69.9%

10.1%

6.7%

5.7%

3.3%

2.1%

2.0%

Quarterly Report All data as of December 31, 2023

Brookfield Real Assets Securities Fund

Class A: RASAX | Class C: RASCX

Investment Objective

The Fund's investment objective is to seek total return, which is targeted to be in excess of inflation, through growth of capital and current income. There can be no assurance that the Fund will achieve its investment objective.

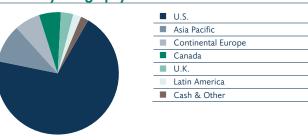
Fund Information		
Share Class	A	С
Symbol	RASAX	RASCX
CUSIP	112740758	112740741
Minimum Investment	\$1,000	\$1,000
Dividend Frequency	Quarterly	Quarterly
Expense Ratio (Without Waiver) as of 5/1/23 ²	1.74%	2.54%
Expense Ratio (With Waiver) as of 5/1/23 ²	1.15%	1.90%

Fund Statistics	
Total Net Assets (in millions)	\$49.48
Net Asset Value (NAV) Per Share (RASAX)	\$9.56
Annualized Standard Deviation ¹	13.33%
Annualized Tracking Error ¹	7.12%
Sharpe Ratio ¹	0.10
Number of Holdings	314

Assets by Sector³

Infrastructure Equities	42.5%
 Global Infrastructure Equities 	37.1%
Energy Infrastructure	5.4%
Real Estate Equities	34.0%
Global Real Estate Equities	30.1%
REIT Preferreds	3.9%
Real Asset Debt	19.0%
Real Asset Debt - Investment Grade	12.4%
Real Asset Debt - High Yield	6.6%
Opportunistic	2.5%
Commodities	2.5%
Cash & Other	2.0%
Cash & Other	2.0%

Assets by Geography³



Average Annual Total Returns (%)

	Inception	3 Month	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	Since Incep.
Class A (Excluding Sales Charge)	11/19/14	9.76%	5.50%	5.50%	3.70%	5.72%	-	2.53%
Class A (Including Sales Charge)	11/19/14	4.60%	0.45%	0.45%	2.05%	4.71%	-	1.99%
Class C (Excluding Sales Charge)	11/19/14	9.62%	4.71%	4.71%	2.91%	4.94%	-	1.84%
Class C (Including Sales Charge)	11/19/14	8.62%	3.71%	3.71%	2.91%	4.94%	-	1.84%
Real Assets Custom Blend Index Benchmark (USD)		11.96%	8.66%	8.66%	3.90%	5.92%	-	3.50%
MSCI World Index (USD)		11.53%	24.42%	24.42%	7.79%	13.37%	-	9.36%
S&P Real Assets Index (USD)		8.95%	7.83%	7.83%	3.93%	5.85%	-	N/A*

Performance data quoted represents past performance; past performance does not guarantee future results. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance of the Fund may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Performance data current to the most recent month end may be obtained by calling 855.244.4859. Performance shown including sales charge reflects the Class A maximum sales charge of 4.75%. Class C Shares are subject to a CDSC of 1.00% when redeemed within 12 months of purchase. Performance data excluding sales charge does not reflect the deduction of the sales charge or CDSC and if reflected, the sales charge or fee would reduce the performance quoted. Investment performance reflects fee waivers, expenses and reimbursements in effect. In the absence of such waivers, total return and NAV would be reduced.

Portfolio	Brookfield Public Securities Group
Management	Larry Antonatos, Managing Director and Portfolio Manager
Team	Gaal Surugeon, CFA, Managing Director and Portfolio Manager

* Data for the S&P Real Assets Index is unavailable prior to its inception date of December 31, 2015.

