have had such expenses been valued, allocated or charged differently.

Brookfield could benefit from arrangements where Brookfield employees are hired or retained by, or seconded to, one or more Portfolio Investments or a Brookfield affiliate on behalf of a Portfolio Investment (for example, in the case where a Portfolio Investment makes a fixed payment to Brookfield to compensate Brookfield for a portion of an employee's incentive compensation, but such employee does not ultimately collect such incentive compensation). Additionally, there could be a circumstance where an employee of Brookfield or a portfolio entity of a Brookfield, a Brookfield Account, PSG, Oaktree or an Oaktree Account may become an employee of a portfolio entity of the Sub-Fund or secondee of one or more of the Portfolio Investments (or vice versa) and, in connection therewith, be entitled to retain unvested incentive compensation received from the company it is transferring or being seconded from. While such incentive compensation would be subject to forfeiture under other circumstances, given the prior employment by a Brookfield related company, such incentive compensation may continue to vest as if such employee continued to be an employee of the company from which it is transferring. The arrangements described herein will not require the consent of Shareholders, and such amounts will not be considered fees received by the Investment Manager or its affiliates that offset or otherwise reduce the Management Fee.

Brookfield may take its own interests into account in considering and making determinations regarding the matters outlined in this section and in "*Resolution of Conflicts*" below and "*Affiliated Services and Transactions*" above. Additionally, the aggregate economic benefit to Brookfield or its affiliates as a result of the transactions outlined herein and therein could influence investment allocation decisions made by Brookfield in certain circumstances (i.e., if the financial incentives as a result of such transactions are greater if the investment opportunity is allocated to the Sub-Fund rather than another Brookfield Account or co-investment vehicle (or vice versa)). For a broader discussion regarding the allocation of investment opportunities, see "*Allocation of Investment Opportunities*" and "*Incentive to Allocate Investment Opportunities to Co-Investment Vehicles and Other Brookfield Accounts*" above.

Intangible Benefits and Discounts. Brookfield, the Board of Directors, the Investment Manager and their personnel can be expected to receive certain intangible and/or other benefits and/or perquisites arising or resulting from their activities on behalf of the Sub-Fund which will not reduce Management Fees or otherwise be shared with the Sub-Fund, its Shareholders and/or the Portfolio Investments. Such benefits will inure exclusively to Brookfield and/or its personnel receiving them if they are significant or difficult to value and even though the cost of the underlying service is borne by the Sub-Fund (as a Sub-Fund Expense) and/or its Portfolio Investments. For example, airline travel or hotel stays incurred as Sub-Fund Expenses typically result in "miles" or "points" or credit in loyalty/status programs and such benefits and/or amounts will, whether or not de minimis or difficult to value, inure exclusively to Brookfield, the Board of Directors, the Investment Manager and/or such personnel (and not the Sub-Fund, its Shareholders and/or the Portfolio Investments) even though the cost of the underlying service is borne by the Sub-Fund and/or the Portfolio Investments. Similarly, the volume of work that service providers receive from Brookfield, which include those from the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments, results in discounts for such services that Brookfield will benefit from, while the Sub-Fund and/or the Portfolio Investments will not be able to benefit from certain discounts that apply to Brookfield. In addition, Brookfield has in the past

and expects to continue to make available certain discount programs to its employees as a result of Brookfield's relationship with a Portfolio Investment (for example, "friends and family" discounts), and which discounts are not available to the Shareholders. The size of these discounts on products and services provided by Portfolio Investments (and, potentially, customers or suppliers of such Portfolio Investments) could be significant. The potential to receive such discounts could provide an incentive for Brookfield to cause the Sub-Fund and/or a Portfolio Entity to enter into transactions that may or may not have otherwise been entered into in the absence of these arrangements and benefits. Financial benefits that Brookfield and its personnel derive from such transactions will generally not be shared with the Sub-Fund, its Shareholders and/or the Portfolio Investments. In certain cases, Brookfield may be engaged by purchasers of investments to provide various services with respect to investments for interim periods after the Sub-Fund's disposition of such investments until such functions are fully transitioned to the purchaser's service providers. Any such services will be provided on rates agreed with the purchasers (which may be different from the rates charged for Affiliated Services) and will not be shared with the Sub-Fund or reduce Management Fees. For a discussion regarding the resolution of the conflicts of interest noted above (and throughout this Sub-Fund Supplement), see "*Resolution of Conflicts*" below.

Linked Transactions/Arrangements. Brookfield intends from time to time to contract with third parties for various linked business transactions and/or arrangements (for example, agreements to supply power to a third party while at the same time agreeing to procure technology services from such third party) as a part of broader business or other similar relationships with such third parties. Such transactions and/or arrangements (and related benefits) generally will be for the benefit of Brookfield's broader business platform and will be allocated in accordance with Brookfield's allocation policies and procedures in a fair and reasonable manner.

In connection with these transactions and/or arrangements, Brookfield will allocate certain transactions (for example, power supply agreements) among various Brookfield Accounts, including the Sub-Fund, and may in connection therewith commit such Brookfield Accounts to purchase and/or backstop certain services or products provided by such third parties. In addition, Brookfield expects to receive discounts and other special economic benefits in respect of the services and/or products provided by the third parties, which will be allocated among Brookfield and various Brookfield Accounts in a fair and reasonable manner, including Brookfield Accounts that do not participate in providing goods and/or services to the third parties.

Possible Future Activities. Brookfield expects to expand the range of services that it provides over time. Except as provided herein, Brookfield will not be restricted in the scope of its business or in the performance of any such services (whether now offered or undertaken in the future) even if such activities could give rise to conflicts of interest, and whether or not such conflicts are described herein. Brookfield has, and will continue to develop, relationships with a significant number of companies, financial sponsors and their senior managers, including relationships with companies that hold or may have held investments similar to those intended to be made by the Sub-Fund as well as companies that compete with Portfolio Investments of the Sub-Fund. These companies may themselves represent appropriate investment opportunities for the Sub-Fund or may compete with the Sub-Fund for investment opportunities and other business activities.

Advisors. Brookfield from time to time engages or retains strategic advisors, senior advisors, Operating Partners, executive advisors, consultants and/or other professionals who are not employees or affiliates of Brookfield, but which include former Brookfield employees as well as current and former officers of Brookfield investments (collectively, "**Consultants**"). Consultants generally have established industry expertise and are expected to advise on a range of investment-related activities, including by providing services that may be similar in nature to those provided by the investment team of the Sub-Fund such as sourcing, consideration and pursuit of investment opportunities, strategies to achieve investment objectives, development and implementation of business plans, and recruiting for Portfolio Investments, and to serve on boards of Portfolio

Investments. Additionally, Brookfield's decision to initially perform certain services in-house for the Sub-Fund will not preclude a later decision to outsource such services, or any additional services, in whole or in part, to any Consultants, and Brookfield has no obligation to inform the Sub-Fund of such a change. Brookfield believes that these arrangements benefit its investment activities. However, they also give rise to certain conflicts of interest considerations.

Consultants are expected, from time to time, to receive payments (including directors' fees) from, or allocations or performance-based compensation with respect to, Brookfield, the Sub-Fund and/or Portfolio Investments of the Sub-Fund, including director's fees where such Consultants serve on the boards of Portfolio Investments. In such circumstances, payments from, or allocations or performance-based compensation with respect to, the Sub-Fund and/or Portfolio Investments of the Sub-Fund generally will be treated as Sub-Fund Expenses and will not, even if they have the effect of reducing retainers or minimum amounts otherwise payable by Brookfield, be subject to the offset provisions as described in this Section XIX (*Conflicts of Interest*). Additionally, while Brookfield believes such compensation arrangements will be reasonable and generally at market rates for the relevant services provided, exclusive arrangements or other factors may result in such compensation arrangements not always being comparable to costs, fees and/or expenses charged by other third parties. In addition to any compensation arrangements, the Sub-Fund may also generally bear its share of any travel costs or other out-of-pocket expenses incurred by Consultants in connection with the provision of their services. Accounting, network, communications, administration and other support benefits, including office space, may be provided by Brookfield or the Sub-Fund to Consultants without charge, and any costs associated with such support may be borne by the Sub-Fund.

Brookfield expects from time to time to offer Consultants the ability to co-invest alongside the Sub-Fund, including in those Portfolio Investments in which they are involved (and for which they may be entitled to receive performance based compensation, which will reduce the Sub-Fund's returns and will not necessarily be subordinated to the return of the Shareholders' capital contributions), or otherwise participate in equity plans for management of a Portfolio Entity of the Sub-Fund or invest directly in the Sub-Fund or in a vehicle controlled by the Sub-Fund subject to reduced or waived management fees (through offering a fee-free Share Class) and/or incentive compensation, including after the termination of their engagement (or other status) with Brookfield.

In certain cases, these persons are likely to have certain attributes of Brookfield "employees" (for example, they have dedicated offices at Brookfield, receive access to Brookfield information, systems and meetings for Brookfield personnel, work on Brookfield matters as their primary or sole business activity, have Brookfield-related e-mail addresses, business cards and titles, and/or participate in certain benefit arrangements typically reserved for Brookfield employees) even though they are not considered Brookfield employees, affiliates or personnel for purposes of the Articles, the Portfolio Management Agreement, and related Management Fee offset provisions. In this scenario, a Consultant would be subject to Brookfield's compliance policies and procedures. Where applicable, Brookfield allocates to the Sub-Fund and/or applicable Portfolio Investments the costs of such personnel or the fees paid to such personnel in connection with the applicable services, and such expenses or fees, to the extent allocated to the Sub-Fund, would be treated as Sub-Fund Expenses. Payments or allocations to Consultants will not be subject to the Management Fee offset provisions, and can be expected to increase the overall costs and expenses borne indirectly by investors in the Sub-Fund. There can be no assurance that any of Consultants will continue to serve in such roles and/or continue their arrangements with Brookfield, the Sub-Fund and/or any Portfolio Investments throughout the term of the Sub-Fund.

Transaction and Other Fees. The Investment Manager and its affiliates and their respective employees may receive certain transaction fees, consulting fees, advisory fees, directors' fees, monitoring fees, or similar fees, in connection with Portfolio Investments or prospective Portfolio Investments. Such fees will not be subject to the Affiliate Service Rates described in "*Affiliated*

Services and Transactions" above. For the avoidance of doubt, to the extent that another Brookfield Account (including a co-investment vehicle) or other investor is participating in an investment, any fees received by Brookfield in respect of such Brookfield Account or other investor will not offset the Management Fee (regardless of whether or not any amount of such fees is credited to the investors in such Brookfield Account or other investor, by means of a management fee offset or otherwise). As a result, Brookfield may be more incentivized to take any such fees where there is expected to be significant co-investment alongside the Sub-Fund.

Shared Resources. In certain circumstances, in order to create efficiencies and optimize performance, one or more Portfolio Investments or properties of the Sub-Fund may determine to share the operational, legal, financial, back-office or other resources of another Portfolio Investment or property of the Sub-Fund or an investment, portfolio entity or property of Brookfield or another Brookfield Account. In connection therewith, the costs and expenses related to such services will be allocated among the relevant entities on a basis that Brookfield determines in good faith is fair and equitable (but which will be inherently subjective). These types of arrangements will not require the consent of Shareholders. Determining an allocable share of internal and other costs, or otherwise allocating costs, inherently requires the judgment of Brookfield and there can be no assurance that the Sub-Fund will not bear a disproportionate amount of any costs, including Brookfield's internal costs. In addition, it is possible that a Portfolio Entity may be in the business of providing services that are, or could be, utilized by another Portfolio Entity or asset. In this situation, the Investment Manager may determine that one or more Portfolio Entities use the other Portfolio Entity's services, even where these services were previously provided to a Portfolio Entity from a third-party.

Travel Expenses. The Sub-Fund will reimburse the Board of Directors and its affiliates for out-of-pocket travel expenses, including air travel (generally business class), car services, meals and hotels (generally business or luxury class accommodations), incurred in identifying, evaluating, sourcing, researching, structuring, negotiating, acquiring, making, holding, developing, operating, managing, selling or potentially selling, restructuring or otherwise disposing of the Sub-Fund's proposed or actual Portfolio Investments (including fees for attendance of industry conferences, the primary purpose of which is sourcing Portfolio Investments), in connection with the formation, marketing and offering of the Sub-Fund and otherwise in connection with the business of the Sub-Fund. In addition, travel expenses incurred in the formation, marketing and offering of the Sub-Fund will be considered Organizational Expenses, including where such travel expenses relate to an existing or potential arrangement with any placement agent regarding the offering of Shares in the Sub-Fund or the offering of the Master Fund or Underlying Fund.

Service Providers. In managing business activities, Brookfield, Brookfield Accounts and Portfolio Investments utilize and rely on various independent service providers, including attorneys, accountants, fund administrators, consultants, advisors, deal sources, lenders, brokers and outside directors. Brookfield relies on these service providers' independence from Brookfield for various purposes, including (among other things) audits of Brookfield Accounts and/or portfolio companies as well as transaction related services, benchmarking analyses, fairness and similar opinions of value, and/or verification of arm's length terms, in each case designed to facilitate resolution of conflicts of interest considerations relating to transactions between Brookfield Accounts and/or Portfolio Investments with Brookfield and/or other Brookfield Accounts and/or Portfolio Investments.

Brookfield, Brookfield Accounts and Portfolio Investments have various business relationships and engage in various activities with these service providers and/or their affiliates, which give rise to conflicts of interest considerations relating to the selection of the service providers. For example, service providers and/or their personnel could: (a) be investors in Brookfield, Brookfield Accounts and/or Portfolio Investments; (b) provide services to multiple Brookfield business lines, Brookfield Accounts and/or Portfolio Investments; (c) be engaged to provide various different types of services to Brookfield, Brookfield Accounts and Portfolio Investments; (d) provide certain services, such as

introductions to prospective investors and/or counterparties, to Brookfield, Brookfield Accounts and Portfolio Investments at favorable rates or no additional cost; or (e) be counterparties to transactions with Brookfield, Brookfield Accounts and/or Portfolio Investments. In addition, certain service providers (particularly large, global service providers, such as law firms, accounting firms and financial institutions) employ family members of personnel of Brookfield, Brookfield Accounts and/or Portfolio Investments. Moreover, in the regular course of business, personnel of Brookfield, Brookfield Accounts and/or Portfolio Investments give (or receive) gifts and entertainment to (or from) personnel of service providers.

Notwithstanding these relationships and/or activities with service providers, Brookfield has policies and procedures designed to address these conflicts of interest considerations and to ensure that its personnel select service providers for Brookfield, Brookfield Accounts and Portfolio Investments that they believe are appropriate for and in the best interests of Brookfield, Brookfield Accounts and/or Portfolio Investments (as the case may be) in accordance with Brookfield's legal and regulatory obligations, *provided* that (for the avoidance of doubt) Brookfield often will not seek out the lowest-cost option when engaging such service providers as other factors or considerations typically prevail over cost.

In addition, Brookfield Accounts (including the Sub-Fund, other Brookfield-managed investment vehicles and Brookfield for its own account) and their investments often engage common providers of goods and/or services. These common providers sometimes provide bulk discounts or other fee discount arrangements, which could be based on an expectation of a certain amount of aggregate engagements by Brookfield Accounts and investments over a period of time. Brookfield generally extends these fee discount arrangements to Brookfield and all Brookfield Accounts and their investments in a fair and equitable manner.

In certain cases, a service provider (for example, a law firm) will provide all Brookfield Accounts and their investments a bulk discount on fees that is applicable only prospectively (within an annual period) once a certain aggregate spending threshold has been met by the group during the relevant annual period. As a result, Brookfield Accounts and investments that engage the service provider after the aggregate spending threshold has been met will get the benefit of the discount and, as a result, pay lower rates than the rates paid by Brookfield Accounts and investments that engaged the same provider prior to the discount being triggered.

The engagement of common providers for Brookfield Accounts and their investments and the related fee discount arrangements give rise to conflicts of interest. For example, as a result of these arrangements, Brookfield will face conflicts of interest in determining which providers to engage on behalf of the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments and when to engage such providers, including an incentive to engage certain providers for the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments because it will result in the maintenance or enhancement of a discounted fee arrangement that benefits Brookfield, other Brookfield Accounts and their investments. Notwithstanding these conflicts considerations, Brookfield makes these determinations in a manner that it believes is appropriate for and in the best interests of the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments taking into account all applicable facts-and-circumstances.

In the normal course, common providers (for example, law firms) will staff engagements based on the particular needs of the engagement and charge such staff's then-applicable rates, subject to any negotiated discounts. While these rates will be the same as the rates such providers would charge Brookfield for the same engagement, Brookfield generally engages providers for different needs than the Sub-Fund and/or its Portfolio Investments, and the total fees charged for different engagements are expected to vary.

In addition, as a result of the foregoing, the overall rates paid by the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments over a period of time to a common provider could be higher (or lower) than the overall rates paid to the same provider by Brookfield, other Brookfield Accounts and their investments.

Without limitation of the foregoing, conflicts arise with respect to Brookfield's selection of financial institutions or other third parties to provide services to the Sub-Fund, any other Brookfield Account or Brookfield and its negotiation of fees payable to such parties. Brookfield has relationships with many financial institutions and other third parties, which may introduce prospective investors, afford Brookfield the opportunity to market its services to certain qualified investors at no additional cost, provide benchmarking analysis or third-party verification of market rates, or provide other services (for example, consulting services) at favorable or below market rates. Such relationships create incentives for Brookfield to select a financial institution or other third party based on its best interests and not the best interests of the Sub-Fund. For example, in connection with the disposition of a Portfolio Entity, several financial institutions with which Brookfield has pre-existing business relationships may provide valuation services through a bidding process. Although Brookfield will select the financial institution it believes is the most appropriate in the circumstances, the relationships between the financial institution and Brookfield as described herein will influence Brookfield in deciding whether to select such a financial institution to underwrite the disposition, and may influence the financial institution in the terms offered. The cost of this disposition will generally be borne directly or indirectly by the Sub-Fund and creates an incentive for Brookfield to engage such a financial institution over one with which Brookfield has no prior relationship that could result in worse terms to the Sub-Fund or the Portfolio Entity than would be the case absent the conflict.

These relationships, activities and discounts described herein are part of the normal course of business operations and are not considered additional fees received by Brookfield that would offset or otherwise reduce the fees (including the management fees) owed by Brookfield Accounts and/or Portfolio Investments to Brookfield.

Protective Loans to Portfolio Investments. If the Investment Manager determines in good faith that it is necessary to invest capital in or with respect to a Portfolio Entity to preserve or protect the value of such Portfolio Entity (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any Follow-on Investments, as applicable) and for any reason the Sub-Fund has insufficient capital or either the amount of such capital is immaterial or the time period during which such capital would be loaned by Brookfield or an affiliate thereof is expected to be less than thirty (30) days ("**Protective Loans**"), Brookfield or an affiliate thereof may loan additional capital to a Portfolio Entity at or below an arm's length market rate. In connection therewith, in the case of a Protective Loan as described above, the Sub-Fund will repay such Protective Loan or, in the case of any other Protective Loan, offer to the Shareholders the opportunity to acquire an interest in such Protective Loan on a *pro rata* basis based on their respective capital contributions. The Sub-Fund's ability to make such loans on the conditions noted above in "*Affiliated Services and Transactions*" may present a conflict of interest. To the extent a Shareholder does not have sufficient available capital to acquire an interest in such loan, or chooses not to acquire such an interest, Brookfield will retain such interest. Any such loan may be repaid by the applicable Portfolio Entity in priority to any distributions to the Sub-Fund by such Portfolio Entity, or be converted into an equity interest in such Portfolio Entity on a dollar-for-dollar basis using an appraisal or arm's length valuation. Brookfield will have no obligation to provide a Protective Loan, including where doing so would be beneficial to the Sub-Fund or a Portfolio Investment.

Line of Credit Utilization. Subject to the limitations set forth in the Articles and this Sub-Fund Supplement, the Sub-Fund maintains substantial flexibility in choosing when and how its leverage facilities are used. The Sub-Fund may adopt from time-to-time policies or guidelines relating to the use of such credit facilities. The Sub-Fund may, subject to the terms of the Articles and this Sub-Fund Supplement, elect to use long-term fund-level financing in certain circumstances, including (i) to make certain Portfolio Investments that the Sub-Fund may determine to hold on the credit facility for an extended time; (ii) to make margin payments as necessary under currency hedging arrangements or other derivative transactions; (iii) to fund Management Fees and Operating Expenses otherwise borne by Shareholders; and (iv) when the Board of Directors or its delegate

otherwise determines that it is in the best interests of the Sub-Fund. See also Part XIV (*Risk Factors and Other Considerations*) above.

In addition, the Sub-Fund may provide for the repayment of indebtedness and/or the satisfaction of guarantees on behalf of co-investment vehicles in connection with investments made by such vehicles alongside the Sub-Fund. The Sub-Fund may also use its credit facility to issue a letter of credit in connection with an investment that is expected to be, or has been allocated to a co-investment vehicle, and the co-investors would be expected to bear their share of any expenses incurred in connection with such letter of credit. In the event any such co-investment vehicle does not satisfy their share of any payment in respect of any such borrowing, the Sub-Fund will be contractually obligated to satisfy their share even if the Sub-Fund does not have recourse against such co-investment vehicle. In addition, Brookfield, another Brookfield Account or their Affiliates may provide a Guarantee in connection with a potential or existing Portfolio Investment and the Sub-Fund may replace Brookfield, such Brookfield Account or their Affiliate as the guarantor.

Use of Brookfield Arrangements. The Sub-Fund may seek to use a swap, currency conversion or hedging arrangement or line of credit or other financing that Brookfield has in place for its own benefit or the benefit of other Brookfield Accounts. In this case, Brookfield will pass through the terms of such arrangement to the Sub-Fund as if the Sub-Fund had entered into the transaction itself. However, in such cases the Sub-Fund will be exposed to Brookfield's credit risk since the Sub-Fund will not have direct contractual privity with the counterparty. Further, it is possible that the Sub-Fund may have been able to obtain more favorable terms for itself if it had entered into the arrangement directly with the counterparty.

Determinations of Value. Valuations of the Portfolio Investments or of property received in exchange for any Portfolio Investment that are calculated by the AIFM will be done in good faith in accordance with guidelines prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards or generally accepted accounting principles and reviewed by the Sub-Fund's independent accountants. Valuations are subject to determinations, judgments, projections and opinions and other third parties or investors may disagree with such valuations. Accordingly, the carrying value of a Portfolio Investment will not necessarily reflect the price at which the Portfolio Investment could be sold in the market, and the difference between carrying value and the ultimate sales price could be material. Additionally, under certain limited circumstances set forth in the Articles, distributions in kind of Portfolio Investments for which market quotations are not readily available could be made. The valuation of such Portfolio Investments will be determined by the Board of Directors or its delegate (including the AIFM and Investment Manager) in accordance with the Articles.

The valuation of Portfolio Investments affects, under certain circumstances, the Master Fund Manager's and Underlying Fund Manager's entitlement to Variable Management Share distributions from the Master Fund and Underlying Fund, respectively, and/or the ability of Brookfield to raise future Brookfield Accounts, including any successor to the Sub-Fund. As a result, although such valuations will be determined in accordance with Brookfield valuation policies (and/or the valuation methodology described in the applicable materials), there may be circumstances where the Board of Directors or its delegate (including the AIFM and Investment Manager) is incentivized to determine valuations that may be higher than the actual fair value of the Portfolio Investments. See also Part XIV (*Risk Factors and Other Considerations*) above.

Third-Party Involvement. The Sub-Fund may co-invest through or invest in partnerships, joint ventures or other entities with third parties that may have economic or business interests or objectives, including exit strategies, that are different than or conflict with those of the Sub-Fund or that may be in a position to take action contrary to the Sub-Fund's objectives, which may result in negative consequences, including loss of capital.

Transactions with Potential and Actual Shareholders. Prospective Investors should note that the Sub-Fund, the Investment Manager and their affiliates from time to time engage in transactions with prospective and actual Shareholders and prospective and actual Shareholders of other Brookfield Accounts that entail business benefits to such investors. Such transactions may be entered into prior to or coincident with an investor's admission to the Sub-Fund or during the term of their investment. The nature of such transactions can be diverse and may include benefits relating to the Sub-Fund, and its Portfolio Investments or other Brookfield Accounts and their respective issuers or investments.

Insurance. The Sub-Fund will purchase, and/or bear premiums, fees, costs and expenses (including the premiums, costs, expenses and/or fees of affiliates and non-affiliates for insurance coverage and for placement and administration of insurance coverage) with respect to, insurance for the benefit of the Sub-Fund, the Investment Manager and their employees, affiliates, agents and representatives as well as other indemnified parties with respect to Fund-related matters (including directors and officers liability insurance, errors and omissions insurance, and any other insurance which the Sub-Fund determines to be required or market standard), or for the benefit of the Sub-Fund or any of its Portfolio Investments, with respect to investment-related matters (including terrorism, property, title, liability, marine, environmental, professional, cyber, transactional, fire insurance and/or extended or specialized coverage).

Brookfield Accounts (including the Sub-Fund) and their respective investments will utilize Brookfield affiliates for placement, administrator and provision of insurance coverage in connection with all or part of their insurance coverage and the Sub-Fund is expected to leverage the scale of Brookfield by participating in shared, or umbrella, insurance policies as part of a broader group of entities affiliated with Brookfield (including Brookfield and other Brookfield Accounts). Any insurance policy purchased by or on behalf of the Sub-Fund (including policies covering the Sub-Fund, the AIFM, the Investment Manager and other Brookfield Accounts) may provide coverage for situations where the Sub-Fund would not provide indemnification, including situations involving culpable conduct by the Board of Directors or the Investment Manager. Nonetheless, the Sub-Fund's share of the premiums, costs, fees and expenses in respect of insurance coverage will not be reduced to account for these types of situations.

Brookfield insurance companies (each, a "**Captive**") that provide insurance coverage for Brookfield Accounts (including the Sub-Fund) and assets held directly or indirectly by Brookfield Accounts (including the Sub-Fund) generally will be utilized for all or a portion of insurance coverage needs (for example, primary layer of insurance for certain assets, supplemental coverage to coverage provided by third-party carriers, etc.). Captives are expected to provide benefits to Brookfield Accounts that may not be available from a third-party insurance provider, including potentially lower premiums. In determining whether to utilize a Captive as an insurance provider for the Sub-Fund and/or its Portfolio Investments, Brookfield will take into account such factors as it determines appropriate in its discretion under the then-existing facts-and-circumstances. It is expected that each Captive will charge premiums at the Affiliate Service Rate applicable to the insurance provided by such Captive. The determination of such rates will be based on third-party pricing data or an opinion of a third-party insurance adviser (including advisers that provide other insurance related services to Brookfield and the Brookfield Accounts). The engagement of a Captive will give rise to certain potential conflicts of interest, including in connection with the evaluation and payment of claims. In order to mitigate potential conflicts of interest related thereto, an independent third-party insurance carrier generally will be responsible for claims management and payment.

Captives may seek reinsurance for all or a portion of the coverage, which could result in Brookfield earning and retaining fees and/or a portion of the premiums associated with such insurance while not retaining all or a commensurate portion of the risk insured.

To the extent an insurance policy or Captive insurance policy provides coverage with respect to Fund-related or investment-related matters, all or a portion of the fees and expenses (including

premiums) of such insurance policy and its placement will be allocated to the Sub-Fund. The amount of any such insurance-related fees and expenses allocated to the Sub-Fund will be determined by Brookfield in its discretion taking into consideration facts and circumstances deemed relevant, including in umbrella policies the value of each covered fund's and account's investments and capital contributions (if applicable) and/or risk that the fund's and/or its investments and account pose to the insurance provider. While Brookfield expects to consider certain objective criteria when determining how to allocate the cost of insurance coverage that applies to multiple funds and accounts (including Brookfield and Brookfield Accounts), because of the uncertainty of whether claims will arise in the future and the timing and the amount that may be involved in any such claim, the determination of how to allocate such fees and expenses also requires Brookfield to take into consideration other facts and circumstances that are more subjective in nature. In addition, because Brookfield will bear a portion of such fees and expenses and has differing investment interests in the Brookfield Accounts it manages, conflicts exist in the determination of the proper allocation of such fees and expenses among Brookfield and such funds and accounts. It is unlikely that Brookfield will be able to accurately allocate the fees and expenses of any such insurance based on the actual claims of a particular fund or account, including the Sub-Fund. Brookfield may, if it determines it to be necessary, consult with one or more third parties to ensure that the allocation of such fees and expenses is done in a fair and reasonable manner.

While shared insurance policies (including those issued by Captives) may be cost effective, claims made by any entities affiliated with Brookfield could result in increased costs to the Sub-Fund and such policies may have an overall cap on coverage. To the extent insurable event(s) result in claims in excess of such cap, the Sub-Fund may not receive as much in insurance proceeds as it would have received if separate insurance policies had been purchased for each party and Brookfield could face a conflict in interest in properly allocating insurance proceeds across all claimants, which could result in the Sub-Fund receiving less in insurance proceeds than if separate insurance policies had been purchased for each insured party individually. In these cases, Brookfield will seek to allocate the proceeds from claims in respect of insurance policies and resolve any conflicts of interests, as applicable, in a manner it determines to be fair and reasonable. In that regard, Brookfield may, if it determines it to be necessary, consult with one or more third parties to ensure that the allocation of such proceeds is done in a fair and reasonable manner. Similarly, insurable events may occur sequentially in time while subject to a single overall cap. In this case, Brookfield will process claims on a first-come first-serve basis. To the extent insurance proceeds for one such event are applied towards a cap and the Sub-Fund experiences an insurable loss after such event, the Sub-Fund's receipts from such insurance policy could be diminished and/or the Sub-Fund may not receive any insurance proceeds. A shared insurance policy could also make it less likely that Brookfield will make a claim against such policy on behalf of the Sub-Fund.

In addition, the Sub-Fund may need to determine whether or not to initiate litigation (including potentially litigation adverse to Brookfield where it is the broker or provider of such insurance) in order to collect from an insurance provider, which may be lengthy and expensive and which ultimately may not result in a financial award. The potential for Brookfield to be a counterparty in any litigation or other proceedings regarding insurance claims creates a further potential conflict of interest. Furthermore, in providing such insurance, Brookfield may seek reinsurance for all or a portion of the coverage, which could result in Brookfield earning and retaining fees and/or a portion of the premiums associated with such insurance while not retaining all or a commensurate portion of the risk insured. Brookfield will seek to allocate the costs of such insurance and proceeds from claims in respect of such insurance policies and resolve any conflicts of interest, as applicable, in a manner it determines to be fair. In that regard, Brookfield may, if it determines it to be necessary, consult with one or more third parties in allocating such costs and proceeds and resolving such conflicts.

Diverse Investors and Tax Withholding. The Shareholders (including, for the avoidance of doubt, Brookfield in its capacity as a Shareholder) generally will have conflicting investment, tax and other

interests with respect to their investments in the Sub-Fund and with respect to the interests of investors in Brookfield Accounts that may participate in the same investments as the Sub-Fund. The conflicting interests of individual Shareholders with respect to other Shareholders and relative to investors in other Brookfield Accounts may relate to or arise from, among other things, the nature of the Portfolio Investments made by the Sub-Fund, the residency or domicile of the Shareholders, the entity into which such individual Shareholder invests and the structuring of the acquisition of Portfolio Investments, the timing of disposition of Portfolio Investments and the manner in which current earnings and disposition transactions in connection with one or more Portfolio Investments are reported for tax purposes. As a consequence, conflicts of interest may arise in connection with the decisions made by the Board of Directors or the Investment Manager, including with respect to tax matters or the nature, structuring or reporting of such Portfolio Investments, that may be adverse to Shareholders generally, or may be more beneficial for one Shareholder than for another Shareholder, especially with respect to Shareholders' individual tax situations. See also "*Brookfield Investment in Fund*" above. In selecting and structuring potential Portfolio Investments appropriate for the Sub-Fund, the Sub-Fund will consider the investment and tax objectives of the Sub-Fund and its Shareholders as a whole (and those of investors in other Brookfield Accounts that participate in the same investments as the Sub-Fund), not the investment, tax or other objectives of any Shareholder individually. However, conflicts may arise if certain Shareholders have objectives that conflict with those of the Sub-Fund. In addition, Brookfield may face certain tax risks based on positions taken by the Sub-Fund, including as a withholding agent. In connection therewith, Brookfield may take certain actions, including withholding amounts to cover actual or potential tax liabilities, or refrain from taking certain actions, including not claiming refunds of certain withholding or other taxes paid, due to such tax risks.

Conflicts with Issuers of Portfolio Investments. Brookfield expects that certain of its officers and employees will serve as directors and officers of certain Portfolio Investments and, in that capacity, will be required to make decisions that consider the best interests of such Portfolio Investments and their respective shareholders or other stakeholders. In certain circumstances, for example in situations involving bankruptcy or near-insolvency of a Portfolio Entity, actions that may be in the best interest of the Portfolio Entity may not be in the best interests of the Sub-Fund and vice versa. Accordingly, in these situations, there will be conflicts of interest between such individuals' duties as an officer or employee of Brookfield and such individual's duties as a director or officer of the Portfolio Investments.

As described above, Brookfield employees may be engaged by one or more Portfolio Investments on a permanent or temporary basis in order to provide services that may otherwise be provided by third parties. See "*Affiliated Services and Transactions*" above. This may create conflicts of interest when the employees are considering the interests of the Sub-Fund and the interests of the Portfolio Entity. Furthermore, the particular arrangement between such employees and the Portfolio Investments and properties may change over time, particularly when a Portfolio Investment is realized by the Sub-Fund. An employee may or may not return to Brookfield after the Sub-Fund's disposition of such Portfolio Investment.

In the ordinary course, Brookfield may hire employees of Portfolio Investments (including by hiring teams of employees and integrating them into Brookfield). Such persons may, in their capacity as employees of Brookfield, provide similar services to a Portfolio Entity as they provided when employed directly by such Portfolio Entity. Any such services will be provided in the same manner and on the same terms as similar services provided by other employees of Brookfield. As a result, the Portfolio Investments may pay more for such services than they would otherwise have paid if such employees remained employed by such Portfolio Investments. See "*Affiliated Services and Transactions*" above.

Other Conflicts

Variable Management Share. The existence of the Master Fund Manager's and/or Underlying Fund Manager's entitlement to a Variable Management Share in the circumstances described above under Part XI (*Fees and Expenses of the Sub-Fund — Management Fee – Master Fund and Underlying Fund Levels*) may create an incentive for the Master Fund Manager and/or the Underlying Fund Manager to cause the Master Fund or Underlying Fund to make Investments that are riskier or more speculative than it would otherwise make in the absence of such performance-based compensation.

Calculation Errors, True-Ups and/or Repayments. The calculation of amounts due to Brookfield in connection with the Sub-Fund and the Portfolio Investments (including amounts owed in respect of Variable Management Share distributions, affiliated services, protective loans, cost allocations, and other matters) is complex and at times based on estimates and/or subject to periodic (post-transaction) reconciliations. Brookfield may make errors in calculating such amounts, and/or recognize over- or under-estimates of such amounts in performing routine reconciliations and/or other internal reviews. When such an error or under- or over-estimate that disadvantaged the Sub-Fund is discovered, Brookfield will make the Sub-Fund whole for such amount based on the particular situation, which may involve a waiver of future distributions or fees in an amount necessary to reimburse the Sub-Fund for such over-payment. As a general matter, Brookfield does not expect to pay interest on such amounts. Likewise, when an error or under- or over-estimate that advantaged the Sub-Fund is discovered, Brookfield will make itself whole for such amount, as applicable, and generally will not charge interest in connection with any such make-whole payment.

Shareholder Due Diligence Information. The Sub-Fund will make available, prior to the closing of this offering, to each prospective investor the opportunity to ask questions of, and receive responses from, a representative of the Sub-Fund concerning the terms and conditions of this offering and to obtain any additional information, if the Sub-Fund possesses such information or can acquire it without unreasonable effort or expense, necessary to verify the accuracy of the information set forth herein. Due to the fact that different potential investors may ask different questions and request different information, the Sub-Fund may provide certain information to one or more prospective investors that it does not provide to all of the prospective investors. None of the responses or additional information provided is or will be integrated into this Sub-Fund Supplement, and no prospective investor may rely on any such responses or information in making its decision to subscribe for Shares.

Limited Access to Information. Shareholders' rights to information regarding the Sub-Fund will be specified in the Articles. However, while the Sub-Fund does not anticipate granting side letters, certain Shareholders may receive additional information that is not made available to all Shareholders generally. Certain Shareholders may also be investors in other Brookfield Accounts, or engage in transactions with Brookfield, an investment or another Brookfield Account, and may receive additional information through such arrangements. The Sub-Fund will have no duty to ensure all Shareholders seek, obtain or process the same information regarding Brookfield, the Sub-Fund and its Portfolio Investments.

Certain information, including interpretations, confirmations or statements of intent, that is provided to one Shareholder during the due diligence process or otherwise and not to another Shareholder (or prospective investor) may provide the recipient greater insight into the Sub-Fund's activities and/or the intentions of the Sub-Fund or the Investment Manager, thereby enhancing such recipient's ability to make investment decisions (including a prospective investor's decision to invest in the Sub-Fund) with respect to the Sub-Fund and/or take action or make other decisions pursuant to the Articles. This may adversely affect Shareholders that do not receive such information. In addition, a Shareholder that seeks to transfer its Shares, or a potential acquirer of such Shares, may have difficulty in determining an appropriate price for such Shares because it does not have information that it would consider material or which has been provided to its prospective counterparty. In certain cases, Brookfield may seek to acquire Shares from a Shareholder and may do so with the understanding that Brookfield has information regarding the Sub-Fund that is not

available to Shareholders or potential acquirers of Shares, and the Sub-Fund may agree to engage in bespoke structuring or to provide other advantageous terms not generally available to third parties.

Investment Banking and Other Activities. Brookfield and its affiliates may provide investment banking, advisory, consulting, restructuring, broker-dealer and other services to third parties, including issuers in which the Sub-Fund may desire to invest or with which the Sub-Fund may desire to transact. In such circumstances, the Sub-Fund may be restricted from pursuing such investment or transaction as a result of limitations imposed by, among other things, applicable law or Brookfield's internal conflicts or compliance policies.

Internal Audit. BAM and certain of its listed affiliates are publicly traded companies subject to requirements to maintain an internal audit function and to complete internal audit reviews of their investments and related operations. In certain instances, Portfolio Investments of the Sub-Fund are expected to perform internal audit reviews of their operations and related activities, either in connection with their own regulatory requirements, because they are consolidated into BAM or one of its listed affiliates, or otherwise for corporate governance purposes, as determined by Brookfield in its capacity as manager of the Sub-Fund. Such Portfolio Investment internal audit work is expected to be carried out by the employees of such Portfolio Investments, by Brookfield employees and/or by third-party advisors, and the expenses related to such work by all such persons are generally expected to be charged to the Portfolio Investment. While the product of such Portfolio Investment internal audit work is expected to be relied on and utilized, where applicable, in meeting BAM's and its listed affiliates' internal audit obligations, BAM and its listed affiliates generally will not share in the expenses of such Portfolio Investment internal audits (except in their capacity as indirect equity owners of the Portfolio Investment).

AIFM Affiliation to Oaktree, Oaktree Accounts and Their Portfolio Investments. The AIFM is a joint venture of both Oaktree and Brookfield. The AIFM acts as the alternative investment fund manager for a number of Oaktree Accounts and may in the future act in any such or similar capacity for Oaktree Accounts. Neither the Sub-Fund nor the Investment Manager is party to the details of any such arrangements yet it is possible that there may be circumstances where a conflict of interest between the Sub-Fund and the AIFM or between the Sub-Fund, on the one hand, and Oaktree, Oaktree Accounts and their Portfolio Investments, on the other hand, could arise. The AIFM will deal with any such conflicts in accordance with its conflicts of interest policy. See also "Oaktree" above.

Legal Representation. Travers Smith LLP and Loyens & Loeff Luxembourg S.à r.l. have acted as counsel to the Fund in connection with this offering of Shares (collectively, "Counsel"). Travers Smith LLP also acts as counsel to the Investment Manager. Travers Smith LLP does not act as counsel to any Shareholder in connection with an investment in the Fund and prospective Investors should consult with and rely on their own counsel concerning investments in the Fund, including tax consequences to them relating to any investment in the Fund. In connection with this offering and ongoing advice to the Fund and the Investment Manager, as applicable, Travers Smith LLP and Loyens & Loeff Luxembourg S.à r.l. will not represent any Shareholder unrelated to Brookfield. In connection with the preparation of the Prospectus and this Sub-Fund Supplement, Travers Smith LLP's responsibility is limited to matters of United Kingdom law and Loyens & Loeff Luxembourg S.à r.l.'s responsibility is limited to matters of Luxembourg law, and they do not accept responsibility in relation to any other matters referred to or disclosed in the Prospectus and this Sub-Fund Supplement. Counsel's representation of the Fund is limited to specific matters as to which it has been consulted by the Fund. There may exist other matters that could have a bearing on the Fund as to which Counsel has not been consulted. In addition, Counsel does not undertake to monitor compliance by the Fund, the Investment Manager and their affiliates with the investment program, valuation procedures or any other guidelines set forth herein, and Counsel does not monitor the Fund's ongoing compliance with applicable laws.

Resolution of Conflicts

Resolution of Conflicts Generally. In the event that any matter arises that the Board of Directors determines in its good faith judgment to constitute an actual conflict of interest between the Sub-Fund, on the one hand, and Brookfield, Oaktree, an Oaktree Account or any existing or future Brookfield Account, on the other hand, the Board of Directors may, subject to internal Brookfield policies and the Articles, take such actions as it deems necessary or appropriate, including such actions as described elsewhere herein, taking into consideration the interests of the relevant parties, the circumstances giving rise to the conflict and applicable law. Brookfield's internal policies and protocols may be amended from time to time by Brookfield in its discretion without notice to or the consent of Shareholders or any other person. Any such resolutions will take into consideration the interests of the relevant parties and the circumstances giving rise to the conflict. See also "*Brookfield Conflicts Committee*" below.

Brookfield Conflicts Committee. Brookfield is a global alternative asset manager with significant assets under management and a long history of owning, managing and operating assets, businesses and investment vehicles across various industries, sectors, geographies and strategies. As noted throughout the Prospectus and this Sub-Fund Supplement, a key element of the Sub-Fund's strategy is to leverage Brookfield's experience, expertise, and its broad reach, relationships and position in the market for investment opportunities and deal flow, financial resources, access to capital markets and operating needs. Brookfield believes that this is in the Sub-Fund's and its Portfolio Investments' best interests. However, being part of this broader platform, as well as activities of and other considerations relating to Brookfield Accounts, gives rise to actual or potential conflicts of interest. Dealing with conflicts of interest is difficult and complex, and it is not possible to predict all of the types of conflicts that may arise. Brookfield will monitor potential conflicts of interest and manage such conflicts of interest with regard to the interests of both the Sub-Fund and relevant other Brookfield Accounts; however, conflicts may not always be resolved in a manner that is favorable to the Sub-Fund.

As noted elsewhere in the Prospectus and this Sub-Fund Supplement, Brookfield is not required to and generally does not expect to seek investor approval to manage the actual and potential conflicts of interest that will arise from time to time unless required by applicable law or as otherwise set out in the Prospectus, this Sub-Fund Supplement or the Articles. By acquiring Shares in the Sub-Fund, each Shareholder will be deemed to have acknowledged the existence of such actual and potential conflicts of interest and to have waived any and all claims with respect to the existence of any such conflicts of interest and any actions taken or proposed to be taken in respect thereof.

In managing actual and potential conflicts of interest that arise from time to time, Brookfield generally will be guided by its internal policies and procedures (as applicable) and applicable regulatory requirements, including fiduciary obligations. Among other things, Brookfield has formed a Conflicts Committee, which is comprised of senior Brookfield executives, to oversee the management and resolution of actual and potential conflicts of interest considerations that arise in the management of Brookfield's business activities, including management of the Sub-Fund. The Conflicts Committee seeks to ensure that conflicts considerations are addressed in accordance with Brookfield's internal policies and procedures, applicable fund (or other governing) agreements, and applicable regulatory requirements. In carrying out its responsibilities, the Conflicts Committee may, as it deems appropriate, review and approve specific matters presented to it and/or review and approve frameworks (and related parameters) for execution of particular types of transactions. In connection with the latter, the Conflicts Committee may (as it deems appropriate) appoint one or more individuals, pursuant to delegated authority, to oversee implementation of the frameworks and is deemed to approve transactions that are executed in accordance with pre-approved frameworks.

There can be no assurance that all actual and/or potential conflicts of interest matters will be presented to the Conflicts Committee. In addition, the Conflicts Committee is comprised of senior

executives of Brookfield that are not independent of Brookfield. As such, the Conflicts Committee itself is subject to actual and potential conflicts of interest considerations. The Conflicts Committee will seek to act in good faith and to resolve conflicts of interest considerations in a manner that it deems is fair and balanced, taking into account the facts and circumstances known to it at the time, and in accordance with Brookfield's policies and procedures, applicable fund (and other governing) agreements, and applicable regulatory requirements. However, there is no guarantee that the Conflicts Committee will make decisions that are most beneficial or favorable to the Sub-Fund or the Shareholders, or that it would not have reached a different decision if additional information were available to it.

The foregoing list of potential and actual conflicts of interest does not purport to be a complete enumeration or explanation of the conflicts attendant to an investment in the Sub-Fund. Additional conflicts may exist that are not presently known to the Sub-Fund, the Investment Manager, Brookfield or their respective affiliates or are deemed immaterial. In addition, as the Brookfield Activities and the investment program of the Sub-Fund develop and change over time, an investment in the Sub-Fund may be subject to additional and different actual and potential conflicts of interest. Prospective Investors should consult with their own advisers regarding the possible implications on their investment in the Sub-Fund of the conflicts of interest described herein.

Part XVI : DEFINITIONS

"Accumulation Class"	Has the meaning as given in Part VIII (<i>Share Class Information</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
"Administrative Agent"	Central Administration in its capacity as the administrative agent of the Fund for the purposes of Lux AML Law;
"Administrative Fee"	Has the meaning as given in Part XI (<i>Fees and Expenses of the Sub-Fund – Administrative Fee and AIFM Fee</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
"Advisers Act"	U.S. Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended;
"Advisory Class"	Has the meaning given in Part VIII (<i>Share Class Information</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
"Affiliated Services", "Rate Schedule" and "Affiliate Service Rate"	Have the meanings as given in Part XV (<i>Conflicts of Interest – Affiliated Services and Transactions</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
"Alternate Currency"	Has the meaning as given in Part X (<i>Calculation of Net Asset Value</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
"AML 4", "AML 5" and "UBO Law"	Have the meanings as given in Part XIV (<i>Risk Factors and Other Considerations – Luxembourg Rules on Prevention of Money Laundering</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
"BID"	Brookfield Infrastructure Debt Funds;
"BIF"	Brookfield Infrastructure Funds;
"BIGS"	Brookfield Infrastructure GP Solutions;
"BII Evergreen"	BII Evergreen FCP-RAIF;
"BSIP"	Brookfield Super-Core Infrastructure Partners L.P.;
"Brexit Deal"	Has the meaning as given in Part XIV (<i>Risk Factors and Other Considerations – Potential Implications of Brexit</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
"Brookfield Activities"	Has the meaning as given in Part XV (<i>Conflicts of Interest – Client and Other Relationships</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;

" Brookfield Client Relationships "	Has the meaning as given in Part XIX (<i>Conflicts of Interest – Allocation of Co-Investments</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
" Brookfield Group Vehicle "	Has the meaning as given in Part XI (<i>Fees and Expenses of the Sub-Fund – Management Fee – Master Fund and Underlying Fund Levels</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
" Brookfield Infrastructure "	The infrastructure group of Brookfield;
" Brookfield Insurance Accounts "	Has the meaning as given in Part XV (<i>Conflicts of Interest – Insurance and Reinsurance Capital</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
" Brookfield Personnel "	The partners, members, shareholders, directors, officers and employees of the Investment Manager and its affiliates;
" Brookfield Placement Agents "	Each of BPAL, BPC, BIMC, BSP, BAHK, BCS and BOWS;
" Business Day "	Any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or a day on which banking institutions are authorized or obligated by law or executive order to close in New York City, Luxembourg or Toronto;
" Capital Contribution "	Has the meaning as given in Part VI (<i>Summary of Principal Terms – Subscriptions; Offering Price; Value of Shares</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
" Capital Event "	Has the meaning as given in Part XIV (<i>Risk Factors and Other Considerations – AIFMD</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
" Captive "	Has the meaning as given in Part XV (<i>Conflicts of Interest – Insurance</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
" commitment method "	As defined in the AIFM Rules;
" Consultant "	Has the meaning as given in Part XV (<i>Conflicts of Interest – Advisors</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
" Conversion Cut-off "	Has the meaning as given in Part IX (<i>Subscriptions, Redemptions and Other Transactions – Conversion at the Request of Shareholders – Procedure</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
" Corporation "	Brookfield Corporation
" COVID-19 "	Coronavirus;

"Data Holders"	Has the meaning as given in Part XV (<i>Conflicts of Interest – Data Management</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
"Debt Funds"	Has the meaning as given in Part XV (<i>Conflicts of Interest</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
"Developing Infrastructure Investment"	Has the meaning as given in Part VII (<i>Investment Information – Investment Strategy</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement
"Distribution Class"	Has the meaning as given in Part VIII (<i>Share Class Information</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
"E.U. Securitization Regulation"	The Regulation (EU) 2017/2402 of 12 December 2017 laying down a general framework for securitization and creating a specific framework for simple, transparent and standardized securitization;
"EMIR"	The European Market Infrastructure Regulation (EU) No. 648/2012;
"Exchange Act"	U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended;
"FCA"	The United Kingdom's Financial Conduct Authority;
"FCP"	Mutual investment fund (<i>fonds commun de placement</i>);
"FSMA"	Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 of the United Kingdom;
"Fund Entity"	Has the meaning as given in Part XIV (<i>Risk Factors and Other Considerations – Expense Allocations</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
"Gross Method"	As defined in the AIFM Rules;
"Guidelines"	Has the meaning as given in Part XIV (<i>Risk Factors and Other Considerations</i>);
"Hedged Share Class(es)"	Means any Class or Classes of a Sub-Fund in which currency hedging will be implemented as set out in the Sub-Fund Supplement;
"Infrastructure Investments"	Investments in infrastructure assets and companies as well as related securities of companies that own infrastructure assets;