Brookfield Real Assets Securities Fund

Class A: RASAX | Class C: RASCX

Top Five Holdings⁴

Infrastructure Equities				
Ticker	Security	Geography	Weight	
TCL AU	Transurban Group	Asia Pacific	1.7	
NEE US	NextEra Energy Inc	U.S.	1.6	
SRE US	Sempra	U.S.	1.2	
CCI US	Crown Castle Inc	U.S.	1.2	
GAPB MM	Grupo Aeroportuario del	Latin America	1.0	
	Pacifico SAB de CV			
			6.7 total	

Real Estate Equities				
Ticker	Security	Geography	Weight	
PLD US	Prologis Inc	U.S.	2.8	
EQIX US	Equinix Inc	U.S.	1.7	
EQR US	Equity Residential	U.S.	1.2	
VTR US	Ventas Inc	U.S.	1.1	
VICI US	VICI Properties Inc	U.S.	1.0	
			7.8 Total	

Real Asset Debt				
Ticker	Security	Geography	Weight	
1248EPCD3	CCO Holdings LLC / CCO Holdings Capital Corp	U.S.	0.2	
30161NBJ9	Exelon Corp	U.S.	0.2	
136375CK6	Canadian National Railway Co	Canada	0.2	
10373QBP4	BP Capital Markets America Inc	U.S.	0.2	
209111FY4	Consolidated Edison Co of New York Inc	U.S.	0.2	
			0.8 Total	

Opportunist	ic		
Ticker	Security	Geography	Weight
COMT US	iShares GSCI Commodity		2.5
	Dynamic Roll Strategy ETF		
			2.5 Total

Top/Bottom Sector Contribution

Sector	Relative Attribution	Total Contribution	Average Active Weight
Real Asset Debt	39 bps	59 bps	-4.3%
Global Infrastructure Equities	14 bps	368 bps	-3.4%
MLPs	-12 bps	40 bps	1.9%
REIT Preferreds	-16 bps	43 bps	-0.2%
Commodities	-45 bps	-18 bps	1.5%
Global Real Estate Equities	-59 bps	430 bps	1.1%

Top/Bottom Security Contribution

Ticker	Security	Geography	Sector	Relative Attribution	Total Contribution	Average Active Weight
gapb MM	Grupo Aeroportuario del Pacifico, S.A.B. de C.V.	Latin America	Transportation	26 bps	36 bps	0.5%
SBAC US	SBA Communications Corporation	U.S.	Telecommunicatio n Services	16 bps	39 bps	1.1%
AOT TB	Airports of Thailand PublicCompany Limited	Asia Pacific	Transportation	14 bps	0 bps	-0.5%
SPG US	Simon Property Group, Inc.	U.S.	Retail	-20 bps	0 bps	-0.9%
AMT US	American Tower Corporation	U.S.	Communications	-24 bps	7 bps	-1.1%
46431W853	BlackRock, Inc.	U.S.	Other	-45 bps	-18 bps	1.5%

Brookfield Real Assets Securities Fund

Class A: RASAX | Class C: RASCX

MARKET COMMENTARY

Global equities finished the fourth quarter higher, reversing course from the third quarter as expectations of central bank rate cuts fueled risk sentiment. The MSCI World Index rose 11.53%, with North America, Europe and Asia Pacific gaining 11.93%, 11.10% and 9.28%, respectively. In the U.S., the S&P 500 Index rallied 11.69%, its biggest quarterly gain since the fourth quarter of 2020. The 10-year U.S. TreasuryDyield fell to 3.88% from 4.57% at the end of the third quarter, as Fed Chair Jerome Powell's December press conference fueled expectations of a fast Fed pivot to rate cutting next year. West Texas Intermediate Crude Oil finished the quarter at \$71.65, down from \$90.79 at the end of September amid oversupply concerns, and the Bloomberg Commodity Index fell 4.63%.

Global real estate securities rally in Q4

Global real estate securities posted meaningful gains in the fourth quarter of 2023. On the heels of central bank messaging that monetary policy tightening may have peaked, the entire sector staged a meaningful rally in November and December. The FTSE EPRA Nareit Developed Index returned 15.59% during the three-month period, bringing the index positive for the year. Full-year returns for the sector totaled 10.85%.

Among U.S. property types, self storage, office, hotels and retail posted the strongest gains during the quarter—each gaining more than 20%. The more "defensive," needs-based property types like health care and residential were also positive but lagged the group overall.

For the year, data centers and hotels were standout performers, each gaining more than 25%. Conversely, office landlords and diversified companies with office portfolios continued to struggle amid fundamental headwinds.