"Infrastructure Investment Threshold"	Has the meaning as given in Part VII (<i>Investment Information – Investment Strategy</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
"Initial Class" and "New Class"	Has the meaning as given in Part IX (<i>Subscriptions, Redemptions and Other Transactions</i>);
"Institutional Class"	Has the meaning as given in Part VIII (<i>Share Class Information</i>);
"Underlying Fund Shares"	Shares in the Underlying Fund;
"Investment Company Act"	U.S. Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended;
"Investment Firm"	Has the meaning as given in Part XIV (<i>Risk Factors and Other Considerations</i>);
"Investment Manager" or "Portfolio Manager"	Brookfield Asset Management PIC Canada, LP;
"Investment Platforms" and "Platform Management Teams"	Have the meanings as given in Part XV (<i>Conflicts of Interest – Investment Platforms</i>);
"Law of 1993"	Luxembourg law of 5 April 1993 on the financial sector;
"Leverage Limit"	Has the meaning as given in Part XIII (<i>Regulatory and Tax Considerations – Leverage</i>);
"Liquid Portfolio"	Portfolio of the Underlying Fund investing in publicly traded equity and debt securities of infrastructure companies;
"Managed Assets"	Has the meaning as given in Part XI (<i>Fees and Expenses of the Sub-Fund – Administrative Fee and AIFM Fee</i>);
"Management Fee"	Has the meaning as given in Part VI (<i>Summary of Principal Terms – Management Fee and Other Fund Fees</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
"Management Company"	The management company (<i>société de gestion</i>) of the Master Fund;
"Master Fund"	BII FCP – I, as sub-fund of Brookfield Infrastructure Income Fund FCP-RAIF, a multi-compartment reserved alternative investment fund (<i>fonds d'investissement alternatif réservé à compartiments multiples</i>) in the form of a mutual investment fund (<i>fonds commun de placement</i>), being the master fund of the Sub-Fund;

"Master Fund Manager"	The investment manager of the Master Fund (being the Investment Manager);
"Net Asset Value" or "NAV"	Has the meaning as given in Part VI (<i>Summary of Principal Terms – Net Asset Value Calculation</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
"Non-Controlled Affiliates"	Has the meaning as given in Part XV (<i>Conflicts of Interest – Pursuit of Investment Opportunities by Certain Non-Controlled Affiliates</i>);
"non-EEA AIFMs"	Alternative investment fund managers established outside the EEA;
"Oaktree"	Oaktree Capital Group, LLC (together with its affiliates);
"Oaktree Accounts"	Oaktree-managed funds and accounts;
"Operating Expenses"	Has the meaning as given in Part XI (<i>Fees and Expenses of the Sub-Fund</i>) of this Sub-Fund Supplement;
"Organizational Expenses"	Has the meaning as given in Part XI (<i>Fees and Expenses of the Sub-Fund</i>) of this Sub-Fund Supplement;
"OTC"	Over the counter;
"Portfolio Entity" or "Portfolio Company"	References throughout this Prospectus to "Portfolio Entity" or "Portfolio Company" describe, individually and collectively, any entity owned, directly or indirectly through subsidiaries, by the Sub-Fund or Other Brookfield Accounts, including, as the context requires, portfolio companies, holding companies, special purpose vehicles and other entities through which Investments are held;
"Portfolio Investment" or "Investment"	Has the meaning as given in Part VII (<i>Investment Information – Investment Strategy and Restrictions of the Master Fund</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
"Portfolio Management Agreement"	Portfolio management agreement entered into among the AIFM, the Investment Manager and the Sub-Fund (as amended, restated or supplemented from time to time);
"Principal Adverse Impacts Regime"	For the purposes of SFDR, a set of mandatory indicators and metrics which aim to show financial market participants how certain investments pose sustainability risks;

"Private/Liquid Target Allocations"	The Underlying Fund's investment target of 80% to 90% of its assets in the Private Portfolio and 10% to 20% of its assets in the Liquid Portfolio;
"Private Portfolio"	Portfolio of the Underlying Fund investing in equity and debt securities of private Infrastructure Investments;
"Protective Loans"	Has the meaning as given in Part XV (<i>Conflicts of Interest – Protective Loans to Portfolio Investments</i>);
"PSG"	Brookfield Public Securities Group LLC;
"QES"	Qualified electronic signatures;
"Quarterly Withdrawal Amount"	Has the meaning as given in Part IX (<i>Subscriptions, Redemptions and Other Transactions – Voluntary Withdrawal/Repurchase of Shares</i>);
"Reference Currency"	US Dollars (USD or \$), the currency in which the Sub-Fund is denominated;
"Redemption Fee"	Has the meaning as given in Part IX (<i>Subscriptions, Redemptions and Other Transactions</i>);
"Regional CIO"	Regional chief investment officers;
"Related-Party Investor"	Has the meaning as given in Part XV (<i>Conflicts of Interest – Investments by the Related-Party Investor</i>);
"Risk Retention Requirements"	Has the meaning as given in Part XIV (<i>Risk Factors and Other Considerations – Application of the E.U. Risk Retention Requirements</i>);
"Sanctions"	Sanctions and other restrictive measures imposed by states or supranational authorities (for example, but not limited to, the EU or the United Nations), or their agencies;
"Secondary Funds", "Third Party Vehicles", "Secondary Investments" and "Related Assets"	Have the meanings as given in Part XV (<i>Conflicts of Interest – Conflicts with Secondary Funds</i>);
"Securities Act"	U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended;
"Sidecar Fund"	Has the meaning as given in Part XV (<i>Conflicts of Interest – Allocation of Investment Opportunities</i>);

"Similar Laws"	Has the meaning as given in Part IX (<i>Subscriptions, Redemptions and Other Transactions</i>);
"Strategic Co-Investors"	Has the meaning as given in Part XV (<i>Conflicts of Interest – Allocation of Co-Investments</i>);
"Subscription Date"	Has the meaning as given in Part VI (<i>Summary of Principal Terms – Subscriptions; Offering Price; Value of Shares</i>);
"Subscription Fees"	Subscription or similar fees charged by certain registered investment advisors or broker-dealers through which a Shareholder is placed in the Sub-Fund;
"Sub-Fund Expenses"	The Organizational Expenses and/or Operating Expenses, as the context may require;
"Sub-Fund Income"	Has the meaning as given in Part XI (<i>Fees and Expenses of the Sub-Fund – Management Fee – Master Fund and Underlying Fund Levels</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
"Sub-Fund Ramp-Up Period"	The ramp-up period of up to two (2) years after the establishment of the Sub-Fund;
"Sustainability Risk "	An environmental, social or governance event or condition that, if it occurs, could cause an actual or a potential material negative impact on the value of the investment;
"Syndicate Amount"	Has the meaning as given in Part XIV (<i>Risk Factors and Other Considerations – Risk of Bridge Financings</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
"Trail Fee"	Has the meaning as given in Part XI (<i>Fees and Expenses of the Sub-Fund – Trail Fee</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
"UK AIFM Regulation"	UK Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulation 2013/1773, as amended;
"Underlying Fund"	Any underlying fund managed by Brookfield from time to time as invested in by the Sub-Fund. For the time being, the only Underlying Fund is in Brookfield Infrastructure Income Fund Inc., a newly organized Maryland corporation registered under the Investment Company Act;

"Underlying Fund Board"	Has the meaning as given in Part VII (<i>Investment Information – Investment Strategy</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
"Underlying Fund Manager"	The Underlying Fund's investment adviser (being the Investment Manager);
"Underlying Fund Shareholders"	The Underlying Fund's shareholders;
"Valuation Date"	The close of business on the last calendar day of each calendar month (and such other times as the AIFM shall determine);
"Variable Management Share"	Has the meaning as given in Part XI (<i>Fees and Expenses of the Sub-Fund – Management Fee – Master Fund and Underlying Fund Levels</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement;
"Withdrawal Date"	The closing of the last calendar day of each calendar quarter;
"Withdrawal Notice"	A notice to the Sub-Fund, in the prescribed form made available by the Sub-Fund, that the Shareholder requests a certain number of its Shares be withdrawn; and
"Withdrawal Request"	Has the meaning as given in Part IX (<i>Subscriptions, Redemptions and Other Transactions</i>) of the Sub-Fund Supplement.

Appendix 1
CERTAIN SECURITIES LAW LEGENDS

NOTICE TO ALL NON-U.S. INVESTORS GENERALLY

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF ANY PERSONS WISHING TO SUBSCRIBE FOR SHARES TO INFORM THEMSELVES OF AND TO OBSERVE ALL APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS OF ANY RELEVANT JURISDICTIONS. PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS SHOULD INFORM THEMSELVES AS TO THE LEGAL REQUIREMENTS AND TAX CONSEQUENCES WITHIN THE COUNTRIES OF THEIR CITIZENSHIP, RESIDENCE, DOMICILE AND PLACE OF BUSINESS WITH RESPECT TO THE ACQUISITION, HOLDING OR DISPOSAL OF SHARES, AND ANY FOREIGN EXCHANGE RESTRICTIONS THAT MAY BE RELEVANT THERETO.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF EEA MEMBER STATES

IN RELATION TO EACH MEMBER STATE OF THE EEA (EACH A "**MEMBER STATE**") WHICH HAS IMPLEMENTED THE ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT FUND MANAGERS DIRECTIVE (DIRECTIVE (2011/61/EU)) (THE "**AIFM DIRECTIVE**") (AND FOR WHICH TRANSITIONAL ARRANGEMENTS ARE NOT AVAILABLE), THIS PROSPECTUS MAY ONLY BE DISTRIBUTED AND SHARES IN THE FUND MAY ONLY BE OFFERED OR PLACED IN A MEMBER STATE TO THE EXTENT THAT: (1) THE FUND IS PERMITTED TO BE MARKETED TO PROFESSIONAL INVESTORS IN THE RELEVANT MEMBER STATE IN ACCORDANCE WITH AIFM DIRECTIVE (AS IMPLEMENTED INTO THE LOCAL LAW/REGULATION OF THE RELEVANT MEMBER STATE); OR (2) THIS PROSPECTUS MAY OTHERWISE BE LAWFULLY DISTRIBUTED AND THE SHARES MAY OTHERWISE BE LAWFULLY OFFERED OR PLACED IN THAT MEMBER STATE (INCLUDING AT THE EXCLUSIVE INITIATIVE OF THE INVESTOR).

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM

THE FUND IS AN UNREGULATED COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEME AS DEFINED IN THE FINANCIAL SERVICES AND MARKETS ACT 2000 OF THE UNITED KINGDOM ("**FSMA 2000**"). THE FUND HAS NOT BEEN AUTHORISED, OR OTHERWISE RECOGNISED OR APPROVED BY THE UK FINANCIAL CONDUCT AUTHORITY ("**FCA**") AND, AS AN UNREGULATED SCHEME, IT ACCORDINGLY CANNOT BE PROMOTED IN THE UNITED KINGDOM ("**UK**") TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC.

IN THE UK, THE CONTENTS OF THIS MEMORANDUM HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED BY AN AUTHORISED PERSON WITHIN THE MEANING OF SECTION 21 OF FSMA 2000. APPROVAL IS REQUIRED UNLESS AN EXEMPTION APPLIES UNDER SECTION 21 OF FSMA 2000. RELIANCE ON THIS MEMORANDUM FOR THE PURPOSE OF ENGAGING IN ANY INVESTMENT ACTIVITY MAY EXPOSE AN INDIVIDUAL TO A SIGNIFICANT RISK OF LOSING ALL THE PROPERTY OR OTHER ASSETS INVESTED. THIS MEMORANDUM WILL ONLY BE COMMUNICATION TO PERSONS TO WHOM A FINANCIAL PROMOTION CAN BE MADE LAWFULLY BY AN UNAUTHORISED PERSON (WITHOUT PRIOR APPROVAL OF AN AUTHORISED PERSON) PURSUANT TO THE FINANCIAL SERVICES AND MARKETS ACT 2000 (FINANCIAL PROMOTION) ORDER 2005 (AS AMENDED) (THE "**FPO**") AND THEN, IF MADE BY AN AUTHORISED PERSON, ONLY WHERE IT CAN ALSO BE MADE UNDER THE FINANCIAL SERVICES AND MARKETS ACT 2000 (PROMOTION OF COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES) (EXEMPTIONS) ORDER 2001 (AS AMENDED) (THE "**PCISO**"). IT WILL THEREFORE ONLY BE COMMUNICATED TO:

- (i) PERSONS BELIEVED ON REASONABLE GROUNDS TO FALL WITHIN ONE OF THE CATEGORIES OF "INVESTMENT PROFESSIONALS" AS DEFINED IN ARTICLE 19(5) OF THE FPO AND ARTICLE 14 PCISO;
- (ii) PERSONS BELIEVED ON REASONABLE GROUNDS TO BE "HIGH NET WORTH COMPANIES, UNINCORPORATED ASSOCIATIONS ETC." WITHIN THE MEANING OF ARTICLE 49 OF THE FPO AND ARTICLE 22 PCISO;

- (iii) PERSONS WHO ARE "CERTIFIED SOPHISTICATED INVESTORS" AS DESCRIBED IN ARTICLE 50 OF THE FPO AND ARTICLE 23 PCISO, NAMELY PERSONS WHO HOLD A CURRENT CERTIFICATE AND WHO HAVE SIGNED A STATEMENT IN THE FORM PRESCRIBED BY THE FPO NOT MORE THAN TWELVE (12) MONTHS PRIOR TO THE DATE OF THIS MEMORANDUM;
- (iv) A PERSON WHO IS A "SELF-CERTIFIED SOPHISTICATED INVESTOR" AS DESCRIBED IN ARTICLE 50A OF THE FPO AND ARTICLE 23A PCISO, NAMELY A PERSON WHO HAS COMPLETED AND SIGNED A STATEMENT IN THE FORM PRESCRIBED BY THE FPO AND PCISO NOT MORE THAN TWELVE (12) MONTHS PRIOR TO THE DATE OF THIS MEMORANDUM AND WHOSE COMPLETION OF THAT STATEMENT INDICATES THAT THEY SATISFY THE CONDITIONS SET OUT IN THE STATEMENT TO BE CLASSIFIED AS A SELF-CERTIFIED SOPHISTICATED INVESTOR;
- (v) A PERSON WHO IS A "HIGH NET WORTH INDIVIDUAL" AS DEFINED IN ARTICLE 48 FPO AND ARTICLE 21 PCISO, NAMELY A PERSON WHO HAS COMPLETED AND SIGNED NOT MORE THAN TWELVE (12) MONTHS PRIOR TO THE DATE OF THIS PROSPECTUS, A STATEMENT COMPLYING WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF PART 1 OF SCHEDULE 5 TO FPO AND PART 1 OF THE SCHEDULE TO PCISO AND WHOSE COMPLETION OF THE STATEMENT INDICATES THAT THEY SATISFY THE CONDITIONS SET OUT IN THE STATEMENT TO BE CLASSIFIED AS A HIGH NET WORTH INDIVIDUAL;
- (vi) PERSONS TO WHOM THIS MEMORANDUM MAY OTHERWISE LAWFULLY BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH FSMA 2000, AND THE FPO (AS AMENDED); AND
- (vii) IF COMMUNICATED BY A FIRM AUTHORISED BY THE FCA, TO PERSONS WHO FALL WITHIN THE EXEMPTIONS SET OUT IN RULE 4.12B.7R(5) OF THE FCA CONDUCT OF BUSINESS SOURCEBOOK ("**FCA COB**").

ANY PERSON WHO IS IN ANY DOUBT ABOUT THE INVESTMENT TO WHICH THIS MEMORANDUM RELATES SHOULD CONSULT AN AUTHORISED PERSON SPECIALISED IN ADVISING ON INVESTMENTS OF THE KIND IN QUESTION. TRANSMISSION OF THIS MEMORANDUM TO ANY OTHER PERSON IN THE UK IS UNAUTHORISED AND MAY CONTRAVENE FSMA 2000.

THE AIFM (TRADING AS: BROOKFIELD OAKTREE WEALTH SOLUTIONS; REGISTERED NAME: LFE EUROPEAN ASSET MANAGEMENT S.À R.L.; INCORPORATED IN LUXEMBOURG; RCS NUMBER B198087; REGISTERED OFFICE 26A, BOULEVARD ROYAL, L-2449 LUXEMBOURG, GRAND DUCHY OF LUXEMBOURG) WILL MANAGE THE GLOBAL DISTRIBUTION OF THIS OFFERING IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS OF THE AIFM AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE AIFM AND THE FUND (REGISTERED NAME: BROOKFIELD OAKTREE WEALTH SOLUTIONS ALTERNATIVE FUNDS S.A. SICAV-UCI PART II; INCORPORATED IN LUXEMBOURG; RCS NUMBER: B273287; REGISTERED OFFICE: 26A, BOULEVARD ROYAL, L-2449 LUXEMBOURG, GRAND DUCHY OF LUXEMBOURG).

U.K. FCA WRAPPER

RISK SUMMARY

ESTIMATED READING TIME: 2 MIN

DUE TO THE POTENTIAL FOR LOSSES, THE FINANCIAL CONDUCT AUTHORITY (FCA) CONSIDERS THIS INVESTMENT TO BE VERY COMPLEX AND HIGH RISK.

WHAT ARE THE KEY RISKS?

1. YOU COULD LOSE ALL THE MONEY YOU INVEST

- IF THE BUSINESS OFFERING THIS INVESTMENT FAILS, THERE IS A HIGH RISK THAT YOU WILL LOSE ALL YOUR MONEY. BUSINESSES LIKE THIS OFTEN FAIL AS THEY USUALLY USE RISKY INVESTMENT STRATEGIES.
- ADVERTISED RATES OF RETURN AREN'T GUARANTEED. THIS IS NOT A SAVINGS ACCOUNT. IF THE ISSUER DOESN'T PAY YOU BACK AS AGREED, YOU COULD EARN LESS MONEY THAN EXPECTED OR NOTHING AT ALL. A HIGHER ADVERTISED RATE OF RETURN MEANS A HIGHER RISK OF LOSING YOUR MONEY. IF IT LOOKS TOO GOOD TO BE TRUE, IT PROBABLY IS.
- THESE INVESTMENTS MAY VERY OCCASIONALLY BE HELD IN AN INNOVATIVE FINANCE ISA (IFISA). IN SUCH CIRCUMSTANCES, WHILE ANY POTENTIAL GAINS FROM YOUR INVESTMENT WILL BE TAX FREE, YOU CAN STILL LOSE ALL YOUR MONEY. AN IFISA DOES NOT REDUCE THE RISK OF THE INVESTMENT OR PROTECT YOU FROM LOSSES.

2. YOU ARE UNLIKELY TO BE PROTECTED IF SOMETHING GOES WRONG

- THE FINANCIAL SERVICES COMPENSATION SCHEME (FSCS), IN RELATION TO CLAIMS AGAINST FAILED REGULATED FIRMS, DOES NOT COVER INVESTMENTS IN UNREGULATED COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES. YOU MAY BE ABLE TO CLAIM IF YOU RECEIVED REGULATED ADVICE TO INVEST IN ONE, AND THE ADVISER HAS SINCE FAILED. TRY THE FSCS INVESTMENT PROTECTION CHECKER [HERE](#).

3. YOU ARE UNLIKELY TO GET YOUR MONEY BACK QUICKLY

- THIS TYPE OF BUSINESS COULD FACE CASH-FLOW PROBLEMS THAT DELAY PAYMENTS TO INVESTORS. IT COULD ALSO FAIL ALTOGETHER AND BE UNABLE TO REPAY ANY OF THE MONEY OWED TO YOU.
- YOU ARE UNLIKELY TO BE ABLE TO CASH IN YOUR INVESTMENT EARLY BY SELLING YOUR INVESTMENT. IN THE RARE CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE IT IS POSSIBLE TO SELL YOUR INVESTMENT IN A 'SECONDARY MARKET', YOU MAY NOT FIND A BUYER AT THE PRICE YOU ARE WILLING TO SELL.
- YOU MAY HAVE TO PAY EXIT FEES OR ADDITIONAL CHARGES TO TAKE ANY MONEY OUT OF YOUR INVESTMENT EARLY.

4. THIS IS A COMPLEX INVESTMENT

- THIS KIND OF INVESTMENT HAS A COMPLEX STRUCTURE BASED ON OTHER RISKY INVESTMENTS, WHICH MAKES IT DIFFICULT FOR THE INVESTOR TO KNOW WHERE THEIR MONEY IS GOING.
- THIS MAKES IT DIFFICULT TO PREDICT HOW RISKY THE INVESTMENT IS, BUT IT WILL MOST LIKELY BE HIGH.
- YOU MAY WISH TO GET FINANCIAL ADVICE BEFORE DECIDING TO INVEST.

5. DON'T PUT ALL YOUR EGGS IN ONE BASKET

• PUTTING ALL YOUR MONEY INTO A SINGLE BUSINESS OR TYPE OF INVESTMENT FOR EXAMPLE, IS RISKY. SPREADING YOUR MONEY ACROSS DIFFERENT INVESTMENTS MAKES YOU LESS DEPENDENT ON ANY ONE TO DO WELL.

• A GOOD RULE OF THUMB IS NOT TO INVEST MORE THAN 10% OF YOUR MONEY IN HIGH-RISK INVESTMENTS.

IF YOU ARE INTERESTED IN LEARNING MORE ABOUT HOW TO PROTECT YOURSELF, VISIT THE FCA'S WEBSITE HERE.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT UNREGULATED COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES (UCIS), VISIT THE FCA'S WEBSITE HERE.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF ABU DHABI

THE FINANCIAL SERVICES REGULATORY AUTHORITY ("FSRA") OF THE ABU DHABI GLOBAL MARKET ACCEPTS NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR REVIEWING OR VERIFYING THIS INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITY AND THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN OR OTHER DOCUMENTS IN CONNECTION WITH THIS INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITY. ACCORDINGLY, THE FSRA HAS NOT APPROVED THE INFORMATION SUPPLIED IN RESPECT OF THIS INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITY OR ANY OTHER ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS NOR TAKEN ANY STEPS TO VERIFY THE INFORMATION IN RESPECT OF THIS INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITY, AND HAS NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR IT.

THE UNDERLYING ASSETS TO WHICH THIS INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITY RELATES MAY BE ILLIQUID AND/OR SUBJECT TO RESTRICTIONS ON THEIR RESALE. PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS SHOULD CONDUCT THEIR OWN DUE DILIGENCE ON THIS INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITY.

IF YOU DO NOT UNDERSTAND THE CONTENTS OF THIS INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITY YOU SHOULD CONSULT AN AUTHORIZED FINANCIAL ADVISER.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF ARGENTINA

NO PUBLIC OFFERING OF SHARES IS BEING MADE TO INVESTORS RESIDENT IN ARGENTINA. THE SHARES ARE BEING OFFERED ONLY TO A LIMITED NUMBER OF INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS AND SOPHISTICATED INDIVIDUAL INVESTORS CAPABLE OF UNDERSTANDING THE RISKS OF THEIR INVESTMENT. THE NATIONAL SECURITIES COMMISSION OF ARGENTINA HAS NOT PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS OR OTHERWISE APPROVED OR AUTHORIZED THE OFFERING OF THE SHARES TO INVESTORS RESIDENT IN ARGENTINA.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF AUSTRALIA

THE OFFER OF SHARES CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS IS DIRECTED ONLY TO PERSONS WHO QUALIFY AS "WHOLESALE CLIENTS" WITHIN THE MEANING OF SECTION 761G OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001 (CTH) ("**CORPORATIONS ACT**").

IF THE SHARES ARE TO BE ON-SOLD OR TRANSFERRED TO INVESTORS IN AUSTRALIA WITHOUT A DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT, WITHIN 12 MONTHS OF THE ISSUE OF THE SHARES, THE SHARES MAY ONLY BE ON-SOLD OR TRANSFERRED TO PERSONS IN AUSTRALIA WHO ARE 'WHOLESALE CLIENTS' UNDER SECTION 761G OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT ("**WHOLESALE CLIENT**"). EACH RECIPIENT OF THIS PROSPECTUS WARRANTS THAT IT IS A WHOLESALE CLIENT.

THIS PROSPECTUS IS NOT A DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT. THIS PROSPECTUS HAS NOT BEEN, AND WILL NOT BE, REVIEWED BY, NOR LODGED WITH, THE AUSTRALIAN SECURITIES & INVESTMENTS COMMISSION AND DOES NOT CONTAIN ALL THE INFORMATION THAT A DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT IS REQUIRED TO CONTAIN. THE DISTRIBUTION OF

THIS PROSPECTUS IN AUSTRALIA HAS NOT BEEN AUTHORISED BY ANY REGULATORY AUTHORITY IN AUSTRALIA.

THIS PROSPECTUS IS PROVIDED FOR INFORMATION PURPOSES ONLY AND DOES NOT CONSTITUTE THE PROVISION OF ANY FINANCIAL PRODUCT ADVICE OR RECOMMENDATION AND IT DOES NOT TAKE INTO ACCOUNT THE INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES, FINANCIAL SITUATION AND PARTICULAR NEEDS OF ANY PERSON AND NEITHER THE FUND, NOR ANY OTHER PERSON REFERRED TO IN THIS PROSPECTUS, IS LICENSED TO PROVIDE FINANCIAL PRODUCT ADVICE IN AUSTRALIA. YOU SHOULD READ THIS PROSPECTUS CAREFULLY AND CONSIDER WHETHER THE INVESTMENT IS SUITABLE FOR YOU, HAVING REGARD TO YOUR INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES, FINANCIAL SITUATION AND PARTICULAR NEEDS. THERE IS NO COOLING-OFF REGIME THAT APPLIES IN RELATION TO THE ACQUISITION OF SHARES IN AUSTRALIA.

THE FUND IS NOT REGISTERED AS A SCHEME OR AS A FOREIGN COMPANY IN AUSTRALIA, NOR IS THE INVESTMENT MANAGER.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF THE BAHAMAS

NO INVITATION MAY BE MADE TO THE PUBLIC IN THE BAHAMAS TO SUBSCRIBE FOR THE SHARES AND THE SHARES HAVE NOT BEEN AND WILL NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY TO THE PUBLIC IN THE BAHAMAS. THE SHARES MAY NOT BE OFFERED OR SOLD OR OTHERWISE DISPOSED OF IN ANY MANNER TO PERSONS DEEMED BY THE CENTRAL BANK OF THE BAHAMAS AS "RESIDENT" FOR EXCHANGE CONTROL PURPOSES. THIS DOCUMENT HAS NOT BEEN AND WILL NOT BE REGISTERED WITH THE SECURITIES COMMISSION OF THE BAHAMAS. THE SHARES HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED BY THE SECURITIES COMMISSION OR THE BAHAMAS OR OTHER REGULATORY AUTHORITY OF THE BAHAMAS AND ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS UNLAWFUL.

FURTHERMORE, NONE OF THE FOREGOING AUTHORITIES HAVE CONFIRMED THE ACCURACY OR DETERMINED THE ADEQUACY OF THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR. THE SECURITIES COMMISSION OF THE BAHAMAS DOES NOT TAKE RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS OF THE FUND OR FOR THE CORRECTNESS OF ANY STATEMENTS MADE OR OPINIONS EXPRESSED IN THIS REGARD.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF BAHRAIN

THIS OFFER CONSTITUTES AN OFFER OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS IN AN OVERSEAS DOMICILED EXEMPT COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT UNDERTAKING FOR THE PURPOSES OF VOLUME 7 OF THE RULEBOOK PUBLISHED BY THE CENTRAL BANK OF BAHRAIN. IT IS A PRIVATE PLACEMENT. ACCORDINGLY, IT IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE RULES OF THE CENTRAL BANK OF BAHRAIN THAT APPLY TO THE OFFERING OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS IN COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT UNDERTAKINGS TO THE PUBLIC AND THE EXTENSIVE DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS AND OTHER PROTECTIONS THAT THESE RULES CONTAIN. THIS PROSPECTUS IS, THEREFORE, INTENDED ONLY FOR "ACCREDITED INVESTORS" AS DEFINED IN THE APPLICABLE RULES OF THE CENTRAL BANK OF BAHRAIN.

THE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS OFFERED IN OVERSEAS DOMICILED EXEMPT COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT UNDERTAKINGS MAY ONLY BE OFFERED BY WAY OF PRIVATE PLACEMENT AND MAY ONLY BE OFFERED IN MINIMUM INITIAL SUBSCRIPTIONS OF US\$100,000 (OR EQUIVALENT IN OTHER CURRENCIES). THE CENTRAL BANK OF BAHRAIN ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ACCURACY AND COMPLETENESS OF THE STATEMENTS AND INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR ANY LOSS HOWSOEVER ARISING FROM RELIANCE UPON THE WHOLE OR ANY PART OF THE CONTENTS OF THIS PROSPECTUS.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF BERMUDA

SHARES IN THE FUND MAY NOT BE MARKETED, OFFERED OR SOLD DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY TO THE PUBLIC IN BERMUDA AND NEITHER THIS PROSPECTUS, WHICH IS NOT SUBJECT TO AND HAS NOT

RECEIVED APPROVAL FROM EITHER THE BERMUDA MONETARY AUTHORITY OR THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES AND NO STATEMENT TO THE CONTRARY, EXPLICIT OR IMPLICIT, IS AUTHORIZED TO BE MADE IN THIS REGARD, NOR ANY OFFERING MATERIAL OR INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN RELATING TO SHARES IN THE FUND, MAY BE SUPPLIED TO THE PUBLIC IN BERMUDA OR USED IN CONNECTION WITH ANY OFFER FOR THE SUBSCRIPTION OR SALE OF SHARES IN THE FUND TO THE PUBLIC IN BERMUDA. BERMUDA INVESTORS MAY BE SUBJECT TO FOREIGN EXCHANGE CONTROL APPROVAL AND FILING REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE RELEVANT BERMUDA FOREIGN EXCHANGE CONTROL REGULATIONS, AS WELL AS OFFSHORE INVESTMENT APPROVAL REQUIREMENTS.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF BRAZIL

THE FUND IS NOT LISTED WITH ANY STOCK EXCHANGE, ORGANIZED OVER THE COUNTER MARKET OR ELECTRONIC SYSTEM OF SECURITIES TRADING. SHARES IN THE FUND HAVE NOT BEEN AND WILL NOT BE REGISTERED WITH ANY SECURITIES EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR OTHER SIMILAR AUTHORITY, INCLUDING THE BRAZILIAN SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (*COMISSÃO DE VALORES MOBILIÁRIOS* – OR THE "**CVM**"). SHARES IN THE FUND WILL NOT BE DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY OFFERED OR SOLD WITHIN BRAZIL THROUGH ANY PUBLIC OFFERING, AS DETERMINED BY BRAZILIAN LAW AND BY THE RULES ISSUED BY THE CVM, INCLUDING LAW NO. 6,385 (DEC. 7, 1976) AND CVM RULE NO. 400 (DEC. 29, 2003), AS AMENDED FROM TIME TO TIME, OR ANY OTHER LAW OR RULES THAT MAY REPLACE THEM IN THE FUTURE.

ACTS INVOLVING A PUBLIC OFFERING IN BRAZIL, AS DEFINED UNDER BRAZILIAN LAWS AND REGULATIONS AND BY THE RULES ISSUED BY THE CVM, INCLUDING LAW NO. 6,385 (DEC. 7, 1976) AND CVM RULE NO. 400 (DEC. 29, 2003), AS AMENDED FROM TIME TO TIME, OR ANY OTHER LAW OR RULES THAT MAY REPLACE THEM IN THE FUTURE, MUST NOT BE PERFORMED WITHOUT SUCH PRIOR REGISTRATION. PERSONS IN BRAZIL WISHING TO ACQUIRE SHARES IN THE FUND SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR OWN COUNSEL AS TO THE APPLICABILITY OF THESE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OR ANY EXEMPTION THEREFROM. WITHOUT PREJUDICE TO THE ABOVE, THE SALE AND SOLICITATION OF SHARES IN THE FUND IS LIMITED TO QUALIFIED INVESTORS AS DEFINED BY CVM RULE NO. 539 (NOV. 13, 2013), AS AMENDED FROM TIME TO TIME OR AS DEFINED BY ANY OTHER RULE THAT MAY REPLACE IT IN THE FUTURE.

THIS PROSPECTUS IS CONFIDENTIAL AND INTENDED SOLELY FOR THE USE OF THE ADDRESSEE AND CANNOT BE DELIVERED OR DISCLOSED IN ANY MANNER WHATSOEVER TO ANY PERSON OR ENTITY OTHER THAN THE ADDRESSEE.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS

THE FUND IS NOT REGISTERED OR RECOGNISED IN THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS AND AS SUCH SHARES IN THE FUND MAY NOT BE OFFERED TO INDIVIDUALS IN THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS. HOWEVER, SHARES MAY BE OFFERED TO BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS BUSINESS COMPANIES AND/OR PERSONS WHO ARE NOT MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC FROM OUTSIDE THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS. A BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS BUSINESS COMPANY IS A COMPANY FORMED UNDER OR OTHERWISE GOVERNED BY THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS BUSINESS COMPANIES ACT, 2004 (BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS).

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF BRUNEI

THIS PROSPECTUS AND THE CONTENTS PROVIDED IN THIS PROSPECTUS ARE STRICTLY FOR GENERAL INFORMATION PURPOSES OF THE RECIPIENTS ONLY. INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THIS PROSPECTUS DOES NOT AND IS NOT INTENDED TO BE AN OFFER OR AN INVITATION TO INVEST OR SUBSCRIBE FOR ANY SECURITIES, A COMMITMENT, ADVICE OR A RECOMMENDATION TO PURCHASE OR SUBSCRIBE FOR ANY SECURITIES AND MAY NOT BE USED FOR OR BE CONSTRUED AS AN OFFER TO SELL OR AN INVITATION OR SOLICITATION OF AN OFFER TO BUY AND/OR TO SUBSCRIBE FOR ANY SECURITIES. ANY DATA SHOWN IN THIS PROSPECTUS IS PURELY HISTORICAL AND HAS BEEN

INCLUDED FOR DEMONSTRATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY. NOTHING IN THIS PROSPECTUS SHOULD BE CONSTITUTED AS AN OFFER OR INVITATION TO ANYONE TO INVEST IN ANY PRODUCT OR USE ANY SERVICES, NOR HAS IT BEEN PREPARED IN CONNECTION WITH ANY SUCH OFFER OR INVITATION.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF CANADA

THIS PROSPECTUS IS NOT, AND UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES IS TO BE CONSTRUED AS, AN ADVERTISEMENT OR A PUBLIC OFFERING OF THE SHARES IN ANY PROVINCE OR TERRITORY OF CANADA. ANY OFFER OR SALE OF THE SHARES IN ANY PROVINCE OR TERRITORY OF CANADA WILL ONLY BE MADE ON A PRIVATE PLACEMENT BASIS, UNDER AN EXEMPTION FROM THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE ISSUER PREPARE AND FILE A PROSPECTUS WITH THE RELEVANT CANADIAN SECURITIES REGULATORY AUTHORITIES. THE OFFERS AND SALES WILL ONLY BE MADE BY THE FUND OR ITS ASSOCIATES (TOGETHER, THE "**DEALERS**"), IN EITHER CASE, WHO ARE PROPERLY REGISTERED UNDER APPLICABLE SECURITIES LAWS, OR PURSUANT TO AN EXEMPTION FROM THE REQUIREMENT THAT SUCH A DEALER BE REGISTERED IN THE JURISDICTION IN WHICH THE OFFER OR SALE IS MADE.

THIS PROSPECTUS IS FOR THE CONFIDENTIAL USE OF THOSE PERSONS TO WHOM IT IS DELIVERED IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING OF THE SHARES IN CANADA. THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS RESERVES THE RIGHT TO REJECT ALL OR PART OF ANY OFFER TO PURCHASE THE SHARES FOR ANY REASON, OR ALLOCATE TO ANY PROSPECTIVE INVESTOR LESS THAN ALL OF THE SHARES FOR WHICH IT HAS SUBSCRIBED.

CANADA – RESPONSIBILITY

EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE EXPRESSLY REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW OR AS AGREED TO IN CONTRACT, NO REPRESENTATION, WARRANTY OR UNDERTAKING (EXPRESS OR IMPLIED) IS MADE AND NO RESPONSIBILITIES OR LIABILITIES OF ANY KIND OR NATURE WHATSOEVER ARE ACCEPTED BY ANY DEALER AS TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS OR ANY OTHER INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE ISSUER IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING OF THESE SECURITIES IN CANADA.

INVESTING IN THESE SECURITIES INVOLVES RISKS. PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS SHOULD REFER TO THE RISK FACTOR DISCLOSURE CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THESE RISKS.

CANADA – ENFORCEMENT OF LEGAL RIGHTS

THE FUND, AND THE DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS OF THE FUND, MAY BE LOCATED OUTSIDE OF CANADA, AND AS A RESULT, IT MAY NOT BE POSSIBLE FOR CANADIAN PURCHASERS TO EFFECT SERVICE OF PROCESS WITHIN CANADA UPON THE FUND OR ITS DIRECTORS OR OFFICERS. ALL OR A SUBSTANTIAL PORTION OF THE ASSETS OF THE FUND AND ITS DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS MAY BE LOCATED OUTSIDE OF CANADA, AND AS A RESULT, IT MAY NOT BE POSSIBLE TO SATISFY A JUDGMENT AGAINST THE FUND OR SUCH PERSONS IN CANADA OR TO ENFORCE A JUDGMENT OBTAINED IN CANADIAN COURTS AGAINST THE FUND OR SUCH PERSONS OUTSIDE OF CANADA.

CANADA – STATUTORY RIGHTS OF ACTION FOR DAMAGES OR RESCISSION

SECURITIES LEGISLATION IN CERTAIN PROVINCES OR TERRITORIES OF CANADA MAY PROVIDE A PURCHASER WITH REMEDIES FOR RESCISSION OR DAMAGES IF THE PROSPECTUS (INCLUDING ANY AMENDMENT OR SUPPLEMENT THERETO) CONTAINS A MISREPRESENTATION., PROVIDED THAT THE REMEDIES FOR RESCISSION OR DAMAGES ARE EXERCISED BY THE PURCHASER WITHIN THE TIME LIMIT PRESCRIBED BY THE SECURITIES LEGISLATION OF THE PURCHASER'S PROVINCE OR TERRITORY. THE PURCHASER SHOULD REFER TO ANY APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE SECURITIES LEGISLATION OF THE PURCHASER'S PROVINCE OR TERRITORY FOR PARTICULARS OF THESE RIGHTS OR CONSULT WITH A LEGAL ADVISOR.

CANADA – INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

ANY DISCUSSION OF TAXATION AND RELATED MATTERS CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS IS NOT A COMPREHENSIVE DESCRIPTION OF ALL THE TAX CONSIDERATIONS THAT MAY BE RELEVANT TO A DECISION TO PURCHASE THESE SECURITIES. PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS OF THE SHARES SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN LEGAL AND TAX ADVISOR WITH RESPECT TO THE TAX CONSEQUENCES OF AN INVESTMENT IN SHARES IN THEIR PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES AND WITH RESPECT TO THE ELIGIBILITY OF SUCH SHARES FOR INVESTMENT BY SUCH INVESTOR UNDER RELEVANT CANADIAN LEGISLATION. IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT TAX ADVISORS BE EMPLOYED IN CANADA, AS THERE ARE A NUMBER OF SUBSTANTIVE CANADIAN TAX COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR CANADIAN PURCHASERS.

CANADA – CONVERSION OF AMOUNTS INTO CANADIAN DOLLAR EQUIVALENT

UNLESS SPECIFICALLY STATED OTHERWISE, ALL DOLLAR AMOUNTS CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS ARE IN U.S. DOLLARS AND MUST BE CONVERTED INTO CANADIAN DOLLARS. FLUCTUATIONS IN THE EXCHANGE RATE BETWEEN THE PARTICULAR CURRENCY AND THE CANADIAN DOLLAR MAY AFFECT THE CANADIAN DOLLAR EQUIVALENT OF THE OFFERING PRICE OF SHARES AND THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN.

CANADA – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS MAY HAVE BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ACCOUNTING PRACTICES WHICH DIFFER IN CERTAIN RESPECTS FROM THOSE ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES USED IN OTHER JURISDICTIONS, INCLUDING CANADA. PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS SHOULD CONDUCT THEIR OWN INVESTIGATION AND ANALYSIS OF THE BUSINESS, DATA AND TRANSACTION DESCRIBED HEREIN AND CONSULT THEIR OWN FINANCIAL ADVISORS.

CANADA – RESALE RESTRICTIONS

THE DISTRIBUTION OF SHARES IN CANADA IS BEING MADE ON A PRIVATE PLACEMENT BASIS ONLY AND IS EXEMPT FROM THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE FUND PREPARE AND FILE A PROSPECTUS WITH THE RELEVANT CANADIAN SECURITIES REGULATORY AUTHORITIES. THE FUND IS NOT A REPORTING ISSUER IN ANY PROVINCE OR TERRITORY IN CANADA, THE SHARES ARE NOT LISTED ON ANY STOCK EXCHANGE IN CANADA, AND THE FUND DOES NOT INTEND TO BECOME A REPORTING ISSUER OR TO LIST THE SHARES ON ANY STOCK EXCHANGE IN CANADA. AS THERE IS NO MARKET FOR THE SHARES, IT MAY BE DIFFICULT OR EVEN IMPOSSIBLE FOR A PURCHASER TO SELL THEM. ACCORDINGLY, ANY RESALE OF THE SHARES MUST BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE CANADIAN SECURITIES LAWS WHICH MAY REQUIRE REALES TO BE MADE, PURSUANT TO AN EXEMPTION FROM, OR IN A TRANSACTION NOT SUBJECT TO, THE REGISTRATION AND PROSPECTUS REQUIREMENTS OF SUCH SECURITIES LAWS. THESE RESALE RESTRICTIONS MAY IN SOME CIRCUMSTANCES APPLY TO REALES OF THE SHARES OUTSIDE OF CANADA. PURCHASERS IN CANADA ARE ADVISED TO SEEK LEGAL ADVICE PRIOR TO ANY RESALE OF THE SHARES.

CANADA – REPRESENTATIONS OF CANADIAN PURCHASERS

EACH PURCHASER AND BENEFICIAL OWNER OF SHARES RESIDENT IN CANADA WILL BE DEEMED TO HAVE REPRESENTED TO THE FUND, BROOKFIELD AND THEIR ASSOCIATES, ANY PLACEMENT AGENT AND ANY DEALER WHO SELLS SHARES IN THE FUND TO SUCH THAT:

THE OFFER AND SALE OF SHARES WAS MADE EXCLUSIVELY THROUGH THE FINAL VERSION OF THIS PROSPECTUS AND WAS NOT MADE THROUGH AN ADVERTISEMENT OF SUCH SHARES IN ANY PRINTED MEDIA OF GENERAL AND REGULAR PAID CIRCULATION, RADIO, TELEVISION OR TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INCLUDING ELECTRONIC DISPLAY, OR ANY OTHER FORM OF ADVERTISING IN CANADA;

SUCH PURCHASER HAS REVIEWED AND ACKNOWLEDGES THE TERMS OF THIS PROSPECTUS, INCLUDING IN RESPECT OF APPLICABLE RESALE RESTRICTIONS;

WHERE REQUIRED BY LAW, SUCH PURCHASER IS PURCHASING AS PRINCIPAL, OR IS DEEMED TO BE PURCHASING AS PRINCIPAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE SECURITIES LAWS OF THE PROVINCE IN WHICH THE PURCHASER IS RESIDENT, FOR ITS OWN ACCOUNT AND NOT AS AGENT FOR THE BENEFIT OF ANOTHER PERSON;

SUCH PURCHASER OR ANY ULTIMATE PURCHASER FOR WHICH SUCH PURCHASER IS ACTING AS AGENT IS ENTITLED UNDER APPLICABLE CANADIAN SECURITIES LAWS TO PURCHASE SUCH SHARES WITHOUT THE BENEFIT OF A PROSPECTUS QUALIFIED UNDER SUCH SECURITIES LAWS, AND WITHOUT LIMITING THE GENERALITY OF THE FOREGOING, IS AN "ACCREDITED INVESTOR" AS DEFINED IN SECTION 1.1 OF NATIONAL INSTRUMENT 45-106 PROSPECTUS EXEMPTION ("**NI 45-106**"), FULFILLS THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 2.3 OF NI 45-106 AND WAS NOT CREATED AND IS NOT BEING USED SOLELY TO PURCHASE OR HOLD SECURITIES AS AN "ACCREDITED INVESTOR," OR FULFILLS THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 2.10 OF NI 45-106 (OTHER THAN A PERSON DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (M) OF SUCH DEFINITION THAT WAS CREATED OR IS USED SOLELY TO PURCHASE OR HOLD SECURITIES AS AN ACCREDITED INVESTOR) OR SECTION 73.3 OF THE SECURITIES ACT (ONTARIO), AS APPLICABLE; WAS NOT CREATED, AND IS NOT BEING USED, SOLELY TO PURCHASE OR HOLD SECURITIES (I) AS AN ACCREDITED INVESTOR; OR (II) MORE SPECIFICALLY, OF THE FUND;

SUCH INVESTOR OR ANY ULTIMATE INVESTOR FOR WHICH SUCH INVESTOR IS ACTING AS AGENT IS A "PERMITTED CLIENT" AS DEFINED IN SECTION 1.1 OF NATIONAL INSTRUMENT 31-103 REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS, EXEMPTIONS AND ONGOING REGISTRANT OBLIGATIONS;

TO THE BEST OF THE INVESTOR'S KNOWLEDGE, NONE OF THE FUNDS TO BE PROVIDED BY OR ON BEHALF OF THE INVESTOR TO THE FUND OR ITS AGENTS ARE BEING TENDERED ON BEHALF OF A PERSON OR ENTITY WHO HAS NOT BEEN IDENTIFIED TO THE INVESTOR;

ACKNOWLEDGES AND AGREES THAT:

- A. THIS OFFERING IS BEING MADE BY A NON-CANADIAN ISSUER USING DISCLOSURE DOCUMENTS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NON-CANADIAN SECURITIES LAWS;
- B. THESE REQUIREMENTS UNDER NON-CANADIAN SECURITIES LAWS MAY DIFFER SIGNIFICANTLY FROM THOSE OF THE INVESTOR'S PROVINCE OF RESIDENCE; AND
- C. ANY FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION INCLUDED OR INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE IN ANY MATERIALS PROVIDED TO THE INVESTOR IS NOT MATERIAL TO THE OFFERING;

THE INVESTOR CERTIFIES THAT NONE OF THE FUNDS BEING USED TO PURCHASE THE SHARES ARE, TO THE INVESTOR'S KNOWLEDGE, PROCEEDS OBTAINED OR DERIVED, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, AS A RESULT OF ILLEGAL ACTIVITIES AND THAT:

- A. THE FUNDS BEING USED TO PURCHASE THE SHARES AND ADVANCED BY OR ON BEHALF OF THE INVESTOR TO THE FUND OR ITS AGENTS DO NOT REPRESENT PROCEEDS OF CRIME FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE PROCEEDS OF CRIME (MONEY LAUNDERING) AND TERRORIST FINANCING ACT (CANADA) (THE "**PCMLA**"), THE USA PATRIOT ACT OR ANY SIMILAR ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING STATUTE; AND
- B. THE INVESTOR IS NOT A PERSON OR ENTITY THAT IS, OR IS OWNED OR CONTROLLED BY PERSONS THAT ARE (I) THE TARGET OF ANY SANCTIONS ADMINISTERED OR ENFORCED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA, THE U.S.

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY'S OFFICE OF FOREIGN ASSETS CONTROL (OFAC), THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE, THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL, THE EUROPEAN UNION, HER MAJESTY'S TREASURY, OR OTHER RELEVANT SANCTIONS AUTHORITY (COLLECTIVELY, "**TRADE SANCTIONS**"); OR (II) LOCATED, ORGANIZED OR RESIDENT IN A COUNTRY OR TERRITORY THAT IS, OR WHOSE GOVERNMENT IS, THE SUBJECT OF TRADE SANCTIONS, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, CRIMEA, IRAN, NORTH KOREA, SUDAN, AND SYRIA;

- C. ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THE FUND OR ITS AGENTS MAY IN THE FUTURE BE REQUIRED BY LAW TO DISCLOSE THE INVESTOR'S NAME AND OTHER INFORMATION RELATING TO THE INVESTOR AND ANY PURCHASE OF THE SHARES, ON A CONFIDENTIAL BASIS, PURSUANT TO THE PCMLA, THE CRIMINAL CODE (CANADA), THE TRADE SANCTIONS AND PURSUANT TO CANADIAN SECURITIES LAWS OR AS OTHERWISE MAY BE REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAWS, REGULATIONS OR RULES, AND BY ACCEPTING DELIVERY OF THIS PROSPECTUS, THE INVESTOR WILL BE DEEMED TO HAVE AGREED TO THE FOREGOING;

IT SHALL PROMPTLY NOTIFY THE FUND OR ITS AGENTS IF THE INVESTOR DISCOVERS THAT ANY SUCH REPRESENTATIONS CEASE TO BE TRUE, AND SHALL PROVIDE THE FUND OR ITS AGENTS WITH APPROPRIATE INFORMATION IN CONNECTION THEREWITH; AND

WHERE REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE SECURITIES LAWS, REGULATIONS OR RULES, THE INVESTOR WILL EXECUTE, DELIVER AND FILE SUCH REPORTS, UNDERTAKINGS AND OTHER DOCUMENTS RELATING TO THE PURCHASE OF THE SHARES BY THE INVESTOR AS MAY BE REQUIRED BY SUCH LAWS, REGULATIONS AND RULES, OR ASSIST THE FUND OR ITS AGENTS, AS APPLICABLE, IN OBTAINING AND FILING SUCH REPORTS UNDERTAKINGS AND OTHER DOCUMENTS.