Infrastructure equities rally in Q4

Listed infrastructure equities underperformed for much of 2023, before staging a significant rally in the fourth quarter. The FTSE Global Core Infrastructure 50/50 Index gained 11.11% in the fourth quarter, bringing the year-to-date return to the index positive (3.10% for the full year).

Weakness for much of the year can largely be attributed to sectors that are more interest rate sensitive, notably communications, utilities and renewables/electric generation companies. Persistently elevated rates, higher costs of capital and supply chain issues hindered sentiment among these stocks for much of 2023. However, these sectors staged a meaningful recovery in the fourth quarter as the rate environment appeared to have peaked, and input costs began to roll over.

Some of the more economically sensitive sectors within infrastructure posted the strongest gains in 2023. U.S. midstream energy (as measured by the Alerian Midstream Energy Index) and global airport stocks posted double digit gains for the year.

Real Estate Positioning and Outlook

Recent data suggests that inflation is beginning to moderate, which should translate to interest rates returning to a normalized, long-term range. We think real estate is well positioned in a moderating or fallingrate environment. However, as monetary policy normalizes, we believe fundamentals—namely earnings growth and valuations—will return to center stage as market drivers.

Despite the recent rally, we think global real estate remains well positioned to produce strong returns. Fundamentals across most property types remain strong. But given the slower macro growth outlook, we prefer a focus on needs based real estate over sectors that could be impacted more by a slowing economy.

If transaction activity picks up in 2024, REITs could be in a good position to take advantage of price dislocations. REIT balance sheets have low levels of leverage; and many locked in long-dated debt at low interest rates. As motivated sellers of high-quality assets emerge, well capitalized REITs can take advantage of capital markets.

In the U.S., we currently favor industrial and net lease landlords. Within retail, we maintain a preference for shopping centers, which we believe could be more defensive and are expected to provide better growth. We have an improving view of the self storage sector, as we believe sentiment could be too negative relative to the fundamental outlook. We also maintain a level of caution within office broadly. If price

discovery unfolds, we think lower quality valuations could fall further, but high-quality assets in attractive markets can present opportunity. We maintain a level of caution in Asia Pacific, largely driven by China's slowing economy and related challenges in its property sector. In Hong Kong, we have repositioned holdings for what we believe to be an improved beta-adjusted, risk/return profile.

We are starting to see more opportunities across Europe broadly, particularly among residential, retail and industrial landlords, as well as select non-index exposure to communications infrastructure companies.

Infrastructure Positioning and Outlook

Recent data suggest that inflation is beginning to moderate, which should translate to interest rates returning to a normalized, long-term range. We think this bodes well for infrastructure stocks, which historically tend to perform quite strongly relative to global equities following rate peaks.

Utilities: While rates seem a negative catalyst that drove underperformance in 2023, there are additional factors to consider. We are focused on the best security-specific opportunities, with a focus on dynamics around customer bill affordability, cadence of spending on decarbonization initiatives, and companies' balance sheet management. Within the renewables sector, we think positive sentiment is beginning to permeate back into stock prices amidst an improving fundamental backdrop. Economics for new projects have improved as input costs have come down and supply chain headwinds are starting to subside.

Transports: Passenger traffic continues to rebound; some of the world's largest airports continue to increase forecasts as travel demand remains strong. Key toll road traffic shows strong recovery as well. Rail volumes remain somewhat flat; and margins have eroded due to rising costs, so we remain somewhat cautious given the economic backdrop.

Communications: We believe asset values should benefit from a moderate interest rate environment. While capital spending among carriers has slowed, U.S. mobile data demand remains quite strong. Coupled with limited new supply of towers, net operating income growth should remain steady in 2024. The valuation reset in tower stocks in 2023 created what we believe are compelling entry points for select companies.

Energy Infrastructure: We remain focused on natural gas, given the structural need for North American supply to counteract lack of supply from Russia to key developed markets. We think this presents a compelling opportunity, particularly with the European dual mandate of security of supply and decarbonization.