IN ADDITION, EACH PURCHASER AND BENEFICIAL OWNER OF INTERESTS RESIDENT IN CANADA THAT IS A NATURAL PERSON WILL BE DEEMED TO HAVE REPRESENTED TO THE FUND, BROOKFIELD AND THEIR ASSOCIATES THAT SUCH PERSON HAS BEEN NOTIFIED THAT:

- A. THE FUND MAY BE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE INFORMATION ("**PERSONAL INFORMATION**") PERTAINING TO THE PURCHASER AS REQUIRED TO BE DISCLOSED IN SCHEDULE I OF FORM 45-106F1 OR ANY SUCCESSOR FORM THERETO (INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ITS NAME, ADDRESS, TELEPHONE NUMBER AND THE NUMBER AND VALUE OF ANY INTERESTS PURCHASED), WHICH MAY BE REQUIRED TO BE FILED BY THE FUND UNDER NI 45-106;
- B. SUCH PERSONAL INFORMATION (I) WILL BE DELIVERED TO THE CANADIAN SECURITIES REGULATORY AUTHORITIES IN THE APPLICABLE PROVINCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH NI 45-106; (II) IS BEING COLLECTED INDIRECTLY BY THE CANADIAN SECURITIES REGULATORY AUTHORITIES UNDER THE AUTHORITY GRANTED TO THEM UNDER SECURITIES LEGISLATION; AND (III) IS BEING COLLECTED FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF THE SECURITIES LEGISLATION OF THE APPLICABLE PROVINCE;
- C. THE PUBLIC OFFICIAL IN THE APPLICABLE PROVINCE WHO CAN ANSWER QUESTIONS ABOUT THE INDIRECT COLLECTION OF SUCH PERSONAL INFORMATION WILL BE PROVIDED BY THE FUND UPON REQUEST;
- D. THE PERSONAL INFORMATION MAY BECOME AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF APPLICABLE LAWS; AND

- E. BY PURCHASING THE INTERESTS, THE PURCHASER HAS AUTHORIZED BOTH THE INDIRECT COLLECTION OF THE PERSONAL INFORMATION BY THE CANADIAN SECURITIES REGULATORY AUTHORITIES AND ITS POSSIBLE DISCLOSURE.

CANADA – LANGUAGE OF DOCUMENTS IN CANADA

UPON RECEIPT OF THIS DOCUMENT, EACH INVESTOR IN CANADA HEREBY CONFIRMS THAT IT HAS EXPRESSLY REQUESTED THAT ALL DOCUMENTS EVIDENCING OR RELATING IN ANY WAY TO THE SALE OF THE SHARES (INCLUDING FOR GREATER CERTAINTY ANY PURCHASE CONFIRMATION OR ANY NOTICE) BE DRAWN UP IN THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE ONLY.

PAR LA RECEPTION DE CE DOCUMENT, CHAQUE INVESTISSEUR CANADIEN CONFIRME PAR LES PRESENTES QU'IL A EXPRESSÉMENT EXIGÉ QUE TOUS LES DOCUMENTS FAISANT FOI OU SE RAPPORTANT DE QUELQUE MANIÈRE QUE CE SOIT À LA VENTE DES VALEURS MOBILIÈRES DÉCRITES AUX PRESENTES (INCLUANT, POUR PLUS DE CERTITUDE, TOUTE CONFIRMATION D'ACHAT OU TOUT AVIS) SOIENT RÉDIGÉS EN ANGLAIS SEULEMENT.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

THE FUND DOES NOT INTEND TO ESTABLISH A PLACE OF BUSINESS OR OTHERWISE INTEND TO CONDUCT BUSINESS IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS. ACCORDINGLY, THE FUND SHOULD NOT BE SUBJECT TO THE SUPERVISION OF ANY CAYMAN ISLANDS AUTHORITY.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF CHILE

THIS PRIVATE OFFERING OF SHARES IS ADDRESSED ONLY TO "QUALIFIED INVESTORS" (AS DEFINED IN CMF GENERAL RULE NO. 216).

LA PRESENTE OFERTA DE VALORES ESTÁ DIRIGIDA A "INVERSIONISTAS CALIFICADOS" (SEGÚN SE DEFINE EN LA NORMA DE CARÁCTER GENERAL N° 216 DE LA CMF).

NEITHER THE FUND NOR THE SHARES WILL BE REGISTERED IN THE REGISTRO DE VALORES EXTRANJEROS (FOREIGN SECURITIES REGISTRY) KEPT BY THE COMISION PARA EL MERCADO FINANCIERO DE CHILE (CHILEAN FINANCIAL MARKET COMMISSION OR "CMF") AND WILL NOT BE SUBJECT TO THE SUPERVISION OF THE CMF. IF SUCH SECURITIES ARE OFFERED WITHIN CHILE, THEY WILL BE OFFERED AND SOLD ONLY PURSUANT TO GENERAL RULE 336 OF THE CMF, AN EXEMPTION TO THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS, OR IN CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH DO NOT CONSTITUTE A PUBLIC OFFER OF SECURITIES IN CHILE WITHIN THE MEANING OF ARTICLE 4 OF THE CHILEAN LAW NO. 18,045 ON SECURITIES MARKET. THE COMMENCEMENT DATE OF THIS OFFERING IS THE ONE CONTAINED IN THE COVER PAGES OF THIS PROSPECTUS. THE ISSUER HAS NO OBLIGATION TO DELIVER PUBLIC INFORMATION IN CHILE. THESE SHARES SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO PUBLIC OFFERING IN CHILE UNLESS REGISTERED IN THE FOREIGN SECURITIES REGISTRY.

EL EMISOR Y LOS VALORES NO SERÁN REGISTRADOS EN EL REGISTRO DE VALORES EXTRANJEROS DE LA COMISION PARA EL MERCADO FINANCIERO DE CHILE O "CMF" Y NO ESTÁN SUJETOS A LA FISCALIZACIÓN DE LA CMF. SI DICHOS VALORES SON OFRECIDOS DENTRO DE CHILE, SERÁN OFRECIDOS Y COLOCADOS SÓLO DE ACUERDO A LA NORMA DE CARÁCTER GENERAL 336 DE LA CMF, UNA EXCEPCIÓN A LA OBLIGACIÓN DE REGISTRO, O EN CIRCUNSTANCIAS QUE NO CONSTITUYAN UNA OFERTA PÚBLICA DE VALORES EN CHILE SEGÚN LO DEFINIDO POR EL ARTÍCULO 4 DE LA LEY 18.045 DE MERCADO DE VALORES DE CHILE. LA FECHA DE INICIO DE LA PRESENTE OFERTA ES LA INDICADA EN LA PORTADA DE ESTE PROSPECTUS. EL EMISOR NO ESTÁ OBLIGADO A ENTREGAR INFORMACIÓN PÚBLICA EN CHILE. LOS VALORES NO PODRAN SER OBJETO DE OFERTA PUBLICA MIENTRAS NO SEAN INSCRITOS EN EL REGISTRO DE VALORES EXTRANJEROS DE LA SVS.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF DIFC

THIS PROSPECTUS RELATES TO A FUND WHICH IS NOT SUBJECT TO ANY FORM OF REGULATION OR APPROVAL BY THE DUBAI FINANCIAL SERVICES AUTHORITY (“**DFSA**”).

THE DFSA HAS NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR REVIEWING OR VERIFYING ANY PROSPECTUS OR OTHER DOCUMENTS IN CONNECTION WITH THIS FUND. ACCORDINGLY, THE DFSA HAS NOT APPROVED THIS PROSPECTUS OR ANY OTHER ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS NOR TAKEN ANY STEPS TO VERIFY THE INFORMATION SET OUT IN THIS PROSPECTUS, AND HAS NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR IT.

THE SHARES TO WHICH THIS PROSPECTUS RELATES MAY BE ILLIQUID AND/OR SUBJECT TO RESTRICTIONS ON THEIR RESALE. PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS SHOULD CONDUCT THEIR OWN DUE DILIGENCE ON THE SHARES.

IF YOU DO NOT UNDERSTAND THE CONTENTS OF THIS DOCUMENT, YOU SHOULD CONSULT AN AUTHORISED FINANCIAL ADVISER.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF EGYPT

THE MARKETING OF SECURITIES OR FUNDS MAY NOT BE CARRIED OUT BY ANY MEANS IN EGYPT, WITHOUT OBTAINING A LICENCE FROM THE FINANCIAL REGULATORY AUTHORITY (THE “**FRA**”) IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF CAPITAL MARKET LAW NO. 95 OF 1992 AND ITS EXECUTIVE REGULATIONS (THE “**CAPITAL MARKET LAW**”). SECURITIES OR FUND UNITS MAY BE OFFERED OR SOLD IN EGYPT BY MEANS OF A PUBLIC OFFER OR A PRIVATE PLACEMENT AFTER THE RELEVANT PROSPECTUS BEING APPROVED BY FRA IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE CAPITAL MARKET LAW. THIS IS NOT A PUBLIC OR PRIVATE PLACEMENT OFFER AND THE MARKETING ENTITY IS NOT LICENSED IN EGYPT AND ANY MARKETING ACTIVITY WILL BE CARRIED OUT OUTSIDE EGYPT.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF GERMANY

THE CONTENTS OF THIS PROSPECTUS HAVE NOT BEEN VERIFIED BY THE GERMAN FEDERAL FINANCIAL SUPERVISORY AUTHORITY (BUNDESANTSTALT FÜR FINANZDIENSTLEISTUNGSAUFSICHT, “**BAFIN**”). THE SHARES MAY ONLY BE MARKETED OR ACQUIRED WITHIN GERMANY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE GERMAN CAPITAL INVESTMENT ACT (KAPITALANLAGEGESETZBUCH, “**KAGB**”) AND ANY LAWS AND REGULATIONS APPLICABLE IN GERMANY GOVERNING THE ISSUE, OFFERING, MARKETING AND SALE OF THE SHARES.

THE SHARES ARE PERMITTED TO BE MARKETED IN GERMANY ONLY TO “PROFESSIONAL INVESTORS” AND “SEMIPROFESSIONAL INVESTORS” AS DEFINED IN THE KAGB AND THE AIFM DIRECTIVE.

THE SHARES MUST NOT BE MARKETED IN GERMANY, NEITHER DIRECTLY NOR INDIRECTLY, TO GERMAN PRIVATE INVESTORS AS DEFINED IN THE KAGB.

PROSPECTIVE GERMAN INVESTORS ARE STRONGLY ADVISED TO CONSIDER POSSIBLE TAX CONSEQUENCES OF AN INVESTMENT IN THE FUND AND SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS IN THAT RESPECT.

NOTWITHSTANDING THE REFERENCES TO ANY COMPARTMENT OR FUND VEHICLE OTHER THAN BROOKFIELD OAKTREE WEALTH SOLUTIONS ALTERNATIVE FUNDS S.A. SICAV-UCI PART II – BROOKFIELD INFRASTRUCTURE INCOME FUND OR ANY INTEREST IN ANY SUCH COMPARTMENT OR VEHICLE OTHER THAN BROOKFIELD OAKTREE WEALTH SOLUTIONS ALTERNATIVE FUNDS S.A. SICAV-UCI PART II – BII SICAV – I IN THIS PROSPECTUS, NO INTEREST OTHER THAN THE SHARES ARE BEING OFFERED HEREBY TO PROSPECTIVE GERMAN INVESTORS. TO THE EXTENT THAT THIS PROSPECTUS PROVIDES INFORMATION ON COMPARTMENTS OR FUND VEHICLES OTHER THAN BROOKFIELD OAKTREE WEALTH SOLUTIONS ALTERNATIVE FUNDS S.A. SICAV-UCI PART II – BROOKFIELD INFRASTRUCTURE INCOME FUND, SUCH INFORMATION IS FOR INVESTOR DISCLOSURE PURPOSES

ONLY. THE INTERESTS IN ANY SUCH COMPARTMENT OR OTHER FUND VEHICLE MUST NOT BE MARKETED IN GERMANY WITHIN THE MEANING OF § 293 PARA. 1 KAGB.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF GUERNSEY

THE FUND HAS NOT BEEN AUTHORIZED BY THE GUERNSEY FINANCIAL SERVICES COMMISSION (THE "**COMMISSION**") UNDER THE PROTECTION OF INVESTORS (BAILIWICK OF GUERNSEY) LAW, 1987, AS AMENDED. ACCORDINGLY, ANY MARKETING MATERIAL OR PROSPECTUS IN RELATION TO THE FUND MAY NOT BE CIRCULATED WITHIN THE BAILIWICK OF GUERNSEY, AND THERE SHOULD BE NO ONWARD DISTRIBUTION OF THE SAME.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF HONG KONG

THE CONTENTS OF THIS PROSPECTUS HAVE NOT BEEN REVIEWED OR APPROVED BY ANY REGULATORY AUTHORITY IN HONG KONG. THIS PROSPECTUS DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER OR INVITATION TO THE PUBLIC IN HONG KONG TO ACQUIRE SHARES. ACCORDINGLY, UNLESS PERMITTED BY THE SECURITIES LAWS OF HONG KONG, NO PERSON MAY ISSUE OR HAVE IN ITS POSSESSION FOR THE PURPOSES OF ISSUE, THIS PROSPECTUS OR ANY ADVERTISEMENT, INVITATION OR DOCUMENT RELATING TO SHARES IN THE FUND, WHETHER IN HONG KONG OR ELSEWHERE, WHICH IS DIRECTED AT, OR THE CONTENTS OF WHICH ARE LIKELY TO BE ACCESSED OR READ BY, THE PUBLIC IN HONG KONG OTHER THAN IN RELATION TO SHARES IN THE FUND WHICH ARE INTENDED TO BE DISPOSED OF ONLY TO PERSONS OUTSIDE HONG KONG OR ONLY TO "PROFESSIONAL INVESTORS" (AS SUCH TERM IS DEFINED IN THE SECURITIES AND FUTURES ORDINANCE OF HONG KONG (CAP. 571) (THE "**SFO**") AND THE SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION MADE THEREUNDER) OR IN CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH DO NOT RESULT IN THIS PROSPECTUS BEING A "PROSPECTUS" AS DEFINED IN THE COMPANIES ORDINANCES OF HONG KONG (CAP. 32) (THE "**CO**") OR WHICH DO NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER OR AN INVITATION TO THE PUBLIC FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE SFO OR THE CO. THE OFFER OF SHARES IN THE FUND IS PERSONAL TO THE PERSON TO WHOM THIS PROSPECTUS HAS BEEN DELIVERED BY OR ON BEHALF OF THE FUND, AND A SUBSCRIPTION FOR SHARES IN THE FUND WILL ONLY BE ACCEPTED FROM SUCH PERSON. NO PERSON TO WHOM A COPY OF THIS PROSPECTUS IS ISSUED MAY ISSUE, CIRCULATE OR DISTRIBUTE THIS PROSPECTUS IN HONG KONG OR MAKE OR GIVE A COPY OF THIS PROSPECTUS TO ANY OTHER PERSON. YOU ARE ADVISED TO EXERCISE CAUTION IN RELATION TO THE OFFER. IF YOU ARE IN ANY DOUBT ABOUT ANY OF THE CONTENTS OF THIS PROSPECTUS, YOU SHOULD OBTAIN INDEPENDENT PROFESSIONAL ADVICE.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF INDIA

THE SHARES OFFERED HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA ("**SEBI**") OR ANY OTHER REGULATORY OR GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY IN INDIA AND NO SUCH AUTHORITY HAS CONFIRMED THE ACCURACY OR DETERMINED THE ADEQUACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS.

THIS PROSPECTUS DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER TO SELL OR A SOLICITATION OF AN OFFER TO BUY THE SHARES FROM ANY PERSON OTHER THAN THE FUND AND SUBSCRIPTION OF THE SHARES SHALL NOT BE ACCEPTED FROM A PERSON TO WHOM THIS PROSPECTUS HAS NOT BEEN ADDRESSED OR SENT BY THE FUND. THIS PROSPECTUS IS NOT AND SHOULD NOT BE CONSIDERED AS A PROSPECTUS. THE SHARES ARE NOT BEING OFFERED FOR SALE OR SUBSCRIPTION BUT ARE BEING PRIVATELY PLACED WITH LIMITED NUMBER OF INVESTORS. PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS MUST SEEK LEGAL ADVICE AS TO WHETHER THEY ARE ENTITLED TO SUBSCRIBE FOR OR PURCHASE THE SHARES BEING OFFERED AND COMPLY WITH ALL RELEVANT INDIAN LAWS IN THIS RESPECT. ANY OFFER OR ITS ACCEPTANCE IS SUBJECT TO COMPLIANCE IN INDIA WITH APPLICABLE INDIAN LAW. NONE OF THE FUND, THE INVESTMENT MANAGER, THEIR OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES OR AFFILIATE ARE EXPECTED TO BE REGISTERED WITH ANY REGULATORY OR GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY IN INDIA IN RESPECT TO THEIR RESPECTIVE ROLES OR FUNCTIONS IN RELATION TO THE FUND.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF INDONESIA

THIS PROSPECTUS IS FOR THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE PERSON NAMED ON THE FRONT COVER OF THIS PROSPECTUS. IF THE NUMBER ON THE FRONT COVER OF THIS PROSPECTUS DOES NOT APPEAR IN RED, THERE IS A PRESUMPTION THAT THIS PROSPECTUS HAS BEEN IMPROPERLY REPRODUCED AND CIRCULATED, IN WHICH CASE THE FUND AND ITS AFFILIATE DISCLAIM ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR ITS CONTENT OR USE. THIS PROSPECTUS MAY NOT BE PHOTOCOPIED, REPRODUCED OR DISTRIBUTED, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, TO ANY OTHER PERSON AT ANY TIME. DISTRIBUTION OF THIS PROSPECTUS TO ANY PERSON OTHER THAN IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE TERMS OF THIS PROSPECTUS IS UNAUTHORIZED. IF THE OFFEREE DOES NOT PROCEED WITH THE TRANSACTION OR IF IT IS SO REQUESTED, IT WILL RETURN THIS PROSPECTUS TO THE FUND PROMPTLY. SHARES WILL NOT BE OFFERED OR SOLD, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, IN THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA OR TO INDONESIAN CITIZENS, NATIONALS OR CORPORATIONS, WHEREVER LOCATED, OR ENTITIES OR RESIDENTS IN INDONESIA IN A MANNER WHICH CONSTITUTES A PUBLIC OFFERING OF SHARES UNDER THE LAWS AND REGULATIONS OF INDONESIA.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF THE ISLE OF MAN

THE FUND IS NOT SUBJECT TO ANY FORM OF REGULATION OR APPROVAL IN THE ISLE OF MAN. THIS MEMORANDUM HAS NOT BEEN REGISTERED OR APPROVED FOR DISTRIBUTION IN THE ISLE OF MAN AND MAY ONLY BE DISTRIBUTED IN OR INTO THE ISLE OF MAN BY A PERSON PERMITTED UNDER ISLE OF MAN LAW TO DO SO AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ISLE OF MAN COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES ACT 2008 AND REGULATIONS MADE THEREUNDER. THE PARTICIPANTS IN THE FUND ARE NOT PROTECTED BY ANY STATUTORY COMPENSATION SCHEME.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF ISRAEL

THE SHARES IN THE FUND DESCRIBED IN THIS PROSPECTUS HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED AND ARE NOT EXPECTED TO BE REGISTERED UNDER THE ISRAELI SECURITIES LAW — 1968 (THE "**SECURITIES LAW**") OR UNDER THE ISRAELI JOINT INVESTMENT TRUST LAW – 1994 ("**JOINT INVESTMENT LAW**"). ACCORDINGLY, THE SHARES IN THE FUND DESCRIBED HEREIN WILL ONLY BE OFFERED AND SOLD IN ISRAEL PURSUANT TO APPLICABLE PRIVATE PLACEMENT EXEMPTIONS, (I) TO QUALIFIED INVESTORS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 15A(B)(1) OF THE SECURITIES LAW AND THE FIRST SCHEDULE OF THE SECURITIES LAW ("**QUALIFIED ISRAELI INVESTORS**") AND TO 35 OR FEWER OFFEREEES THAT ARE NON-QUALIFIED ISRAELI INVESTORS DURING A CONSECUTIVE 12-MONTH PERIOD, AS PERMITTED UNDER THE APPLICABLE EXEMPTIONS OF THE SECURITIES LAW; AND (II) SHALL INCLUDE AT ANY GIVEN TIME AN UNLIMITED NUMBER OF QUALIFIED ISRAELI INVESTORS, AND UP TO ADDITIONAL 50 PARTICIPANTS THAT ARE NOT QUALIFIED ISRAELI INVESTORS, AS PERMITTED UNDER THE APPLICABLE EXEMPTIONS OF THE JOINT INVESTMENT LAW.

IF ANY RECIPIENT IN ISRAEL OF A COPY OF THIS PROSPECTUS IS NOT QUALIFIED AS SUCH, SUCH RECIPIENT SHOULD PROMPTLY RETURN THIS PROSPECTUS TO THE FUND. THE FUND IS NOT A LICENSED INVESTMENT MARKETER UNDER THE LAW FOR THE REGULATION OF PROVISION OF INVESTMENT ADVICE, MARKETING INVESTMENTS AND PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT – 1995 (THE "**INVESTMENT ADVISOR LAW**") AND THE FUND DOES NOT MAINTAIN INSURANCE AS REQUIRED UNDER SUCH LAW. ACCORDINGLY, THE SHARES IN THE FUND DESCRIBED HEREIN WILL ONLY BE OFFERED AND SOLD IN ISRAEL TO PARTIES WHICH QUALIFY AS "QUALIFIED CLIENT" FOR PURPOSES OF SECTION 3(A)(11) AND FIRST SCHEDULE OF THE INVESTMENT ADVISOR LAW.

NOTICE TO INVESTORS IN ITALY

THIS PROSPECTUS AND THE OFFER OF THE SHARES OF THE FUND IS ADDRESSED TO PROFESSIONAL INVESTORS AS DEFINED IN THE ITALIAN CONSOLIDATED LAW ON FINANCE NO. 58 OF FEBRUARY 24, 1998, AS AMENDED FROM TIME TO TIME (THE "**FCA**") AND IN THE REGULATIONS OF THE *COMMISSIONE NAZIONALE PER LE SOCIETÀ E LA BORSA* (CONSOB) ISSUED PURSUANT TO IT, IN

ACCORDANCE WITH THE FRAMEWORK OF DIRECTIVE 2014/65/EU OF MAY 15, 2014 ON MARKETS AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND REGULATION (EU) NO 600/2014 OF MAY, 15 2014 ON MARKETS AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS. IN ADDITION TO PROFESSIONAL INVESTORS, THE SHARES OF THE FUND MAY BE OFFERED TO THE FOLLOWING CATEGORIES OF INVESTORS (COLLECTIVELY, “**ITALIAN QUALIFYING INVESTORS**”):

- A. INVESTORS WHO SUBSCRIBE OR PURCHASE SHARES OF THE FUND FOR AN INITIAL, NOT FRACTIONABLE AMOUNT OF EUR 500,000;
- B. ENTITIES AUTHORIZED TO PROVIDE PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT SERVICES WHO, IN EXECUTION OF THEIR INVESTMENT MANDATE, SUBSCRIBE OR PURCHASE SHARES OF THE FUND FOR AN INITIAL AMOUNT OF NOT LESS THAN EUR 100,000 ON BEHALF OF A RETAIL INVESTORS; AND
- C. INVESTORS WHO SUBSCRIBE OR PURCHASE SHARES OF THE FUND FOR AN INITIAL, NOT FRACTIONABLE AMOUNT OF EUR 100,000, *PROVIDED* THAT THE FOLLOWING TWO CONDITIONS JOINTLY APPLY: (I) THE INVESTOR’S COMMITMENTS IN ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT FUNDS RESERVED TO PROFESSIONAL INVESTORS DO NOT EXCEED THE 10% OF THE AGGREGATE INVESTOR’S FINANCIAL PORTFOLIO; AND (II) THE INVESTOR IS MAKING THE COMMITMENT ON THE BASIS OF THE INVESTMENT ADVICE RECEIVED FROM AN ENTITY DULY LICENSED TO PROVIDE SUCH SERVICES.

THE ADDRESSEE ACKNOWLEDGES AND CONFIRMS THE ABOVE AND HEREBY AGREES NOT TO CIRCULATE THIS PROSPECTUS IN ITALY UNLESS EXPRESSLY PERMITTED BY, AND IN COMPLIANCE WITH, APPLICABLE LAW.

IN ADDITION, ANY INVESTOR WILL BE REQUIRED TO AGREE AND REPRESENT THAT ANY ON-SALE OR OFFER OF ANY SHARE BY SUCH INVESTOR (IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FUND’S DOCUMENTS) SHALL BE MADE IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF JAPAN

SHARES IN THE FUND HAVE NOT BEEN AND WILL NOT BE REGISTERED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 4, PARAGRAPH 1 OF THE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND EXCHANGE LAW OF JAPAN (THE “**FIEL**”) WITH RESPECT TO THE SOLICITATION OF THE APPLICATION FOR THE ACQUISITION OF THE SHARES ON THE GROUNDS THAT THE SOLICITATION CONSTITUTES A “SOLICITATION FOR A SMALL NUMBER OF INVESTORS” AS SET FORTH IN ARTICLE 23-13, PARAGRAPH 4 OF THE FIEL OR THAT THE SOLICITATION FOR CERTAIN QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS (“**QIIS**”) AS DEFINED IN ARTICLE 2, PARAGRAPH 3, ITEM 1 OF THE FIEL AND ARTICLE 10 OF THE CABINET ORDER REGARDING DEFINITIONS UNDER ARTICLE 2 OF THE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND EXCHANGE LAW CONSTITUTES A “SOLICITATION FOR QIIS” AS DEFINED IN ARTICLE 23-13, PARAGRAPH 1 OF THE FIEL AND, ACCORDINGLY, THE SHARES MAY NOT BE OFFERED OR SOLD, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, IN JAPAN OR TO, OR FOR THE BENEFIT, OF ANY JAPANESE PERSON OR TO OTHERS FOR RE-OFFERING OR RESALE, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, IN JAPAN OR TO ANY JAPANESE PERSON EXCEPT UNDER CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH WILL RESULT IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE LAWS, REGULATIONS AND GUIDELINES PROMULGATED BY THE RELEVANT JAPANESE GOVERNMENTAL AND REGULATORY AUTHORITIES AND IN EFFECT AT THE RELEVANT TIME. FOR THIS PURPOSE, A “JAPANESE PERSON” MEANS ANY PERSON RESIDENT IN JAPAN, INCLUDING ANY CORPORATION OR OTHER ENTITY ORGANISED UNDER THE LAWS OF JAPAN. ANY SOLICITATION OF THE SHARES SHALL NOT BE MADE, IF, AS A RESULT OF SUCH SOLICITATION, THE NUMBER OF PERSONS (INCLUDING BENEFICIAL OWNERS OR LEGAL ENTITIES, BUT EXCLUDING “NON-RESIDENTS” OF JAPAN AS DEFINED IN ARTICLE 6, PARAGRAPH 1, ITEM 6 OF THE FOREIGN EXCHANGE AND FOREIGN TRADE LAW OF JAPAN WHO ARE SOLICITED OUTSIDE JAPAN) WHO ARE SOLICITED FOR PURCHASE OF THE SHARES (INCLUDING NEWLY ISSUED SHARES WHICH ARE OF THE SAME KIND AS SHARES AS DEFINED UNDER ARTICLE 1-6 OF THE

ENFORCEMENT ORDER OF THE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND EXCHANGE LAW AND WHICH WERE ISSUED WITHIN THREE MONTHS BEFORE THE DATE OF ISSUE OF THE SHARES) WILL EXCEED 49. NOTWITHSTANDING ANYTHING TO THE CONTRARY, FOR PURPOSES OF DETERMINING COMPLIANCE WITH THE 49 OFFEREE LIMITATION SET FORTH ABOVE, THE FOLLOWING SHALL APPLY: THE SHARES MAY BE PLACED SIMULTANEOUSLY WITH QIIS IF THE OFFER IS MADE ON THE CONDITION THAT THE OFFEREEES ENTER INTO AN AGREEMENT IN WHICH THE OFFEREEES (I) AGREE NOT TO TRANSFER THE SHARES TO ANY PERSON OTHER THAN QIIS AND (II) AGREE TO NOTIFY ANY SUCH TRANSFEREE IN WRITING OF THE TRANSFER RESTRICTION DESCRIBED AT (I) ABOVE UPON OR PRIOR TO SUCH TRANSFER. IF THE REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH AT (I) AND (II) ABOVE ARE MET, THE NUMBER OF OFFEREEES THAT ARE QIIS WILL NOT BE COUNTED TOWARDS THE 49 OFFEREE LIMITATION SET FORTH ABOVE. IF THE OFFERING OF THE SHARES IS MADE TO QIIS ON THE CONDITION ABOVE, SUCH QIIS SHALL BE REQUIRED TO ENTER INTO AN AGREEMENT, UPON QIIS' SUBSCRIPTION OF THE SHARES, IN WHICH THE OFFEREEES (A) AGREE NOT TO TRANSFER THE SHARES TO ANY PERSON OTHER THAN QIIS AND (B) AGREE TO NOTIFY ANY SUCH TRANSFEREE IN WRITING OF THE TRANSFER RESTRICTION DESCRIBED AT (A) ABOVE UPON OR PRIOR TO SUCH TRANSFER.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF JERSEY

CONSENT UNDER THE CONTROL OF BORROWING (JERSEY) ORDER 1958 HAS NOT BEEN OBTAINED FOR THE CIRCULATION OF THIS PROSPECTUS. ACCORDINGLY, THE OFFER THAT IS THE SUBJECT OF THIS PROSPECTUS MAY ONLY BE MADE IN JERSEY WHERE THE OFFER IS NOT AN OFFER TO THE PUBLIC OR THE OFFER IS VALID IN THE UNITED KINGDOM OR GUERNSEY AND IS CIRCULATED IN JERSEY ONLY TO PERSONS SIMILAR TO THOSE TO WHOM, AND IN A MANNER SIMILAR TO THAT IN WHICH, IT IS FOR THE TIME BEING CIRCULATED IN THE UNITED KINGDOM OR GUERNSEY AS THE CASE MAY BE. BY ACCEPTING THIS OFFER EACH PROSPECTIVE INVESTOR IN JERSEY REPRESENTS AND WARRANTS THAT HE OR SHE IS IN POSSESSION OF SUFFICIENT INFORMATION TO BE ABLE TO MAKE A REASONABLE EVALUATION OF THE OFFER.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF JORDAN

THIS MEMORANDUM HAS NOT BEEN AND WILL NOT BE FILED, APPROVED OR REGISTERED WITH THE JORDAN SECURITIES COMMISSION IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITS REGULATIONS AND ANY OTHER LEGISLATIONS IN THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN. THIS MEMORANDUM HAS NOT BEEN AND WILL NOT BE OFFERED OR SOLD, AT ANY TIME, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, IN THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN, UNLESS IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE SECURITIES LAW NO. 18 OF 2017 AND THE REGULATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS ISSUED PURSUANT THERETO.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF KUWAIT

THIS PROSPECTUS IS NOT FOR GENERAL CIRCULATION TO THE PUBLIC OR PRIVATELY IN KUWAIT. SHARES IN THE FUND HAVE NOT BEEN LICENSED FOR OFFERING IN KUWAIT BY THE CAPITAL MARKETS AUTHORITY, THE KUWAIT CENTRAL BANK OR ANY OTHER RELEVANT KUWAITI GOVERNMENTAL AGENCY. UNLESS ALL NECESSARY APPROVALS FROM THE KUWAIT CAPITAL MARKETS AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO LAW NO. 7/2010 AND THE IMPLEMENTING REGULATIONS THERETO (AS AMENDED), AND THE VARIOUS RESOLUTIONS, INSTRUCTIONS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS ISSUED PURSUANT THERETO, OR IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, HAVE BEEN GIVEN IN RELATION TO THE MARKETING OF, AND SALE OF, THE SHARES, THE SHARES MAY NOT BE OFFERED FOR SALE, NOR SOLD, IN KUWAIT. THE OFFERING OF SHARES IN THE FUND IN KUWAIT ON THE BASIS OF A PRIVATE PLACEMENT OR PUBLIC OFFERING IS, THEREFORE, RESTRICTED. NO PRIVATE OR PUBLIC OFFERING OF SHARES IN THE FUND IS BEING MADE IN KUWAIT, AND NO AGREEMENT RELATING TO THE SALE OF SHARES IN THE FUND WILL BE CONCLUDED IN KUWAIT. NO MARKETING OR SOLICITATION OR INDUCEMENT ACTIVITIES ARE BEING USED TO OFFER OR MARKET SHARES IN THE FUND IN KUWAIT.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF LEBANON

LEBANON – WHERE MARKETED BY A LOCAL LICENSED INTERMEDIARY

THE SHARES DESCRIBED IN THIS MEMORANDUM HAVE NOT BEEN, AND ARE NOT BEING, PUBLICLY OFFERED, SOLD, PROMOTED OR ADVERTISED IN LEBANON OTHER THAN IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE LAWS AND REGULATIONS OF LEBANON GOVERNING THE ISSUE, OFFERING AND SALE OF FUNDS, AND SUCH FUND MAY ONLY BE PROMOTED IN LEBANON BY DULY LICENSED AND AUTHORISED APPROVED INSTITUTIONS (AS SUCH TERM IS DEFINED IN APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS). THE PERSONS THAT WILL BE INVESTING IN THE FUND HAVE OBTAINED ALL THE INFORMATION AND THE NECESSARY FINANCIAL AND LEGAL ADVICE IN THIS RESPECT. THE SAID PERSONS OR ENTITIES ACKNOWLEDGE THAT THEY ARE AWARE OF THE RISKS ASSOCIATED TO THEIR INVESTMENT IN THE FUND AND ARE AWARE THAT SUCH RISKS, GIVEN THE NATURE OF THE INVESTMENT, MAY ENGENDER A LOSS IN RESPECT THEREOF. THE AIFM SHALL NOT BE HELD LIABLE FOR ANY BREACH OF COMPLIANCE WITH LEBANESE LAWS AND REGULATIONS. THE INVESTOR'S ONLY REFERENCE WITH RESPECT TO THIS OFFERING SHALL BE THE PROMOTING LEBANESE APPROVED INSTITUTION.

LEBANON – FOR THE FOREIGN EXEMPT SCHEME (OR FOREIGN SUB-FUND)

THIS FUND (OR SUB-FUND) IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHEMES THAT ARE OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC IN LEBANON UNDER LAW 706 OR TO SUPERVISION BY THE CAPITAL MARKETS AUTHORITY. THE CAPITAL MARKETS AUTHORITY DOES NOT MAKE ANY REPRESENTATION AS TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THIS MEMORANDUM AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR ANY LOSS ARISING FROM, OR INCURRED IN RELIANCE UPON, ANY PART OF THIS DOCUMENT. PROSPECTIVE SUBSCRIBERS TO THE FUND SHOULD CONDUCT THEIR OWN DUE DILIGENCE ON THE ACCURACY OF THE INFORMATION IN RELATION TO THE FUND.

LEBANON – WHEN RESPONDING TO AN UNSOLICITED REQUEST

THE FUND HAS NOT OBTAINED THE AUTHORISATION OF THE BOARD OF THE CAPITAL MARKETS AUTHORITY OF LEBANON TO MARKET, PROMOTE, OFFER OR SELL (“**OFFERED**”) THE SHARES IN THE FUND IN LEBANON AND AS SUCH MAY NOT BE OFFERED INTO LEBANON.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF LIBYA

THIS PROSPECTUS HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED BY THE LIBYAN MINISTRY OF ECONOMY OR ANY OTHER LIBYAN GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY, NOR HAS THE FUND RECEIVED AUTHORIZATION OR LICENSING FROM THE LIBYAN MINISTRY OF ECONOMY OR ANY OTHER LIBYAN AUTHORITY TO MARKET OR SELL SHARES IN THE FUND WITHIN LIBYA. THEREFORE, NO SERVICES RELATING TO THE OFFERING, INCLUDING THE RECEIPT OF SUBSCRIPTIONS OR THE ALLOTMENT OF SHARES IN THE FUND, MAY BE RENDERED WITHIN LIBYA BY THE FUND OR PERSONS REPRESENTING THE FUND.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF MACAU

INVESTMENT INSTRUMENTS INVOLVE A VARIETY OF SIGNIFICANT RISKS. CONSIDERING THE COMPLEXITY OF INVESTMENTS, THESE PRODUCTS ARE GENERALLY UNSUITABLE FOR UNSOPHISTICATED INVESTORS. THE CUSTOMER SHOULD NOT DEAL WITH INVESTMENTS UNLESS IT UNDERSTANDS THEIR NATURE AND THE EXTENT OF ITS EXPOSURE TO THE ATTENDANT RISKS. THE CUSTOMER SHOULD NOT DEAL WITH INVESTMENT INSTRUMENTS UNLESS THE INVESTMENT IS SUITABLE TO ITS CIRCUMSTANCES, EXPERIENCE, FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESOURCES. INVESTMENTS GENERALLY CARRY HIGHER RISKS AND ARE NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR SAVINGS OR TIME DEPOSITS. INVESTMENTS IN THIS PRODUCT ARE NOT COVERED BY THE MACAU DEPOSIT PROTECTION SCHEME. INVESTMENTS DO NOT GUARANTEE A YIELD, RETURN OR INCOME. PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT A GUARANTEE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE. THE INCOME FROM THE INVESTMENTS WILL FLUCTUATE IN EITHER DIRECTION DEPENDING ON PREVAILING MARKET CONDITIONS. THE INVESTMENT CAN BE SUBJECT TO THE RISK OF LOSS OF THE ENTIRE PRINCIPAL/NOTIONAL AMOUNT OF THE INVESTMENT. THE CUSTOMER MAY LOSE SOME OR ALL OF

ITS INVESTMENT. IF THE CUSTOMER HAS ANY RESERVATIONS, THE CUSTOMER SHOULD CAREFULLY CONSIDER WHETHER THE PRODUCT IS SUITABLE FOR IT. THE INFORMATION RELATING TO THE FUND CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS HAS NOT BEEN SUBMITTED TO OR APPROVED BY THE AUTORIDADE MONETARIA DE MACAU OR ANY OTHER RELEVANT GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY IN MACAU. THE FUND IS NOT INTENDED TO BE OFFERED OR SOLD TO THE PUBLIC IN MACAU AND IS NOT AUTHORIZED FOR ADVERTISING AND MARKETING IN MACAU UNDER ARTICLE 61 AND 62 OF DECREE LAW NO. 83/99/M OF 22 NOVEMBER 1999. INVESTMENTS IN THIS PRODUCT ARE NOT COVERED BY MACAU DEPOSIT PROTECTION SCHEME. PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF MALAYSIA

THE OFFERING MADE UNDER THIS PROSPECTUS DOES NOT CONSTITUTE, AND SHOULD NOT BE CONSTRUED AS CONSTITUTING AN OFFER OR INVITATION TO SUBSCRIBE FOR OR PURCHASE ANY SHARES IN MALAYSIA. THE FUND, BY THE DISPATCH OF THIS PROSPECTUS, HAS NOT MADE AVAILABLE ANY SHARES FOR SUBSCRIPTION OR PURCHASE IN MALAYSIA. THIS PROSPECTUS DOES NOT CONSTITUTE, AND SHOULD NOT BE CONSTRUED AS OFFERING OR MAKING AVAILABLE ANY INTEREST FOR PURCHASE IN MALAYSIA. NO PERSON RECEIVING A COPY OF THIS PROSPECTUS MAY TREAT THE SAME AS CONSTITUTING AN INVITATION OR OFFER TO HIM IN MALAYSIA AND SUCH PERSON SHALL NOT DISTRIBUTE OR MAKE AVAILABLE THIS PROSPECTUS IN MALAYSIA. THE FUND SHALL NOT BE LIABLE IN ANY MANNER WHATSOEVER IN THE EVENT THIS PROSPECTUS IS DISTRIBUTED OR MADE AVAILABLE IN MALAYSIA. SINCE NO APPLICATION FOR APPROVAL HAS BEEN OR WILL BE MADE TO THE SECURITIES COMMISSION MALAYSIA FOR THE OFFERING OF THE FUND, OR FOR THE REGISTRATION OF THIS PROSPECTUS, THE FUND SHALL NOT BE OFFERED FOR SUBSCRIPTION OR PURCHASED OR MADE AVAILABLE, WHETHER DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, IN MALAYSIA. THE FUND IS BEING OFFERED TO YOU OUTSIDE MALAYSIA UNDER A VERY LIMITED AND EXCLUSIVE PRIVATE PLACEMENT. IT IS THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE RECIPIENTS WISHING TO TAKE ANY ACTION UPON THIS PROSPECTUS TO SATISFY THEMSELVES AS TO THE FULL OBSERVANCE OF THE LAWS OF MALAYSIA AND TO OBTAIN ALL RELEVANT GOVERNMENTAL AND REGULATORY APPROVALS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO EXCHANGE CONTROL LAWS.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF MEXICO

SHARES IN THE FUND HAVE NOT BEEN AND WILL NOT BE REGISTERED WITH THE NATIONAL REGISTRY OF SECURITIES, MAINTAINED BY THE MEXICAN NATIONAL BANKING AND SECURITIES COMMISSION AND, AS A RESULT, MAY NOT BE OFFERED OR SOLD PUBLICLY IN MEXICO. THE FUND AND ANY UNDERWRITER OR PURCHASER MAY OFFER AND SELL THE SHARES IN THE FUND IN MEXICO, TO INSTITUTIONAL AND ACCREDITED INVESTORS, ON A PRIVATE PLACEMENT BASIS, PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 8 OF THE MEXICAN SECURITIES MARKET LAW.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF MONACO

NO PUBLIC OFFERING OF SHARES IS BEING MADE TO INVESTORS RESIDENT IN MONACO. SHARES ARE BEING OFFERED ONLY TO A LIMITED NUMBER OF INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS (I.E., DULY LICENSED BANKS BY THE "AUTORITÉ DE CONTRÔLE PRUDENTIEL ET DE RÉOLUTION" AND PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT COMPANIES BY VIRTUE OF LAW N°1.144 OF JULY 26, 1991), WHICH HAVE SUCH KNOWLEDGE AND EXPERIENCE IN FINANCIAL AND BUSINESS MATTERS AS TO BE CAPABLE OF UNDERSTANDING AND ASSESSING THE RISKS AND MERITS OF THEIR INVESTMENT. THE *COMMISSION DE CONTRÔLE DES ACTIVITÉS FINANCIÈRES* OF MONACO HAS NOT EXAMINED THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS OR OTHERWISE APPROVED OR AUTHORIZED THE OFFERING OF SHARES IN THE FUND TO INVESTORS RESIDENT IN MONACO.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF NEW ZEALAND

NO PUBLIC OFFERING OF SHARES IS BEING MADE TO INVESTORS IN NEW ZEALAND. THE SHARES ARE BEING OFFERED TO INVESTORS IN NEW ZEALAND PURSUANT TO EXEMPTIONS FROM THE PROSPECTUS REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1978. THE NEW ZEALAND FINANCIAL MARKETS AUTHORITY HAS NOT PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS OR OTHERWISE APPROVED OR AUTHORIZED THE OFFERING OF THE SHARES TO INVESTORS RESIDENT IN NEW ZEALAND.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF OMAN

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS NEITHER CONSTITUTES A PUBLIC OFFER OF SECURITIES IN THE SULTANATE OF OMAN AS CONTEMPLATED BY THE COMMERCIAL COMPANIES LAW OF OMAN (ROYAL DECREE 4/74) OR THE CAPITAL MARKET LAW OF OMAN (ROYAL DECREE 80/98), NOR DOES IT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER TO SELL, OR THE SOLICITATION OF ANY OFFER TO BUY NON-OMANI SECURITIES IN THE SULTANATE OF OMAN AS CONTEMPLATED BY ARTICLE 139 OF THE EXECUTIVE REGULATIONS TO THE CAPITAL MARKET LAW (ISSUED VIDE CMA DECISION 1/2009). ADDITIONALLY, THIS PROSPECTUS IS NOT INTENDED TO LEAD TO THE CONCLUSION OF ANY CONTRACT OF WHATSOEVER NATURE WITHIN THE TERRITORY OF THE SULTANATE OF OMAN.

ANY INVESTOR FROM OMAN, WHICH RECEIVES THIS PROSPECTUS, ACKNOWLEDGES THAT IT HAS BEEN PROVIDED THE SAME ON THE BASIS OF THE INVESTOR'S:

- A. REQUEST;
- B. CONFIRMATION THAT THIS DOCUMENT WILL BE KEPT STRICTLY PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL; AND
- C. REPRESENTATION THAT HE/SHE IS A SOPHISTICATED INVESTOR (AS DESCRIBED IN ARTICLE 139 OF THE EXECUTIVE REGULATIONS OF THE CAPITAL MARKET LAW) AND HAS SUCH EXPERIENCE IN BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL MATTERS THAT HE/SHE IS CAPABLE OF EVALUATING THE MERITS AND RISKS OF AN INVESTMENT IN SECURITIES. THE INVESTOR ACKNOWLEDGES THAT AN INVESTMENT IN SECURITIES IS SPECULATIVE AND INVOLVES A HIGH DEGREE OF RISK.

THIS PROSPECTUS, AND THE SHARES TO WHICH IT RELATES, MAY NOT BE ADVERTISED, MARKETED, DISTRIBUTED OR OTHERWISE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC IN OMAN. IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING OF THE SHARES, NO PROSPECTUS HAS BEEN REGISTERED WITH OR APPROVED BY THE CENTRAL BANK OF OMAN, THE OMAN MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY, THE OMAN CAPITAL MARKET AUTHORITY OR ANY OTHER REGULATORY BODY IN THE SULTANATE OF OMAN. THE OFFERING AND SALE OF SHARES DESCRIBED IN THIS PROSPECTUS WILL NOT TAKE PLACE INSIDE OMAN. SHARES ARE BEING OFFERED ON A LIMITED PRIVATE BASIS, AND DO NOT CONSTITUTE MARKETING, OFFERING OR SALES TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC IN OMAN. THEREFORE, THIS PROSPECTUS IS STRICTLY PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL, AND IS BEING ISSUED TO A LIMITED NUMBER OF SOPHISTICATED INVESTORS, AND MAY NEITHER BE REPRODUCED, USED FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE, NOR PROVIDED TO ANY OTHER PERSON THAN THE INTENDED RECIPIENT HEREOF.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF THE PHILIPPINES

THE SECURITIES BEING OFFERED OR SOLD HEREIN (THE SHARES) HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION UNDER THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES. ANY FUTURE OFFER OR SALE THEREOF IS SUBJECT TO REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE CODE UNLESS SUCH OFFER OR SALE QUALIFIES AS AN EXEMPT TRANSACTION.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

SHARES MAY NOT BE MARKETED, OFFERED OR SOLD DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY TO THE PUBLIC IN CHINA AND NEITHER THIS PROSPECTUS, WHICH HAS NOT BEEN SUBMITTED TO THE CHINESE SECURITIES AND REGULATORY COMMISSION, NOR ANY OFFERING MATERIAL OR INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN RELATING TO SHARES, MAY BE SUPPLIED TO THE PUBLIC IN CHINA OR USED IN CONNECTION WITH ANY OFFER FOR THE SUBSCRIPTION OR SALE OF SHARES TO THE PUBLIC IN CHINA. SHARES MAY ONLY BE MARKETED, OFFERED OR SOLD TO CHINESE INSTITUTIONS WHICH ARE AUTHORIZED TO ENGAGE IN FOREIGN EXCHANGE, BUSINESS AND OFFSHORE INVESTMENT FROM OUTSIDE CHINA. CHINESE INVESTORS MAY BE SUBJECT TO FOREIGN EXCHANGE CONTROL APPROVAL AND FILING REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE RELEVANT CHINESE FOREIGN EXCHANGE REGULATIONS, AS WELL AS OFFSHORE INVESTMENT APPROVAL REQUIREMENTS.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF QATAR

THE SHARES DESCRIBED IN THIS PROSPECTUS HAVE NOT BEEN OFFERED, SOLD OR DELIVERED, AND WILL NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD OR DELIVERED AT ANY TIME, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, IN THE STATE OF QATAR IN A MANNER THAT WOULD CONSTITUTE A PUBLIC OFFERING. THIS PROSPECTUS HAS NOT BEEN REVIEWED OR REGISTERED WITH THE QATARI CENTRAL BANK OR ANY OTHER QATARI GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES AND DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A PUBLIC OFFER OF SECURITIES IN THE STATE OF QATAR UNDER QATARI LAW. THEREFORE, THIS PROSPECTUS IS STRICTLY PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL, AND IS BEING ISSUED TO A LIMITED NUMBER OF SOPHISTICATED INVESTORS, AND MAY NEITHER BE REPRODUCED, USED FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE, NOR PROVIDED TO ANY PERSON OTHER THAN THE INTENDED RECIPIENT HEREOF.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF RUSSIA

UNDER RUSSIAN LAW, SHARES MAY BE CONSIDERED SECURITIES OF A FOREIGN ISSUER. NEITHER THE FUND NOR A SECURITIES PROSPECTUS IN RESPECT OF SHARES HAS BEEN, OR IS INTENDED TO BE, REGISTERED WITH THE FEDERAL SERVICE FOR FINANCIAL MARKETS OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION, AND HENCE SHARES IN THE FUND ARE NOT ELIGIBLE FOR ADVERTISING, INITIAL PLACEMENT AND PUBLIC CIRCULATION IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION, AND MAY NOT BE OFFERED TO INVESTORS THAT ARE NOT QUALIFIED INVESTORS WITHIN THE MEANING OF RUSSIAN LAW. THE INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THIS PROSPECTUS (INCLUDING ANY AMENDMENT OR SUPPLEMENT THERETO OR REPLACEMENT THEREOF) IS NOT AN OFFER, OR AN INVITATION TO MAKE OFFERS, TO SELL, EXCHANGE OR OTHERWISE TRANSFER SHARES IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION TO OR FOR THE BENEFIT OF ANY RUSSIAN PERSON OR ENTITY.