Real Asset Debt Positioning and Outlook

We believe issuers within real asset sectors may be better positioned than their non-real asset counterparts for a longer period of high interest rates. This is because of their large amount of fixed rate debt and relatively lower maturities over the next five years. We expect a moderate slowdown in the economy in the coming quarters and believe that now could be a favorable time to utilize real asset high yield as a way to de-risk fixed-income portfolios.

Spreads within high yield remain near their long-term averages. However, we believe real asset high yield, particularly within the BBrated segment, is relatively attractive after adjusting for projected credit losses during a potential period of elevated default rates. Within our portfolio, we continue to favor infrastructure debt as well as higher-quality real asset debt.

OVERALL POSITIONING AND OUTLOOK

We expect growth to slow in 2024. While inflation has trended lower, we believe central banks will hold rates at restrictive levels to ensure that inflation doesn't reaccelerate. Overall, our positioning remains defensive within our portfolio, with an underweight to real asset equities and an overweight to real asset debt. We also hold a modest allocation to commodities to enhance diversification amid escalating geopolitical risks and macro uncertainty.

Within equities, we continue to favor infrastructure over real estate due to infrastructure's potential outperformance in down markets and tighter inflation linkage. Within infrastructure, we are most constructive

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on utilities for their defensive characteristics and current attractive valuations. We also see tailwinds for energy midstream equities, which we believe should benefit from the global push for energy security. Within real estate, lingering concerns around financing and broad negative sentiment around commercial real estate remain. However, if interest rates stabilize over the course of 2024, it may be a year of

price discovery for real estate, and we expect investment opportunities to emerge in some subsectors that serve essential needs. Finally, elevated Treasury yields continue to make real asset debt attractive on a risk-adjusted básís, particularly the higher-quality part of the market where we believe default risks remain low.

A fund's investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses must be considered carefully before investing. The prospectus contains this and other important information about the investment company, and it may be obtained by calling 855.244.4859 or visiting www.brookfield.com. Read the prospectus carefully before investing.

Read the prospectus carefully before investing. Risks to consider: Mutual fund investing involves risk. Principal loss is possible. There can be no assurance that the Fund will achieve its investment objective. The Fund will be closely linked to the real assets market. Real assets includes real estate securities, infrastructure securities and natural resources securities. Property values may fall due to in-creasing vacancies or declining rents resulting from unanticipated economic, legal, cultural or technological developments. REITs are dependent upon management skills and generally may not be diversified. REITs are subject to heavy cash flow dependency, defaults by borrowers and self-liquidation. Infrastructure companies may be subject to a variety of factors that may adversely affect their business, including high interest costs, high leverage, regulation costs, economic slowdown, surplus capacity, increased competition, lack of fuel availability and energy conservation policies. The Fund invests in small and mid-cap companies, which involve additional risks such as limited liquidity and greater volatility. The Fund invests in foreign securities which involve greater volatility and political, economic and currency risks and differences in accounting methods. These risks are magnified in emerging markets.

Some securities held may be difficult to sell, particularly during times of markets. Some securities held may be difficult to sell, particularly during times of market turmoil. If the Fund is forced to sell an illiquid asset to meet redemption, the Fund may be forced to sell at a loss. Investments in debt securities typically decrease in value when interest rates rise. This risk is usually greater for longer-term debt securities. Debt securities rated below investment grade are commonly referred to as "junk bonds" and are generally more volatile, less liquid, and considered speculative. The Fund invests in Master Limited Partnerships ("MLPs"), which involves additional risks as compared to the risks of investing in common stock, including risks related to cash flow, dilution and voting rights. MLPs may trade less frequently than larger companies due to their smaller capitalizations which may result in erratic price movement or difficulty in buying or selling. Additional management fees and other expenses are associated with investing in MLPs.

The Fund's use of derivatives may reduce the Fund's returns, increase volatility, and/or give rise to a form of economic leverage that would magnify any increases or decreases in the value of the Fund's portfolio.

Natural Resources Securities may be affected by numerous factors, including events occurring in nature, inflationary pressures and international politics. Rising interest rates and general economic conditions may also affect the demand for natural resources.

Exposure to the commodities markets may subject the Fund to greater volatility than investments in traditional securities.

Debt securities rated below investment grade are commonly referred to as "junk bonds" and are considered speculative. Investments in debt securities typically decrease in value when interest rates rise. This risk is usually greater for longer-term debt securities. Some securities held may be difficult to sell, particularly during times of market turmoil. If the Fund is forced to sell an illiquid asset to meet redemption, the Fund may be forced to sell at a loss. Since the Fund will invest more than 25% of its total assets in securities in Real Assets securities, the Fund may be subject to greater volatility than a fund that is more broadly diversified.

The Real Assets Custom Index Blend Benchmark refers to the Blended Index, as referenced in the Fund's prospectus. Beginning January 1, 2020, this index has consisted of 35% FTSE EPRA Nareit Developed Index, 5% ICE BofA Preferred Stock REITs 7% Constrained Index, 40% FTSE Global Core Infrastructure 50/50 Index, 5% Alerian Midstream Energy Index, and 15% ICE BofA USD Real Asset High Yield & Corporate Custom Index. For the period from October 1, 2016 through December 31, 2019 the Blended Index, consisted of 35% FTSE EPRA Nareit Developed Index, 5% ICE BofA Global Infrastructure Index, row Constrained Index, 40% DJ Brookfield Global Infrastructure Index, 5% Alerian MLP Index, and 15% ICE BofA Global High Yield Index and ICE BofA Global Corporate Index, weighted 70% and 30%, respectively. For the period from October 19, 2014 through September 30, 2016, the Blended Index consisted of 33.33% DJ Brookfield Global Infrastructure Composite Index, 33.33% FTSE EPRA Nareit Developed Index, 13.33% ICE BofA Global High Yield Index and ICE BofA Global Corporate Index, weighted 70% and 30%, 10% S&P Global Natural Resources Index, 6.67% Bloomberg Commodity Index and 3.34% Bloomberg Barclays Global Inflation-Linked Index.

The Alerian Midstream Energy Index is a broad-based composite of North American energy infrastructure companies. The capped, float-adjusted, capitalizationweighted index, whose constituents earn the majority of their cash flow from midstream activities involving energy commodities, is disseminated real-time on a price return basis (AMNA) and on a total-return basis (AMNAX).

The Alerian MLP Index is the leading gauge of energy infrastructure Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs). The capped, float-adjusted, capitalization-weighted index, whose constituents earn the majority of their cash flow from midstream activities involving energy commodities, is disseminated real-time on a price-return basis (AMZ) and on a total-return basis (AMZX).

The Bloomberg Barclays Global Inflation Linked Index (Series-L) measures the performance of investment-grade, government inflation-linked debt from 12 different developed market countries. Investability is a key criterion for inclusion of markets in this index, and it is designed to include only those markets in which a global government linker fund is likely and able to invest.

The Bloomberg Commodity Index is a broadly diversified index that tracks the commodities markets through commodity futures contracts.

The Dow Jones Brookfield Global Infrastructure Composite Index is calculated and maintained by S&P Dow Jones Indexes and comprises infrastructure companies with at least 70% of their annual cash flows derived from owning and operating infrastructure assets, including MLPs. Brookfield has no direct role in the day-to-day management of any Brookfield co-branded indexes.

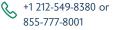
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The FTSE EPRA Nareit Developed Index is an unmanaged market-capitalization-weighted total-return index, which consists of publicly traded equity REITs and listed property companies from developed markets.

The FTSE Global Core Infrastructure 50/50 Index gives participants an industry-defined interpretation of infrastructure and adjusts the exposure to certain infrastructure sub-sectors. The constituent weights are adjusted as part of the semi-annual review according to three broad industry sectors - 50% Utilities, 30% Transportation including capping of 7.5% for railroads/railways and a 20% mix of other sectors including pipelines, satellites and telecommunication towers. Company weights within each group are adjusted in proportion to their investable market capitalization

The ICE BofA Global Corporate Index tracks performance of investment-grade public debt issued in major domestic and Eurobond markets, including global bonds.

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The ICE BofA Global High Yield Index tracks performance of below investment-grade, U.S. dollar-denominated corporate bonds publicly issued in the U.S. domestic market, and includes issues with a credit rating of BBB or below, as rated by Moody's and S&P.