THIS PROSPECTUS IS NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OR REPRODUCED (IN WHOLE OR IN PART) IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION BY THE RECIPIENTS OF THIS PROSPECTUS. THIS PROSPECTUS HAS BEEN DISTRIBUTED ON THE UNDERSTANDING THAT ITS RECIPIENTS WILL ONLY PARTICIPATE IN THE ISSUE OF SHARES IN THE FUND OUTSIDE THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION ON THEIR OWN ACCOUNT AND UNDERTAKE NOT TO TRANSFER, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, THE SHARES TO THE PUBLIC IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF SAUDI ARABIA

THIS PROSPECTUS MAY NOT BE DISTRIBUTED IN THE KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA EXCEPT TO SUCH PERSONS AS ARE PERMITTED UNDER THE OFFERS OF SECURITIES REGULATIONS ISSUED BY THE CAPITAL MARKET AUTHORITY.

THE CAPITAL MARKET AUTHORITY DOES NOT MAKE ANY REPRESENTATION AS TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THIS PROSPECTUS, AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR ANY LOSS ARISING FROM, OR INCURRED IN RELIANCE UPON, ANY PART OF THIS PROSPECTUS. PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS OF THE SHARES OFFERED HEREBY SHOULD CONDUCT THEIR OWN DUE DILIGENCE ON THE ACCURACY OF THE INFORMATION RELATING TO THE SECURITIES. IF YOU DO NOT

UNDERSTAND THE CONTENTS OF THIS PROSPECTUS YOU SHOULD CONSULT AN AUTHORIZED FINANCIAL ADVISOR.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF SINGAPORE

THIS PROSPECTUS AND ANY OTHER MATERIAL IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFER OR SALE IS NOT A PROSPECTUS AS DEFINED IN THE SECURITIES AND FUTURES ACT, CHAPTER 289 OF SINGAPORE (THE "SFA"). ACCORDINGLY, STATUTORY LIABILITY UNDER THE SFA IN RELATION TO THE CONTENT OF PROSPECTUSES WOULD NOT APPLY. YOU SHOULD CONSIDER CAREFULLY WHETHER THE INVESTMENT IS SUITABLE FOR YOU.

THIS PROSPECTUS HAS NOT BEEN AND WILL NOT BE REGISTERED AS A PROSPECTUS WITH THE MONETARY AUTHORITY OF SINGAPORE (THE "MAS") AND THIS OFFERING IS NOT REGULATED BY ANY FINANCIAL SUPERVISORY AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO ANY LEGISLATION IN SINGAPORE. THE FUND IS NOT AUTHORIZED OR RECOGNIZED BY THE MAS AND SHARES ARE NOT ALLOWED TO BE OFFERED TO THE RETAIL PUBLIC. ACCORDINGLY, THIS PROSPECTUS AND ANY OTHER DOCUMENT OR MATERIAL IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFER OR SALE, OR INVITATION FOR SUBSCRIPTION OR PURCHASE OF THE SHARES MAY NOT BE CIRCULATED OR DISTRIBUTED, NOR MAY THE SHARES BE OFFERED OR SOLD, OR BE MADE THE SUBJECT OF AN INVITATION FOR SUBSCRIPTION OR PURCHASE, WHETHER DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, TO PERSONS IN SINGAPORE OTHER THAN (I) TO AN INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR UNDER SECTION 4A OF THE SFA; (II) TO A RELEVANT PERSON UNDER SECTION 305(1) OF THE SFA; (III) TO ANY PERSON PURSUANT TO AN OFFER REFERRED TO IN SECTION 305(2) OF THE SFA; OR (IV) OTHERWISE PURSUANT TO, AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONDITIONS OF ANY OTHER APPLICABLE PROVISION OF THE SFA.

CERTAIN RESALE RESTRICTIONS APPLY TO THE OFFER AND INVESTORS ARE ADVISED TO ACQUAINT THEMSELVES WITH SUCH RESTRICTIONS.

WHERE THE SHARES ARE SUBSCRIBED OR PURCHASED UNDER SECTION 305 OF THE SFA BY A RELEVANT PERSON WHICH IS:

- A. A CORPORATION (WHICH IS NOT AN ACCREDITED INVESTOR (AS DEFINED IN SECTION 4A OF THE SFA)) THE SOLE BUSINESS OF WHICH IS TO HOLD INVESTMENTS AND THE ENTIRE SHARE CAPITAL OF WHICH IS OWNED BY ONE OR MORE INDIVIDUALS, EACH OF WHOM IS AN ACCREDITED INVESTOR; OR
- B. A TRUST (WHERE THE TRUSTEE IS NOT AN ACCREDITED INVESTOR) WHOSE SOLE PURPOSE IS TO HOLD INVESTMENTS AND EACH BENEFICIARY OF THE TRUST IS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS AN ACCREDITED INVESTOR.

SHARES, DEBENTURES AND UNITS OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THAT CORPORATION OR THE BENEFICIARIES' RIGHTS AND INTEREST (HOWSOEVER DESCRIBED) IN THAT TRUST SHALL NOT BE TRANSFERRED WITHIN SIX (6) MONTHS AFTER THAT CORPORATION OR THAT TRUST HAS ACQUIRED THE SHARES PURSUANT TO AN OFFER MADE UNDER SECTION 305 EXCEPT:

- A. TO AN INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR OR TO A RELEVANT PERSON DEFINED IN SECTION 305(5) OF THE SFA, OR TO ANY PERSON PURSUANT TO AN OFFER THAT IS MADE ON TERMS THAT SUCH SHARES, DEBENTURES AND UNITS OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THAT CORPORATION OR SUCH RIGHTS AND INTEREST IN THAT TRUST ARE ACQUIRED AT A CONSIDERATION OF NOT LESS THAN \$200,000 (OR ITS EQUIVALENT IN A FOREIGN CURRENCY) FOR EACH TRANSACTION, WHETHER SUCH AMOUNT IS TO BE PAID FOR IN CASH OR BY EXCHANGE OF SECURITIES OR OTHER ASSETS, AND FURTHER FOR CORPORATIONS, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONDITIONS SPECIFIED IN SECTION 275 OF THE SFA;
- B. WHERE NO CONSIDERATION IS OR WILL BE GIVEN FOR THE TRANSFER; OR

C. WHERE THE TRANSFER IS BY OPERATION OF LAW.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF SOUTH AFRICA

THIS PROSPECTUS IS FOR INFORMATION PURPOSES ONLY AND SHOULD NOT BE SEEN AS AN OFFER TO SELL OR AN INVITATION TO INVEST. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF ANY PERSON IN POSSESSION OF THIS DOCUMENT TO INFORM THEMSELVES OF, AND OBSERVE, ANY APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS OF THE RELEVANT JURISDICTION. PERFORMANCE INDICATED IS HISTORICAL, THE VALUE OF INVESTMENT AND RETURNS MAY ACCORDINGLY FLUCTUATE. HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY AN INDICATION OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE. RETURNS ARE NOT GUARANTEED. THERE IS A RISK ASSOCIATED WITH THE INVESTMENT IN FINANCIAL PRODUCTS AND YOU MAY LOSE MORE THAN YOUR INITIAL INVESTMENT. ACCORDINGLY, INVESTMENTS SHOULD BE CONSIDERED BY EXPERIENCED INVESTORS.

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS IS OF A FACTUAL NATURE ONLY AND IS NOT INTENDED TO CANVASS INVESTMENT IN, MARKET, ADVERTISE OR PROMOTE ANY PRODUCT OR SERVICE.

THIS PROSPECTUS HAS BEEN PRESENTED TO TARGETED, NAMED INDIVIDUALS ON A PRIVATE BASIS FOR INFORMATION PURPOSES ONLY. AS SUCH, IT IS NOT ADDRESSED TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC AS DEFINED IN THE COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES CONTROL ACT. IF THIS DOCUMENT IS IN THE POSSESSION OF ANYONE WHO IS A MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC AS DEFINED IN THE COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES CONTROL ACT, OR ANY PERSON OTHER THAN THE PERSON NAMED HEREON, IT IS INVALID AND SHOULD BE RETURNED IMMEDIATELY TO THE FUND.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF SOUTH KOREA

NEITHER THE FUND NOR ANY OF ITS AFFILIATE IS MAKING ANY REPRESENTATION WITH RESPECT TO THE ELIGIBILITY OF ANY RECIPIENTS OF THIS PROSPECTUS TO ACQUIRE THE SHARES UNDER THE LAWS OF KOREA, INCLUDING, BUT WITHOUT LIMITATION, THE FOREIGN EXCHANGE TRANSACTION LAW AND REGULATIONS THEREUNDER. THE SHARES ARE REGISTERED WITH THE FINANCIAL SUPERVISORY COMMISSION OF KOREA FOR PRIVATE PLACEMENT AND BEING OFFERED AND SOLD IN KOREA ONLY TO PERSONS PRESCRIBED BY ARTICLE 301, PARAGRAPH 2 OF THE ENFORCEMENT DECREE OF THE FINANCIAL INVESTMENT SERVICES AND CAPITAL MARKETS ACT, AND NONE OF THE SHARES MAY BE OFFERED, SOLD OR DELIVERED, OR OFFERED OR SOLD TO ANY PERSON FOR RE-OFFERING OR RESALE, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, IN KOREA OR TO ANY RESIDENT OF KOREA EXCEPT PURSUANT TO APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS OF KOREA. FURTHERMORE, SHARES MAY NOT BE RE-SOLD TO KOREAN RESIDENTS UNLESS THE PURCHASER OF THE SHARES COMPLIES WITH ALL APPLICABLE REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, GOVERNMENTAL APPROVAL REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE FOREIGN EXCHANGE TRANSACTION LAW AND ITS SUBORDINATE DECREES AND REGULATIONS) IN CONNECTION WITH PURCHASE OF THE SHARES.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF SWITZERLAND

SWITZERLAND – GENERAL INFORMATION

THIS PROSPECTUS DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A PROSPECTUS PURSUANT TO THE COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES ACT DATED 23 JUNE 2006 AS AMENDED (THE "**CISA**") OR THE FINANCIAL SERVICES ACT DATED 15 JUNE 2018 AS AMENDED (THE "**FINSA**") AND MAY NOT COMPLY WITH THE INFORMATION STANDARDS REQUIRED THEREUNDER. THE SHARES IN THE FUND WILL NOT BE LISTED ON THE SIX SWISS EXCHANGE OR ANOTHER SWISS EXCHANGE AND CONSEQUENTLY THE INFORMATION PRESENTED IN THIS PROSPECTUS DOES NOT NECESSARILY COMPLY WITH THE STANDARDS SET OUT IN THE RELEVANT LISTING RULES.

THE DOCUMENTATION OF THE FUND HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED BY THE SWISS FINANCIAL MARKET SUPERVISORY AUTHORITY ("**FINMA**") FOR DISTRIBUTION TO NON-QUALIFIED INVESTORS. THE

FUND ONLY CAN BE OFFERED TO INSTITUTIONAL AND PROFESSIONAL INVESTORS WITHIN THE MEANING OF ART. 4 (3)-(5) FINSA, AS WELL AS HNWI, PRIVATE INVESTMENT STRUCTURES CREATED FOR THEM WITH OPTING-OUT AS DEFINED IN ARTICLE 5 PARAGRAPH 1 FINSA AND RETAIL INVESTORS WITHIN THE MEANING OF ART. 10^{3ter} CISA (QUALIFIED INVESTORS).

INVESTORS DO NOT BENEFIT FROM SUPERVISION BY FINMA. AN INVESTMENT IN THE FUND IS THEREFORE ONLY AVAILABLE TO, AND ANY ADVERTISING IS ONLY DIRECTED AT, INSTITUTIONAL AND PROFESSIONAL CLIENTS ACCORDING TO FINSA AND RETAIL INVESTORS WITHIN THE MEANING OF ART. 10^{3ter} CISA. THEREFORE, AN INVESTMENT IN THE FUND MAY CARRY HIGHER LEVELS OF RISKS. THIS PROSPECTUS MAY ONLY BE USED BY THOSE PERSONS TO WHOM IT HAS BEEN DELIVERED IN CONNECTION WITH THE SHARES OF THE FUND AND MAY NEITHER BE COPIED, DIRECTLY/INDIRECTLY DISTRIBUTED, NOR MADE AVAILABLE TO OTHER PERSONS. THIS PROSPECTUS DOES NOT CONSTITUTE INVESTMENT ADVICE.

THE REPRESENTATIVE IN SWITZERLAND IS:

MONT-FORT FUNDS AG
63 CHEMIN PLAN-PRA
1936 VERBIER
SWITZERLAND

THE PAYING AGENT IN SWITZERLAND IS:

HELVETISCHE BANK AG
SEEFELDSTRASSE 215
CH-8008 ZURICH
SWITZERLAND

SWITZERLAND – LOCATION WHERE THE RELEVANT DOCUMENTS MAY BE OBTAINED

THE PROSPECTUS, THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION AS WELL AS THE ANNUAL REPORTS AND OTHER SHAREHOLDER REPORTS MAY BE OBTAINED FREE OF CHARGE FROM THE SWISS REPRESENTATIVE.

SWITZERLAND – PAYMENT OF RETROCESSIONS AND REBATES

THE FUND AND ITS AGENTS DO NOT CURRENTLY PAY ANY RETROCESSIONS TO THIRD PARTIES AS REMUNERATION FOR DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITY IN RESPECT OF SHARES IN OR FROM SWITZERLAND.

THE FUND AND ITS AGENTS MAY, UPON REQUEST, PAY REBATES OR THEIR EQUIVALENT DIRECTLY TO INVESTORS. THE PURPOSE OF REBATES IS TO REDUCE THE FEES OR COSTS INCURRED BY THE INVESTOR IN QUESTION.

REBATES ARE PERMITTED PROVIDED THAT:

- A. THEY ARE PAID FROM FEES RECEIVED BY THE FUND AND THEREFORE DO NOT REPRESENT AN ADDITIONAL CHARGE ON THE FUND ASSETS;
- B. THEY ARE GRANTED ON THE BASIS OF OBJECTIVE CRITERIA; AND
- C. ALL INVESTORS WHO MEET THESE OBJECTIVE CRITERIA AND DEMAND REBATES ARE ALSO GRANTED THESE WITHIN THE SAME TIMEFRAME AND TO THE SAME EXTENT.

THE OBJECTIVE CRITERIA FOR THE GRANTING OF REBATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

- A. THE SIZE OF THE INVESTOR'S COMMITMENT TO THE FUND; OR

B. INVESTING BY FIRST CLOSE.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION PLEASE REFER TO THE SECTIONS TITLED Part VI (*SUMMARY OF PRINCIPAL TERMS – MANAGEMENT FEE AND OTHER FUND FEES*) AND PART X (*FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE SUB-FUND*) IN THE SUB-FUND SUPPLEMENT. AT THE REQUEST OF THE INVESTOR, THE FUND MUST DISCLOSE THE AMOUNTS OF SUCH REBATES FREE OF CHARGE.

SWITZERLAND – PLACE OF PERFORMANCE AND JURISDICTION

IN RESPECT OF THE SHARES OFFERED IN SWITZERLAND, THE PLACE OF PERFORMANCE IS THE REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE REPRESENTATIVE. THE PLACE OF JURISDICTION IS AT THE REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE REPRESENTATIVE OR AT THE REGISTERED OFFICE OR PLACE OF RESIDENCE OF THE INVESTOR.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF TAIWAN

SHARES HAVE NOT BEEN AND WILL NOT BE REGISTERED OR FILED WITH, OR APPROVED BY, THE FINANCIAL SUPERVISORY COMMISSION OF TAIWAN AND/OR OTHER REGULATORY AUTHORITY OR AGENCY OF REPUBLIC OF CHINA (TAIWAN) ("FSC") PURSUANT TO RELEVANT SECURITIES LAWS AND REGULATIONS OF TAIWAN AND MAY NOT BE ISSUED, OFFERED OR SOLD WITHIN TAIWAN THROUGH A PUBLIC OFFERING OR IN CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH CONSTITUTE AN OFFER WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT OF TAIWAN THAT REQUIRES A REGISTRATION, FILING OR APPROVAL OF THE FSC AND/OR OTHER REGULATORY AUTHORITY OR AGENCY OF TAIWAN. PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS SHOULD REVIEW THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION AND RELEVANT DOCUMENTS, CONSULT WITH AN INDEPENDENT CONSULTANT, AND BE PREPARED TO BEAR THE RISKS OF THIS INVESTMENT. INVESTORS WITHIN THE TERRITORY OF TAIWAN ARE REQUIRED TO MEET CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS PROMULGATED BY THE FSC.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF THAILAND

THIS PROSPECTUS AND THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AND IS NOT INTENDED TO CONSTITUTE AN OFFER OF SECURITIES UNDER THE LAWS OF THAILAND AND ACCORDINGLY SHOULD NOT BE CONSTRUED AS SUCH. THE FUND AND ANY OTHER PRODUCTS OR SERVICES REFERENCED IN THIS PROSPECTUS MAY NOT BE LICENSED IN ALL JURISDICTIONS AND THEY ARE NOT LICENSED IN THAILAND, AND UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED, NO REGULATOR OR GOVERNMENT AUTHORITY HAS REVIEWED THIS PROSPECTUS OR THE MERITS OF THE PRODUCTS AND SERVICES REFERENCED THEREIN. THIS PROSPECTUS AND THE INFORMATION CONTAINED THEREIN HAS BEEN MADE AVAILABLE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RESTRICTIONS AND/OR LIMITATIONS IMPLEMENTED BY ANY APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS. THIS PROSPECTUS IS DIRECTED AT AND INTENDED FOR INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS, UHNW INVESTORS AND/OR QUALIFIED INVESTORS (AS SUCH TERM IS DEFINED IN EACH JURISDICTION INCLUDING THAILAND IN WHICH THE FUND IS MARKETED). THIS PROSPECTUS IS PROVIDED ON A CONFIDENTIAL BASIS FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND MAY NOT BE REPRODUCED IN ANY FORM. BEFORE ACTING ON ANY INFORMATION IN THIS PROSPECTUS, PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS SHOULD INFORM THEMSELVES OF AND OBSERVE ALL APPLICABLE LAWS, RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THAILAND AND OBTAIN INDEPENDENT ADVICE IF REQUIRED. THIS PROSPECTUS IS FOR THE USE OF THE NAMED ADDRESSEE ONLY (AND IN THAILAND, SUCH PERSON WILL BE AN INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR OR UHNW INVESTOR ONLY) AND SHOULD NOT BE GIVEN, FORWARDED OR SHOWN TO ANY OTHER PERSON (OTHER THAN EMPLOYEES, AGENTS OR CONSULTANTS IN CONNECTION WITH THE ADDRESSEE'S CONSIDERATION THEREOF).

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF TURKEY

NO INFORMATION IN THIS MEMORANDUM IS PROVIDED FOR THE PURPOSE OF OFFERING, MARKETING AND SALE BY ANY MEANS OF ANY CAPITAL MARKET INSTRUMENTS IN THE REPUBLIC

OF TURKEY. THEREFORE, THIS MEMORANDUM MAY NOT BE CONSIDERED AS AN OFFER MADE OR TO BE MADE TO RESIDENTS OF THE REPUBLIC OF TURKEY. ACCORDINGLY, NEITHER THIS MEMORANDUM NOR ANY OTHER OFFERING MATERIAL RELATED TO THE OFFERING MAY BE UTILISED IN CONNECTION WITH ANY OFFERING TO THE PUBLIC WITHIN THE REPUBLIC OF TURKEY WITHOUT THE PRIOR APPROVAL OF THE TURKISH CAPITAL MARKET BOARD. HOWEVER, ACCORDING TO ARTICLE 15 (D) (II) OF THE DECREE NO. 32 THERE IS NO RESTRICTION ON THE PURCHASE OR SALE OF THE OFFERED SHARES BY RESIDENTS OF THE REPUBLIC OF TURKEY, PROVIDED THAT: THEY PURCHASE OR SELL SUCH OFFERED SHARES IN THE FINANCIAL MARKETS OUTSIDE OF THE REPUBLIC OF TURKEY; AND SUCH SALE AND PURCHASE IS MADE THROUGH BANKS, AND/OR LICENSED BROKERAGE INSTITUTIONS IN THE REPUBLIC OF TURKEY.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF UKRAINE

UNDER UKRAINIAN LAW, SHARES MAY BE REGARDED AS SECURITIES OF A FOREIGN ISSUER. SHARES IN THE FUND ARE NOT ELIGIBLE FOR INITIAL OFFERING AND PUBLIC CIRCULATION IN UKRAINE. NEITHER THE ISSUANCE OF SHARES IN THE FUND NOR AN INFORMATION PROSPECTUS IN RESPECT OF THE SHARES HAS BEEN, OR IS INTENDED TO BE, REGISTERED WITH THE COMMISSION FOR SECURITIES AND THE STOCK MARKET OF UKRAINE. THE INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THIS PROSPECTUS IS NOT AN OFFER, OR AN INVITATION TO MAKE AN OFFER, OR TO SELL, EXCHANGE OR OTHERWISE TRANSFER SHARES IN UKRAINE.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

THE OFFERING OF THE SHARES HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED OR LICENSED BY THE UAE CENTRAL BANK, THE UAE SECURITIES AND COMMODITIES AUTHORITY (“**SCA**”), THE DUBAI FINANCIAL SERVICES AUTHORITY (“**DFSA**”), THE FINANCIAL SERVICES REGULATORY AUTHORITY (“**FSRA**”) OR ANY OTHER RELEVANT LICENSING AUTHORITIES IN THE UAE, AND ACCORDINGLY DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A PUBLIC OFFER OF SECURITIES IN THE UAE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE COMMERCIAL COMPANIES LAW, FEDERAL LAW NO. 32 OF 2021, THE SCA’S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES RULEBOOK AND MECHANISMS OF ADJUSTMENT OR OTHERWISE. ACCORDINGLY, THE SHARES MAY NOT BE OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC IN THE UAE (INCLUDING THE DUBAI INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL CENTRE (“**DIFC**”) AND THE ABU DHABI GLOBAL MARKET (“**ADGM**”)).

THIS PROSPECTUS IS STRICTLY PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL AND IS BEING ISSUED TO A LIMITED NUMBER OF INVESTORS:

- A. WHO FALL WITHIN WITH THE EXCEPTIONS TO THE SCA’S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES RULEBOOK AND MECHANISMS OF ADJUSTMENT;
- B. UPON THEIR REQUEST AND CONFIRMATION THAT THEY UNDERSTAND THAT THE FUND HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED OR LICENSED BY OR REGISTERED WITH THE UAE CENTRAL BANK, THE SCA, DFSA, FSRA OR ANY OTHER RELEVANT LICENSING AUTHORITIES OR GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES IN THE UAE; AND
- C. TO THE NAMED ADDRESSEE ONLY, WHO HAS SPECIFICALLY REQUESTED IT, AND SHOULD NOT BE GIVEN OR SHOWN TO ANY OTHER PERSON (OTHER THAN EMPLOYEES, AGENTS OR CONSULTANTS IN CONNECTION WITH THE ADDRESSEE’S CONSIDERATION THEREOF), AND MUST NOT BE PROVIDED TO ANY PERSON OTHER THAN THE ORIGINAL RECIPIENT, AND MAY NOT BE REPRODUCED OR USED FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE.

Appendix 2
RATES FOR AFFILIATED SERVICES

Service	
<u>Global</u>	
Company Secretarial, Accounting and Administration Services	\$26,530 per entity <i>per annum</i> *
<u>Luxembourg</u>	
Regulated Management Services	<p>Nil – no fees shall be payable by the Sub-Fund to the AIFM.</p> <p>For the avoidance of doubt, a fee of 4 bps on net asset value per annum shall be payable to the AIF Manager in its capacity as alternative investment fund manager to the Master Fund. A fee may also be payable to the AIF Manager in its capacity as alternative investment fund manager to the Underlying Fund.</p>

*Fee rate will be increased annually by 2%. Fees are quoted in U.S. dollars but will be converted annually to local currency at the currency conversion rate specified by one or more banking institutions as of the end of the first Business Day in January of each year. If only one of (i) company secretarial; or (ii) accounting and administration services are provided to an entity instead of both services, the fee payable for such services will be half of the total fee.