The ICE BofA Preferred Stock REITs 7% Constrained Index is a subset of the ICE BofA Fixed-Rate Preferred Securities Index including all real estate investment trust issued preferred securities.

The ICE BofA Fixed-Rate Preferred Securities Index tracks performance of fixed-rate U.S. dollar-denominated preferred securities issued in the U.S. market. The ICE BofA USD Real Asset High Yield & Corporate Custom Index is a custom index blend of sectors of ICE BofA U.S. High Yield Index (70%) and ICE BofA U.S. Corporate Index (30%) that correspond to equity sectors in Brookfield's real asset universe. Such real-asset-related sectors include Cable, Infrastructure Services, Oil Gas T&D, Telecommunications, Transportation, Utilities, Agriculture, Timber, Basic Materials, Energy Exploration & Production, Metals & Mining, Real Estate, RE Ownership & Development and REITs.

The ICE BofA Real Asset USD Investment Grade Custom Index is a custom index that tracks the performance of sectors of the ICE BofA U.S. Corporate Index that correspond to equity sectors in Brookfield's real asset universe. Such real-asset-related sectors include Cable, Infrastructure Services, Oil/Gas T&D, Telecommunications, Transportation, Utilities, Agriculture, Timber, Basic Materials, Energy Exploration & Production, Metals & Mining, Real Estate, Real Estate Ownership & Development and REITs.

The ICE BofA U.S. High Yield Index tracks performance U.S.-dollar-denominated below-investment-grade corporate debt publicly issued in the U.S. market. The ICE BofA U.S. Corporate Index tracks performance of U.S.-dollar-denominated investment-grade corporate debt publicly issued in the U.S. market.

The MSCI World Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index designed to measure equity market performance of developed markets. The MSCI World Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index designed to measure equity performance of developed markets.

The S&P Global Natural Resources Index includes 90 of the largest publicly traded companies in natural resources and commodities businesses that meet specific investability requirements, offering investors equity exposure across three primary commodity-related sectors: Agribusiness, Energy and Metals & Mining.

The S&P Real Assets Index measures global property, infrastructure, commodities and inflation-linked bonds using liquid component indexes that track equities (representing 50% of the index), fixed income (representing 40% of the index) and futures (representing 10% of the index).

Indexes are not managed and an investor cannot invest directly in an index. Index performance is shown for illustrative purposes only and does not predict or depict the performance of the Fund.

- ¹ Represents data for Class I since inception. Standard deviation measures the degree to which an investment's return varies from its mean return. Tracking error measures the difference between a portfolio's returns and its benchmark. Sharpe ratio is a measure of the excess return to the risk-free rate (or risk premium) per unit of risk (measured by standard deviation) in an investment asset or a trading strategy.
- ² PSG, the Fund's investment adviser (the "Adviser"), has contractually agreed to waive all or a portion of its investment advisory or administration fees and/or to reimburse certain expenses of the Fund until at least April 30, 2024 and may not be terminated by the Fund or the Adviser before such time. There is no guarantee that such waiver/reimbursement will be continued after that date. Without the waivers, investor total returns would be lower.
- ³ Source: PSG. Sector and geography allocations and asset classes determined by PSG are expressed as a percentage of total investments (by market value) and will vary over time. Cash & Other includes available cash and other receivables and payables of the Fund.
- ⁴ Source: PSG. The top five holdings are as of December 31, 2023 and will vary over time. There is no guarantee that the Fund currently holds any of the securities listed. The information above is based on the total assets of the Fund. The holdings listed should not be considered recommendations to purchase or sell a particular security. Due to rounded numbers presented, amounts may not add up precisely to the totals provided and may not reflect the absolute figures.
- ⁵ Calculated by PSG using FactSet. Total Contribution refers to the change in the Fund's value (excluding cash) over the period. Relative Attribution refers to the difference between the change in the Fund's value (excluding cash) relative to the change in the Real Assets Custom Blend Index Benchmark (USD) value over the period. Attribution is expressed in local currency.

A basis point (bps) is a unit that is equal to 1/100 of 1%, and is used to denote the change in a financial instrument.

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