Appendix 3
SFDR DISCLOSURES

Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 (the "Taxonomy")

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of **environmentally sustainable economic activities**. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Product name: Brookfield Oaktree Wealth Solutions Alternative Funds S.A. SICAV-UCI Part II - Brookfield Infrastructure Income Fund (the "**Sub-Fund**")

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

Yes
 No

<p><input type="checkbox"/> It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective: ___%</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input type="checkbox"/> in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <p><input type="checkbox"/> It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective: %</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of ___% of sustainable investments</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input type="checkbox"/> with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input type="checkbox"/> with a social objective <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments</p>
--	---



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

Certain of the Sub-Fund's investments (in whole or in part) seek to promote the following environmental and social characteristics and these are therefore deemed to be the Sub-Fund's promoted environmental and social characteristics (see '*What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?*' below):

- Mitigate the impact of their operations on the environment and/or, where the opportunity allows, seek to invest in businesses that the AIFM believes will support the transition to net-zero
- Ensure the well-being and safety of employees

- Uphold strong governance practices

The AIFM will make commercially reasonable efforts to ensure that the operations of the relevant assets are managed in a manner consistent with the characteristics listed above. For investments where the AIFM does not have economic control or influence (including scenarios where the Sub-Fund makes an investment that is not an equity control investment), the AIFM will seek to engage with the investee company to share its views or best practices.

By reference to the planned asset allocation of the Sub-Fund (below), other assets may not yet promote the environmental and social characteristics above, and will therefore not be deemed to align with the environmental and social characteristics of the Sub-Fund.

In the AIFM's complete discretion, the AIFM may, over time, choose to update the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Sub-Fund; and/or deem a proportion of Fund investments as promoting these new environmental and/or social characteristics; and/or adjust the planned asset allocation in respect of existing environmental and/or social characteristics of the Sub-Fund, in each case in order to reflect the AIFM's view on or approach to the underlying investments at the relevant time. The effect of such an update may result in changes to the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by the Sub-Fund and/or changes to the total number and/or percentage of investments which are considered to meet the environmental and social characteristics of the Sub-Fund (as specified in '*What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?*' below).

The AIFM reserves the right to amend or suspend these characteristics in its discretion where it is reasonable in certain circumstances, for example to comply with a legal or regulatory obligation.

Reference Benchmark

No index has been designated as a reference benchmark for the Sub-Fund.

● ***What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?***

The AIFM will use the following sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the Sub-Fund's environmental and social characteristics. These sustainability indicators shall be monitored and reported using data and calculations as the AIFM may reasonably determine from time to time:

- **Proportion of investments that are aligned with the Sub-Fund's environmental and social characteristics**: As noted above, only certain investments will be deemed to contribute to the Sub-Fund's promoted environmental and social characteristics. The AIFM will periodically report the number of investments that are aligned (in whole or in part) with the Sub-Fund's promoted environmental and social characteristics. As noted above, where the Sub-Fund makes an investment that is not an equity control investment, the AIFM will seek to engage with the investee company to share its values or best practices, and such investments may still be deemed to align with the Sub-Fund's environmental and social characteristics.
- For those investments that are aligned (in whole or in part) with the Sub-Fund's environmental and social characteristics, depending on whether the investment is an equity or debt investment, the following sustainability indicators shall be monitored and reported:

- **Environmental indicators:**
 - Equity: Exposure to fossil fuels and renewable energy sectors, and measurement of our controlled businesses' greenhouse gas emissions on a Scope 1 and Scope 2 basis, by sector.
 - Debt: Exposure to fossil fuels and renewable energy sectors, and estimate of a sponsor's greenhouse gas emissions on a Scope 1 and Scope 2 basis, on a commercially reasonable efforts basis, by sector.

- **Social indicators:**
 - Equity: Establishing and maintaining the highest health and safety standards with the aim of achieving the target of zero serious safety incidents.
 - Debt: Engagement with sponsors to understand ongoing maintenance and implementation of the highest health and safety standards with the aim of achieving the target of zero serious safety incidents.

- **Governance indicators:**
 - Equity: Achieve high level of engagement on governance policies and strive to achieve zero material cybersecurity and anti-bribery and corruption (ABC) incidents.
 - Debt: Achieve engagement on governance policies and strive to encourage borrowers to achieve zero material cybersecurity and ABC incidents.

The AIFM will monitor the progress of these indicators through the collection and monitoring of available metrics on a commercially reasonable efforts basis and (for equity investments) through engagement with the portfolio company. The output of this monitoring (and, where relevant, engagement) shall be reported by the AIFM using narrative disclosure and/or quantitative data, as it shall determine in its discretion. The AIFM will use commercially reasonable efforts to obtain the information necessary to report the sustainability indicators to investors, however it may not be practicable to do so in all instances across all investments, including where the Sub-Fund does not hold an equity control position (in which case, the AIFM will decide on the appropriate course of action to take, which may include using third party or proxy data, in its complete discretion).

Further ESG-related key performance indicators may be provided to investors over time although these may or may not be classified as 'sustainability indicators' for these purposes, in the AIFM's discretion.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

Not applicable – the Sub-Fund does not commit to making a minimum share of sustainable investments.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

Not applicable – the Sub-Fund does not commit to making a minimum share of sustainable investments.

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

Not applicable – the Sub-Fund does not commit to making a minimum share of sustainable investments.

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

Not applicable – the Sub-Fund does not commit to making a minimum share of sustainable investments.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a “do not significant harm” principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The “do no significant harm” principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Sub-Fund provides investors access to Brookfield’s leading private infrastructure capabilities in a structure which seeks to offer periodic liquidity to investors. The Sub-Fund is managed by Brookfield’s global infrastructure, renewable power and transition business (collectively, “**Brookfield Infrastructure**”), one of the world’s largest specialized investors in infrastructure. The Sub-Fund leverages Brookfield’s broad investment and operating expertise developed over Brookfield’s more than 100-year history of owning and operating long-life infrastructure assets.

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

The Sub-Fund has been designed to deliver strong risk-adjusted returns with a focus on yield. The Sub-Fund provides investors with exposure to private infrastructure assets by investing in both the equity and debt of high-quality infrastructure businesses. These assets generally provide essential services with inelastic demand, have high barriers to entry, and sustainable, long-term cash flows, often linked to inflation, among other attractive investment characteristics.

The Private Portfolio (as defined in the Sub-Fund Supplement) invests in opportunities sourced by Brookfield's infrastructure platform that meet the Sub-Fund's target investment objectives. The Sub-Fund seeks to be diversified by sector and geography and target regions and sectors in which Brookfield has established operations and significant expertise. The Sub-Fund primarily focuses on investment opportunities within Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development countries and where Brookfield Infrastructure has a local operating presence. Additionally, the Sub-Fund targets sectors in which Brookfield has established operations and significant expertise – primarily the transport, renewable power, utilities, midstream and data sectors.

The majority of the Sub-Fund's private infrastructure equity investments are expected to be operational with limited development or greenfield exposure, while the Sub-Fund's private infrastructure debt investments are expected to be performing loans. To allow the Sub-Fund to offer monthly subscriptions and quarterly redemptions, the Sub-Fund has a Liquid Portfolio (as defined in the Sub-Fund Supplement), which will consist of public infrastructure securities—primarily the publicly traded debt of infrastructure companies.

● ***What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?***

As noted above, only certain investments will be deemed to contribute to the Sub-Fund's promoted environmental and social characteristics. The AIFM will periodically report the number of investments that are aligned with the Sub-Fund's promoted environmental and social characteristics.

In relation to those investments that are used to attain the environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Sub-Fund:

- The Investment Committee ("**IC**") is central to investment decision making for the Sub-Fund. For every investment decision, the IC will receive an investment Prospectus which will either: (1) explain how the investment is in renewable power or other sectors or businesses that contribute to the transition to "net zero", contributing to continued generation and development of clean energy generation; or (2) explain why the investment is not and justify how and why the investment otherwise meets the Sub-Fund's investment objectives.
- In addition to the above, the AIFM utilizes negative screens as it contemplates potential investments for this part of the Sub-Fund. In respect of such investments, the Sub-Fund does not intend to invest in businesses whose primary business activities, and/or make loans secured by assets whose primary business activities, involve controversial weapons, production of thermal coal*, upstream exploration of fossil fuels or military weapons. This list is not exhaustive but depicts the negative screens expected to be adopted by the Sub-Fund in respect of the investments for this part of the Sub-Fund's portfolio. Whilst these screens seek to avoid investing in investments which would undermine the environmental and social characteristics of the product, the AIFM does not consider that they are, by themselves, a means of attaining them.

*Refers to mining, producing, transporting, storing, burning or producing electricity using thermal coal.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

The Sub-Fund does not commit to a minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of its investment strategy.

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Sub-Fund will consider the good governance practices of investee companies. The Sub-Fund considers "good governance" in accordance with established industry-wide standards, including (but not necessarily limited to) those good governance criteria established under the SFDR: sound management structures, employee remuneration, employee relations and tax compliance ("**Good Governance Standards**"). The nature and depth of the assessment depends on the nature, type and structure of the investment and other risk factors (such as the size, sector and geographic location of the investee company and whether the Sub-Fund holds or will hold an equity control position). However, at a minimum, information in respect of each topic will be sought and considered by the AIFM in its absolute discretion. Assessment of Good Governance Standards may be achieved through a variety of due diligence, ongoing portfolio management practices and controls and/or by other means (in each case, to the extent relevant, dependent on the nature, type and structure of the investment, other risk factors and/or whether the Sub-Fund holds or will hold an equity control position in the investment).



What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

Please refer to the below diagram for a breakdown of the Sub-Fund's planned asset allocation and minimum share of investments aligned with environmental and social characteristics. All percentage figures represent a percentage of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund.

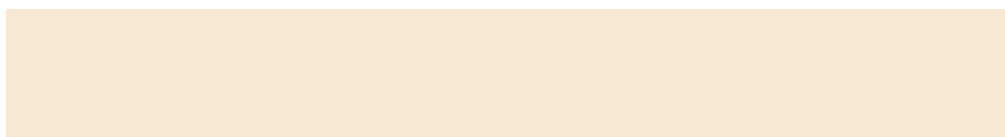
The Sub-Fund is subject to diversification, geographic and other investment restrictions, as set out in part "V. Summary of Principal Terms", sub-section "Investment Limitations" of the Sub-Fund Supplement.

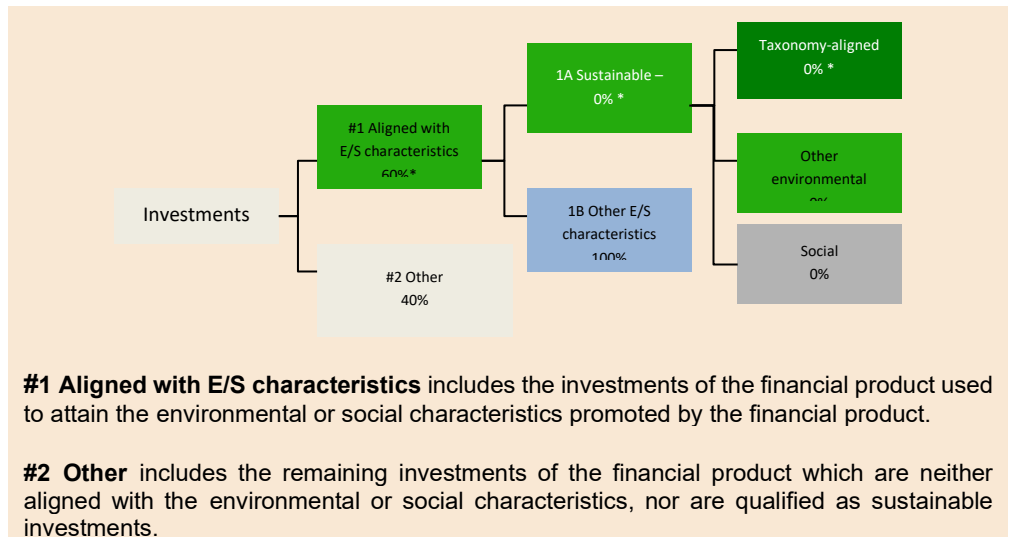
The Sub-Fund may utilize financial instruments such as forward contracts, options, warrants, swaps (including credit default swaps and total return swaps), caps, collars, floors and other derivatives to seek to hedge against fluctuations in the relative values of their assets as a result of changes in currency exchange rates, market interest rates and public security prices. Such investments are not included in the planned asset allocation diagram below.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- **turnover** reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- **capital expenditure** (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- **operational expenditure** (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.





* The asset allocation above specifies the long-term percentage of Fund investments that the AIFM plans to align with the Sub-Fund's environmental and social characteristics (itself based on the planned allocation to investments of the same types invested in by relevant funds following the same investment strategy, and those relevant funds' associated SFDR classifications). The Sub-Fund does not commit to making a minimum proportion of sustainable investments or Taxonomy aligned investments – and these have therefore been specified as zero per cent in the asset allocation chart. Other figures have been inputted into the asset allocation chart accordingly. The relevant percentages are calculated as a percentage of the capital invested by the Sub-Fund. The actual percentages of investments in the Sub-Fund's portfolio that align with the Sub-Fund's environmental and social characteristics may vary over time, and may be higher or lower than the planned investment allocation. The percentage of investments in the Sub-Fund's portfolio that align with the environmental and social characteristics of the Sub-Fund at any given time may be lower than the planned investment allocation figure, for example owing to the rate at which capital is deployed and re-deployed; the realisation of investments and re-investment those proceeds; the potential for investments which are aligned with the Sub-Fund's environmental and social characteristics to be subject to changes in circumstances or status; any situation involving a wind-down of the Sub-Fund; and a change in classification for a relevant fund which follows a similar investment strategy. The AIFM retains sole and absolute discretion with regards to the timing and manner of the acquisition and disposal of investments for the Sub-Fund and, where a qualification applies, will not undertake such activity solely with the purpose of maintaining the percentages outlined above.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.



How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

It is not intended that the Sub-Fund will use derivatives to attain the Sub-Fund's promoted environmental or social characteristics.

The Sub-Fund may utilize financial instruments such as forward contracts, options, warrants, swaps (including credit default swaps and total return swaps), caps, collars, floors and other derivatives to seek to hedge against fluctuations in the relative values of their assets as a result of changes in currency exchange rates, market interest rates and public security prices.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for **fossil gas** include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For **nuclear energy**, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

Do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

All investment decisions made in respect of the Sub-Fund will be taken in accordance with the Sub-Fund's investment policy and investment objectives. The Sub-Fund does not at this stage commit to making a minimum proportion of investments which qualify as environmentally sustainable under Article 3 of the Taxonomy Regulation. If the Sub-Fund does make an investment that qualifies as "environmentally sustainable" for these purposes, given the nature of the Sub-Fund's investment policy and investment objectives as set out above, it is expected that the relevant investment would be likely to contribute to one or more of the prescribed environmental objectives under the Taxonomy Regulation.

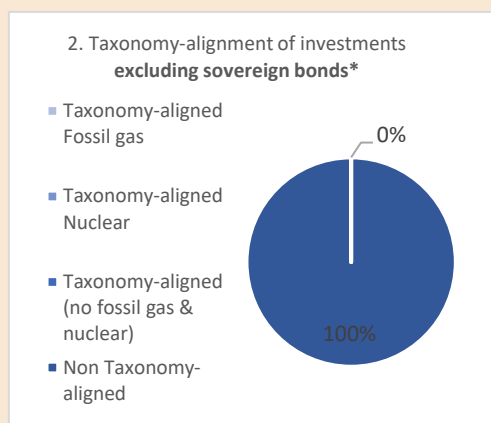
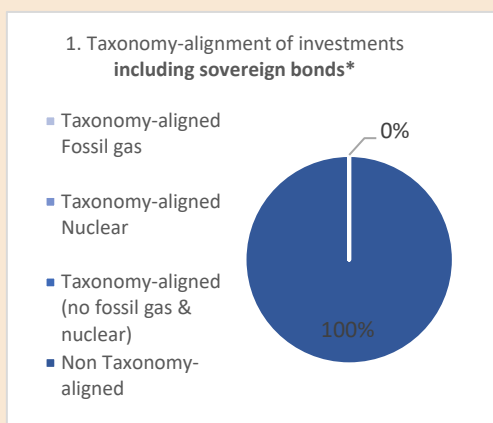
Accordingly, Brookfield expects that, in the short to medium term, the minimum extent to which sustainable investments will be aligned with the EU Taxonomy is zero per cent. The Sub-Fund will periodically disclose to Investors a description of how and to what extent investments underlying the Sub-Fund are in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under Article 3 of the Taxonomy Regulation.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy²⁰?

Yes In fossil gas In nuclear energy

No

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



²⁰ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective – see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

This graph represents 100% of total investments.

* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures

●	<p>What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?</p> <p>As noted above, the Sub-Fund does not commit to making a minimum proportion of investments which qualify as environmentally sustainable under Article 3 of the Taxonomy Regulation. Accordingly, it is anticipated that the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities will be zero per cent.</p>
---	--



<p>What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?</p> <p>Not applicable – as noted above, the Sub-Fund does not commit to making a minimum share of sustainable investments.</p>	
--	--

<p>What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?</p> <p>Not applicable – the Sub-Fund does not commit to making a minimum share of sustainable investments and so does not commit to making a minimum share of sustainable investments with a social objective. Therefore, the minimum share of socially sustainable investments would be zero per cent.</p>	
--	--



<p>What investments are included under “#2 Other”, what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?</p> <p>Before any investment decisions are made on behalf of the Sub-Fund, Brookfield conducts a risk-based review to identify the material risks associated with the proposed investment, including material environmental and/or social events or conditions that, if they occurred, could cause an actual or a potential material negative impact on the value of the investment. These risks form part of the overall analysis and underwriting of the investment. Brookfield assesses the identified risks alongside other relevant material factors. Following its assessment, Brookfield makes investment decisions having regard to the Sub-Fund's investment policy and objectives.</p>	
--	--



<p>Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?</p> <p>No</p>	
---	--

●	<p>How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?</p> <p>Not applicable</p>
---	---

●	<p>How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?</p> <p>Not applicable</p>
---	--

●	<p>How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?</p>
---	--

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

	Not applicable
●	<p><i>Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?</i></p> <p>Not applicable</p>



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website:
[Brookfield Diligence Portal - Digital Data Exchange \(sungarddx.com\)](http://sungarddx.com)

Appendix 4 SFTR DISCLOSURES

SFTR – ARTICLE 14 DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

1. SECURITIES FINANCING TRANSACTIONS (SFTS)

1.1 Securities lending means a transaction where one party transfers securities to another party, subject to a commitment that the other party will return equivalent securities on a future date or when requested to do so by the party transferring the securities. Repurchase agreement means a transaction where one party sells a security to the other party with a simultaneous agreement to repurchase the security at a fixed future date at a price reflecting a rate of interest unrelated to the coupon of the securities. Margin lending means a transaction where one party extends credit in connection with the purchase, sale, carrying or trading of securities, but not other loans that are secured by collateral in the form of securities. Total return swap means an OTC derivative transaction where the total economic performance of a reference obligation is transferred from one party to another party.

1.2 Securities Financing Transactions may be entered into by the Sub-Fund, Master Fund or an Underlying Fund for any purpose that is consistent with the investment objective of the Sub-Fund, Master Fund or relevant Underlying Fund, including to leverage, access or enhance Portfolio Investments, in each case in circumstances in which such derivatives are intended to resemble, as closely as possible, the economic rights that could otherwise be obtained directly. The Sub-Fund will not enter into derivative transactions for speculative non-investment purposes (but may do so for hedging purposes or to gain exposure to target assets, including without limitation in the form of options and warrants).

In these transactions, collateral may move between the Sub-Fund, Master Fund or an Underlying Fund and the relevant counterparty in order to mitigate counterparty risk. The Sub-Fund, Master Fund or an Underlying Fund may use securities lending, repurchase agreements and margin lending for investment and efficient portfolio management purposes.

1.3 Any type of assets that may be held by the Sub-Fund, Master Fund or an Underlying Fund in accordance with its investment objective and policies may be subject to securities lending, repurchase agreements and margin lending.

1.4 Subject to the Sub-Fund, Master Fund or relevant Underlying Fund's investment objective and policies, there is no limit on the proportion of assets that may be subject to Securities Financing Transactions. The maximum and expected proportion of the Sub-Fund's assets that can be subject to Securities Financing Transactions can therefore be up to 100%. The most recent semi-annual and annual accounts of the Sub-Fund will express, to the extent material and in accordance with the Sub-Fund's accounting policies, the amount of the Sub-Fund's assets subject to Securities Financing Transactions.

1.5 The counterparties to Securities Financing Transactions may be companies, trusts, partnerships or their equivalent, will be institutions subject to prudential supervision and may be located globally. The Sub-Fund, Master Fund or relevant Underlying Fund will conduct appropriate due diligence on each counterparty to Securities Financing Transactions, including consideration of its legal status, country of origin and minimum credit rating (where relevant). Counterparties need not have a minimum credit rating.

Any assets that are subject to securities lending, repurchase agreements, margin lending and/or total return swaps will be safe-kept by the Sub-Fund's, Master Fund's or Underlying Fund's Depository or any sub-depository appointed under the Depository Agreement. It is currently intended that any collateral exchanged pursuant to securities lending transactions, repurchase agreements, margin lending transactions and/or total return swaps will also be safe-kept by the Depository or any sub-depository appointed under the Depository Agreement, although the Fund, Master Fund or Underlying Fund may appoint a third party collateral agent for the purposes of safe-keeping collateral provided that the Fund, Master Fund or Underlying Fund complies with any restrictions in the Depository Agreement (including obtaining the prior written consent of the Depository) in doing so.

1.6 The Sub-Fund, Master Fund or relevant Underlying Fund may, but does not typically expect to (unless required to under applicable regulation), accept collateral pursuant to securities financing transactions. The collateral received will be appropriately diversified and will be valued and managed in accordance with the relevant portfolio management

agreement (applying appropriate haircuts where necessary or desirable) and at a frequency determined by the Investment Manager to be appropriate, taking into account the requirements of SFTR.

- 1.7** For the purpose of providing collateral in respect of Securities Financing Transactions, the Sub-Fund, Master Fund or relevant Underlying Fund may transfer, mortgage, pledge, charge or encumber any assets or cash forming part of the Sub-Fund, Master Fund or relevant Underlying Fund in accordance with normal market practice and any applicable law and regulation. Where appropriate, non-cash collateral held for the benefit of the Sub-Fund, Master Fund or relevant Underlying Fund shall be valued in accordance with the valuation policies and principles applicable to the Sub-Fund, Master Fund or relevant Underlying Fund.
- 1.8** Entering into Securities Financing Transactions can create risks for the Sub-Fund, Master Fund or relevant Underlying Fund. Attention is drawn generally to the risks set out in Section XVIII (*Risk Factors and Other Considerations*). Without limitation, the Sub-Fund, Master Fund or relevant Underlying Fund may be exposed to the risk that a counterparty to a Securities Financing Transactions may default on its obligation to return assets equivalent to the ones provided to it by the Sub-Fund, Master Fund or relevant Underlying Fund. The Sub-Fund, Master Fund or relevant Underlying Fund may also be subject to liquidity risk if it is unable to liquidate collateral provided to it to cover a counterparty default. Securities Financing Transactions may also carry legal risk in that the use of standard contractual terms may expose the Sub-Fund, Master Fund or relevant Underlying Fund to legal risks such as the contract not accurately reflecting the intention of the parties or the contract being unenforceable against the counterparty in its jurisdiction of incorporation. Securities Financing Transactions may also involve operational risks in that the use of Securities Financing Transactions and management of collateral are subject to the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events. Risks may also arise with respect to any counterparty's right of re-use of any collateral.
- 1.9** Cash collateral may typically only be invested in the following: deposits with financial institutions; high-quality government bonds; reverse repurchase agreements provided the transactions are with credit institutions subject to prudential supervision; or short-term money market funds. There may be circumstances where no restrictions are put on the investment or reuse of collateral.
- 1.10** All revenues arising from Securities Financing Transactions shall be returned to the Sub-Fund, Master Fund or relevant Underlying Fund following the deduction of any direct and indirect operational costs and fees arising. Such direct and indirect operational costs and fees shall include fees and expenses payable to counterparties and/or agents engaged by the Sub-Fund, Master Fund or relevant Underlying Fund from time to time. Such fees and expenses will be at normal commercial rates together with value added tax or similar (if applicable), and will be borne by the Sub-Fund, Master Fund or relevant Underlying Fund.

Definitions:

Securities Financing Transactions or **SFTs** means repurchase agreements, reverse repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements and any other transactions within the scope of SFTR that the Sub-Fund, Master Fund or an Underlying Fund is permitted to engage in.

SFTR means Regulation 2015/2365 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2015 on transparency of securities financing transactions and of reuse and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 as may be amended, supplemented, consolidated, substituted in any form or otherwise modified from time to time.